

May 27, 2025

Choice One Engineering, Inc. 440 East Hoewisher Road Sidney, Ohio 45365

Attention: Mr. Mitch Thobe, P.E.

Reference: Report on Geotechnical Roadway Exploration - Final AUG-501/198-2.32/2.36; PID 120037
South Leg of Defiance St. (SR 198)
North Leg of Defiance St. (SR 198) & Lincoln Ave. (SR 501)
Hamilton Rd., Stinebaugh Dr. and Cole Dr. Wapakoneta, Auglaize County, Ohio CTL Project No. 23050059WAP

Mr. Thobe:

CTL Engineering, Inc. has completed the Geotechnical Roadway Exploration Report for the above referenced project. The purpose of this exploration was to evaluate the subsurface conditions and provide recommendations and soil parameters for the pavement reconstruction of the referenced roadways in Wapakoneta, Ohio. Various empirical correlations have been made in analyzing the subsurface soils of the site. These correlations were made using generally accepted geotechnical engineering practice and published documents.

Thank you for the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. If you have any questions, please contact our office.

Respectfully Submitted,

CTL ENGINEERING, INC.

Frederick L. Schoen, P.E. Geotechnical Project Manager

FLS/EWH 1c. mjt@choiceoneengineering.com

REPORT ON GEOTECHNICAL ROADWAY EXPLORATION - FINAL

AUG-501/198-2.32/2.36; PID 120037 INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

- North Leg of Defiance St (SR 198) & Lincoln Avenue (SR 501)
- SOUTH LEG OF DEFIANCE ST (SR 198)
- HAMILTON RD, STINEBAUGH DR, COLE DR

WAPAKONETA AUGLAIZE COUNTY, OHIO

CTL PROJECT NO.: 23050059WAP

PREPARED FOR: CHOICE ONE ENGINEERING 440 EAST HOEWISHER ROAD SIDNEY, OHIO 45365

PREPARED BY: CTL ENGINEERING, INC. 102 COMMERCE DRIVE P.O. BOX 44 WAPAKONETA, OH 45895 www.ctleng.com

May 27, 2025



RECORD OF REVISIONS

Date of Transmittal	Description	Remarks
12/08/2023	1st Submittal of Draft Report	
2/20/2024	2 nd Submittal of Draft Report	Added Appendix A Geotechnical Profile Sheets
5/10/2024	3 rd Submittal of Report	Modifications to Plan & Profiles Sheets per ODOT Comments
5/27/2025	Final Submittal of Report	Renumbered Plan & Profile Sheets to match Choice One plan set.



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I. <u>EXECUTIVE SUMMARY</u>

This project includes the reconstruction of the current intersection between Defiance Street, Lincoln Avenue, Hamilton Road, Cole Drive, and Stinebaugh Drive in Wapakoneta, Ohio.

Three (3) soil test borings were each advanced to a depth of 10.0 feet below existing surface grades within the proposed roadway and project limits.

Fine-grained cohesive materials consisting of silty clay (A-6b), and clay (A-7-6) were encountered beneath the pavement materials in each of the test borings.

Bedrock was not encountered.

Groundwater was not encountered in borings performed for this exploration.

Based on the subsurface conditions encountered in the borings, and the results of subgrade analyses, an estimated CBR value of 4 may be used in the pavement thickness design of the roadways.

According to requirements outlined in ODOT's Geotechnical Design Manual (GDM) portions of the subgrade soils are anticipated to require subgrade stabilization. Stabilization methods may include excavate and replace methods or chemical stabilization using lime. Please refer to the *Analyses and Recommendation* section of this report for additional details.



II. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

This project includes the reconstruction of the current intersection between Defiance Street, Lincoln Avenue, Hamilton Road, Cole Drive, and Stinebaugh Drive in Wapakoneta, Ohio. It is understood the following changes to the intersection are intended for this project:

- Cole Drive is planned to be removed from the intersection and a cul-de-sac installed, which will allow the stop line on Defiance Street to be moved approximately 100' north closer to the intersection.
- Stinebaugh Drive will be reconstructed and shifted north approximately 30-40 feet. Due to the relocation and reconstruction of the western end of Stinebaugh Drive tying into Lincoln Avenue, new sidewalk and storm sewer will be installed along the rebuilt section of roadway.
- The southbound lane at the stop lines on the north leg of Defiance Street and Lincoln Avenue will have some full depth pavement repair. The intersection will be milled, resurfaced, and restriped, along with the installation of new signs within the intersection.

III. <u>GEOLOGY AND OBSERVATIONS OF THE PROJECT</u>

A. <u>Geology</u>

According to the Soil Survey of Auglaize County, Ohio; surficial soils at the site include Glynwood-Urban land complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes (GdUXB), Blount-Urban Land Complex, 2 to 4 percent slopes (BdUXB), Urban Land-Glynwood Complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes (UeGXB) and Urban Land – Blount Complex, 2 to 4 percent slopes (UbBXB). The information presented is as defined by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) - Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). These mapped soils are described as having a high potential for frost action, a low risk for corrosion to buried concrete, and a high risk of unprotected steel corrosion.

According to the Ohio Division of Geologic Survey, 2006, Bedrock Geologic Map of Ohio: Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Geological Survey Map BG-1; and the Ohio Division of Geologic Survey, 1998, Physiographic Regions of Ohio: Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Geological Survey; Auglaize County lies within the Central Ohio Clayey Till Plain physiographic region which falls inside the Central Lowlands Province of Ohio. Auglaize County is mainly characterized by clayey, well-defined terminal moraines with intervening flat-lying ground moraines and intermorainal lake basins.



Prior to the end of the Pleistocene Epoch, several glacial events occurred in westcentral Ohio. Most recently, the Wisconsin ice sheet covered all of Auglaize County, and most of northern Ohio. The surficial glacial deposits of Auglaize County include till, lacustrine deposits, alluvium, kames, eskers, and outwash sand and gravel.

According to Slucher, E.R., (principal compiler), Swinford, E.M., Larsen, G.E., and others, with GIS production and cartography by Pawers, D.M., 2006, Bedrock Geologic Map of Phio: Ohio Division of Geological Survey Map BG-1, version 6.0, scale 1:500,000; the overburden soils within the project site are underlain by Lockport Dolomite of the Silurian Age. According to additional published mapping prepared by the ODNR Division of Geological Survey this rock formation may be found near elevations ± 690 feet Above Mean Sea Level (AMSL). Ground surface elevations along the roadway are near ± 925 feet. The rock consists of dolomite with minor components of limestone, chert, and shale and is characterized as having shades of bluish gray to gray.

No known karst or underground mine related incidents exist at the project site.

B. <u>Observations of the Project</u>

The general topography of the project area is relatively flat with storm sewer catch basins collecting surface runoff during precipitation events. Each of the six legs of the existing intersection configuration consists of two-lane roadways without street side parking. The roadway surfaces consist of asphalt pavement which were noted to exhibit some areas of fatigue cracking, wheel-path depressions, pavement shoving, and isolated areas of depression. Land usage around the project is mostly residential and commercial properties.

IV. <u>EXPLORATION</u>

No historic borings were found within the project limits when using the Ohio Department of Transportation's (ODOT) Transportation Information Mapping System (TIMS).

Three (3) soil test borings were each advanced to a depth of 10.0 feet below the pavement surface within the existing roadway and project limits. The number and location of the soil test borings where determined by Choice One Engineering, Inc. (COE) and the sampling intervals were determined by CTL Engineering, Inc. (CTL) to meet The Ohio Department of Transportation's (ODOT) guidelines and provide a general profile of the subsurface conditions across the site. The test borings were located in the field by CTL personnel and were positioned to avoid known underground and overhead utilities. Actual locations where test borings were drilled are shown on the Boring Location Plans (*Appendix A*) and Test Boring Records (*Appendix B*), and as presented in *Table 1*.



At the time of releasing this report, project plan and profile drawings were not available for review; hence, the test boring locations, and coordinates were determined by using Google EarthTM computer software, internet-based satellite imagery, and a handheld GPS unit. The ground surface elevations at the test borings locations were determined by referencing the Ohio Geology Interactive Map issued by the ODNR Division of Geological Survey (<u>https://gis.ohiodnr.gov/website/dgs/geologyviewer/#</u>) and the Auglaize County Auditor Map/GIS Mapping database (<u>https://gis.auglaizecounty.org/main/</u>).

Boring No.	Ground Surface Elevation (ft.)	Latitude (N-Parallel)	Longitude (E-Meridian)	Boring Depth (ft.)
B-001-0-23	926.3	40.579946	-84.202585	10.0
B-002-0-23	923.9	40.579190	- 84.202457	10.0
B-003-0-23	923.6	40.579304	-84.202004	10.0

Table 1. Test Boring Locations, Elevations, Coordinates, and Depths

Test borings were performed by CTL on October 30, 2023; using a truck-mounted rotary drill rig and hollow stem augers. Standard Penetration Tests were conducted in test borings during drilling using an automatic 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches to drive 2.0-inch outside diameter split-spoon samplers for 18 inches. Soil samples were obtained of the test borings in accordance with the Standard Penetration Test method at 1.5 feet and 2.5 feet intervals for the full depth of the borings. The automatic hammer used with the drill rig for the project was most recently calibrated on October 13, 2022, and has a drill rod energy ratio of 76.4 percent.

Drilling, sampling, and field testing were performed in accordance with standard geotechnical engineering practices and current ASTM procedures. Soil samples obtained from drilling operations were marked and preserved in glass jars, visually classified in the field, and delivered to CTL for laboratory testing and analysis. Each collected sample was the subject of moisture content determination and hand penetrometer testing, if practical. In addition, six (6) samples were subjected to laboratory testing consisting of Atterberg Limits and particle size analysis. Three (3) samples were tested for sulfate content.

V. <u>FINDINGS</u>

A. <u>General Stratigraphy</u>

Surface material in borings B-001-0-23 and B-002-0-23 consist of 8 to 10 inches of topsoil. Existing pavement materials in boring B-003-0-23 consist of 12 inches of asphalt.

Fine-grained cohesive materials consisting of silty clay (A-6b) and clay (A-7-6) were encountered beneath the pavement materials in each of the test borings; and were described as brown, brown with gray and grayish brown; and stiff to hard.



SPT N_{60} values of the subgrade soils ranged from 6 to 56 blows per foot (bpf), while averaging 24 bpf. When comparing the lowest N_{60} of each boring, N_{60L} values ranged from 6 to 23 bpf, while averaging 15 bpf.

Bedrock was not encountered.

Groundwater was not encountered in borings during drilling.

Further details of the subsurface conditions are presented on the test boring records in *Appendix B*.

B. <u>Laboratory Test Results</u>

Soil samples obtained from split spoon sampling were the subject of laboratory testing. Each sample was tested to identify its moisture content. Six (6) soil samples were also the subject of Atterberg Limits and grain size distribution testing.

A summary of our findings includes:

- Hand penetrometer values ranged from 1.75 to 4.50 tsf, averaging 3.75 tsf.
- Samples which were mechanically tested was classified as a fine-grained soils.
- Liquid Limit (LL) values ranged from 36 to 50 percent, averaging 43 percent.
- Plasticity Index (PI) values ranged 17 to 30 percent, averaging 22 percent.
- Moisture content values ranged from 13 to 27 percent, averaging 18 percent.
- Three (3) soil samples exhibited sulfate contents of less than 100 parts per million (ppm).

VI. ANALYSES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Subgrade soils across the project site consists of cohesive soils described as A-6b and A-7-6 soils. 17 percent of the subgrade soils are estimated to have excessively high moisture contents, 44 percent of the proposed subgrade is anticipated to be unstable, and 0 percent of the subgrade consists of unsuitable soils.

Excavation of soils represented by the test borings can be accomplished using conventional earth moving equipment.

Surface drainage across the site may be altered with the proposed construction. It is recommended that all surface water run-off be collected or directed away from pavements into storm sewers or drainage ditches so that subgrade soils under pavements do not become saturated and lose strength. Any subgrade drainage tiles disturbed during construction should be reconnected, and groundwater flow should be redirected away from pavement areas.



Based upon the subsurface information obtained from the field and laboratory testing, the following recommendations are provided.

A. <u>Subgrade Considerations</u>

A subgrade analyses was performed utilizing the subsurface information from the drilled borings along with ODOT GDM guidelines. A copy of the Subgrade Analysis spreadsheet is provided in Appendix D. A proposed pavement thickness of 15-inches was assumed for estimating cut/fill in the Subgrade Analyses spreadsheet.

The following summary was analyzed using the Subgrade Analysis Spreadsheet of the near surface subgrade soils.

- SPT N₆₀-values ranged from 6 to 56 blows per foot (bpf), averaging 26 bpf in the upper 6 feet of the existing soil profiles.
- The lowest N₆₀-value (N_{60L}) from each boring ranged from 6 to 30 blows per foot (bpf), averaging 20 bpf.
- The estimated Optimum Moisture Content (OMC) values, based on the soil types per ODOT's Specification for Geotechnical Explorations (SGE) and Geotechnical Design Manual (GDM), Section 604, ranged from 16 to 20 percent, averaging 17 percent.
- On average, the moisture contents of the samples tested were similar to the estimated optimum moisture content value.
- Group Index values were calculated for each of the subgrade samples tested. Group Index values for the samples tested ranged from 11 to 18, with an average value of 15.
- These Group Index values correspond to an <u>estimated average California</u> <u>Bearing Ratio (CBR) value of 4.0 percent</u>.

Based on the requirements outlined in the GDM, it is estimated that subgrade stabilization may be required along Cole Street east of station 11+50, near B-003-0-23. The subgrade stabilization may consist of excavate and replace per Item 204 with materials meeting the requirements of Item 703.16.C, Type B and/Type C Granular Material underlain by a geotextile fabric per Item 712.09, Type D. The approximate areas and depths are summarized in *Table 2*.

Furthermore, borings indicate subgrade soils may exhibit moisture contents greater than OMC for the soils, resulting in isolated areas of exceptionally weak, unstable soils. If during construction, such weak soils are identified, they may be undercut and the over-excavation backfilled with Item 703.16.C, Type B and/Type C Granular Material, and multi-axial geogrid per Items 204 and 712.15 and GDM.

The approximate depth of excavate and replace is measured from the top of the proposed pavement subgrade level. The locations and values are only an estimate.



The actual depths and horizontal limits of excavate and replace will be determined by the Project Engineer in the field based upon proofrolling.

Location	Area	Approximate Depth of Excavate and Replace
Cole St.	East of Sta. 11+50 in vicinity of B-003-0-23	12-inches
Stinebaugh Dr.	None Estimated	n/a

 Table 3. Estimated Excavate and Replace Locations and Depths

Boring B-003-0-23 was performed at a location which was originally understood to be within the project limits. Based on a recent plan review, it is now understood that B-003-0-23 may be outside of the project limits, east of the planned cul-de-sac construction limits.

According to the GDM, Section 609, as an alternative to excavate and replace, chemical stabilization to a depth of 12-inches using lime is an option for this project. The GDM and subgrade analysis is based on the overall average soil condition of the entire project, incorporating the subgrade soils to a depth of 6 feet below planned subgrade elevations.

In general, chemical stabilization is more economical when stabilizing large areas (greater than 1 mile of roadway) and when existing underground utilities are infrequent. Based on the size and conditions of the project, the chemical stabilization option may not be cost effective for this project. It is recommended that both alternatives be considered, but is suspected that the "Excavate and Replace" method may be utilized for subgrade stabilization on this project.

B. <u>Groundwater Considerations</u>

Groundwater was not encountered in the test borings during drilling. Therefore, significant groundwater is not anticipated during subgrade construction, but may be encountered during utility placements. Should isolated areas of groundwater be encountered, it is expected that groundwater could be controlled during earthwork using properly located sump pumps.

Numerous underground sewers and utilities lines transect the roadway within the project limits. This utilities trenches may act as underdrains, depending on the design and construction of the utilities and sewers. Subgrade soils in low lying areas (areas having lower topographic elevations compared to those of the surrounding area) may benefit by having newly installed subsurface drainage as part of roadway design.

It is recommended that underdrains are installed along the proposed roadways.



C. <u>General Construction and Earthwork</u>

- 1. Site preparation and earthwork should be performed in accordance with the ODOT Construction and Material Specifications, and applicable Geotechnical Design requirements.
- 2. Landscaped areas should be seeded and vegetation growth permitted to limit erosion.
- 3. Temporary excavations in excess of 4 feet in depth, if required, should be sloped or shored according to OSHA requirements.

VII. <u>CHANGED CONDITIONS</u>

The evaluations, conclusions, and recommendations in this report are based on our interpretation of the field and laboratory data obtained during the exploration, our understanding of the project, and our experience with similar sites and subsurface conditions using generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. Although individual test borings are representative of the subsurface conditions at the boring locations on the dates drilled, they are not necessarily representative of the subsurface conditions between boring locations or subsurface conditions during other seasons of the year.

In the event that changes in the project are proposed, additional information becomes available, or if it is apparent that subsurface conditions are different from those provided in this report, CTL Engineering should be notified so that our recommendations can be modified, if required.

VIII. <u>TESTING AND OBSERVATION</u>

During the design process, it is recommended that CTL Engineering work with the project designers to confirm that the geotechnical recommendations are properly incorporated into the final plans and specifications, and to assist with establishing criteria for the construction observation and testing.

IX. <u>CLOSING</u>

The report was prepared by CTL Engineering, Inc. (Consultant) solely for the use of the Client in accordance with an executed contract. The Client's use of or reliance on this report is limited by the terms and conditions of the contract and by the qualifications and limitations stated in the report. It is also acknowledged that the Client's use of and reliance on this report is limited for reasons which include: actual site conditions that may change



with time; hidden conditions, not discoverable within the scope of the assessment, may exist at the site; and the scope of the investigation may have been limited by time, budget, and other constraints imposed by the Client.

Neither the report, nor its contents or conclusions or recommendations, are intended for the use of any party other than the Client. Consultant and the Client assume no liability for any reliance placed on this report by such party. The rights of the Client under contract may not be assigned to any person or entity, without the consent of the Consultant which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

This geotechnical report does not address the environmental conditions of the site. The Consultant is not responsible for consequences or conditions arising from facts that were concealed, withheld, or not fully disclosed at the time the assessment was conducted.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Consultant and Client agree to indemnify and hold each other, and their officers and employees harmless from and against claims, damages, losses, and expenses arising out of unknown or concealed conditions. Furthermore, neither the Consultant nor its employees shall be liable to the Owner in an amount in excess of the available professional liability insurance coverage of the Consultant. In addition, Client and Consultant agree neither shall be liable for any special, indirect, or consequential damages of any kind or nature.

The Consultant's services have been provided consistent with its professional standard of care. No other warranties are made, either expressed or implied.

Thank you for the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. If you have any questions regarding our services, please contact our office.

Respectfully Submitted, CTL ENGINEERING, INC.

Frederick Schoen, P.E. Geotechnical Project Manager OH License, E-66510

and Holard

Evan Holcombe, P.E. Technical Reviewer OH License, E-86121

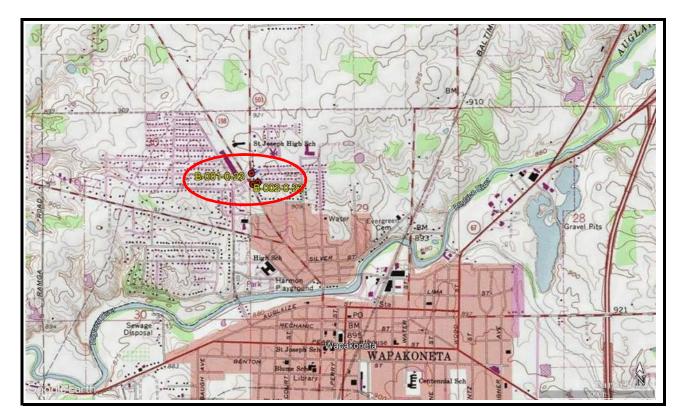


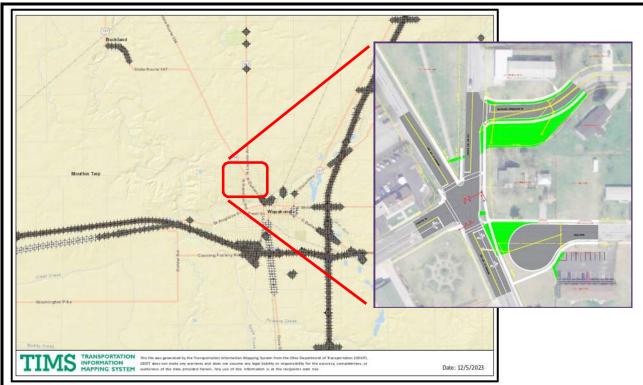
APPENDIX A

PLANS & FIGURES

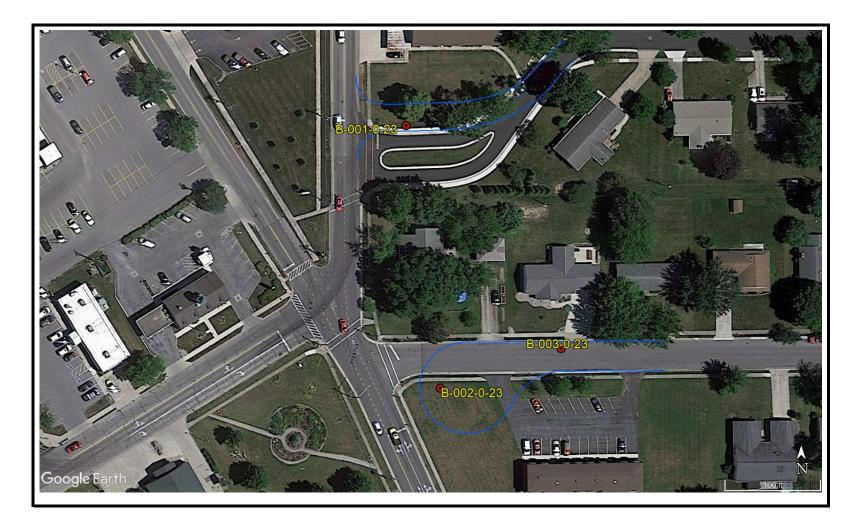
PROJECT LOCATION PLAN BORING LOCATION PLANS SUBSURFACE DIAGRAM - ROADWAY







		PROJECT LOCATION PLAN							
		Date	Choice One Engineering						
		12/5/2023	AUG-501/198-2.23/2.36 Intersection Improv.						
	CTL ENGINEERING, INC.	Scale	PID 120037						
	GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERS	None	Wapakoneta, OH - Auglaize County						
ENGINEERING 😫	TESTING * INSPECTION	Drawn By	Reviewed By	Page	Project No.				
	LABORATORY SERVICES	FS		1 of 1	23050059WAP				



			BORING LOCATION PLAN					
		Date	Choice One Engineering					
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			BORING LOCATION PLAN					
		Date	ring					
		12/5/2023	AUG-501/198-2.23/2.36 Intersection Improv.					
	CTL ENGINEERING, INC.	Scale	PID 120037					
	GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERS	None	Wapakon	Wapakoneta, OH - Auglaize County				
ENGINEERING 😫	TESTING * INSPECTION	Drawn By	Reviewed By	Page	Project No.			
	LABORATORY SERVICES	FS		2 of 2	23050059WAP			

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

PROJECT INCLUDES THE RECONSTRUCTION OF THE CURRENT INTERSECTION BETWEEN DEFIANCE STREET, LINCOLN AVENUE, HAMILTON ROAD, COLE DRIVE, AND STINEBAUGH DRIVE IN WAPAKONETA, OHIO. COLE DRIVE IS PLANNED TO BE REMOVED FROM THE INTERSECTION AND A CUL-DE-SAC INSTALLED, WHICH WILL ALLOW THE STOP LINE ON DEFIANCE STREET TO BE MOVED APPROXIMATELY 100' NORTH CLOSER TO THE INTERSECTION. STINEBAUGH DRIVE WILL BE RECONSTRUCTED AND SHIFTED NORTH APPROXIMATELY 55 FEET. DUE TO THE RELOCATION AND RECONSTRUCTION OF THE WESTERN END OF STINEBAUGH DRIVE TYING INTO LINCOLN AVENUE, NEW SIDEWALK AND STORM SEWER WILL BE INSTALLED ALONG THE REBUILT SECTION OF ROADWAY.

HISTORIC RECORDS

NO HISTORICAL BORINGS WERE FOUND WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS WHEN USING THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION'S (ODOT) TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION MAPPING SYSTEM (TIMS).

GEOLOGY

THE PROJECT SITE LIES WITHIN THE CENTRAL OHIO CLAYEY TILL PLAIN PHYSIOGRAPHIC REGION OF THE CENTRAL LOWLANDS PROVINCE OF OHIO, AND IS CHARACTERIZED BY CLAYEY, WELL-DEFINED TERMINAL MORAINES WITH INTERVENING FLAT-LYING GROUND MORAINES AND INTERMORAINAL LAKE BASINS. THE AREA IS PRE-GLACIATED AND INCLUDES GLACIAL TILL SOILS OVER DOLOMITE. THE PROJECT SITE IS UNDERLAIN BY LOCKPORT DOLOMITE OF THE SILURIAN AGE THAT MAY BE FOUND NEAR ELEVATION 690 FEET ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL. NO KNOWN KARST OR UNDERGROUND MINE RELATED INCIDENTS EXIST AT THE PROJECT SITE.

RECONNAISSANCE

THE GENERAL TOPOGRAPHY OF THE PROJECT AREA IS RELATIVELY FLAT WITH STORM SEWER CATCH BASINS COLLECTING SURFACE RUNOFF DURING PRECIPITATION EVENTS. EACH OF THE SIX LEGS OF THE EXISTING INTERSECTION CONFIGURATION CONSISTS OF TWO-LANE ROADWAYS. THE ROADWAY SURFACES CONSIST OF ASPHALT PAVEMENT WHICH WERE NOTED TO EXHIBIT SOME AREAS OF FATIGUE CRACKING, WHEEL-PATH DEPRESSIONS, PAVEMENT SHOVING, AND ISOLATED AREAS OF DEPRESSION. LAND USAGE AROUND THE PROJECT INCLUDE RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL PROPERTIES.

SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION

THREE (3) SOIL TEST BORINGS WERE EACH ADVANCED TO A DEPTH OF 10.0 FEET BELOW THE EXISTING GROUND OR PAVEMENT SURFACE. TEST BORINGS WERE PERFORMED BY CTL ENGINEERING, INC. ON OCTOBER 30, 2023; USING A TRUCK-MOUNTED ROTARY DRILL RIG AND 3.25-INCH INSIDE DIAMETER HOLLOW STEM AUGERS. SOIL SAMPLES WERE OBTAINED OF THE TEST BORINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST METHOD AT 1.5 FEET AND 2.5 FEET INTERVALS FOR THE FULL DEPTH OF THE BORINGS. THE AUTOMATIC HAMMER USED WITH THE DRILL RIG FOR THE PROJECT WAS PREVIOUSLY CALIBRATED ON OCTOBER 13, 2022, AND HAS A DRILL ROD ENERGY RATIO OF 76.4 PERCENT.

EXPLORATION FINDINGS

EXISTING SURFACE MATERIALS CONSISTED OF 8 INCHES TO 10 INCHES OF TOPSOIL; OR AT B-003-0-23, 12 INCHES OF ASPHALT PAVEMENT. FINE-GRAINED COHESIVE MATERIALS CONSISTING OF SILTY CLAY (A-6b) AND CLAY (A-7-6) WERE ENCOUNTERED BENEATH THE SURFACE MATERIALS IN EACH OF THE TEST BORINGS; AND WERE DESCRIBED AS BROWN, BROWN WITH GRAY AND GRAYISH BROWN, AND STIFF TO HARD. BEDROCK WAS NOT ENCOUNTERED. GROUNDWATER WAS NOT ENCOUNTERED.

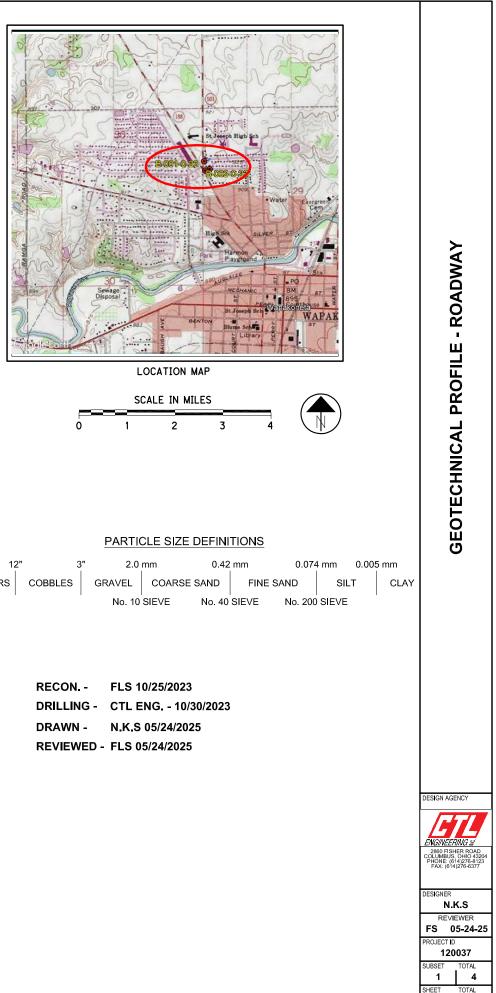
SPECIFICATIONS

THIS GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE OF OHIO, DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, OFFICE OF GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING, SPECIFICATIONS FOR GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATIONS, DATED JANUARY 2024.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

THE SOIL, BEDROCK, AND GROUNDWATER INFORMATION COLLECTED FOR THIS SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION THAT CAN BE CONVENIENTLY DISPLAYED ON THE SOIL PROFILE SHEETS HAS BEEN PRESENTED. GEOTECHNICAL REPORTS, IF PREPARED, ARE AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW ON THE OFFICE OF CONTRACT SALES WEBSITE.

LI	LEGEND											
	DESCRIPTION	ODOT CLASS	CLASSIFIED MECH./VISUAL									
	SILTY CLAY	A-6b	3 8									
	CLAY	A-7-6	3 1									
		TOTAL	6 9									
	PAVEMENT OR BASE =X= APPROXIMATE THICKNESS PROJECT BORING LOCATION - PLAN VIEW DRIVE SAMPLE PLOTTED TO VERTICAL SCALE ONLY. HORIZONTAL BAR INDICATES A CHANGE IN STRATIGRAPH	łY.										
WC	INDICATES WATER CONTENT IN PERCENT.											
N ₆₀	INDICATES STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE NORMALIZED TO 60% DRILL ROD ENERGY RATIO.											
SS	INDICATES A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLE.											



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INDEX OF SHEETS										
LOCATION FROM STA. TO STA.	PLAN VIEW SHEET	PROFILE SHEET								
COVER SHEET 1										
SUMMARY OF SOIL TEST DAT	A SHEET 2									
COLE STREET 10+00.00 15+00.00	3	3								
STINEBAUGH DRIVE 120+00.00 125+00.00	4	4								

BOULDERS

AUG-501/198

32
8
-86
1
-20
۱9 N
I 🖌

	ppm SO4	I	<100	-	-	-	<100	ı	- (-	-	- (7		ppm SO₄	<100	ı	-
	ODOT CLASS (GI)	A-7-6 (15)	A-6b (12)	A-6b (VISUAL)	A-6b (VISUAL)	A-6b (VISUAL)	A-7-6 (18)	A-7-6 (13)	A-7-6 (VISUAL)	A-7-6 (VISUAL)	A-7-6 (VISUAL)		ODOT CLASS (GI)	A-6b (11)	A-6b (11)	A-6b (VISUAL)
	% MC	13	15	14	16	16	17	19	19	15	16		% MC	27	23	23
	Ē	24	20				30	26		TRACE			Ā	17	17	
	Ч	23	20				20	19		SAND,			Ы	19	21	
	Ц	47	40	2	2	5	50	45	2	IP LITTLE	4		H	36	38	5
	% CLAY	75	60	SAME AS SS-2	SAME AS SS-2	SAME AS SS-2	56	41	SAME AS SS-2	BROWN AND GRAY SILTY CLAY, LITTLE SAND, TRACE GRAVEL, DAMP	SAME AS SS-4		% CLAY	42	39	SAME AS SS-2
	% SILT	16	20	SAME	SAME	SAME	29	24	SAME	Y SILTY GRAVI	SAME		% SILT	35	36	SAME
ATA	% FS	ю	œ				10	10		D GRA			% FS	13	14	
EST D	% SS	4	9				с	7		WN AN		RIVE	SCS %	9	9	
SOIL T	% GR	7	9				7	18		BRC		JGH D	% GR	4	5	
RY OF SOIL TE	HP tsf	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	2.00	2.00	1.75	4.50	4.50	STINEBAUGH DRIVE	HP tsf	3.75	4.00	4.50
SUMMARY OF SOIL TEST DATA COLE STREET	% REC	67	67	78	89	100	67	56	78	78	100	STII	% REC	56	100	89
05	Neo	29	23	24	39	42	80	9	13	28	47		Neo	15	18	33
	SAMPLE ID	SS-1	SS-2	SS-3	SS-4	SS-5	SS-1	SS-2	SS-3	SS-4	SS-5		SAMPLE ID	SS-1	SS-2	SS-3
	FROM TO	01 00-02 50	02.50-04.00	04 00-05 50	05.50-07.00	08.50-10.00	01.00-02.50	02.50-04.00	04 00-05 50	05.50-07.00	08.50-10.00		FROM TO	01.00-02.50	02.50-04.00	04.00-05.50
	EXPLORATION NO., STATION & OFFSET	B-002-0-23 ста 10407 251 DT	ы 107-07, 23 кл. LATITUDE = 40.579190	LONGITUDE = -84.202457			B-003-0-23 CTA 40400 4011T	01A. 12+20, 15 L1. LATITUDE = 40.579304	LONGITUDE = -84.202004				EXPLORATION NO., STATION & OFFSET	B-001-0-23	21A. 120797, 19 KI. LATITUDE = 40.579946	LONGITUDE = -84.202585

т т

A-6b (VISUAL)

16

A-6b (VISUAL)

16

BROWN AND GRAY SILTY CLAY, SOME SAND, TRACE GRAVEL DAMP

4.50

78

SS-4

05 50-07 00

56 42

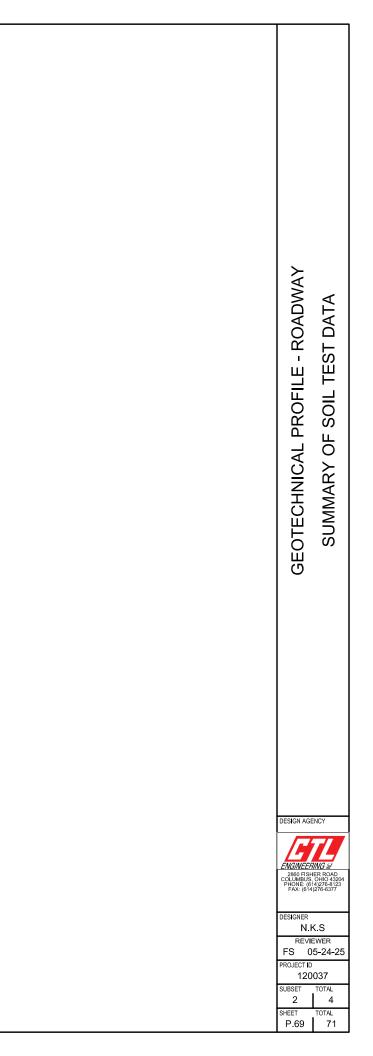
SAME AS SS-4

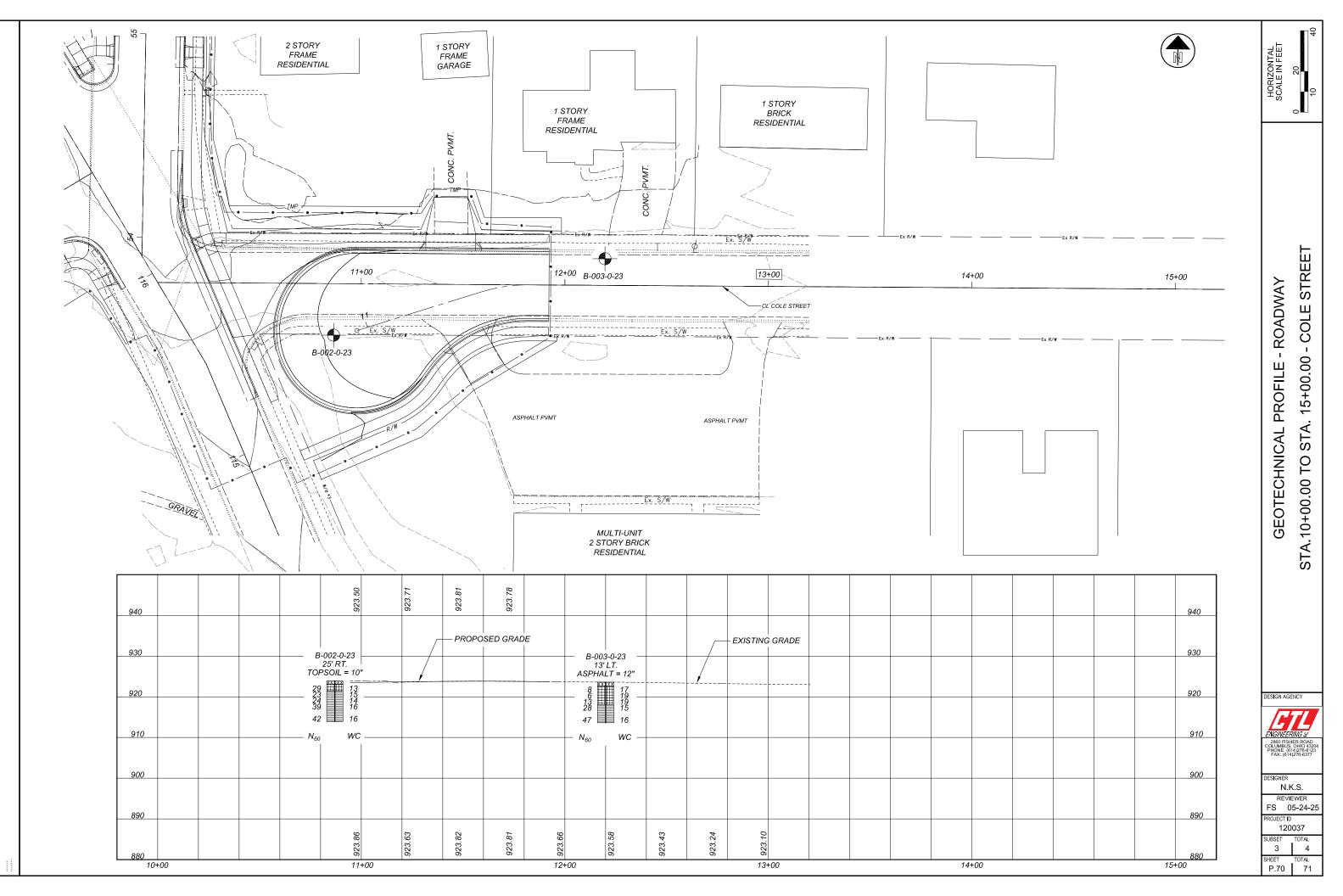
4.50

100

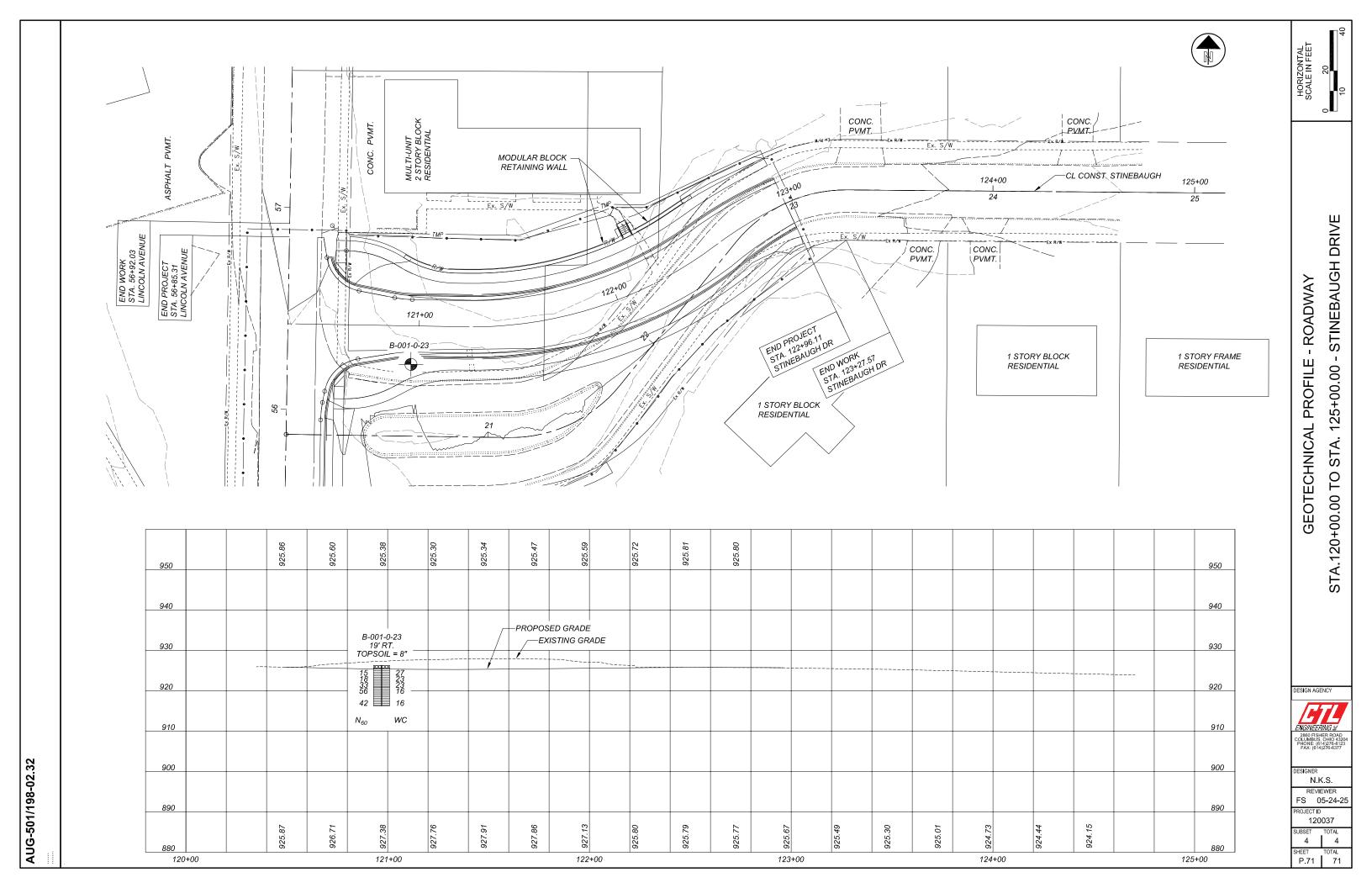
SS-5

08.50-10.00





AUG-501/198-02.32



APPENDIX B

TEST BORING RECORDS



EXPLANATION OF TERMS AND SOIL DESCRIPTIONS (ODOT Specifications of Geotechnical Explorations)

CONSISTENCY AND RELATIVE DENSITY DESCRIPTIONS

Descriptors for soil consistency used in this report are based upon the Standard Penetration Test (SPT), ASTM D 1587, with the penetration (N) values corrected to N_{60} , based upon the efficiency of the SPT Hammer (Energy Ratio) used for the soil sampling.

NON-COHE	ESIVE SOILS	<u>C</u>	OHESIVE SOILS	5
Consistency	<u>SPT-N₆₀ (bpf)</u>	Consistency	<u>SPT-N₆₀ (bpf)</u>	<u>Qu (tsf)</u>
Very Loose	< 5	Very Soft	< 2	< 0.25
Loose	5 - 10	Soft	2 - 4	0.25 - 0.5
Medium Dense	11 - 30	Medium Stiff	5 - 8	0.5 - 1.0
Dense	31 - 50	Stiff	9 - 15	1.0 - 2.0
Very Dense	> 50	Very Stiff	16 - 30	2.0 - 4.0
		Hard	> 30	> 4.0

COMPONENT MODIFIERS

SOIL M	10DIFIERS	ORGANIC	<u>C CONTENT</u>
Modifier	<u>% by Weight</u>	<u>Modifier</u>	<u>% by Weight</u>
Trace	0 - 10	Organic	$LL_{oven}/LL_{air} < 0.75$
Little	10 - 20	Slightly	2 - 4
Some	20 - 35	Moderately	4 - 10
"And"	35 - 50	Highly	> 10

MOISTURE DESCRIPTIONS

Terms	<u>Non-Cohesive Soils</u>	Cohesive Soils
Dry	Moisture Absent	Powdery
Damp	Some Moisture	Below Plastic Limit
Moist	Damp to the Touch	Between Plastic and Liquid Limits
Wet	Visible Water	Above Liquid Limit

PARTICLE SIZE DESCRIPTIONS

Component

AASHTO Particle Size

Boulders 12-in. (300 mm) Cobbles < 12-in. (300 mm) to 3-in. (75 mm) Coarse Gravel < 3-in. (75 mm) to ³/₄-in. (19 mm) < ³/₄-in. (19 mm) to #10 Sieve (2.0 mm) Fine Gravel Coarse Sand < #10 Sieve (2.0 mm) to #40 Sieve (0.42 mm) Fine Sand < #40 Sieve (0.42 mm) to #200 Sieve (0.074 mm) < #200 Sieve (0.074 mm) to 0.005 mm Silt Clay < 0.005 mm

	KEY TO SYMBOLS
OHIO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTION OFFICE OF GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERIN	NG
PROJECT AUG-501/198-02.32	PID 120037
OGE NUMBER 23050059WAP	PROJECT TYPE _SUBGRADE
LITHOLOGIC SYMBOLS (Unified Soil Classification System)	SAMPLER SYMBOLS
A-6B: Ohio DOT: A-6b, silty clay	
A-7-6: Ohio DOT: A-7-6, clay	
PAVEMENT OR BASE: Ohio DOT: Pavement or Aggregate base	
	WELL CONSTRUCTION SYMBOLS
	Soil Cuttings Backfill mixed with Bentonite Pellets or Chips
	Asphalt or Concrete Pavement Patch
LL - LIQUID LIMIT (%)	BREVIATIONS TV - TORVANE
PI - PLASTIC INDEX (%)	PID - PHOTOIONIZATION DETECTOR
W - MOISTURE CONTENT (%) DD - DRY DENSITY (PCF)	UC - UNCONFINED COMPRESSION ppm - PARTS PER MILLION
NP - NON PLASTIC -200 - PERCENT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE	☑ Water Level at Time Drilling, or as Shown
PP - POCKET PENETROMETER (TSF)	Water Level at End of
	Water Level After 24
	The Hours, or as Shown

KEY TO SYMBOLS - OH DOT.GDT - 23/12/4 19:51 - 0: PROJECT2023(WAP-05/23050059/WAP_JOG-501_198 INTERSECTION - PID 120037_CHOICE ONE ENGINEERING/REPORTS/GINT/23050059/WAP ODDT.GPJ

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	PROJECT: YPE:		DRILLING FIRM					L RIG:	-											PLORA B-001-	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $																5.3 (M	SL)	EOB:	10.0	·.	PAC
AND NOTES 926.3 DEPTHS RQD N ₆₀ (%) ID (tsf) GR CS FS SI CL LL PL PI WC CLASS (GI) ppm SI OPSOIL (8") ERY STIFF, BROWN, SILTY CLAY, LITTLE SAND, 925.6 Image: Comparison of the comparison of th	START: 10/3				SPT		-								-			46, - 84	4.202585		1 0
OPSOIL (8") 925.6 ERY STIFF, BROWN, SILTY CLAY, LITTLE SAND, RACE GRAVEL, MOIST 4 6 15 56 SS-1 3.75 4 6 13 35 42 36 19 17 27 A-6b (11) <100			I		DEPTHS													wc	ODOT CLASS (GI	SO4 ppm	H SE
RACE GRAVEL, MOIST PARD @ 4.0 FT. 920.8 ARD, BROWN AND GRAY, SILTY CLAY, SOME AND, TRACE GRAVEL, DAMP 916.3 916.3 916.3 916.3	FOPSOIL (8"))		~	_	_															Š
ARD @ 4.0 FT. 920.8 916.3 920.8 916.3 920.8 916.3 916.3	/ERY STIFF, IRACE GRA	, BROWN, SILTY CLAY , LITTL VEL, MOIST	E SAND,		-	4 6		56	SS-1	3.75	4	6	13	35 4	2 36	19	17	27	A-6b (11) <100	2200
ARD @ 4.0 FT. 920.8 ARD, BROWN AND GRAY, SILTY CLAY, SOME 920.8 AND, TRACE GRAVEL, DAMP 916.3 916.3 911.12 920.8 911.12 920.8 911.12 920.8 911.12 920.8 911.15 920.8 911.15 920.8 911.15 920.8 911.15 920.8 911.15 920.8 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 911.15 <					- 3	$3 - \frac{6}{5}$	18	100	SS-2	4.00	5	6	14	36 3	38	21	17	23	A-6b (11) -	NT R
ARD, BROWN AND GRAY, SILTY CLAY, SOME $6 - 9 + 9 + 9 + 9 + 25 = 56 - 78$ $SS-4 + 4.50 + - 5 + 5 - 5 + 5 = 5 = 5 = 5 = 5 = 5 = 5 = 5 = 5 =$	IARD @ 4.0	FT.		020.8		8	33	89	SS-3	4.50	-	-	-		-	-	-	23	A-6b (V	-	and a
916.3 916.3	IARD, BROV AND, TRAC	WN AND GRAY, SILTY CLAY , E GRAVEL, DAMP	SOME	920.0	6	⁹ 19	56	78	SS-4	4.50	-	-	-		-	-	-	16	A-6b (V	-	1
916.3 916.3 11 42 100 SS-5 4.50 16 A-6b (V) -					- ·	-	.5														4
				016.3	- 9	' 🔲 11	42	100	SS-5	4.50	-	-	-		-	-	-	16	A-6b (V	-	AR NA
					-20610	0									•						

DRILLING METH D/23 SAMPLING MET RIPTION SS (, LITTLE SILT,	HOD: FHOD: ELEV. 923.9	: <u>CTL / M. HUGH</u> 3.25" HSA SPT DEPTHS	SPT/	CALIE ENER	BRATIO	<u>CME A</u> ON DATE ATIO (%)	: 10				/ATI0	ON:		9 (MS			10.0 ft.		
C, LITTLE SILT,	ELEV. 923.9	DEDTUS	SPT/			ATIO (%)	•	76 /											PA
r, LITTLE SILT,	923.9	DEPTHS	SP1/		DEOL								A T T I			90, - 84	1.202457		10
', LITTLE SILT,			RQD		(%)	SAMPLE ID	HP (tsf)			ATIOI FS	<u> </u>			ERBE	PI	wc	ODOT CLASS (GI)	SO4 ppm	⊦ SE
Y, LITTLE SILT,																			\$ \$ \$
	921.4	- 1	5 10 13		67	SS-1	4.50	2	4	3	16	75	47	23	24	13	A-7-6 (15)	-	A B A
CLAY, LITTLE			10 10 8		67	SS-2	4.50	6	6	8	20	60	40	20	20	15	A-6b (12)	<100	ALS AL
		- 4 - 5	7 12	24	78	SS-3	4.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	A-6b (V)	-	2 × 2
			9 14 17	39	89	SS-4	4.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	A-6b (V)	-	78.67
		- 8 -	_																N 2 6 2 1 2 1
	012.0	- 9 -	14		100	SS-5	4.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	A-6b (V)	-	A BL W
		913.9		913.9 $7 - 7 - 17- 8 9 - 9 - 14- 19$	913.9 -7 -17 -8 -9 -9 -9 14 42 10 42	913 9 913 9 913 9	913.9 913.9 $7 - 17$ -7 - 17 -8	913.9 913.9 913.9	913.9 913.9 913.9	913.9 913.9 913.9	913.9 913.9 913.9 913.9 913.9 913.9 913.9 913.9 914 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	913.9 913.9	913.9 913.9 913.9	913.9 913.9	913.9 913.9	913.9 913.9	913.9 913.9 913.9	913.9 913.9 913.9	913.9 913.9

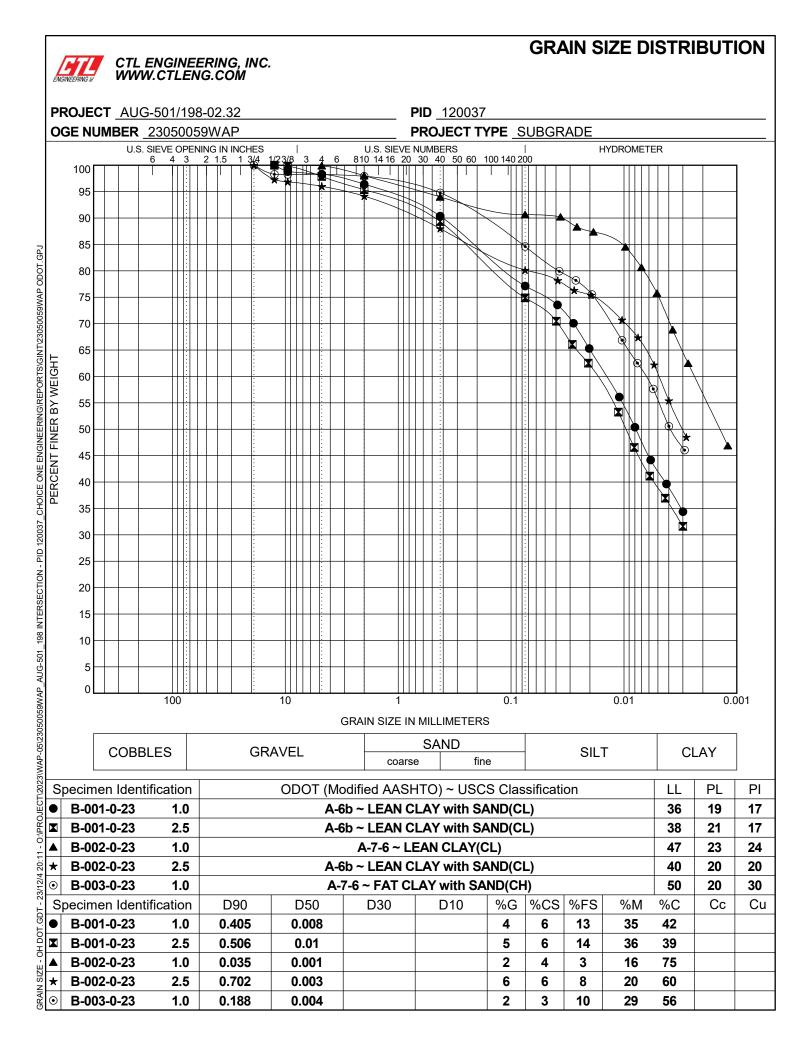
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ROJECT: YPE:	AUG-501/198 SUBGRADE		DRILLING I								CME CME A				STA ⁻ ALIG					12+2 OLE	20, 13 ST	<u>'LT.</u> EX	PLORA B-003-	
MATERIAL DESCRIPTION AND NOTES ELEV. 923.6 DEPTHS SPT/ RQD N ₆₀ REC (%) SAMPLE ID HP GRADATION (%) ATTERBERG (L LL ODOT CLASS (G) SOd ppm SPHALT (12") 922.6 922.6 922.6 1 3 8 67 SS-1 2.00 2 3 10 29 56 50 20 30 17 A-7-6 (18) <100	ID: 120037	SFN:	N/A	DRILLING I	METHOD):	3.25" HS	SA		CALIE	BRATI	ON DATE	E:10)/13/2	22	ELE	VATIO	DN: _	923.6	6 (MS	SL) I	EOB:			PAG 1 OF
SPHALT (12") 922.6 922.6 922.6 TITFF, BROWN AND GRAY, CLAY, SOME SILT, ITTLE SAND, TRACE GRAVEL, EX. FILL, DAMP ITTLE GRAVEL @ 3.0 FT. 918.1 918.1 918.1 918.6 918.6 913.6		MATERIAL D	DESCRIPTION	-		ELEV.		c		N	REC	SAMPLE	HP	G	RAD	ATIO	N (%)) /	ATTE	RBE	RG		ODOT		HC SEA
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		")					_	- 1 -																	×
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							-		3		67	SS-1	2.00	2	3	10	29	56	50	20	30	17	A-7-6 (18) <100	S.
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ITTLE GRAV	EL @ 3.0 FT.					-				56	SS-2	2.00	18	7	10	24	41	45	19	26	19	A-7-6 (13) -	X
$\begin{bmatrix} -6 & -6 & -6 & -9 & -13 \\ -7 & -13 & -13 & -13 & -14 & -$						918.1	-	· • •	4		78	SS-3	1.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	A-7-6 (V)	-	B. B. B
913.6 $7 - 8 - 9 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7$				LITTLE			F	- 6 - 6	9		78	SS-4	4.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	A-6b (V)	-	2 11/2
913.6 $-9 - 7$ 15 47 100 SS-5 4.50 16 A-6b (V) - 3								- 7 -																	
						012.6		- 9 -	7	47	100	SS-5	4.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	A-6b (V)	-	F 80V 7
																		·							

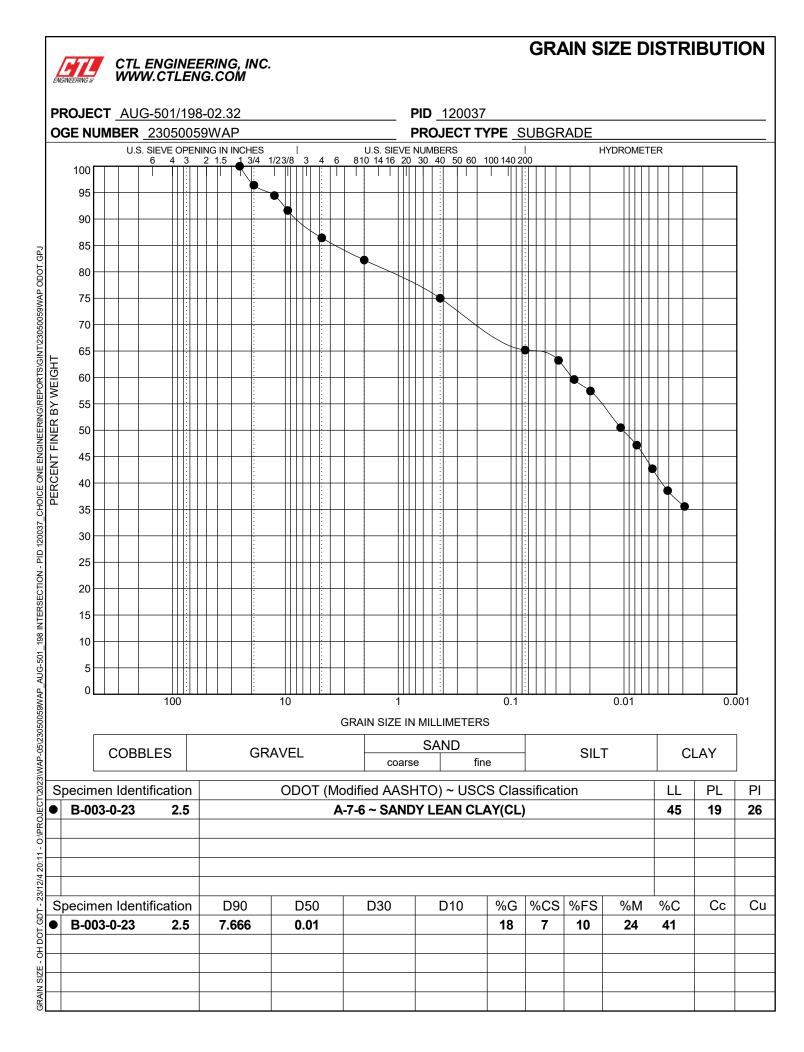
APPENDIX C

LABORATORY TEST RESULT(S)

SOIL GRAINSIZE DISTRIBUTION SULFATE CONTENT OF SOILS









CTL ENGINEERING, INC. 102 COMMERCE DR. P.O. BOX 44 WAPAKONETA, OHIO 45895 PHONE: (419) 738-1447 FAX: (419) 738-7670

Project C-R-S:	AUG-501/198-2.32/2.36
PID No:	120037
Report Date:	11/30/2023
Consultant:	Choice One Engineering
Technician:	RV/JT

						Soaking		Re	olicate San	nple Readi	ngs		Sulfate
Sample or	Station Offset	Latitude & Long	-	Elevation	-		1		2		3	Content	
Boring ID			Plane Coo	ordinates		(hr)	Dilution	Reading	Dilution	Reading	Dilution	Reading	(ppm)
B-001 SS-1			40.579946	-84.202585	926.5	18	20	< 5	20	< 5	20	< 5	< 100
B-002 SS-2			40.579190	-84.202457	922.0	18	20	< 5	20	< 5	20	< 5	< 100
B-003 SS-1			40.579304	-84.202004	922.5	18	20	< 5	20	< 5	20	< 5	< 100

APPENDIX D

CALCULATIONS

SUBGRADE ANALYSES





OHIO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

OFFICE OF GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING

PLAN SUBGRADES Geotechnical Bulletin GB1

AUG-501/198-2.32/2.36

120037

Intersection Improvement Project - South leg of Defiance St. (SR 198), North leg of Defiance St & Lincoln Ave. (SR 501), Hamilton Rd., Stinebaugh Dr., and Cole Dr.

CTL Engineering, Inc.

Prepared By:	Fred Schoen, P.E.
Date prepared:	Friday, February 16, 2024
	CTL Engineering, Inc.
	102 Commerce Dr.
	P.O. Box 44
	Wapakoneta, OH 45895
	(419) 738-1447
	ctlwapak@ctleng.com
	_

NO. OF BORINGS:

3

#	Boring ID	Alignment	Station	Offset	Dir	Drill Rig		Boring EL.	Proposed Subgrade EL	Cut Fill
1	B-001-0-23	Stinebaugh Dr.	120+97	19	Right	CME 55 Truck 292	76	926.3	922.3	4.0 C
2	B-002-0-23	Cole St.	10+87	25	Right	CME 55 Truck 292	76	923.9	922.3	1.6 C
3	B-003-0-23	Cole St.	12+20	13	Left	CME 55 Truck 292	76	923.6	922.4	1.2 C

Assumes new pavement thickness of 1.2 ft.



Subgrade Analysis

V. 14.5

1/18/2019

#	Boring	Sample	Sam Dej	-	-	grade pth		dard ration	HP		Ρ	hysic	al Chara	cteristics		Мо	isture	Ohio	DOT	Sulfate Content	Proble	m	Excavate an (Item	•	Recommendation (Enter depth in
			From	То	From	То	N ₆₀	N _{60L}	(tsf)	LL	PL	PI	% Silt	% Clay	P200	Mc	M _{opt}	Class	GI	(ppm)	Unsuitable	Unstable	Unsuitable	Unstable	inches)
1	В	SS-1	1.0	2.5	-3.0	-1.5	15		3.75	36	19	17	35	42	77	27	16	A-6b	11	99					
	001-0	SS-2	2.5	4.0	-1.5	0.0	18		4	38	21	17	36	39	75	23	16	A-6b	11						
	23	SS-3	4.0	5.5	0.0	1.5	33		4.5							23	16	A-6b	16			Mc			
		SS-4	5.5	7.0	1.5	3.0	56	30	4.5							16	16	A-6b	16						
2	В	SS-1	1.0	2.5	-0.6	0.9	26		4.5	47	23	24	16	75	91	13	20	A-7-6	15						
	002-0	SS-2	2.5	4.0	0.9	2.4	23		4.5	40	20	20	20	60	80	15	16	A-6b	12	99					
	23	SS-3	4.0	5.5	2.4	3.9	24		4.5							14	16	A-6b	16						
		SS-4	5.5	7.0	3.9	5.4	39	23	4.5							16	16	A-6b	16						
3	В	SS-1	1.0	2.5	-0.2	1.3	8		2	50	20	30	29	56	85	17	18	A-7-6	18	99		N60		12"	12" Undercut w/
	003-0	SS-2	2.5	4.0	1.3	2.8	6		2	45	19	26	24	41	65	19	18	A-7-6	13			N ₆₀			204 Geotextile
	23	SS-3	4.0	5.5	2.8	4.3	13		1.75							19	18	A-7-6	16						
		SS-4	5.5	7.0	4.3	5.8	28	6	4.5							15	16	A-6b	16						



PID: 120037

County-Route-Section: AUG-501/198-2.32/2.36 No. of Borings: 3

Geotechnical Consultant:CTL Engineering, Inc.Prepared By:Fred Schoen, P.E.Date prepared:2/16/2024

Chemical Stabilization Options										
320 Rubblize & Roll Option										
206	Cement Stabilization	No								
	Lime Stabilization	Option								
206	Depth	NA								

Excavate and Replace									
Stabilization Options									
Global Geotextile									
Average(N60L):	0''								
Average(HP): 0"									
Global Geogrid									
Average(N60L):	0''								
Average(HP):	0''								

Design CBR	4
---------------	---

% Samples within 6 feet of subgrade											
N ₆₀ ≤ 5	0%	HP ≤ 0.5	0%								
N ₆₀ < 12	20%	0.5 < HP ≤ 1	0%								
12 ≤ N ₆₀ < 15	10%	1 < HP ≤ 2	30%								
N ₆₀ ≥ 20	70%	HP > 2	70%								
M+	10%										
Rock	0%										
Unsuitable	0%										

Excavate and Replace at Surface								
Average	0"							
Maximum	0"							
Minimum	0"							

% Proposed Subgrade Surface									
Unstable & Unsuitable 33%									
Unstable	33%								
Unsuitable	0%								

	N ₆₀	N _{60L}	HP	LL	PL	PI	Silt	Clay	P 200	M _c	M _{opt}	GI
Average	26	20	3.73	46	21	25	22	58	80	17	17	15
Maximum	56	30	4.50	50	23	30	36	75	91	27	20	18
Minimum	6	6	1.75	36	19	17	16	39	65	13	16	11

Classification Counts by Sample																			
ODOT Class	Rock	A-1-a	A-1-b	A-2-4	A-2-5	A-2-6	A-2-7	A-3	A-3a	A-4a	A-4b	A-5	A-6a	A-6b	A-7-5	A-7-6	A-8a	A-8b	Totals
Count	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	4	0	0	10
Percent	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	60%	0%	40%	0%	0%	100%
% Rock Granular Cohesive	0%		0% 100%								100%								
Surface Class Count	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	3	0	0	9
Surface Class Percent	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	67%	0%	33%	0%	0%	100%





