CTL Engineering, Inc.

1091 Chaplin Road, Morgantown, West Virginia 26501

Phone: 304/292-1135 • Fax: 304/296-9302

e-mail: ctlwv@ctleng.com AN EMPLOYEE OWNED COMPANY



Consulting Engineers • Testing • Inspection Services • Analytical Laboratories

Established 1927

March 27, 2025

ODOT District 11 2201 Reiser Avenue New Philadelphia, Ohio 44663

Attention: Ms. Adrienne N. Slanina, P.E.

Consultant Contract Manager

Reference: Roadway Exploration – Final Submittal

PID No. 119710 Agreement No. 39773 Task Order No. 11-D BEL-40-23.37, PID 114388 Belmont County, Ohio

CTL Project No. 24050050MOR

Dear Ms. Slanina

CTL Engineering, Inc. has completed the field and laboratory testing for the above referenced project. The following information is attached to this letter. We are also submitting spreadsheets with scour calculations separately.

- Typed Boring Log
- Mechanical Soil Classification Testing
- Rock Core Slake Durability
- Rock Core Uniaxial Compressive Strength
- Rock Core Photos
- Scour Data Soil
- Scour Data Bedrock

Exploration

The test boring was drilled on December 30 and December 31, 2024, utilizing 3-¼ inch I.D. hollow-stem augers powered by a Mobile B-57 track-mounted drill rig. Split-spoon samples and Standard Penetration Tests (SPTs) were performed in the test borings using a 140-pound automatic hammer falling 30 inches to drive a 2-inch O.D. split barrel sampler for 18 inches. The automatic hammer was calibrated at an energy ratio of 79.3 percent on May 3, 2023.

Upon encountering auger refusal, the boring was further advanced into bedrock utilizing rock core sampling techniques and an NX size double tube core barrel with a diamond bit.

Offices: Ohio • Indiana • Kentucky • North Carolina • South Carolina • Virginia • West Virginia

The test boring was staked in the field by ODOT Dist. 11 personnel. The test boring was drilled at the location shown in the following table.

Borehole	Location Description	Latitude	Longitude
B-001-0-24	East of bridge	40.066709	-80.820546

The recovered split spoon samples obtained during the drilling operations were preserved in glass jars, visually classified in the field and laboratory, and tested for moisture content. Representative samples were subjected to laboratory testing including Atterberg Limits, grain size distribution, and hand penetrometer.

The recovered rock core samples obtained during the drilling operations were preserved in core boxes, visually classified in the field and laboratory, and suitable representative rock core samples were tested for compressive strength and slake durability.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. If you have any questions, please contact us.

Respectfully submitted,

CTL Engineering, Inc.

Sastry Malladi, P.E.

Project Engineer

cc: Mr. Cody Notz, P.E. (via email)

Joe Grani, P.E. Project Engineer

Joe Co-



EXPLORATION ID

B-001-0-24

46.0 ft.

13

12

10

12

17

13

15

10

8

10

PL PΙ WC

NP NP

NP

NP NP

NP NP

NP NP 17

NP NP

20 12 16

20 20

16 12

NP NP 7

NP

ODOT

CLASS (GI)

A-1-b (0)

A-1-b (0)

A-1-b (V)

A-1-b (0)

A-1-b (0)

A-1-b (0)

A-1-b (0)

A-6a (1)

A-6b (6)

A-2-6 (0)

A-4a (4)

Rock (V)

Rock (V)

Rock (V)

CORE

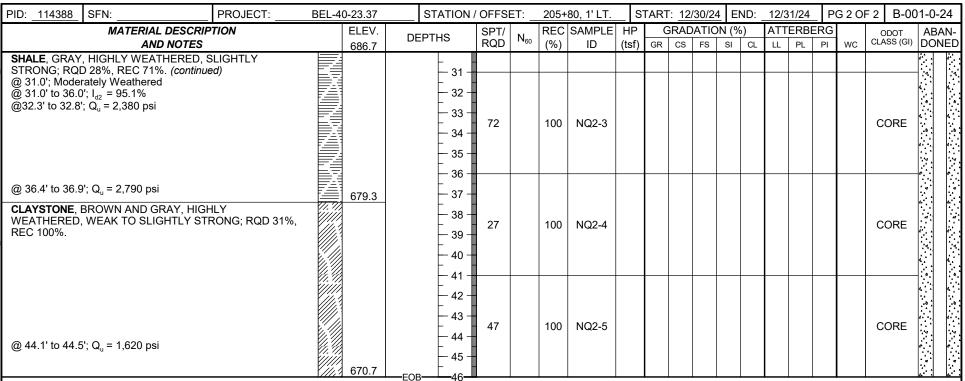
CORE

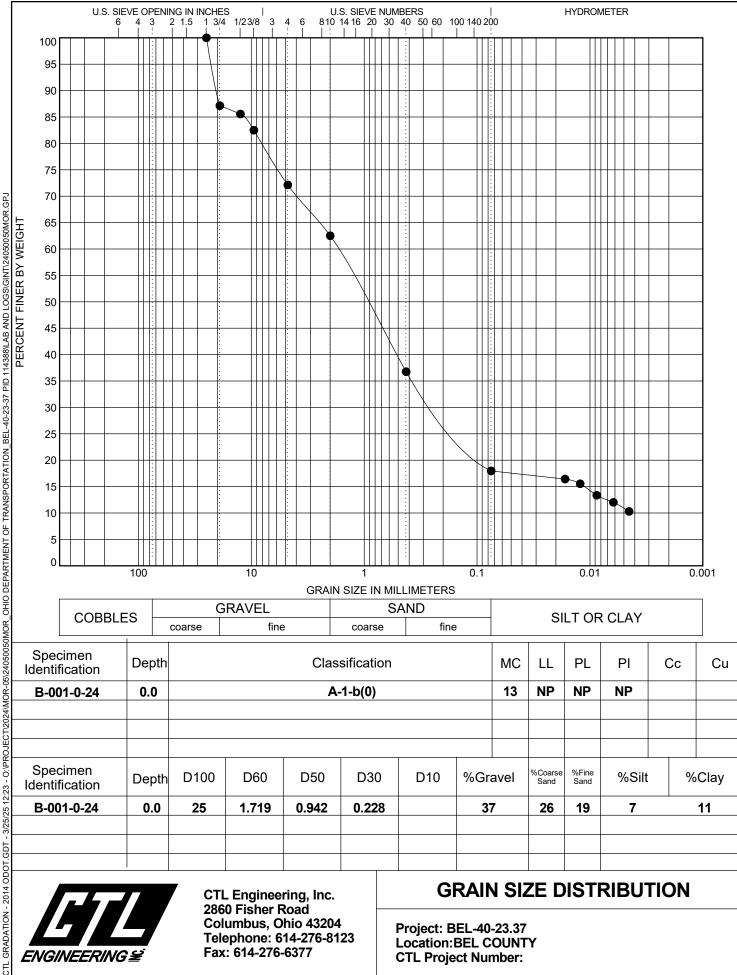
PAGE

1 OF 2

ABAN-

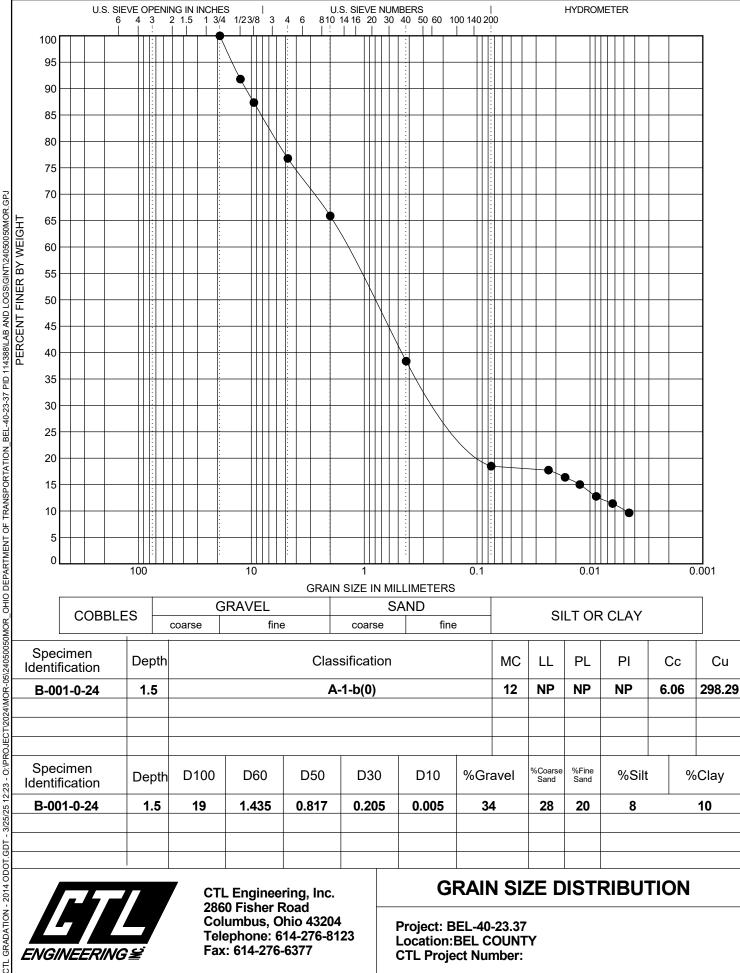
DONED





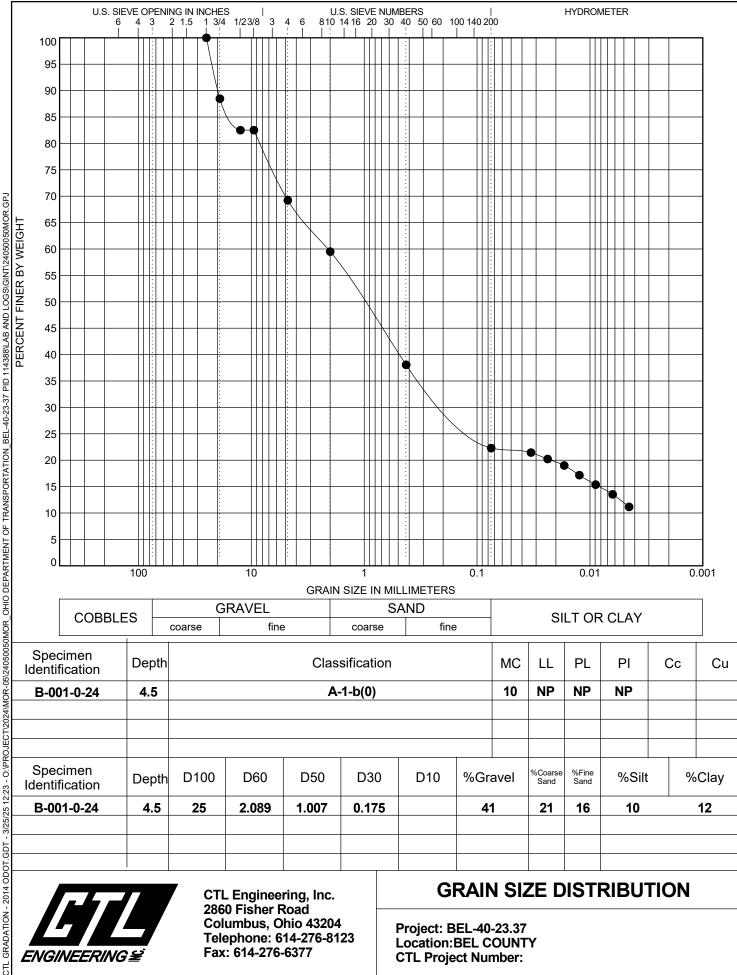


GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION



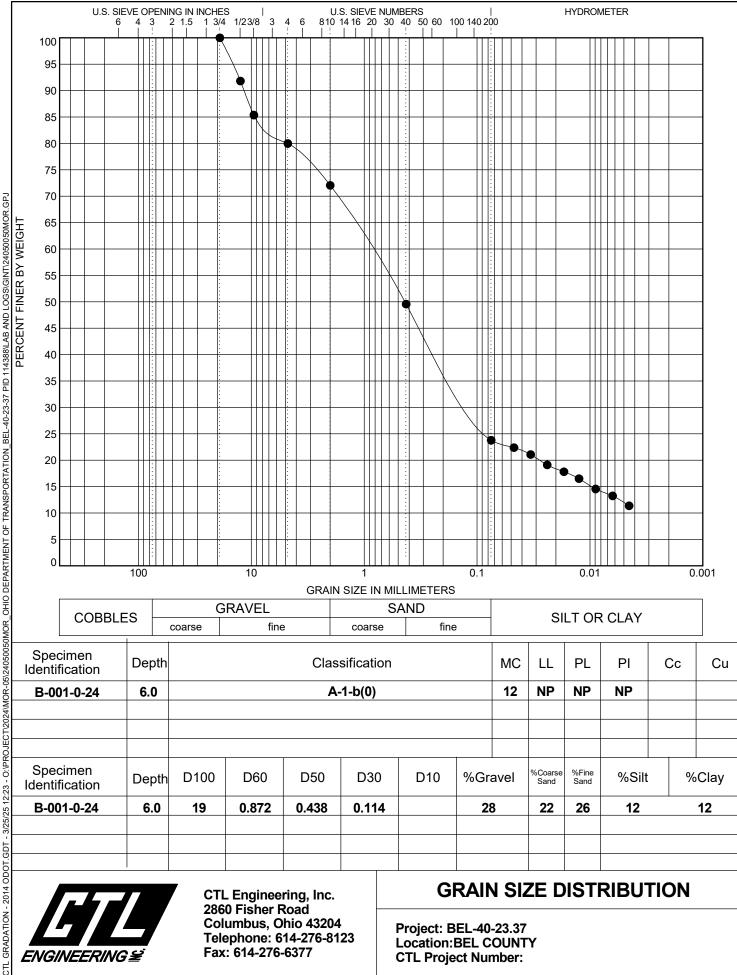


2860 Fisher Road Columbus, Ohio 43204 Telephone: 614-276-8123 Fax: 614-276-6377



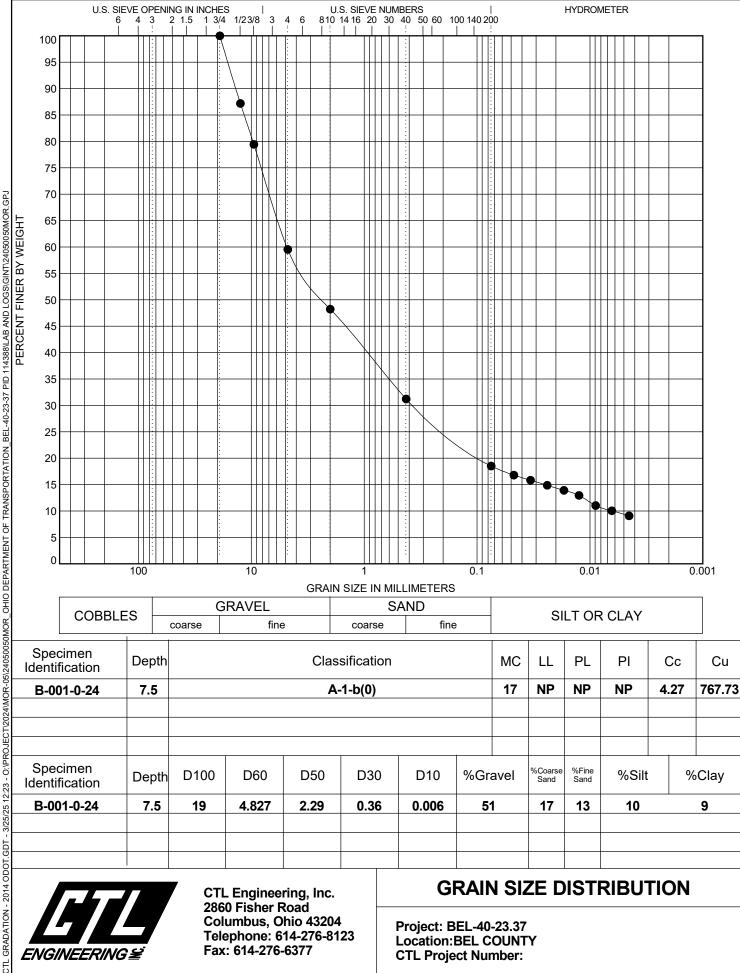


GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

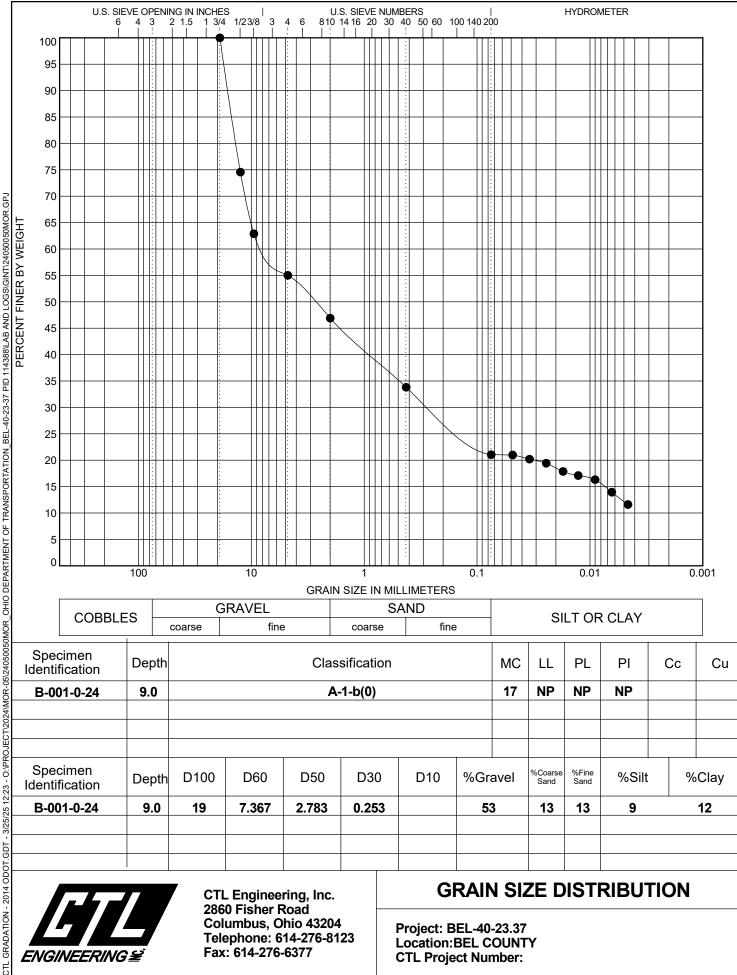




GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

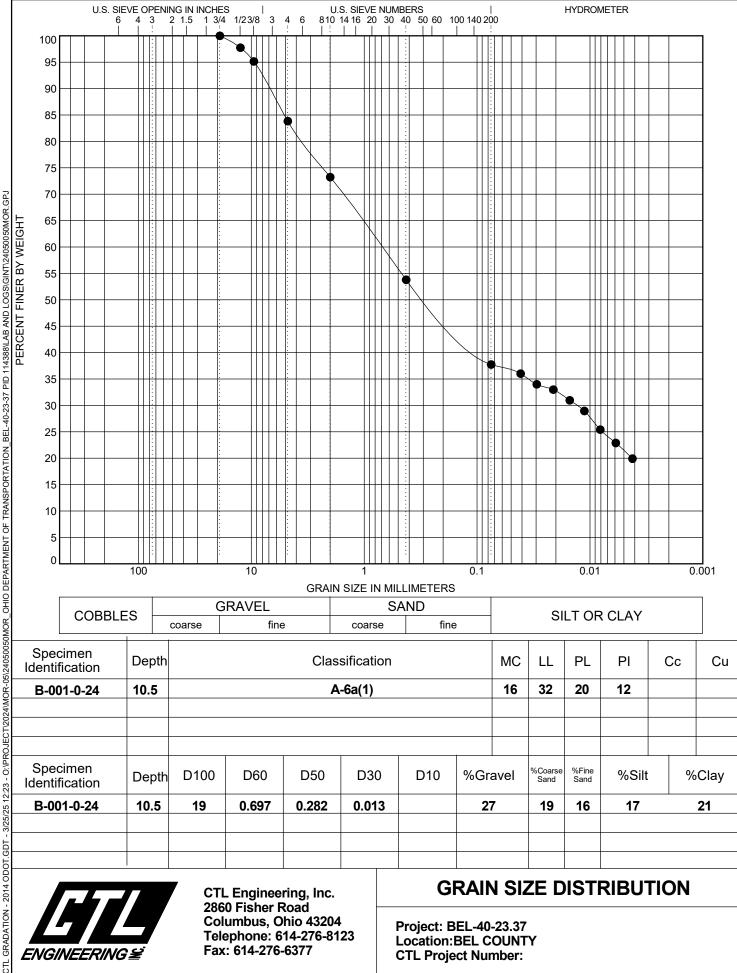




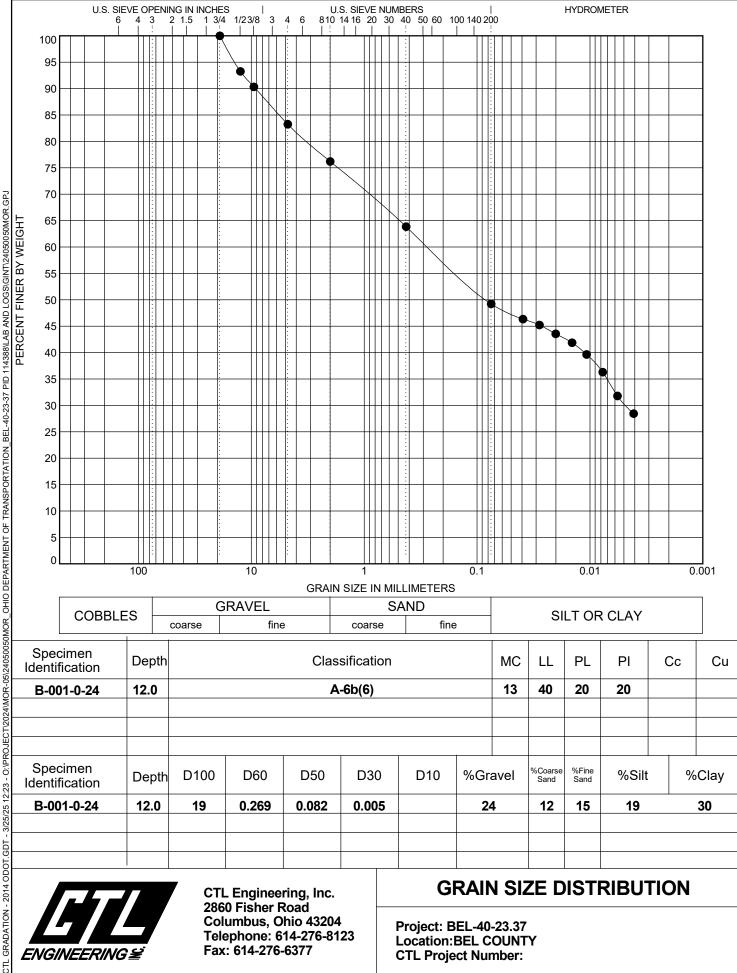




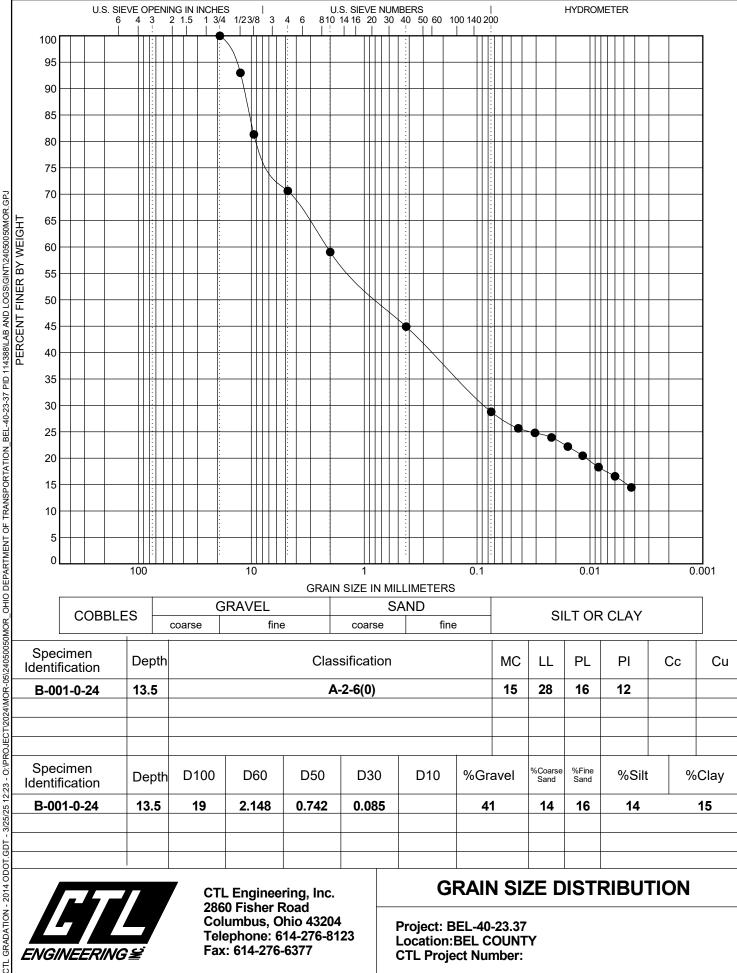
GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION





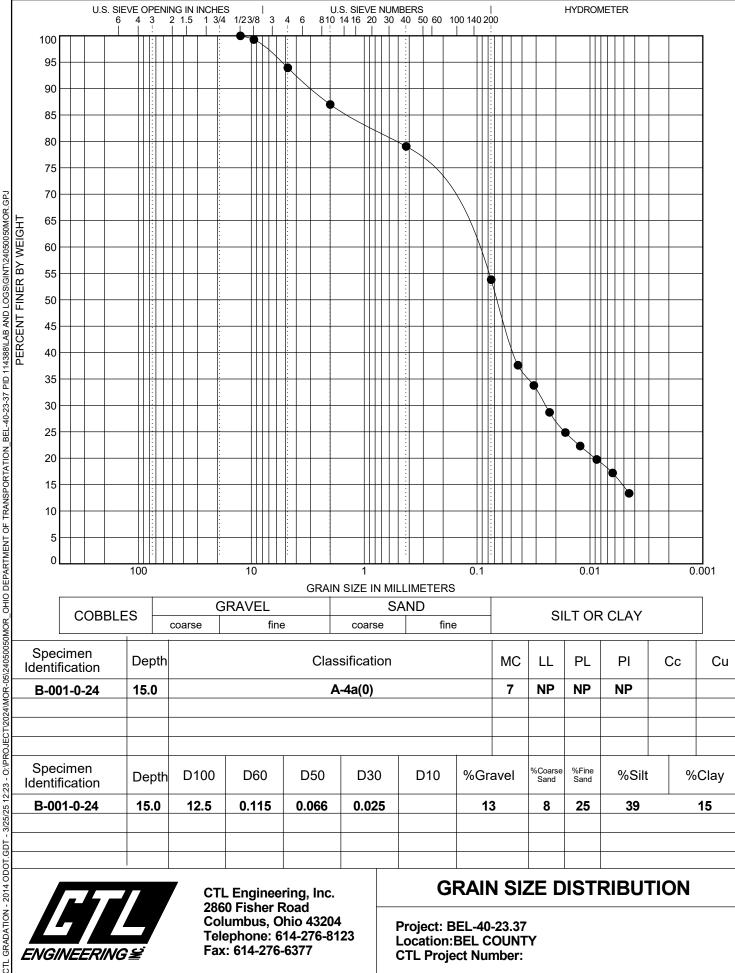








GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION





GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

Slake Durability of Shales and Similar Weak Rocks	CTL ENGINEERING, INC.		
ASTM D 4644	2860 Fisher Road Columbus, Ohio 43204		
Sample ID: B-001-0-24, NQ2-1, 21.0'-26.0' Sample Description: Shale, Gray Slake Durability Index (%): 94.2 (second cycle) Moisture Content (%): 1.8 Temperature Range (°C): 18.4-20.8 Temperature Average (°C): 19.6	Client: Ohio Department of Transportation Project: BEL-40-23.37, PID 114388 Project No. 24050050MOR Lab Code. 25050700COL Date Tested: 1/23/2025 Reviewed by: JG		





Remarks:

Post Test Sample Description: Type II—Retained specimen consist of large and small fragments.



Slake Durability of Shales and Similar Weak Rocks	CTL ENGINEERING, INC.
ASTM D 4644	2860 Fisher Road Columbus, Ohio 43204
Sample ID: B-001-0-24, NQ2-2, 26.0'-31.0' Sample Description: Shale, Gray Slake Durability Index (%): 89.6 (second cycle) Moisture Content (%): 2.2 Temperature Range (°C): 18.3-18.7 Temperature Average (°C): 18.5	Client: Ohio Department of Transportation Project: BEL-40-23.37, PID 114388 Project No. 24050050MOR Lab Code. 25050700COL Date Tested: 1/23/2025 Reviewed by: JG



Pre-Test Sample



Post Test Sample

Remarks:

Post Test Sample Description: Type II—Retained specimen consist of large and small fragments.



CTL ENGINEERING, INC. 2860 Fisher Road Columbus, Ohio 43204		
Client: Ohio Department of Transportation Project: BEL-40-23.37, PID 114388		
Project No. 24050050MOR Lab Code. 25050700COL		
Date Tested: 1/23/2025		
Reviewed by: JG		







Post Test Sample

Remarks:

Post Test Sample Description: Type II—Retained specimen consist of large and small fragments.



PROJECT NO: 24050050MOR **DATE:** 2/11/2025

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF INTACT ROCK CORE - ASTM D 7012



Method C

BORING NUMBER	B-001-0-24	TOP DEPTH(FT)	32.3	BOTTOM DEPTH(FT)	32.8
SAMPLE NUMBER	NQ2-3	DISTRICT	11	PID NO.	114388
COUNTY	BEL	ROUTE	40	SECTION	23.37

FORMATION	Conemaugh Group
DESCRIPTION	Shale, Gray, Moderately Weathered, Slightly Strong
MOISTURE CONDITION	As Received

	MEASUREMENT	LENGTH(INCHES)	DIAMETER(INCHES)
ĺ	1	4.026	1.975
I	2	4.033	1.975
ĺ	3	4.025	1.976
ſ	AVERAGE	4.028	1.975

LENGTH/DIAMETER	2.0
CORRECTION FACTOR	1
AREA(IN ²)	3.1
MASS (GRAMS)	535.6
UNIT WEIGHT(LBS/FT³)	165.3

RATE OF LOADING (in/min) 0.11	2500 _					
COMPRESSIVE					\sim	
STRENGTH	2000 🕂					
(PSI)				/		
2,380	হি 1500			/		
Equip. ID - 68897	<u>ි</u> 1200 \pm					
NON-CONFORMANCES - None	ပ္က					
] စို 1000 🕂					
TIME OF TEST	Stress 1000					
(MINUTES)	500				4	
0.87	300					
LOADING						
DIRECTION] 0 +					
PERP. TO BEDDING	0.0	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5
TECHNICIAN - MW				n(%)		
TEMPERATURE - Room			Strai	11(/0)		ļ



BEFORE TESTING



AFTER TESTING

Physical Appearance after Test - Sample sheared through middle portion - No signs of cracking, spalling or shearing at the platenspecimen interface **PROJECT NO:** 24050050MOR **DATE:** 2/11/2025

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF INTACT ROCK CORE - ASTM D 7012



Method C

BORING NUMBER	B-001-0-24	TOP DEPTH(FT)	36.4	BOTTOM DEPTH(FT)	36.9
SAMPLE NUMBER	NQ2-4	DISTRICT	11	PID NO.	114388
COUNTY	BEL	ROUTE	40	SECTION	23.37
	_				

FORMATION	Conemaugh Group
DESCRIPTION	Shale, Gray, Moderately Weathered, Slightly Strong
MOISTURE CONDITION	As Received

MEASUREMENT	LENGTH(INCHES)	DIAMETER(INCHES)
1	4.010	1.984
2	4.007	1.983
3	4.004	1.984
AVERAGE	4.007	1.984

LENGTH/DIAMETER	2.0
CORRECTION FACTOR	1
AREA(IN ²)	3.1
MASS (GRAMS)	524.3
UNIT WEIGHT(LBS/FT³)	161.3

RATE OF LOADING (in/min) 0.10	3000					
COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	2500					
(PSI) 2,790	(g) 2000					
Equip. ID - 68897	9 1500					
NON-CONFORMANCES - None	g 1500					
	Stress 1900					
TIME OF TEST	₺ 1000 +					
(MINUTES)						
0.85	500					
LOADING						
DIRECTION	0 –					
PERP. TO BEDDING	0.0	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5
TECHNICIAN - MW	Strain(%)					
TEMPERATURE - Room			Sua	1111(70)		







AFTER TESTING

Physical Appearance after Test - Sample sheared through middle portion - No signs of cracking, spalling or shearing at the platenspecimen interface **PROJECT NO:** 24050050MOR **DATE:** 2/11/2025

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF INTACT ROCK CORE - ASTM D 7012



Method C

BORING NUMBER	B-001-0-24	TOP DEPTH(FT)	44.1	BOTTOM DEPTH(FT)	44.5
SAMPLE NUMBER	NQ2-5	DISTRICT	11	PID NO.	114388
COUNTY	BEL	ROUTE	40	SECTION	23.37

FORMATION	Conemaugh Group
DESCRIPTION	Claystone, Brown & Gray, Highly Weathered, Slightly Strong
MOISTURE CONDITION	As Received

MEASUREMENT	LENGTH(INCHES)	DIAMETER(INCHES)
1	4.029	1.963
2	4.024	1.968
3	4.025	1.965
AVERAGE	4.026	1.965

LENGTH/DIAMETER	2.0
CORRECTION FACTOR	1
AREA(IN ²)	3.0
MASS (GRAMS)	505.8
UNIT WEIGHT(LBS/FT³)	157.8

RATE OF LOADING (in/min) 0.12	1800 🛨			
COMPRESSIVE	1600	Λ.		
STRENGTH	1400			
(PSI)				
1,620	(ig 1200 + 10000 + 1000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000		1	
Equip. ID - 68897	으 1000 🗏			
NON-CONFORMANCES - None	§ 800 =		\mathcal{N}	
	j 5000 =			
TIME OF TEST	Stress 600			
(MINUTES)	400			
1.94				
LOADING	200			
DIRECTION	0 🗕			
PERP. TO BEDDING	0.0	2.0	4.0	6.0
TECHNICIAN - MW	Strain(%)			
TEMPERATURE - Room		- Sti	ali (70)	





AFTER TESTING

Physical Appearance after Test - Sample sheared through middle portion - No signs of cracking, spalling or shearing at the platenspecimen interface



B-001-0-24 Box # 1



Run #:	Depth:		Recovery		RQD	
NQ2-1	21.0'	26.0'	2.5/5.0 50%		0/5.0	0%
NQ2-2	26.0'	31.0'	2.75/5.0	55%	0/5.0	0%
24050050MOR – BEL-40-23.27						



B-001-0-24 Box # 2



Run #:	Depth:		Recovery		RQD		
NQ2-3	31.0'	36.0'	5.0/5.0	100%	3.58/5.0	72%	
NQ2-4	36.0'	41.0'	5.0/5.0	100%	1.33/5.0	27%	
<u> </u>	24050050MOP						

24050050MOR – BEL-40-23.27



B-001-0-24 Box # 3



Run #:	Depth:		Recovery		RQD	
NQ2-5	41.0'	46.0'	5.0/5.0 100%		2.33/5.0	47%
24050050MOR – BEL-40-23.27						

Summary of Soil Scour Data

	BEL-40-23.37 Bridge - Scour Analysis								
Boring No.	Sample	Elevation (ft)	D ₅₀ (mm)	τ _c (psf)	D _{50, equiv} (mm)	Erosion Category (EC)			
	SS-1	715.2-716.7	0.942	0.0197	0.9420	2.1689			
	SS-2	713.7-715.2	0.817	0.0171	0.8170	2.0947			
	SS-4	710.7-712.2	1.007	0.0210	1.0070	2.2036			
	SS-5	709.2-710.7	0.438	0.0091	0.4380	1.7698			
B-001-0-24	SS-6	707.7-709.2	2.29	0.0478	2.2900	2.6318			
D-001-0-24	SS-7	706.2-707.7	2.783	0.0581	2.7830	2.7334			
	SS-8	704.7-706.2	0.282	0.0804	3.8504	3.1680			
	SS-9	703.2-704.7	0.082	0.4233	20.2654	3.7247			
	SS-10	701.7-703.2	0.742	0.0573	2.7445	2.0445			
	SS-11	700.2-701.7	0.2	0.2293	10.9810	1.3612			



Summary of Bedrock Scour Data

,						
		Sample	Erodibility	τ_{c} Value	D _{50, equiv}	Erosion
Boring ID	Sample ID	Elevation (Ft)	Index (K)	(psf)	(mm)	Category
B-001-0-24	SS-12 to SS-14	695.7-700.2	0.01	0.6	30.9	3.77
B-001-0-24	NQ2-1&2	685.7-695.7	1.03	5.4	257.4	3.77
B-001-0-24	NQ2-3&4	679.3-685.7	678.26	137.7	6591.9	3.98
B-001-0-24	NQ2-4&5	670.7-679.3	115.42	56.8	2719.2	3.77

To: OODT Dist 11

Copy:

From: CTL Engineering, Inc.
Date: March 25, 2025

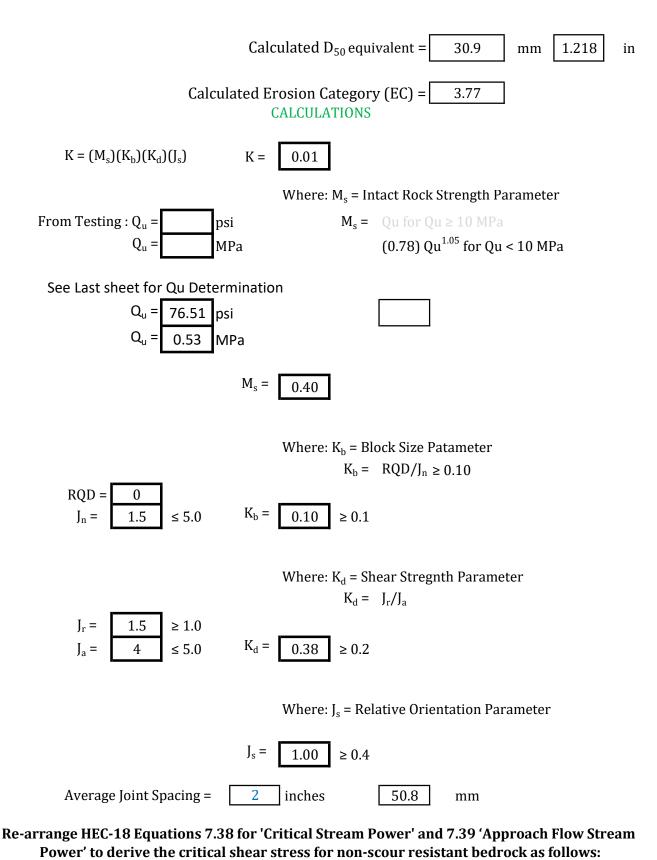
Subject: BEL-40-23.37 PID 114388; Rock Scour Assessment

At your request, CTL Engineering, Inc. has completed drilling and sampling operations for the referenced project. It is our understanding that the near surface bedrock will be interacting with the proposed foundational elements and rock scour is a concern. The following is the assessment of the encountered bedrock conditions relative to the geotechnical explorations:

Boring Evaluated:	B-001-0-24
Boring Location:	Adjacent to Pier, Sta. 205+80, 1' Lt.
Ground Elevation (ft):	716.7
Bedrock Elevation (ft):	700.2
Bedrock Age:	Pennsylvanian
Bedrock Description:	Claystone, Severely Weathered (Augered)

Testing Characteristics	BDM Threshold Value	Result		Scour Resistant Property		
In 1. (Astm in 70126) (Astm d 70126)	$Q_u \ge 2,500 \text{ psi}$	76.51 0.5	psi 33 MPa	NO		
Slake Durability Index [Id ₂]: (ASTM D4644)	SDI ≥ 90%	0.0	%	NO		
Rock Quality Designation: (SGE Section 6)	RQD ≥ 65%		0	NO		
Total Unit Weight (pcf):	$\gamma_{tot} \ge 150 \text{ pcf}$	135	pcf	NO		
Rock Mass Rating:	RMR ≥ 75	32		NO		
Geological Strength Index (GSI):	GSI ≥ 75		20	NO		
GSI Structure:	Massive or Blocky	Laminated		NO		
GSI Surface Conditions:	Very Good or Good		Fair	NO		
Erodibility Index [K]: FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC18)	K ≥ 100		0.01	NO		
Rock Joint Set Number $[J_n]$:	$J_n \le 5$		1.5	YES		
Joint Roughness Number [J _r]:	J _r ≥ 1		1.5	YES		
Joint Alteration Number [J _a]:	J _a ≤ 5	4		YES		
Relative Joint Orientation $[J_s]$:	$J_s \ge 0.4$	1		YES		
Does bedrock meet criteria of scour resistant per BDM: NO						

Critical Shear Stress $(\tau_c)^* =$	$\rho (1000 \text{ K}^{0.75} / 7.853 \rho)^{2/3}$	30.9	Pa
		0.6	psf



RQD =

 $J_n =$

 $J_r =$

 $J_a =$

Critical Shear Stress $(\tau_c)^* = \rho (1000 \text{ K}^{0.75} / 7853 \rho)^{2/3}$ 30.9 Pa

Where: τ_c = Critical shear stress (Pa)

 ρ = Mass density of water (1000 kg/m³)

EC = 3.77

K = Erodibility Index (dim.)

Erosion Category (EC) = $1.2(1.83333 + Log(S_v/2.5))$

REFERENCES

	Table 4.20: Geomechanics Rating Adjustment for Joint Orientations (after AASHTO 2010)						
Orienta	Orientation of Joints		Very Favorable	Favorable	Fair	Unfavorable	Very Unfavorable
	Tunnels		0	-2	-5	-10	-12
Rating	Rating Foundation		0	-2	-7	-15	-25
	Slo	pes	0	-5	-25	-50	-60
Т	able 4.21	l: Geome	chanics Rocl	k Mass Classes Det	termined From To	tal Ratings (AASHTO 2	2010)
RMR (No	te 1)	100 to 81		80 to 61	69 to 41	41 to 21	<u><</u> 20
Class N	Class No.		I	II	III	IV	V
Descript	ion	Very Good Rock		Good Rock	Fair Rock	Poor Rock	Very Poor Rock

Table 4.23. Rock Joint Set Number J_n Number of Joint Sets Joint Set Number (J_n) 1.00 One joint/fissure set 1.22 one joint/nssure set prus 1.50 Two joint/fissure sets 1.83 2.24 Three joint/fissure sets 2.74 Tin ee jonit/iissure sets 3.34 nluc random Multiple joint/fissure sets 4.09 Multiple joint/fissure sets 5.00

Table 4.24. Joint Roughness	Number J _r	Table 4.25. Joint Alteration Number J _a			
Condition of Joint	Joint Roughness Number (J _r)	Description of Gouge	1.0 {1}	0 - 5.0 ^{{2}	5.0 ^{3}
Stepped Joint/fissures	4.0	Tightly healed, hard, non-softening impermeable	0.75		
Rough or irregular, undulating	3.0	Unaltered joint walls, surface staining only	1.0		
Smooth undulating	2.0	Slightly altered, non-softening, non-cohesive rock mineral or crushed rock infilling	2.0	2.0	4.0
Slickensided undulating	1.5	Non-softening, slightly clayey non-cohesive filling	3.0	6.0	10.0
Smooth planar	1.0	Non-softening, strongly over-consolidated clay mineral filling, with or without crushed rock	3.0	6.0 **	10.0
Slickensided planar	0.5	Softening or low friction clay mineral coatings and small quantities of swelling clays	4.0	8.0	13.0

	Softening moderately over-consolidated clay mineral filling, with or without crushed rock	4.0	8.0 **	13.0	
-		5.0	10.0	18.0	
1.0	$\{1\}$ Joint walls effectively in contact $\{2\}$ Joint walls come into contact after approximately 100-mm of shear				
	{3} Joint walls do not come into contact at all upon shear				
	1.0	1.0 Shattered or micro-shattered (swelling) clay gouge, with or without crushed rock 1.0 {1} Joint walls effectively in contact {2} Joint walls come into contact after approxima {3} Joint walls do not come into contact at all upon	1.0 mineral filling, with or without crushed rock Shattered or micro-shattered (swelling) clay gouge, with or without crushed rock 1.0 {1} Joint walls effectively in contact {2} Joint walls come into contact after approximately 100 {3} Joint walls do not come into contact at all upon shear	mineral filling, with or without crushed rock Shattered or micro-shattered (swelling) clay gouge, with or without crushed rock 1.0 {1} Joint walls effectively in contact {2} Joint walls come into contact after approximately 100-mm of s	

	Т	able 10.4.6.4-1: Geo	omechanic	s Clasifica	ation of R	lock Mass	ses (AASHTO	2012)		
	Paran	neter				Range of V	'alues			Score
	Strength of intact rock	Point Load Stregnth Inde	ex > 175 ksf	85-175 ksf	45-85 ksf	20-45 ksf	For this lo	w range, uni strength is p		
1	material	Uniaxial Compressive Strength	> 4320 ksf	2160- 4320 ksf	1080- 2160 ksf	520-1080 ksf	215-520 ksf	70-215 ksf	20-7 ksf	0
	R	elative Rating	15	12	7	4	2	1	0	
2	Drill o	core quality (RQD)	90-100%	75-90%	50-75%	25-50%	<25%			3
		elative Rating	20	17	13	8	(3)	_		
3		pacing of Joints	>10 ft.	3-10 ft.	1-3 ft.	2 in - 1 ft.	<2in.	_		10
	R	elative Rating	30	25	20	(10)	5			
	Conditions of	• Very rough surfaces	• Slightly rough surfaces		• Slightly ro	ough surface	Slickenside surface	• Soft gou	ge >0.2 in.	
4		• Not continuous					•Gouge <0.2in thinck			
4	Joints	• No Seperation	•Seperation	•Seperation <0.05 in.		on <0.05 in.	•Joints open 0.05 - 0.2 in.	•Joints op	en >0.2 in.	12
	• Hard joint wal		• Hard joint wall rock		• Soft joint wall rock		• Continuous Joints	• Continu	ous Joints	
Relati	ve Rating	25	20		12		6	()	
5	Groundwater conditions (for scour only use the General Conditions and either Moist or Completely Dry)		' I	Completely Dry		(interstital ter)	Water under moderate pressure	Severe prob		7
	Relative Rating		1	LO		7)	4	()	
Note: 1 MPa = 145 psi							Rock	Mass Rating		32

AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Ed. (AASHTO 2020)

Table 10.4.6.4-1: Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (AASHTO 2020)

Table 10.4.6.4-1:Determination of GSI f	or Jointed R	lock Mass	(AASHTO 2	2020)	
GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX FOR JOINTED ROCKS From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavourable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis STRUCTURE	2 2	GOOD Sough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces	FAIR C Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	☐ POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact Coating or fillings of angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings
INTACT OR MASSIVE- Intact rock speciments or massive insitu rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	90			N/A	N/A
BLOCKY - Well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets VERY BLOCKY - Interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks		70 60			
	11/		50		
formed by 4 or more joint sets BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - Folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity DISINTEGRATED - Poorly inter-			40		
DISINTEGRATED - Poorly inter- locked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces				20	
LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of the weak schistosity or shear planes	N/A	N/A			10

Bedrock Scour Samples							
Boring	Sample	Sample Erodibili		τ _c Value	D _{50,equiv}	Erosion	
ID	ID	Elevation (Ft)	Index (K)	(psf)	(mm)	Category	
B-001-0-24	SS-12to14	695.7-700.2	0.01	0.6	30.9	3.77	

Slake Durability Index [Id_2] = 0% - Estimated from GDM Table 400-5 Total Unit Weight = 135 pcf - Estimated from GDM Table 400-5

Qu Determination

Sample	N_{60}	Nrate	Qu (ksf)	Qu (psi)	
SS-12	35		4.375	30.38	
SS-13	41		5.125	35.59	
SS-14	50/2"	300	23.55	163.56	
			Qu Avg =	76.51	psi
			Qu Avg =	0.53	MPa

For SS-12 & SS-13, Qu=N60*125/1000 For SS-14, Qu Based on SPT (Stark et. al. 2017)

Nrate	300.0
ER =	76.8
$N_{90} =$	256.0 bp
Qu =	23.55 ksf
Qu =	163.56 psi

To: OODT Dist 11

Copy:

From: CTL Engineering, Inc.
Date: March 25, 2025

Subject: BEL-40-23.37 PID 114388; Rock Scour Assessment

At your request, CTL Engineering, Inc. has completed drilling and sampling operations for the referenced project. It is our understanding that the near surface bedrock will be interacting with the proposed foundational elements and rock scour is a concern. The following is the assessment of the encountered bedrock conditions relative to the geotechnical explorations:

Boring Evaluated:	B-001-0-24
Boring Location:	Adjacent to Pier, Sta. 205+80, 1' Lt.
Ground Elevation (ft):	716.7
Bedrock Elevation (ft):	695.7
Bedrock Age:	Pennsylvanian
Bedrock Description:	Shale, Highly Weathered, Slightly Strong

<u>Testing Characteristics</u>	BDM Threshold Value	Result		Scour Resistant Property
IN 1. (ASTM D 7012C) (ASTM D 7012C)	$Q_u \ge 2,500 \text{ psi}$	1500 _{psi} 10.34 MPa		NO
Slake Durability Index [Id ₂]: (ASTM D4644)	SDI ≥ 90%	89.6 -94.20%		NO
Rock Quality Designation: (SGE Section 6)	RQD ≥ 65%		0	NO
Total Unit Weight (pcf):	$\gamma_{tot} \ge 150 \text{ pcf}$	155	pcf	YES
Rock Mass Rating:	RMR ≥ 75	34		NO
Geological Strength Index (GSI):	GSI ≥ 75	35		NO
GSI Structure:	Massive or Blocky	Blocky Disturbed		NO
GSI Surface Conditions:	Very Good or Good	Fair		NO
Erodibility Index [K]: FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC18)	K ≥ 100	1.03		NO
Rock Joint Set Number [J _n]:	$J_n \leq 5$	1.5		YES
Joint Roughness Number [J _r]:	<i>J</i> _r ≥ 1	2		YES
Joint Alteration Number [J _a]:	J _a ≤ 5	2		YES
Relative Joint Orientation [J _s]:	$J_s \ge 0.4$	1		YES
Does bedrock meet criteria of sco	ır resistant per I	BDM:		NO

Critical Shear Stress $(\tau_c)^*$ =	$\rho (1000 \text{ K}^{0.75} / 7.853 \rho)^{2/3}$	257.4	Pa
		5.4	psf

Calculated D_{50} equivalent =

257.4

257.4

Pa

10.13

in

mm

$$K = (M_a)(K_b)(K_d)(J_b) \qquad K = \boxed{1.03}$$

$$Where: M_s = Intact Rock Strength Parameter$$

$$Where: M_s = Q_u \text{ for } Q_u \ge 10 \text{ MPa}$$

$$Q_u = \boxed{15.00 \text{ psi}}$$

$$Q_u = \boxed{10.34 \text{ MPa}}$$

$$Q_u = \boxed{0.00} \text{ psi}$$

$$Where: K_b = Block Size Patameter$$

$$K_b = RQD/J_n \ge 0.10$$

$$Where: K_b = RQD/J_n \ge 0.10$$

$$Where: K_d = Shear Stregnth Parameter$$

$$K_d = J_r/J_a$$

$$J_r = \boxed{2} \ge 1.0$$

$$J_n = \boxed{2} \le 5.0$$

$$K_d = \boxed{1.00} \ge 0.2$$

$$Where: J_s = Relative Orientation Parameter$$

$$J_s = \boxed{1.00} \ge 0.4$$

$$Average Joint Spacing = \boxed{2} \text{ inches}$$

$$50.8 \text{ mm}$$

$$Re-arrange HEC-18 Equations 7.38 for 'Critical Stream Power' and 7.39 'Approach Flow Stream Power' to derive the critical Stream Power' and 7.39 'Approach Flow Stream Power' to derive the critical Stream Power' resistant bedrock as follows:$$

Critical Shear Stress $(\tau_c)^* = \rho (1000 \text{ K}^{0.75} / 7853 \rho)^{2/3}$

Where: τ_c = Critical shear stress (Pa)

 ρ = Mass density of water (1000 kg/m³)

K = Erodibility Index (dim.)

Erosion Category (EC) = $1.2(1.83333 + Log(S_v/2.5))$ EC = $\boxed{3.77}$

REFERENCES

Table 4.20: Geomechanics Rating Adjustment for Joint Orientations (after AASHTO 2010)								
Orientation of Joints		Very Favorable	Favorable	Fair	Unfavorable	Very Unfavorable		
	Tunnels		0	-2	-5	-10	-12	
Rating	Foundations		0	-2	-7	-15	-25	
	Slopes		0	-5	-25	-50	-60	
Т	Table 4.21: Geomechanics Rock Mass Classes Determined From Total Ratings (AASHTO 2010)							
RMR (No	RMR (Note 1) 10		0 to 81	80 to 61	69 to 41	41 to 21	<u>≤</u> 20	
Class No.		I		II	III	IV	V	
Description		Very Good Rock		Good Rock	Fair Rock	Poor Rock	Very Poor Rock	

Table 4.23. Rock Joint Set Number J _n						
Number of Joint Sets	Joint Set Number (J _n)					
initact, 110 of 1ew	1.00					
One joint/fissure set	1.22					
one joint/fissure set	1.50					
Two joint/fissure sets	1.83					
1 wo joint/ fissure sets	2.24					
Three joint/fissure sets	2.74					
Munthly tandassure sets	3.34					
1 , ,	4.09					
muiupie fottių rissure	5.00					

Table 4.24. Joint Roughness	Number J _i	Table 4.25. Joint Alteration Number J _a					
Condition of Joint	Joint Roughness Number (J _r)	ghness Description of Gouge		l.0 - 5.0 ^{{2}	5.0 ^{3}		
Stepped Joint/fissures	4.0	Tightly healed, hard, non-softening impermeable	0.75				
Rough or irregular, undulating	3.0	Unaltered joint walls, surface staining only	1.0				
Smooth undulating	2.0	Slightly altered, non-softening, non-cohesive rock mineral or crushed rock infilling	2.0	2.0	4.0		
Slickensided undulating	1.5	Non-softening, slightly clayey non-cohesive filling	3.0	6.0	10.0		
Smooth planar	1.0	Non-softening, strongly over-consolidated clay mineral filling, with or without crushed rock	3.0	6.0 **	10.0		
Slickensided planar	0.5	Softening or low friction clay mineral coatings and small quantities of swelling clays	4.0	8.0	13.0		

Joint/fissures either open or containing relatively soft gouge of sufficient thickness to		Softening moderately over-consolidated clay mineral filling, with or without crushed rock	4.0	8.0 **	13.0		
prevent joint/fissure wall contact upon excavation		Shattered or micro-shattered (swelling) clay gouge, with or without crushed rock	5.0	10.0	18.0		
nattered or mico-shattered clay	ed or mico-shattered clay 1.0 {1} Joint walls effectively in contact {2} Joint walls come into contact after approximate the contact and contact and contact after approximate the contact and contact and contact after approximate the contact after a contact after a contact and contact after a contact after a contact after a contact after a contact and contact after a contact after a contact and contact and contact after a contact and contact and contact and contact after a contact and contact a				hear		
		{3} Joint walls do not come into contact at all upon shear					
		** Also applies when crushed rock occurs in clay gouge without rock wall contact					

	T	able 10.4.6.4-1: Ge	omechanic	s Clasifica	ation of F	lock Mas	ses (AASHTO	2012)		
	Param	neter				Range of \	'alues			Score
1	Strength of intact rock	Point Load Stregnth Inc	dex > 175 ksf	85-175 ksf	45-85 ksf	20-45 ksf	For this low range, uniaxial compressive strength is preferred			
	material	Uniaxial Compressive Strength	> 4320 ksf	2160- 4320 ksf	1080- 2160 ksf	520-1080 ksf	215-520 ksf	70-215 ksf	20-7 ksf	2
	R	elative Rating	15	12	7	4	2	1	0	
2	Drill o	ore quality (RQD)	90-100%	75-90%	50-75%	25-50%	<25%			3
	Relative Rating		20	17	13	8	(3)			
3	Spacing of Joints		>10 ft.	3-10 ft.	1-3 ft.	2 in - 1 ft.	<2in.			10
	Relative Rating		30	25	20	(10)	5			
	Conditions of Joints	• Very rough surfaces	Slightly rou €	Slightly rough surfaces		ough surface	Slickenside surface	• Soft gouge >0.2 in.		
4		• Not continuous					•Gouge <0.2in thinck			
4		• No Seperation	•Seperation	•Seperation <0.05 in. • Hard joint wall rock		on <0.05 in.	•Joints open 0.05 - 0.2 in.	•Joints op	en >0.2 in.	12
		• Hard joint wall rock	• Hard joint			it wall rock	• Continuous Joints	• Continu	ous Joints	
Relati	ve Rating	25	20	20		12)	6 0)	
5	use the Gene	conditions (for scour on ral Conditions and eithe or Completely Dry)	′ I	etely Dry		(interstital ter)	Water under moderate pressure	rate Severe wate		7
	R	elative Rating		10		7	4	()	
	Note:						Rock	Mass Rating		34

AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Ed. (AASHTO 2020)

Table 10.4.6.4-1: Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (AASHTO 2020)

Table 10.4.6.4-1:Determination of GSI	for Jointed	Rock Mass	(AASHTO	2020)	
GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX FOR JOINTED ROCKS From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavourable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis STRUCTURE	VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh, unweathered surfaces	GOOD S Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces	FAIR C Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	글 POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact n coating or fillings of angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings
INTACT OR MASSIVE- Intact rock speciments or massive insitu rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	90			N/A	N/A
BLOCKY - Well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets VERY BLOCKY - Interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks	OCK MECES	70 60			
) / /		50		
Formed by 4 or more joint sets BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - Folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity DISINTEGRATED - Poorly inter-	Keasing in the		40	50	
DISINTEGRATED - Poorly inter- locked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces				20	
LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of the weak schistosity or shear planes	N/A	N/A			10

Bedrock Scour Samples						
Boring	Sample	Sample	Erodibility τ _c Value		D _{50,equiv}	Erosion
ID	ID	Elevation (Ft)	Index (K)	(psf)	(mm)	Category
B-001-0-24	NQ2-1/2	685.7-695.7	1.03	5.4	257.4	3.77

Qu = 1,500 psi Estimated from GDM Table 400-6 (Slightly Strong)

Total Unit Weight = 155 pcf Estimated from GDM Table 400-5

To: OODT Dist 11

Copy:

From: CTL Engineering, Inc.
Date: March 25, 2025

Subject: BEL-40-23.37 PID 114388; Rock Scour Assessment

At your request, CTL Engineering, Inc. has completed drilling and sampling operations for the referenced project. It is our understanding that the near surface bedrock will be interacting with the proposed foundational elements and rock scour is a concern. The following is the assessment of the encountered bedrock conditions relative to the geotechnical explorations:

Boring Evaluated:	B-001-0-24
Boring Location:	Adjacent to Pier, Sta. 205+80, 1' Lt.
Ground Elevation (ft):	716.7
Bedrock Elevation (ft):	685.7
Bedrock Age:	Pennsylvanian
Bedrock Description:	Shale, Moderately Weathered, Slightly Strong

Testing Characteristics	BDM Threshold Value	R	lesult	Scour Resistant Property	
IN 1. (ASTM D 7012C) (ASTM D 7012C)	$Q_u \ge 2,500 \text{ psi}$	2380 -2790 psi 16.4-19.2 MPa		NO	
Slake Durability Index [Id ₂]: (ASTM D4644)	SDI ≥ 90%	95.1	%	YES	
Rock Quality Designation: (SGE Section 6)	RQD ≥ 65%		62	NO	
Total Unit Weight (pcf):	$\gamma_{tot} \ge 150 \text{ pcf}$	165.3	pcf	YES	
Rock Mass Rating:	RMR ≥ 75	44		NO	
Geological Strength Index (GSI):	GSI ≥ 75	35		NO	
GSI Structure:	Massive or Blocky	Blocky/Disturbed		NO	
GSI Surface Conditions:	Very Good or Good	Fair		NO	
Erodibility Index [K]: FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC18)	K ≥ 100	6	78.26	YES	
Rock Joint Set Number [J _n]:	J _n ≤ 5		1.5	YES	
Joint Roughness Number [J _r]:	J _r ≥ 1		2	YES	
Joint Alteration Number [J _a]:	J _a ≤ 5	2		YES	
Relative Joint Orientation [J _s]:	$J_s \ge 0.4$	1		YES	
Does bedrock meet criteria of scour resistant per BDM: NO					

Critical Shear Stress $(\tau_c)^*$ =	$\rho (1000 \text{ K}^{0.75} / 7.853 \rho)^{2/3}$	6591.9	Pa
		137.7	psf

6591.9

259.5

in

mm

$$Calculated \ D_{50} \ equivalent = 6591.9 \ mm \ 259.5 \ in$$

$$Calculated \ Erosion \ Category \ (EC) = \boxed{3.98}$$

$$K = (M_s)(K_b)(K_d)(J_s) \qquad K = \boxed{678.26}$$

$$Where: M_s = Intact \ Rock \ Strength \ Parameter$$

$$From \ Testing: Q_u = \boxed{2380} \ psi \qquad Where: M_s = Q_u \ for \ Q_u \ge 10 \ MPa \qquad (0.78) \ Qu^{105} \ for \ Q_u < 10 \ MPa$$

$$Q_u = \boxed{0.00} \ MPa \qquad Where: K_b = Block \ Size \ Patameter \qquad K_b = RQD/J_n \ge 0.10$$

$$RQD = \boxed{62} \ J_n = \boxed{1.5} \le 5.0 \qquad K_b = \boxed{41.33} \ge 0.1$$

$$Where: K_d = Shear \ Stregnth \ Parameter \qquad K_d = J_r/J_a$$

$$J_r = \boxed{2} \ S = 1.0 \qquad SI_s = \boxed{1.00} \ SI_s = \boxed{1.00} \ge 0.2$$

$$Where: J_s = Relative \ Orientation \ Parameter \qquad J_s = \boxed{1.00} \ge 0.4$$

$$Average \ Joint \ Spacing = \boxed{3} \ inches \qquad \boxed{76.2} \ mm$$

$$Re-arrange \ HEC-18 \ Equations \ 7.38 \ for \ 'Critical \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ Approach \ Power' \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ Power' \ Approach \ Power' \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ Power' \ Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ Power' \ Approach \ Power' \ Approach \ Power' \ Approach \ Power' \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ Power' \ Approach \ Power' \ Power'$$

Critical Shear Stress $(\tau_c)^* = \rho (1000 \text{ K}^{0.75} / 7853 \rho)^{2/3}$ Pa

Power' to derive the critical shear stress for non-scour resistant bedrock as follows:

Where: τ_c = Critical shear stress (Pa)

 ρ = Mass density of water (1000 kg/m³)

K = Erodibility Index (dim.)

Erosion Category (EC) = $1.2(1.83333 + Log(S_v/2.5))$ EC = 3.98

REFERENCES

	Table 4.20: Geomechanics Rating Adjustment for Joint Orientations (after AASHTO 2010)														
Orienta	Orientation of Joints		Very Favorable Fair		Unfavorable	Very Unfavorable									
	Tun	nels	0	-2	-5	-10	-12								
Rating	Found	ations	0	-2	-7	-15	-25								
	Slo	pes	0	-5	-25	-50	-60								
Т	able 4.21	: Geome	chanics Rocl	k Mass Classes Det	termined From To	otal Ratings (AASHTO	2010)								
RMR (No	te 1)	100 to 81		80 to 61	69 to 41	41 to 21	<u>≤</u> 20								
Class N	0.	I		I		II	III	IV	V						
Descript	tion	Very Good Rock		Very Good Rock		Very Good Rock		Very Good Rock		Very Good R		Good Rock	Fair Rock	Poor Rock	Very Poor Rock

Table 4.23. Rock Joi	int Set Number J _n
Number of Joint Sets	Joint Set Number (J _n)
initact, 110 of 1ew	1.00
One joint/fissure set	1.22
olle joilit/fissure set	1.50
Two joint/fissure sets	1.83
1 wo joint/ fissure sets	2.24
Three joint/fissure sets	2.74
Munthly tandassure sets	3.34
1 , ,	4.09
muiupie fottių rissure	5.00

Table 4.24. Joint Roughness	Number J ₁	Table 4.25. Joint Alteration Number J _a				
Condition of Joint	Joint Roughness Number (J _r)	Description of Gouge	1.0 {1}	0 - 5.0 ^{{2}	5.0 ^{3}	
Stepped Joint/fissures	4.0	4.0 Tightly healed, hard, non-softening impermeable				
Rough or irregular, undulating	3.0	Unaltered joint walls, surface staining only	1.0			
Smooth undulating	2.0	Slightly altered, non-softening, non-cohesive rock mineral or crushed rock infilling	2.0	2.0	4.0	
Slickensided undulating	1.5	Non-softening, slightly clayey non-cohesive filling	3.0	6.0	10.0	
Smooth planar	1.0	Non-softening, strongly over-consolidated clay mineral filling, with or without crushed rock	3.0	6.0 **	10.0	
Slickensided planar	0.5	Softening or low friction clay mineral coatings and small quantities of swelling clays	4.0	8.0	13.0	

Joint/fissures either open or containing relatively soft gouge of sufficient thickness to		Softening moderately over-consolidated clay mineral filling, with or without crushed rock	4.0	8.0 **	13.0		
prevent joint/fissure wall contact upon excavation		Shattered or micro-shattered (swelling) clay gouge, with or without crushed rock	5.0	10.0	18.0		
nattered or mico-shattered clay 1.0		{1} Joint walls effectively in contact{2} Joint walls come into contact after approximately 100-mm of shear					
		{3} Joint walls do not come into contact at all upon shear					
		** Also applies when crushed rock occurs in clay gouge without rock wall contact					

	T	able 10.4.6.4-1: Ge	omechanic	s Clasifica	ation of F	lock Mas	ses (AASHTO	2012)		
	Param	neter				Range of V	alues			Score
	Strength of intact rock	Point Load Stregnth Inc	dex > 175 ksf	85-175 ksf	45-85 ksf	20-45 ksf		υ,	ange, uniaxial ength is preferred	
1	material	Uniaxial Compressive Strength	> 4320 ksf	2160- 4320 ksf	1080- 2160 ksf	520-1080 ksf	215-520 ksf	70-215 ksf	20-7 ksf	2
	R	elative Rating	15	12	7	4	2	1	0	
2	Drill c	ore quality (RQD)	90-100%	75-90%	50-75%	25-50%	<25%			13
2	R	elative Rating	20	17	13	8	3			13
3	Sp	acing of Joints	>10 ft.	3-10 ft.	1-3 ft.	2 in - 1 ft.	<2in.			10
	R	elative Rating	30	25	20	(10)	5			10
		• Very rough surfaces	Slightly rou €	gh surfaces	• Slightly ro	ough surface	Slickenside surface	• Soft gou	ge >0.2 in.	
	Conditions of	• Not continuous					•Gouge <0.2in thinck			
4	Joints	• No Seperation	•Seperation	eration <0.05 in. •Sepera		on <0.05 in.	•Joints open 0.05 - 0.2 in.	•Joints op	en >0.2 in.	12
		• Hard joint wall rock	• Hard joint	• Hard joint wall rock		vall rock ● Soft joint wall rock		• Continu	ous Joints	
Relati	ve Rating	25	20	20		12)	6	0		
5	Groundwater conditions (for scour only use the General Conditions and either Moist or Completely Dry)		·	Completely Dry		(interstital ter)	Water under moderate pressure	Severe prob		7
	Relative Rating			10		7)	4	()	
Note:							Pock	Mass Rating		44

AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Ed. (AASHTO 2020) Table 10.4.6.4-1:Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (AASHTO 2020)

Table 10.4.6.4-1:Determination of GSI fo	r Jointed R	lock Mass	(AASHTO	2020)	
GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX FOR JOINTED ROCKS From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavourable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis STRUCTURE	VERY GOOD O Very rough, fresh, unweathered surfaces	GOOD Sough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces	FAIR C Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	☐ POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact Coating or fillings of angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings
INTACT OR MASSIVE- Intact rock speciments or massive insitu rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	90			N/A	N/A
BLOCKY - Well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets VERY BLOCKY - Interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks		70 60			
			50		
Formed by 4 or more joint sets BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - Folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity DISINTEGRATED - Poorly inter-			40		
DISINTEGRATED - Poorly inter- locked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces				20	
LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of the weak schistosity or shear planes	N/A	N/A			10

Bedrock Scour Samples						
Boring	Sample	Sample	Sample Erodibility τ		D _{50,equiv}	Erosion
ID	ID	Elevation (Ft)	Index (K)	(psf)	(mm)	Category
B-001-0-24	NQ2-3/4	679.3-685.7	678.26	137.7	6591.9	3.98

To: 00DT Dist 11

Copy:

From: CTL Engineering, Inc.
Date: March 25, 2025

Subject: BEL-40-23.37 PID 114388; Rock Scour Assessment

At your request, CTL Engineering, Inc. has completed drilling and sampling operations for the referenced project. It is our understanding that the near surface bedrock will be interacting with the proposed foundational elements and rock scour is a concern. The following is the assessment of the encountered bedrock conditions relative to the geotechnical explorations:

Boring Evaluated:	B-001-0-24
Boring Location:	Adjacent to Pier, Sta. 205+80, 1' Lt.
Ground Elevation (ft):	716.7
Bedrock Elevation (ft):	679.3
Bedrock Age:	Pennsylvanian
Bedrock Description:	Claystone, Highly Weathered, Weak to Slightly Strong

<u>Testing Characteristics</u>	BDM Threshold Value	Result		Scour Resistant Property	
IN 1. (ASTM D 7012C) (ASTM D 7012C)	$Q_u \ge 2,500 \text{ psi}$	1620 psi 11.17 MPa		NO	
Slake Durability Index [Id ₂]: (ASTM D4644) GDM Table 400-5	SDI ≥ 90%	30.0	%	NO	
Rock Quality Designation: (SGE Section 6)	RQD ≥ 65%		31	NO	
Total Unit Weight (pcf):	nit Weight (pcf): $\gamma_{tot} \ge 150 \text{ pcf}$ 157.8 pcf		pcf	YES	
Rock Mass Rating:	RMR ≥ 75	38		NO	
Geological Strength Index (GSI):	GSI ≥ 75	30		NO	
GSI Structure:	Massive or Blocky	Blocky/Disturbed		NO	
GSI Surface Conditions:	Very Good or Good		Fair	NO	
Erodibility Index [K]: FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC18)	K ≥ 100	K≥100 115.42		YES	
Rock Joint Set Number [J _n]:	J _n ≤ 5	1.5		YES	
Joint Roughness Number [J _r]:	J _r ≥ 1		2	YES	
Joint Alteration Number [Ja]:	<i>J</i> _a ≤ 5	4		YES	
Relative Joint Orientation $[J_s]$:	$J_s \ge 0.4$	1		YES	
Does bedrock meet criteria of scou	ır resistant per I	BDM:		NO	

Critical Shear Stress $(\tau_c)^* = \rho (1000 \text{ K}^{0.75} / 7.853 \rho)^{2/3}$ Pa psf

$$Calculated \ D_{50} \ equivalent = 2719.2 \ mm \ 107.1 \ in$$

$$Calculated \ Erosion \ Category \ (EC) = 3.77$$

$$CALCULATIONS$$

$$K = (M_s)(K_b)(K_d)(J_s) \qquad K = 115.42$$

$$Where: \ M_s = Intact \ Rock \ Strength \ Parameter$$

$$From \ Testing: \ Q_a = 1620 \ psi \ M_a = Qu \ for \ Qu \ge 10 \ MPa \ (0.78) \ Qu^{105} \ for \ Qu < 10 \ MPa$$

$$Q_a = 0.00 \ MPa$$

$$Q_a = 0.00 \ MPa$$

$$M_s = 11.17$$

$$Where: \ K_b = Block \ Size \ Patameter$$

$$K_b = RQD/J_n \ge 0.10$$

$$RQD = 31 \ J_n = 1.5 \ \le 5.0 \qquad K_b = 20.67 \ \ge 0.1$$

$$Where: \ K_d = Shear \ Stregnth \ Parameter$$

$$K_d = J_r/J_a$$

$$J_r = 2 \ J_a = 4 \ \le 5.0 \qquad K_d = 0.50 \ \ge 0.2$$

$$Where: \ J_s = Relative \ Orientation \ Parameter$$

$$J_s = 1.00 \ \ge 0.4$$

$$Average \ Joint \ Spacing = 2 \ inches 50.8 \ mm$$

$$Re-arrange \ HEC-18 \ Equations \ 7.38 \ for \ 'Critical \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ 7.39 \ 'Approach \ Flow \ Stream \ Power' \ and \ Power' \ Average \ Power' \ and \ Power' \ Average \ Power' \ Power$$

Power' to derive the critical shear stress for non-scour resistant bedrock as follows:

Pa

Critical Shear Stress $(\tau_c)^* = \rho (1000 \text{ K}^{0.75} / 7853 \rho)^{2/3}$

Where: τ_c = Critical shear stress (Pa)

 ρ = Mass density of water (1000 kg/m³)

K = Erodibility Index (dim.)

Erosion Category (EC) = $1.2(1.83333 + Log(S_v/2.5))$ EC = 3.77

REFERENCES

Table 4.20: Geomechanics Rating Adjustment for Joint Orientations (after AASHTO 2010)									
Orientation of Joints			Very Favorable	Favorable	Fair	Unfavorable	Very Unfavorable		
	Tunnels		Tunnels 0		-2	-5	-10	-12	
Rating	Rating Foundations Slopes		0	-2	-7	-15	-25		
			0	-5	-25	-50	-60		
Table 4.21: Geomechanics Rock Mass Classes Determined From Total Ratings (AASHTO 2010)									
RMR (Note 1) 100 to 81		0 to 81	80 to 61	69 to 41	41 to 21	<u>≤</u> 20			
Class No.			I	II	II III IV		V		
Descript	tion	Very (Good Rock	Good Rock	Fair Rock	Poor Rock	Very Poor Rock		

Table 4.23. Rock Joint Set Number J_n							
Number of Joint Sets	Joint Set Number (J _n)						
initact, no or new	1.00						
One joint/fissure set	1.22						
one joint/fissure set	1.50						
Two joint/fissure sets	1.83						
1 WO JOHILT HISSUITE SELS	2.24						
Three joint/fissure sets	2.74						
munhle mndansure sers	3.34						
• '	4.09						
wurupie fôtfit/rissure	5.00						

Table 4.24. Joint Roughness	Number J _i	Table 4.25. Joint Alteration Number J _a				
Condition of Joint	Joint Roughness Number (J _r)	Description of Gouge	1.0 {1}	l.0 - 5.0 ^{{2}	5.0 ^{3}	
Stepped Joint/fissures	4.0	Tightly healed, hard, non-softening impermeable	0.75			
Rough or irregular, undulating	3.0	Unaltered joint walls, surface staining only	1.0			
Smooth undulating	2.0	Slightly altered, non-softening, non-cohesive rock mineral or crushed rock infilling	2.0	2.0	4.0	
Slickensided undulating	1.5	Non-softening, slightly clayey non-cohesive filling	3.0	6.0	10.0	
Smooth planar	1.0	Non-softening, strongly over-consolidated clay mineral filling, with or without crushed rock	3.0	6.0 **	10.0	
Slickensided planar	0.5	Softening or low friction clay mineral coatings and small quantities of swelling clays	4.0	8.0	13.0	

Joint/fissures either open or containing relatively soft gouge of sufficient thickness to		Softening moderately over-consolidated clay mineral filling, with or without crushed rock	4.0	8.0 **	13.0		
prevent joint/fissure wall contact upon excavation		Shattered or micro-shattered (swelling) clay gouge, with or without crushed rock	5.0	10.0	18.0		
nattered or mico-shattered clay 1.0		{1} Joint walls effectively in contact{2} Joint walls come into contact after approximately 100-mm of shear					
		{3} Joint walls do not come into contact at all upon shear					
** Also applies when crushed rock occurs in clay gouge without rock wall contact							

	T	able 10.4.6.4-1: Ge	omechanic	s Clasifica	ation of F	lock Mass	ses (AASHTO	2012)			
	Param	neter				Range of V	alues			Score	
	Strength of intact rock	Point Load Stregnth Ind	ex > 175 ksf	85-175 ksf	45-85 ksf	20-45 ksf	For this low compressive s	w range, unia strength is p			
1	material	Uniaxial Compressive Strength	> 4320 ksf	2160- 4320 ksf	1080- 2160 ksf	520-1080 ksf	215-520 ksf	70-215 ksf	20-7 ksf	1	
	R	elative Rating	15	12	7	4	2	1	0		
2	Drill c	core quality (RQD)	90-100%	75-90%	50-75%	25-50%	<25%			8	
2	R	elative Rating	20	17	13	8	3			0	
3	Sp	acing of Joints	>10 ft.	3-10 ft.	1-3 ft.	2 in - 1 ft.	<2in.			10	
J	R	elative Rating	30	25	20	(10)	5			10	
	• Very rough surfaces		• Slightly roug	• Slightly rough surfaces		ough surface	Slickenside surface	• Soft gouge >0.2 in.			
	Conditions of	• Not continuous					●Gouge <0.2in thinck				
4	Joints	• No Seperation	Seperation	•Seperation <0.05 in. • Hard joint wall rock		•Seperation <0.05 in.		•Joints open >0.2 in.		12	
		• Hard joint wall rock	• Hard joint			nt wall rock	Continuous Joints	• Continue	ous Joints		
Relati	ve Rating	25	20			12)	6	()		
5	use the Gene	conditions (for scour onl ral Conditions and either or Completely Dry)	′ I	etely Dry	Moist only wa	(interstital ter)	Water under moderate pressure	Severe water problems		7	
	R	elative Rating	1	LO		7	4				
	Note:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Rock Mass Rating		38		

AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Ed. (AASHTO 2020)

Table 10.4.6.4-1:Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (AASHTO 2020)

	Table 10.4.6.4-1:Determination of	i doi id	or jointed i	ROCK Mass	OTHUMAN	2020)	
JOINTED From the condition the avera be too po to 37 is n GSI = 35. apply to Where w present i with resp will dom The shea that are of chang reduced with rock categorie for wet co	ICAL STRENGTH INDEX FOR ROCKS e lithology, structure and surface ins of the discontinuities, estimate age value of GSI. Do not try to recise. Quoting a range from 33 more realistic than stating that Note that the table does not structurally controlled failures. The real planes are in an unfavourable orientation sect to the excavation face, these inate the rock mass behaviour. The strength of surfaces in rocks prone to deterioration as a result es in moisture content will be if water is present. When working its in the fair to very poor es, a shift to the right may be made conditions. Water pressure is dealt effective stress analysis	SURFACE CONDITIONS	VERY GOOD D Very rough, fresh, unweathered surfaces	GOOD Sough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces	FAIR C Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	글 POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact 미 coating or fillings of angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings
	INTACT OR MASSIVE- Intact rock speciments or massive insitu rock with few widely spaced discontinuities		90			N/A	N/A
	BLOCKY - Well interlocked un- disturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets	CKING OF ROCK PIECES		70 60			
	VERY BLOCKY - Interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets				50		
	BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - Folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity	DECREASING INTERLO			40		
	DISINTEGRATED - Poorly inter- locked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces					20	
	LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of the weak schistosity or shear pla	nes	N/A	N/A			10

Bedrock Scour Samples										
Boring	Soring Sample Sample Erodibility τ_c Value $D_{50,equiv}$ Erosion									
ID	ID	Elevation (Ft)	Index (K)	(psf)	(mm)	Category				
B-001-0-24	NQ2-4/5	670.7-679.3	115.42	56.8	2719.2	3.77				

Slake Durability Index [Id_2] From GDM Table 400-5