STRUCTURE FOUNDATION EXPLORATION- FINAL REPORT

HIG-247-0.04, PID NO. 93830 BRIDGE NUMBER: 3603482 HIGHLAND COUNTY, OHIO CTL PROJECT NO. 22050095COL

PREPARED FOR:

IBI GROUP 23 TRIANGLE PARK DRIVE CINCINNATI, OHIO 45246

PREPARED BY:

CTL ENGINEERING, INC. 2860 FISHER ROAD COLUMBUS, OHIO 43204 Phone 614-276-8123 Fax 614-276-6377

September 1, 2023



TABLE OF CONTENTS

		PAGE
I.	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
II.	INTRODUCTION	1
III.	GEOLOGY AND OBSERVATIONS OF THE PROJECT	1
IV.	EXPLORATION	2
V.	FINDINGS	3
VI.	ANALYSES AND RECOMMENDATIONS	4
	A. Scour Information	4
	B. Foundation Support	4
	C. General Construction and Earthwork	5
VII.	CHANGED CONDITIONS	6
VIII.	TESTING AND OBSERVATION	6
IX.	CLOSING	6
APPE	NDIX A GEOTECHNICAL PROFILE- BRIDGE	

APPENDIX A	GEOTECHNICAL PROFILE- BRIDGE
APPENDIX B	TEST BORING RECORDS
APPENDIX C	LABORATORY TEST RESULTS
APPENDIX D	ROCK CORE PHOTOS
APPENDIX E	SCOUR INFORMATION
APPENDIX F	SPREAD FOOTING BEARING RESISTANCE
APPENDIX G	RESPONSE TO ODOT COMMENTS



I. <u>EXECUTIVE SUMMARY</u>

The project involves constructing a replacement structure for HIG-247-0.04 over Buck Run in Highland County, Ohio. According to the bridge site plan sheet provided, the proposed bridge will be a single-span, 48 feet long precast reinforced concrete structure with round section. It is understood that the proposed structure will be supported on spread foundations extending into underlying bedrock.

Two (2) test borings, identified as B-001-0-22 and B-002-0-22, were drilled for this structure. The borings generally exhibited layers of both fine-grained soils described as silt and clay (A-6a), silty clay (A-6b), and clay (A-7-6) over bedrock. The top of bedrock was encountered at depths ranging from 3.5 to 8.5 feet below ground surface with top of bedrock elevations ranging from 908.0 to 911.4 feet. The bedrock was described as limestone or shale.

Based upon the soil and rock data obtained from the field and laboratory testing, it is CTL's opinion that the proposed bridge could be supported onto spread foundations extending into underlying coreable bedrock. Please refer to the *Analyses and Recommendations* section for additional information.

II. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

The project involves constructing a replacement structure for HIG-247-0.04 over Buck Run in Highland County, Ohio. According to the bridge site plan sheet provided, the proposed bridge will be a single-span, 48 feet long precast reinforced concrete structure with round section. It is understood that the proposed structure will be supported on spread foundations extending into underlying coreable bedrock.

This is a Final Structure Foundation Exploration Report.

III. GEOLOGY AND OBSERVATIONS OF THE PROJECT

The ODNR, *Physiographic Regions of Ohio*, the site lies on the Dissected Illinoian Till Plain region of the Till Plains section of Ohio.

ODNR's, *Ohio Geology Interactive Map*, indicates the site is underlain by Silurian-age Estill Shale. The bedrock consists of shale and minor dolomite interbedded, reddish to greenish gray, weathers light gray, planar to irregular bedding, thin to thick bedded, 30 to 180 feet thick.

According to web-based *Soil Survey Report for Highland County, Ohio,* from United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), the



soils in the project area primarily consist of Gessie loam, frequently flooded (Gd). These soils are considered to be well drained with moderately high to high hydraulic conductivity (0.6 to 2.0 in/hr).

Based on the ODNR Mines of Ohio, the site is not known to have any mapped deep mines located below the project area.

According to the ODNR karst map, several field verified and suspected karst features were identified approximately 0.5 mile to the south and southeast of the project area.

A site visit was performed by an engineer from CTL on November 9, 2022. The existing bridge abutments are supported on spread footing foundations. Buck Creek flows below the structure. The creek flows in easterly direction below the bridge. Exposed bedrock was noted in the creek and on the creek banks. Spalling and exposed rebar were noted on the parapet walls of the bridge deck.

IV. <u>EXPLORATION</u>

Two (2) test borings, designated as B-001-0-22 and B-002-0-22, were drilled and cored to depths ranging from 21.0 to 24.0 feet below the existing ground surface.

The borings were performed with a CME 55 track mounted drill rig utilizing 3¹/₄-inch hollow stem augers (HSA) and NQ 2-inch double tube wire-line rock core barrel system on November 10, 2022. Standard penetration tests were conducted using a 140-pound automatic hammer, falling 30 inches, to drive 2-inch O.D. split barrel samplers. The energy transfer ratio associated with the automatic SPT hammer was 79.3 percent.

Soil samples obtained were preserved in glass jars, visually classified in the field and laboratory, and tested for natural moisture content. Representative soil samples were subjected to laboratory testing including grain size distribution and Atterberg limits.

The recovered rock from the coring operations were placed in core boxes, visually described and the Rock Quality Designation (RQD) and percent core recovery values were determined. Representative samples of the recovered rock were subjected to compressive strength and unit weight testing.

Ground surface elevations, latitude, longitude information at the test boring locations were provided by personnel from IBI Group.

No historic records were found for this structure. However, the historic roadway borings (TIMS sub-batch 9666) indicate that the top of rock was encountered between El. 905 and 910 feet and limestone was exposed in the creek bed.



V. <u>FINDINGS</u>

The borings encountered 6 inches of asphalt over 5 inches of granular base near the surface. Below the surface cover, the borings encountered layers of cohesive fine grained soils to depths ranging from 8.5 to 11.0 feet below grade. The cohesive fill soils were described as silt and clay (A-6a), silty clay (A-6b), and clay (A-7-6) over bedrock. These soils exhibited corrected standard penetration N_{60} values ranging from 12 to 20 blows per foot (bpf), with moisture content values ranging from 11 to 21 percent. Hand penetrometer readings in the cohesive soils ranged from 2.5 to 3.75 tons per square foot (tsf).

Beneath the soil overburden, the borings encountered top of bedrock at depths ranging from 3.5 to 8.5 feet below grade, with top of bedrock elevations ranging from 908.0 to 911.4 feet. The upper portion of the bedrock was augered and sampled using soil sampling techniques. This augerable bedrock exhibited N_{60} values ranging from 50 blows for 5 inches of penetration to 50 blows for 1 inch of penetration. The augerable rock samples were described as limestone. Auger refusal was encountered in the borings at elevations ranging from 907.5 to 908.9 feet.

Rock coring was performed below the auger refusal depths. The recovered rock samples from rock coring operations were described as predominantly limestone with a minor amount of shale and exhibited rock quality designation (RQD) values ranging from 26 to 90 percent, with core recovery values ranging from 95 to 100 percent.

Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) testing was performed on two selected bedrock core samples representative of the bedrock units. Table 1 shows the results of these UCS tests.

Boring No.	Sample Depth (ft)	Sample Elevation (ft)	Lithology	Unit Weight (pcf)	UCS (psi)
B-001-0-22	9.3-9.8	905.6-905.1	Limestone	166.1	4,470
Abutment)	20.3-20.8	894.6-894.1	Limestone	169.6	6,360
B-002-0-22	10.5-11.0	906.0-905.5	Limestone	170.9	8,500
(Forward Abutment)	19.5-20.0	897.0-896.5	Limestone	162.3	4,620

Table 1. Rock UCS Results

No groundwater was encountered in the test borings during drilling operations. Accurate water level measurements at the completion of test boring were unable to be obtained due to the introduction of water during rock coring operations.



VI. <u>ANALYSES AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the soil and rock data obtained from the field and laboratory testing, the following recommendations are provided for the proposed structures.

A. <u>Scour Information</u>

CTL performed multi-layer scour analysis considering the differences in the RQD values in core runs NQ-1 and NQ-2 in both boring B-001-0-22 and B-002-0-22. The scour calculations are provided in Appendix E. Table 2 below summarizes the scour calculations.

Location	Sample ID	Sample Elevation	D50 (mm)	$ au_{c}$ (psf)	D50, equivalent (mm)	Erosion Category (EC)
B-001-0-22	NQ-1	908.9'-903.9'	N/A	105	5025	3.981
(Rear Abutment)	NQ-2	903.9'-898.9'	N/A	161	7696	4.422
B-002-0-22	NQ-1	907.5'-902.5'	N/A	247	11846	4.422
(Forward Abutment)	NQ-2	902.5'-897.5'	N/A	195	9344	4.422

Table 2. Scour Information

B. Foundation Support

At the time that this report was prepared, a bridge site plan sheet was provided to us. According to the site plan, it is understood that the proposed abutments and wing walls are planned to be supported on spread foundations extending into underlying coreable bedrock. The elevation of the bottom of footings for both the rear and forward abutments is 904.48.

Bearing resistance calculations are provided in Appendix F and are summarized in Table 3.



Location	Bottom of Footing Elevation, feet	Unfactored Bearing Resistance, qn ksf		
B-001-0-22 (Rear Abutment)	904.48	100.23		
B-002-0-22 (Forward Abutment)	904.48	171.05		

Table 3. Unfactored Bearing Resistance of Spread Footings

A resistance factor of 0.45 should be used for determining factored bearing resistance in strength limit state. The resistance factor was obtained from AASHTO Table 10.5.5.2.2-1 for footing bearing on bedrock.

All bearing surfaces should be kept clean and dry until concrete is placed and should also be observed and approved by the Geotechnical Engineer or their designated representative. Surface water and groundwater should be expected during excavation and construction of spread footings. Dewatering within the excavation should be anticipated and it is anticipated to be controlled using sump and pump methods. Temporary cofferdams may need to be constructed to facilitate excavation and construction of the spread footings.

For lateral and vertical earth pressure calculations for the proposed structure, an equivalent friction angle for the retained soil of 25 degrees and a total unit weight of 120 pounds per cubic foot (pcf) should be used.

C. <u>General Construction and Earthwork</u>

- 1. Site preparation and earthwork should be performed in accordance with the ODOT Construction and Material Specifications, and applicable Geotechnical Bulletins.
- 2. Embankment side slopes should be seeded and vegetation growth permitted to limit erosion, sloughing and slope failure.
- 3. Temporary excavations in excess of 4 feet in depth should be sloped or shored according to OSHA requirements.

VII. <u>CHANGED CONDITIONS</u>

The evaluations, conclusions, and recommendations in this report are based on our interpretation of the field and laboratory data obtained during the exploration, our



> understanding of the project and our experience with similar sites and subsurface conditions using generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. Although individual test borings are representative of the subsurface conditions at the boring locations on the dates drilled, they are not necessarily representative of the subsurface conditions between boring locations or subsurface conditions during other seasons of the year.

> In the event that changes in the project are proposed, additional information becomes available, or if it is apparent that subsurface conditions are different from those provided in this report, CTL Engineering should be notified so that our recommendations can modified, if required.

VIII. TESTING AND OBSERVATION

During the design process, it is recommended that CTL Engineering work with the project designers to confirm that the geotechnical recommendations are properly incorporated into the final plans and specifications, and to assist with establishing criteria for the construction observation and testing.

CTL Engineering is not responsible for independent conclusions, opinions and recommendations made by others based on the data and recommendations provided in this report. It is recommended that CTL be retained to provide construction quality control services on this project. If CTL Engineering is not retained for these services, CTL shall assume no responsibility for compliance with the design concepts or recommendations provided.

IX. <u>CLOSING</u>

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use by the client for use only on this project. Our services have been performed in accordance with generally accepted Geotechnical Engineering principles and practices. No warranty is either expressed or implied.

CTL Engineering's assignment does not include, nor does this geotechnical report address the environmental aspects of this particular site.



> Specific design and construction recommendations have been provided in this report. Therefore, the report should be used in its entirety.

> > Respectfully Submitted,

CTL ENGINEERING, INC.

2010240 922002

Shahedur Rahman Geotechnical Engineer

Bastay M.V.S

Sastry Malladi, P.E Project Engineer



APPENDIX A GEOTECHNICAL PROFILE- BRIDGE



PROJECT DESCRIPTION

THE PROJECT INVOLVES CONSTRUCTING A REPLACEMENT STRUCTURE FOR HIG-247-0.04 OVER BUCK RUN IN HIGHLAND COUNTY, OHIO.

HISTORIC RECORDS

NO HISTORIC RECORDS WERE FOUND FOR THIS STRUCTURE. HOWEVER, THE HISTORIC ROADWAY BORINGS (TIMS SUB-BATCH 9666) INDICATE THAT THE TOP OF ROCK WAS ENCOUNTERED BETWEEN EL. 905 AND 910 FEET AND LIMESTONE WAS EXPOSED IN THE CREEK BED.

GEOLOGY

THE ODNR PHYSIOGRAPHIC REGIONS OF OHIO, THE SITE LIES ON THE DISSECTED ILLINOIAN TILL PLAIN REGION OF THE TILL PLAINS SECTION OF OHIO. ODNR'S, OHIO GEOLOGY INTERACTIVE MAP, INDICATES THE SITE IS UNDERLAIN BY SILURIAN-AGE ESTILL SHALE. THE BEDROCK CONSISTS OF SHALE AND MINOR DOLOMITE INTERBEDDED, REDDISH TO GREENISH GRAY, WEATHERS LIGHT GRAY, PLANAR TO IRREGULAR BEDDING, THIN TO THICK BEDDED, 30 TO 180 FEET THICK. BASED ON THE ODNR MINES OF OHIO, THE SITE IS NOT KNOWN TO HAVE ANY MAPPED DEEP MINES LOCATED BELOW THE PROJECT AREA. ACCORDING TO THE ODNR KARST MAP, SEVERAL FIELD VERIFIED AND SUSPECTED KARST FEATURES WERE IDENTIFIED APPROXIMATELY 0.5 MILE TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST OF THE PROJECT AREA.

RECONNAISSANCE

A SITE VISIT WAS PERFORMED BY AN ENGINEER FROM CTL ON NOVEMBER 9, 2022. THE EXISTING BRIDGE ABUTMENTS ARE SUPPORTED ON SPREAD FOOTING FOUNDATIONS. BUCK CREEK FLOWS BELOW THE STRUCTURE. THE CREEK FLOWS IN EASTERLY DIRECTION BELOW THE BRIDGE, EXPOSED BEDROCK WAS NOTED IN THE CREEK AND ON THE CREEK BANKS. SPALLING AND EXPOSED REBAR WERE NOTED ON THE PARAPET WALLS OF THE BRIDGE DECK.

SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION

TWO (2) TEST BORINGS, DESIGNATED AS B-001-0-22 AND B-002-0-22, WERE DRILLED AND CORED TO DEPTHS RANGING FROM 21.0 TO 24.0 FEET BELOW THE EXISTING GROUND SURFACE. THE BORINGS WERE PERFORMED WITH A CME 55 TRACK MOUNTED DRILL RIG UTILIZING 31/4-INCH HOLLOW STEM AUGERS (HSA) AND NQ 2-INCH DOUBLE TUBE WIRE-LINE ROCK CORE BARREL SYSTEM ON NOVEMBER 10, 2022. STANDARD PENETRATION TESTS WERE CONDUCTED USING A 140- POUND AUTOMATIC HAMMER, FALLING 30 INCHES, TO DRIVE 2-INCH O.D. SPLIT BARREL SAMPLERS. THE AUTOMATIC SPT HAMMER SYSTEM USED WAS CALIBRATED ON NOVEMBER 4, 2022 WITH AN AVERAGE ENERGY TRANSFER RATIO OF 79.3 PERCENT.

EXPLORATION FINDINGS

THE BORINGS ENCOUNTERED 6 INCHES OF ASPHALT OVER 5 INCHES OF GRANULAR BASE NEAR THE SURFACE. BELOW THE SURFACE COVER, THE BORINGS ENCOUNTERED LAYERS OF COHESIVE FINE GRAINED SOILS TO DEPTHS RANGING FROM 8.5 TO 11.0 FEET BELOW GRADE. THE COHESIVE FILL SOILS WERE DESCRIBED AS SILT AND CLAY (A-6A), SILTY CLAY (A-6B), AND CLAY (A-7-6) OVER BEDROCK.

BENEATH THE SOIL OVERBURDEN, THE BORINGS ENCOUNTERED TOP OF BEDROCK AT DEPTHS RANGING FROM 3.5 TO 8.5 FEET BELOW GRADE, WITH TOP OF BEDROCK ELEVATIONS RANGING FROM 908.0 TO 911.4 FEET. THE UPPER PORTION OF THE BEDROCK WAS AUGERED AND SAMPLED USING SOIL SAMPLING TECHNIQUES. AUGER REFUSAL WAS ENCOUNTERED IN THE BORINGS AT DEPTHS RANGING FROM 6.0 TO 9.0 FEET BELOW GRADE, WITH ELEVATIONS RANGING FROM 907.5 TO 908.9 FEET. ROCK CORING WAS PERFORMED BELOW THE AUGER REFUSAL DEPTHS. THE RECOVERED ROCK SAMPLES WERE DESCRIBED AS PREDOMINANTLY LIMESTONE WITH A MINOR AMOUNT OF SHALE.

ALL BORINGS WERE REPORTED AS DRY AT COMPLETION OF SPLIT SPOON SAMPLING AND PRIOR TO CORING.

SPECIFICATIONS

THIS GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE OF OHIO, DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, OFFICE OF GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING, SPECIFICATIONS FOR GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATIONS, DATED JULY 2022.

LEGEND ODOT CLASS									
	DESCRIPTION	CLASS	MECH./	VISUAL					
	SILT AND CLAY	A-6a (6)	1	0					
	SILTY CLAY	A-6b (11)	1	1					
	CLAY	A-7-6 (19)	1	0					
		TOTAL	3	1					
	LIMESTONE	VISUAL							
	SHALE	VISUAL							
XXXXX	PAVEMENT OR BASE = X = APPROXIMATE THICKNESS	VISUAL							
	EXPLORATION LOCATION - PLAN VIEW								
	DRIVE SAMPLE AND/OR ROCK CORE BORING PLOTTED TO HORIZONTAL BAR INDICATES A CHANGE IN STRATIGRAPHY	VERTICAL SC	CALE ONL	.Y.					
N ₆₀	INDICATES STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE NORMALIZED TO 60% DRILL ROD ENERGY RATIO.								
X/Y/D"	NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (X= NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR 6 INCHES (UNCORRECTED). Y/D" = NUMBER OF BLOWS (UNCORRECTED) FOR D" OF PE	(SPT): NETRATION	AT REFU	SAL.					
NQ	INDICATES ROCK CORE SAMPLE								
SS	INDICATES SPLIT-SPOON SAMPLE.								
TR	INDICATES TOP OF ROCK.								

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

THE SOIL. BEDROCK. AND GROUNDWATER INFORMATION COLLECTED FOR THIS SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION THAT CAN BE CONVENIENTLY DISPLAYED ON THE SOIL PROFILE SHEETS HAS BEEN PRESENTED. GEOTECHNICAL REPORTS, IF PREPARED, ARE AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW ON THE OFFICE OF CONTRACT SALES WEBSITE.

12 COBBLES BOULDERS

	BEDROCK TEST SUMMARY										
BORING NO.	SAMPLE ELEVATION	SAMPLE DEPTH	Qu (PSI)	LITHOLOGY							
B-001-0-22	905.6' - 905.1'	9.3' - 9.8'	4,470	LIMESTONE							
B-001-0-22	894.6' - 894.1'	20.3' - 20.8'	6,360	LIMESTONE							
B-002-0-22	906.0' - 905.5'	10.5' - 11.0'	8,500	LIMESTONE							
B-002-0-22	897.0' - 896.5'	19.5' - 20.0'	4,620	LIMESTONE							

SCOUR ANALYSIS									
BORING NO.	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE ELEVATION	D50 (mm)	r₀(psf)	D50 equivalent (mm)	EROSION CATEGORY (EC)			
B-001-0-22	NQ-1	908.9' - 903.9'	N/A	105	5025	3.981			
(REAR ABUTMENT)	NQ-2	903.9' - 898.9'	N/A	161	7696	4.422			
B-002-0-22	NQ-1	907.5' - 902.5'	N/A	247	11846	4.422			
	NQ-2	902.5' - 897.5'	N/A	195	9344	4.422			









HIG-247-0.04 MOBEL: CLP.1 - HIG-247-00.04 Bridge PAPERSIZE: ITXIII(In.) DATE: 01-09-2023 TIME: 13:02:26 USER: hp D: UP-op Box/CTL 2023/September/Dept 05/CGL/Shorhed/2205009560L_000TMM64.01.09.23/33830.5FN.3603482.5P00Ldgr





HIG-247-0.04 MODEL: Sheet PAPERSIZE: 17X11 (m.) DATE: 01-09-2023 TIME: 13:04:34 USER: hp D:DProp Box/CTL: 2023(SeptemberDept 05)COL/Shahed/22800905COL_ODOT/Mod_010109

	1	AGF	0F 1	HOLE	SEALED																
-ORATI		ר ב 	-	S04	bmm		Ĩ	•						ŀ							
	<u>ן</u> ו	24.0 ft.	5943	DOT	ASS (GI)			6a (6)		sb (10)		6b (V)		ck (V) A	ORE						
9' RT			33.58!	0	CL			-A		A-6		9-6		8	O						
3+23,	247	EOB	169, -{	(1)	Š			16		1		20		12							
128	RS	MSL)	9.0244	BERG	₫			7		5		1		4							
, U		6.5 (1	30	TERI	1			3 17		9 18		1	-	ł							
OFFS	 ∺	<u>اع</u>		AT	E			3 28		230		1		ł							
/NO	MEN	ATION	-ONG	(%)	U U		-	5 8		57 80				ł							
TATI	LIGN	ILEV/	AT / I	TION	s, S		+	23		9		1	-	$\left \right $							
	⊲ 		_	ADA	S			80		~		1		<							
93	ATIC	-4-22	9.3	Ъ	R R			ი		13		ı		<							
55 #3	ITOM,	Ę	2	ЧЬ	tsf)		+	3.00		1.75		50		5							
CME	IE AU	ATE:	. (%)	LE I	<u> </u>			- 3		3		3		4							
	S	ION D/	ATIO	SAMP	□			-SS		SS		SS		-SS	ŊŊ						
L RIG	MER:	BRAT	CALIBRAT ENERGY F	REC	(%)			100		100		100		\100/	100						
DRIL	HAM	CAL		ENE	Z	N ₆₀			22		13		12]						
				SPT/	RQD		-	7 10		3 4 6		4 4 5		50/1" /	76						
/ TON	TOM	NQ2	12				+	~	 σ		ا ا م س	, 	∎ 	Γ σ	10 +	13	<u>4</u>				
LD	CTL/	SA/N	SA/N	T/NC	SA/N	T/NC	SA / N / NQ:			<u> </u>								⊢└			
 		.25" H	SPT		ц Ц								ļ	- - -							
ATOR	GER:	с,	<u><</u> .	5	0			0				0	- L								
DPER.	LOG	ا غ ق		ELE	916.	916.	915		913.				908.	907.							
SM / C	IRM /	ETHO	1ETH(∄							Ħ	┥┝┥╒┥╒┥┍╴						
	ЧÜ	IG ME	NG N												SI ED;						
	MPLI	SILLIN	MPLL					SANI		AND,				VEAK	Soo F						
	- SA	Ľ Ľ	SA	NC				OME		ME S.				ËD, <	H= 8						
			-22	RIPTIC	s			₹, S		r, soi				THER	MEDI MEDI ENGT						
64		0348	11-10	ESCF	10TE					CLA				WEAT	K GRA N TO STRE						
<u>947-0.</u>	Щ	36		AL D	N DN									HLY	JARK , THIN SIVE						
HIG-5	BRID	 ż	ENC	1TER	◄		; (5")	, SIL		NN, S AMP				HIG	T TO I NONG NG.		βRAY				
		L S	0-22	Ŵ			BASE	GRA)		BROV EL, D				GRAY	C 100 C 100 C 100 C 100		AND C				
		830	11-1(T, (6")	ATE	SRAV		TIFF, I 3RAVI		OIST		NE, O	0NE, I ERED %, RE 1.0'; (RED 4				
<u> </u>										11 02											
DJECT:	 ني	8	RT:			PHAL	GREO	RY S ACE		RY S TLE (5.0'; M		IEST	AEST EATHI 00 84°		14.0';				

G:\2023/AUGUST/18\22050095COL\22050095COL.GPJ

ш	ш			
CORI CORI CORI CORI CORI CORI CORI CORI	0 NG-3 CORI		GS MIXED WITH BENTONITE GROUT	:HNICAL PROFILE - BRIDGE -OG B-001-0-22 & B-002-0-22
ENGTH= 4,620 PSI	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		ERIALS, QUANTITIES: PLACED ASPHALT PATCH; AUGER CUTTIN	GEOTEC BORING
@ 19.0'; MODERATELY STRONG.	S-(11 X 8.8) STFFS (8.5 X 11)-C	W ĐOJ TODO DRADNATE	NOTES: CAVED AT 8.3' ABANDONMENT METHODS, MAT	DESIGN AGENCY ENGINEERING S 2105 SCHAPPELLE LARE 016 SCHAPPELLE LARE 016 JOINTON PHONE (15 1722 a666 PHONE (15 172) a666 PHONE (15 172 a666 PHONE (15 172) a666 PHONE (15 172 a666 PHONE (15 172) a666 PHONE (15 172 a666 PHONE (15 172) a666 PHONE (15 172) a666 PHONE (15 172) a667 PHONE (15 172) a677 PHONE (15 172) a777 PHONE (15 172) a7777 PHONE (15 172) a7777 PHONE (15 172) a7777 PHONE (

HIG-247-0.04

MODEL: Sheet PAPERSIZE: 17x11 (in.) DATE: 01-09-2023 TIME: 13:11:04 USER: hp D:Drop Box/CTL 2023/September/Dept 05/COL/Shahed/22050095COL_ODOT/Mod_01.09











HIG-247-0.04

MODEL: Sheet PAPERSIZE: 17x11 (in.) DATE: 01-09-2023 TIME: 13:13:43 USER: hp D:Drop Box/CTL 2023/September/Dept 05/COL/Shahed/22050095COL_ODOT/Mod_01.09



			L
0			N
B-002-0-2;			
	,0°6		AL

Sample taken for compression test



'0.91

76% 87%

45.5/60 52/60

100% 100%

60/60 60/60

14.0' 19.0'

9.0' 14.0'

Run #: NQ-1 NQ-2

Depth

Recovery

2820

Ċ

ROD



PROJECT NO:	22050095COL
DATE:	6/13/2023

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF



INTACT ROCK CORE - ASTM D 7012 Method C

BORING NUMB	R B-001-0-22	TOP DEPTH(FT)	9.3	BOTTOM DEPTH(FT)	9.8
SAMPLE NUMB	R NQ-1	DISTRICT	9	PID NO.	9383
COUN	Y HIG	ROUTE	247	SECTION	0.04

FORMATION	Silurian Age, Estill Shale
DESCRIPTION	Limestone, Gray, Slightly Weathered, Moderately Strong
MOISTURE CONDITION	As Received

			-		
MEASUREMENT	LENGTH(INCHES)	DIAMETER(INCHES)		LENGTH/DIAMETER	2.0
1	3.965	1.990		CORRECTION FACTOR	1
2	3.950	1.993		AREA(IN ²)	3.1
3	3.998	1.978		MASS (GRAMS)	537.0
AVERAGE	3.971	1.987		UNIT WEIGHT(LBS/FT ³)	166.1





PROJECT NO: 22050095COL 6/13/2023 DATE:

Method C

BORING NUMBER	B-001-0-22	TOP DEPTH(FT)	20.3	BOTTOM DEPTH(FT)	20.8
SAMPLE NUMBER	NQ-3	DISTRICT	9	PID NO.	93830
COUNTY	HIG	ROUTE	247	SECTION	0.04

FORMATION Silurian Age, Estill Shale DESCRIPTION Limestone, Gray, Slightly Weathered, Moderately Strong MOISTURE CONDITION As Received

			-		
MEASUREMENT	LENGTH(INCHES)	DIAMETER(INCHES)		LENGTH/DIAMETER	2.0
1	3.919	1.978		CORRECTION FACTOR	1
2	3.960	1.975		AREA(IN ²)	3.1
3	3.933	1.975		MASS (GRAMS)	537.5
AVERAGE	3.937	1.976		UNIT WEIGHT(LBS/FT ³)	169.6





UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF **INTACT ROCK CORE - ASTM D 7012**





GEOTECHNICAL PROFILE - BRIDGE

ES GNER

JBSET

REVIEWER SM 09-01-23 ROJECT ID

93830

SHEET TOTAL P.34 35

TOTA 6 7

PROJECT NO:	22050095C0
DATE:	6/13/2023

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF OL



INTACT ROCK CORE - ASTM D 7012

Method C

BORING NUMBER	B-002-0-22	TOP DEPTH(FT)	10.5	BOTTOM DEPTH(FT)	11.0
SAMPLE NUMBER	NQ-1	DISTRICT	9	PID NO.	93830
COUNTY	HIG	ROUTE	247	SECTION	0.04

FORMATION	Silurian Age, Estill Shale
DESCRIPTION	Limestone, Gray, Slightly Weathered, Strong
MOISTURE CONDITION	As Received

MEASUREMENT	LENGTH(INCHES)	DIAMETER(INCHES)	LENGTH/DIAMETER	2.0
1	3.914	1.974	CORRECTION FACTOR	1
2	3.921	1.980	AREA(IN ²)	3.1
3	3.915	1.975	MASS (GRAMS)	539.1
AVERAGE	3.917	1.976	UNIT WEIGHT(LBS/FT ³)	170.9



BEFORE TESTING	AFTER TESTING

PROJECT NO: 22050095COL 6/13/2023 DATE:

Method C

BORING NUMBER	B-002-0-22	TOP DEPTH(FT)	19.5	BOTTOM DEPTH(FT)	20.0
SAMPLE NUMBER	NQ-3	DISTRICT	9	PID NO.	93830
COUNTY	HIG	ROUTE	247	SECTION	0.04

FORMATION Silurian Age, Estill Shale DESCRIPTION Limestone, Gray, Slightly Weathered, Moderately Strong MOISTURE CONDITION As Received

MEASUREMENT	LENGTH(INCHES)	DIAMETER(INCHES)	LENGTH/DIAMETER	2.0
1	3.933	1.982	CORRECTION FACTOR	1
2	3.960	1.976	AREA(IN ²)	3.1
3	3.937	1.976	MASS (GRAMS)	516.1
AVERAGE	3.943	1.978	UNIT WEIGHT(LBS/FT ³)	162.3





UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF **INTACT ROCK CORE - ASTM D 7012**





COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST RESULT **GEOTECHNICAL PROFILE - BRIDGE**



APPENDIX B TEST BORING RECORDS



SOIL DESCRIPTION

Descriptors for soil consistency used in this report are based upon the Standard Penetration Test (SPT), ASTM D 1587, with the penetration (N) values corrected to N_{60} , based upon the efficiency of the SPT Hammer used for the soil sampling.

Descriptors for both non-cohesive and cohesive soils are presented below, with the corresponding range of corrected penetration values.

NON-COHESIVE SOIL DESCRIPTION

CORRECTED PENETRATION VALUES BLOWS PER FOOT (BPF)

Very Loose	0-4
Loose	
Medium Dense	
Dense	
Very Dense	Over 50

COHESIVE SOIL DESCRIPTION

CORRECTED PENETRATION VALUES BLOWS PER FOOT (BPF)

Very Soft	0-1
Soft	2-4
Medium Stiff	
Stiff	
Very Stiff	
Hard	Over 30

Moisture term descriptors for both non-cohesive and cohesive soils are presented below.

NON-COHESIVE SOIL DESCRIPTION

MOISTURE TERMS

COHESIVE SOIL DESCRIPTION

Powdery	Dry	Powdery
Some Moisture	Damp	Below Plastic Limit
Damp to the Touch	Moist	Above Plastic, Below Liquid Limit
Free Water	Wet	Above Liquid Limit



ſ	PROJECT: HIG-247-0.04 DRILLING FIRM / OPERA	TOR:	CTL / TO	DM	DRIL	L RIG:		CME 55 #	\$393		STAT	ION	/ OFF	SET:	1	282+	45, 9'	LT.	EXPLOR	ATION ID
	TYPE: BRIDGE SAMPLING FIRM / LOGG	ER:	CTL / TO	M	HAM	MER:	CN		MATIC		ALIG	NME	NT: _		5	SR 24	7		B-001	-0-22
	PID: 93830 SFN: 3603482 DRILLING METHOD:		' HSA / NQ2	2	CALI	BRATI		TE: <u>1</u>	1/4/22		ELEV		DN: _!	914.9) (MS	<u>L)</u> E	EOB:	2	1.0 ft.	
ł	START: <u>11/10/22</u> END: <u>11/10/22</u> SAMPLING METHOD:		PT/NQ2		ENE	KGY R		<u>%):</u>	79.3		LAI /	LON	IG:		39.0	2425	0, -83	5859 1	59	1011
I	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	ELEV.	DEPT	HS	SPT/	N ₆₀	REC	SAMPLE	HP (tof)		GRAD)N (%)				we	ODOT CLASS (GI)	
ł	AND NOTES	914.9			NQD		(%)	U	(tsr)	GR	5	гə	51	CL		PL	PI	wc		
2	AGGREGATE BASE (5")	<u>914.4</u>		- 1 -																
Ľ	VERY STIFF. BROWN. CLAY. "AND" SILT. LITTLE SAND.			-	4	20	100	SS-1	3.25	3	5	7	48	37	54	22	32	21	A-7-6 (19)	
	TRACE GRAVEL, DAMP			<u> </u>	9	-					-	-		• ·	•					
2000		911.4	тр	- 3 -																
NZZ/	LIMESTONE, GRAY, SEVERELY WEATHERED, WEAK.			<u> </u>	50/5"	-	100	SS-2		-		-	-	-	-	-		4	Rock (V)	
ŝ																				
		000 0		- 5 -	5 <u>0/1"</u> /	 _/	\ <u>100</u> /	NQ-3	//	-	<u> </u>		└/		-		↓	24	Rock (V)	
Ě		906.9		- 6 -																-
Ľ,	WEATHERED, MODERATELY STRONG, THIN BEDDED,			- 7 -																
	ARGILLACEOUS; RQD 34%, REC 96%.			-																
200				- 8 -	26		95	NQ-1											CORE	
nnc				- 9 -																
	@9.3'-9.8'; COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH= 4,470 PSI			- 10 -																
20																				
3																				
				- 12 -																
2				- 13 -																
3		901.1	-		61		100	NQ-2											CORE	
	SHALE, GRAY, SLIGHTLY WEATHERED, WEAK TO	900.1		- ' -																
2				- 15 -																
2	MODERATELY STRONG, THIN BEDDED; RQD 63%, REC 99%.			- 16 -																-
22				- 17 -																
2711																				
5				- 18 -	65		98	NQ-3											CORE	
5				- 19 -															00.12	
3				- 20 -																
5	@20.3'-20.8'; COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH= 6,360 PSI	893.9	FOR																	
Ē			EOB																	
< 0.0																				
2																				
וב																				
Ň																				
5																				
IL																				
ANL																				
0																				
┢	ABANDONMENT METHODS MATERIALS OLIANTITIES: DI ACED ASDHALT DATCH: ALIGER CLITTINGS MIXED WITH RENTONITE CROLIT																			

PR	ROJECT:		HIG-24	47-0.04	DRILLING FIRM / C	PERA	TOR:	CTL / TO	DM	DRIL	L RIG	:	CME 55 #	\$393		STAT	TION	/ OFF	SET:	1	283+2	23, 9'	RT.	EXPLOR/	ATION ID
TY	PE:	000	BRID	GE	SAMPLING FIRM / LOGGER:CT			M			MATIC					040 5	5	SR 24	7	0		PAGE			
PIL	PID: <u>93830</u> SFN: <u>3003482</u> DRILLING METHOD:			3.25	SPT / NQ2			ENERGY RATIO (%): 79		1/4/22 70.3		LAT / LONG)N: _ IC·	<u> </u>		<u>(MSL)</u> EOB: 39.024469 -83.585			13	1 OF 1				
01	<u> </u>	11/10/22				<i></i>	FLEV					REC	(70). SAMPLE	нр		GRAF		N (%	3	ATT	FRB	5, -03 FRG			
				AND NOTES			916.5	DEPT	HS	RQD	N ₆₀	(%)	ID	(tsf)	GR	CS	FS	si	CL	LL	PL	PI	wc	CLASS (GI)	SEALED
A	SPHALT	Г, (6")				\mathbb{X}	916.0																		
A	GGREG	ATE BA	SE , (5")		/	Ê	<u>915.6</u>			4															
	ERY STI RAVEI	IFF, GRA	AY, SILT	AND CLAY, SOI	ME SAND, TRACE				- 2 -	7 10	22	100	SS-1	3.00	9	8	22	38	23	28	17	11	16	A-6a (6)	
		1122, 27	avn				913.0		- 3 -																
V	ERY STI	IFF, BRC	OWN, SIL	TY CLAY, SOME	E SAND, LITTLE		010.0	-	- 4 -	3	1.0														-
G	RAVEL,	DAMP								46	13	100	SS-2	3.75	13	8	16	38	25	39	18	21	11	A-6b (10)	
									- 5 -																
6 @	06.0'; MC	DIST							6	4	10														-
									- 7 -	45	12	100	SS-3	2.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	A-6b (V)	
							908.0		- 8 -																
	IMESTO	NE, GRA	AY, HIGH	ILY WEATHERED	D, WEAK.	<u></u>	907.5	TR	- 9 -	<u></u> 50/1" /	<u> </u>	<u>\100</u> /	SS-4	<u>h - /</u>	-		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>	12 /	Rock (V)	
	IMESTO	NE, LIG	HT TO D	ARK GRAY, SLIG					_ 10 _																
84	4%, REC	RED, ST 2 100%.	RONG, I		I BEDDED; RQD				-																
§ @	0.5'-11	1.0'; CON	/IPRESS	IVE STRENGTH=	8,500 PSI				- 11 -	76		100	NQ-1											CORE	
7707									- 12 -																
5									- 13 -																
									- 14 -																-
	914.0'; R	ED AND	GRAY.						- 15 -																
2																									
									- 16 -	87		100	NQ-2											CORE	
101									- 17 -																
-									- 18 -																
e.									- 19 -																-
	019.0'; M		TELY ST	'RONG. IVE STRENGTH=	4 620 PSI																				
	910.0 20	, con			4,0201 01	H			- 20																
									- 21 -	90		100	NQ-3											CORE	
									- 22 -																
									- 23 -																
							892.5	EOB-	L_24																
کَ پ																									
20																									
22																									
N	OTES:	CAVED	AT 8.3'								0 1412/														
A	RANDON	NMENT	VIETHOE	JS, MATERIALS,	QUANTITIES: PLAC	ED A	SPHALT	PATCH; AL	JGER CL	JTTING	SMIX	ED WI	IH BENT	UNITE	= GR										

APPENDIX C LABORATORY TEST RESULTS





ENGINEERING 🛎

Telephone: 614-276-8123 Fax: 614-276-6377

Project: HIG-247-0.04 Location:HIG COUNTY **CTL Project Number:**



ENGINEERING 🛎

Telephone: 614-276-8123 Fax: 614-276-6377

Project: HIG-247-0.04 Location:HIG COUNTY **CTL Project Number:**



ENGINEERING 🛎

Columbus, Ohio 43204 Telephone: 614-276-8123 Fax: 614-276-6377

Project: HIG-247-0.04 Location:HIG COUNTY **CTL Project Number:**

PROJECT NO:	22050095COL
DATE:	6/13/2023



BORING NUMBER	B-001-0-22	TOP DEPTH(FT)	9.3	BOTTOM DEPTH(FT)	9.8
SAMPLE NUMBER	NQ-1	DISTRICT	9	PID NO.	93830
COUNTY	HIG	ROUTE	247	SECTION	0.04

FORMATION	Silurian Age, Estill Shale
DESCRIPTION	Limestone, Gray, Slightly Weathered, Moderately Strong
MOISTURE CONDITION	As Received

MEASUREMENT	LENGTH(INCHES)	DIAMETER(INCHES)
1	3.965	1.990
2	3.950	1.993
3	3.998	1.978
AVERAGE	3.971	1.987

LENGTH/DIAMETER	2.0
CORRECTION FACTOR	1
AREA(IN ²)	3.1
MASS (GRAMS)	537.0
UNIT WEIGHT(LBS/FT ³)	166.1





PROJECT NO:	22050095COL
DATE:	6/13/2023



BORING NUMBER	B-001-0-22	TOP DEPTH(FT)	20.3	BOTTOM DEPTH(FT)	20.8
SAMPLE NUMBER	NQ-3	DISTRICT	9	PID NO.	93830
COUNTY	HIG	ROUTE	247	SECTION	0.04

FORMATION	Silurian Age, Estill Shale
DESCRIPTION	Limestone, Gray, Slightly Weathered, Moderately Strong
MOISTURE CONDITION	As Received

MEASUREMENT	LENGTH(INCHES)	DIAMETER(INCHES)	LENGTH/DIAM
1	3.919	1.978	CORRECTION FAC
2	3.960	1.975	AREA
3	3.933	1.975	MASS (GRA
AVERAGE	3.937	1.976	UNIT WEIGHT(LBS

LENGTH/DIAMETER	2.0
CORRECTION FACTOR	1
AREA(IN ²)	3.1
MASS (GRAMS)	537.5
UNIT WEIGHT(LBS/FT ³)	169.6





PROJECT NO:	22050095COL
DATE:	6/13/2023



BORING NUMBER	B-002-0-22	TOP DEPTH(FT)	10.5	BOTTOM DEPTH(FT)	11.0
SAMPLE NUMBER	NQ-1	DISTRICT	9	PID NO.	93830
COUNTY	HIG	ROUTE	247	SECTION	0.04

FORMATION	Silurian Age, Estill Shale
DESCRIPTION	Limestone, Gray, Slightly Weathered, Strong
MOISTURE CONDITION	As Received

MEASUREMENT	LENGTH(INCHES)	DIAMETER(INCHES)	LENG
1	3.914	1.974	CORREC
2	3.921	1.980	
3	3.915	1.975	M
AVERAGE	3.917	1.976	UNIT WEI

LENGTH/DIAMETER	2.0
CORRECTION FACTOR	1
AREA(IN ²)	3.1
MASS (GRAMS)	539.1
UNIT WEIGHT(LBS/FT ³)	170.9





PROJECT NO:	22050095COL
DATE:	6/13/2023



2.0

1

3.1

516.1

162.3

BORING NUMBER	B-002-0-22	TOP DEPTH(FT)	19.5	BOTTOM DEPTH(FT)	20.0
SAMPLE NUMBER	NQ-3	DISTRICT	9	PID NO.	93830
COUNTY	HIG	ROUTE	247	SECTION	0.04

FORMATION	Silurian Age, Estill Shale
DESCRIPTION	Limestone, Gray, Slightly Weathered, Moderately Strong
MOISTURE CONDITION	As Received

MEASUREMENT	LENGTH(INCHES)	DIAMETER(INCHES)	LENGTH/DIAMETER
1	3.933	1.982	CORRECTION FACTOR
2	3.960	1.976	AREA(IN ²)
3	3.937	1.976	MASS (GRAMS)
AVERAGE	3.943	1.978	UNIT WEIGHT(LBS/FT ³)

RATE OF LOADING (in/min) 0.09 COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (PSI) 4,620 Equip. ID - 68897 NON-CONFORMANCES - None TIME OF TEST (MINUTES) 1.25 LOADING DIRECTION	5000 4500 4000 3500 3500 3500 3500 3000 500 500 0				
PERP. TO BEDDING		1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
TECHNICIAN - MW		1.0	Strain(%)	5.0	4.0



APPENDIX D ROCK CORE PHOTOS





B-001-0-22
Sample taken for compression test
Run #: Depth Recovery RQD
NQ-3 16.0' 21.0' 59/60 98% 39/60 66%
I I HIG-247-0.04, PID 93830

B-002-0-22
19.0
Sample taken for compression test
Run #: Depth Recovery RQD
NQ-3 19.0° 24.0° 60/60 100% 54/60 90%
HIG-247-0.04, PID 93830

APPENDIX E SCOUR INFORMATION

HIG-247-0.04 Scour Information

Rear Abutment

Boring No B	8-001-0-22			
Compressive strength, Qu=		4470	psi	B-001-0-22, NQ-1 Compressive Strength Test Result
		30.82	Мра	
Rock Joint Set Number, Jn =		1.83		FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC 18), Table 4.23
Joint Roughness Number, Jr =		2		FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC 18), Table 4.24
Joint Alteration Number, Ja =		2		FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC 18), Table 4.25
Relative Joint Orientation Para	meter, Js =	0.9		FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC 18), Table 4.26
Average Vertical Spacing betwee	en Joints=	76.2	mm	NQ-1
		177.8	mm	NQ-2

Layer	Elevation (feet)	RQD (%)	Intact Rock Mass Strength Parameter, Ms	Block Size Parameter, Kb	Shear Strength Parameter, Kd	Relative Orientation Parameter, Js	Erodibility Index, K	Critical Shear Stress (Pa)	Critical Shear Stress (Psf)	Erosion Category (EC)
Bedrock	908.9-903.9	26	30.8	14.2	1.00	0.9	394	5025	105	3.981
Bedrock	903.9-898.9	61	30.8	33.3	1.00	0.9	925	7696	161	4.422

Forward Abutment

Boring No=	B-002-0-22			
Compressive strength, Qu=		8500	psi	B-002-0-22, NQ-1 Compressive Strength Test Result
		58.61	Мра	
		4620	psi	B-002-0-22, NQ-3 Compressive Strength Test Result
		31.85	Мра	
Rock Joint Set Number, Jn =		1.83		FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC 18), Table 4.23
Joint Roughness Number, Jr	=	2		FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC 18), Table 4.24
Joint Alteration Number, Ja	=	2		FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC 18), Table 4.25
Relative Joint Orientation Par	ameter, Js =	0.9		FHWA-HIF-12-003 (HEC 18), Table 4.26
Average Vertical Spacing betw	ween Joints=	177.8	mm	NQ-1
		177.8	mm	NQ-2

Layer	Elevation (feet)	RQD (%)	Intact Rock Mass Strength Parameter, Ms	Block Size Parameter, Kb	Shear Strength Parameter, Kd	Relative Orientation Parameter, Js	Erodibility Index, K	Critical Shear Stress (Pa)	Critical Shear Stress (Psf)	Erosion Category (EC)
Bedrock	907.5-902.5	76	58.6	41.5	1.00	0.9	2190	11846	247	4.422
Bedrock	902.5-897.5	87	31.9	47.5	1.00	0.9	1363	9344	195	4.422

APPENDIX F SPREAD FOOTING BEARING RESISTANCE

Rock Mass Rating (RMR)

IBI Group HIG-247-0.04 Bridge over Buck Run Highland County, Ohio CTL Project No.: 22050095COL

Engineer: SR/SM Date: 31-Aug-2023 Boring/Fnd: B-001-0-22, Rear Abt. Footing Elevation: 904.48 Footing Width, B (ft): 6

Field RQD (%) = 26	NQ-1
Lab qu (psi) = 4470.00	NQ-1
Lab γ (pcf) = 166.1	NQ-1

	PARAMETER				RANGES (OF VALUES				Rating
		Point Load Strength	> 175 ksf	85 - 175 ksf	45 - 85 ksf	20 - 45 ksf	For this low ra	inge - uniaxial	compressive test is	
	Strength of Intact Rock	Index	> 1,200 psi 600 to 1,200 psi		0 300 to 600 psi 150 to 300 psi		preferred			
1	Material	Uniaxial Compressive	> 4320 ksf	2160 - 4320 ksf	1080 - 2160 ksf	520 - 1080 ksf	215 - 520 ksf	70 - 215 ksf	20 - 70 ksf	4
		Strength	> 30,000 psi	15,000 to 30,000 psi	7,500 to 15,000 psi	3,600 to 7,500 psi	1,500 to 3,600 psi	500 to 1,500 psi	150 to 500 psi	
	Relative Rating		15	12	7	4	2	1	0	
_	Drill Core Quality (RQD)	90% to 100%	75% te	o 90%	50%	to 75%	25% to	50%	< 25%	—
2	Relative Rating	20	1	7		13	8		3	8
_	Spacing of Joints	> 10 ft	3 to	10 ft.	1 to	o 3 ft.	2 in. to 1 ft.		< 2 in.	40
3	Relative Rating	30	2	5		20	10	\supset	5	10
		- Very rough surfaces	- Slightly roug	h surfaces	- Slightly rouş	gh surfaces	- Slickensides sur	rfaces or	- Soft gouge >0.2"	
	Condition of Joints	- Not continous	 Separation Hard joint w 	:0.05" all rock	 Separation 	<0.05" all rock	- Gouge <0.2" the	nick or 5 0 2"	thick or $0.2"$	
4	Conduction of Johns	- Hard joint wall rock	- Haid Joint w	an fock	- son joint w	wan rock	- Continous joints		- Continuous joints	12
	Relative Rating	25	20			12	6		0	
		Inflow per 30 ft tunnel length	No	one	< 400 g	allons/hr.	400 to 2,000	gallons/hr.	> 2,000 gallons/hr.	
5	Groundwater Conditions (use one of the three evaluation criteria as appropriate to the	Ratio = joint water pressure / major principal stress	()	0.0	to 0.2	0.2 to 0.5		> 0.5	7
	method of exploration)	General Conditions	Comple	tely Dry	Moist Only (interstitial water)		Water under Moderate Pressure		Severe Water Problems	
	Relative Rating	:	1	0	(7	4		0	

Rock Mass Rating (RMR) =

AASHTO Table 10.4.6.4-2 - Geomechanics Rating Adjustment for Joint Orientations

	Strike and Dip Orientations of Joints	Very Favorable	Favorable	Fair	Unfavorable	Very Unfavorable	
ss	Tunnels	0	-2	-5	-10	-12	0
ating	Foundations		-2	-7	-15	-25	
R	Slopes	0	-5	-25	-50	-60	
				Adju	usted Rock Mass Rat	ing (RMR) =	41

Adjusted Rock Mass Rating (RMR) =

AASHTO Table 10.4.6.4-3 - Geomechanics Rock Mass Classes Determined from Total Ratings

			i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	_			
RMR	100 to 81	81 to 61	61 to 41		41 to 21	< 20	Class:
Class No.	Ι	II	III		IV	V	TTT
Description	Very Good Rock	Good Rock	Fair Rock)	Poor Rock	Very Poor Rock	111

ODOT GDM 1303.3.3 - Calculated Rock Mass Parameters

RMR =	41	see Adjusted Rock Mass Ra	ating above
c' =	4.26	c' = (0.104 x RMR) (ksf)	drained shear strength of rock mass
φ' =	26	$\phi^{\prime}=((\mathrm{RMR}/2)$ + 5) (deg.)	internal friction angle of rock mass
s =	0.00142	$s = \exp((RMR-100)/9)$	rock mass material constant defining intactness (quality) of rock mass
m =	0.8511	m=exp((RMR-100)/28)*m	rock mass material constant defining the shape of the Mohr's circle for uniaxial comp.
m _i =	7	Sandstone, m _i = 15	rock mass constant m for intact rock (where s = 100)
		Claystone/Shale, $m_i = 10$	
		Limestone/Dolomite, m _i =	7
		Coal, m _i = 1	
$E_m =$	124374.26	$E_m = 144*145*10^{((RMR-10)/4)}$	⁰⁾ (ksf)

LRFD Strength Limit State Design for Bearing Resistance of Rock using Spread Footings

IBI Group HIG-247-0.04 Bridge over Buck Run Highland County, Ohio CTL Project No.: 22050095COL

Engineer: SR/SM Date: 31-Aug-2023 Boring/Fnd: B-001-0-22, Rear Abt. Footing Elevation: 904.48

ODOT GDM 1303.3.3 - Bearing Resistance of Bedrock (Moderately Strong or Less Strength Rock)

Does foundation bedrock meet ALL of following three conditions:

- bedrock surface under footing is not steeply sloping such that discontinuities would control the bearing resistance (a bedrock slope of 2H:1V or less)

- the foundation bedrock has a Rock Mass rating (RMR) ≤ 70

- the foundation bedrock is moderately strong or less in strength ($qu \le 7500 \text{ psi}$)

if YES to all three conditions, then use the Terzaghi/Vesic/Munfakh method to calculate nominal bearing resistance in accordance with AASHTO LRFD 10.6.3.1.2a

assuming footing parameters of:

B =	6.0	footing width, ft.
D =	4.4	footing depth, ft.

 $q_n = c'N_c + \gamma DN_q + 0.5\gamma_t BN_{\gamma}$ nominal bearing resistance

where

, 11010		
c' =	4.26	drained shear strength of rock mass, ksf
φ' =	26	internal friction angle of rock mass, deg.
$N_c =$	21.5	cohesion bearing capacity factor
$\gamma =$	0.058	unit weight of soil above footing, kcf
N _q =	11.2	surcharge bearing capacity factor
$\gamma_t =$	0.166	unit weight of rock below footing, kcf
Ν _γ =	11.7	soil density factor

hence,

q _n = and,	100.23	ksf
$\phi_{\rm b} =$	0.45	strength limit state resistance factor
$q_R =$	45.11	strength limit state factored resistance, $\boldsymbol{\phi}_{b} * q_{n}$, ksf

Rock Mass Rating (RMR)

IBI Group Engineer: SR/SM		Field RQD (%) = 76	NQ-1
HIG-247-0.04 Bridge over Buck Run	Date: 31-Aug-2023	87	NQ-2
Highland County, Ohio	Boring/Fnd: B-002-0-22, Forward Abt.	Composite Field RQD (%) = 83	
CTL Project No.: 22050095COL	Footing Elevation: 904.48	Lab qu (psi) = 8500	NQ-1
	Footing Width , B (ft): 6	4620	NQ-3
		Composite Lab qu (psi) = 5913	
		Lab γ (pcf) = 170.9	NQ-1
		162.3	NQ-3
		Composite Lab γ (pcf) = 165.2	

	DADAMETED	licenanies classification	I OI ROCK MIAS	5565	DANCES	NE VALUES				Г	Dating
_	PARAMETER		1	1	RANGES	JF VALUES					Rating
		Point Load Strength		> 175 ksf 85 - 175 ksf		20 - 45 ksf	For this low range - uniaxial compr		compressive test is		
	Strength of Intact Rock	Index	> 1,200 psi	600 to 1,200 psi	300 to 600 psi	150 to 300 psi		preferred			
1	Material	Uniaxial Compressive	> 4320 ksf	2160 - 4320 ksf	1080 - 2160 ksf	520 - 1080 ksf	215 - 520 ksf	70 - 215 ksf	20 - 70 ksf		4
		Strength	> 30,000 psi	15,000 to 30,000 psi	7,500 to 15,000 psi	3,600 to 7,500 psi	1,500 to 3,600 psi	500 to 1,500 psi	150 to 500 psi		
	Relative Rating		15	12	7	4	2	1	0		
Г	Drill Core Quality (RQD)	90% to 100%	75% to	o 90%	50%	to 75%	25% to	50%	< 25%	Γ	
2	Relative Rating	20	17		13		8		3		17
	Spacing of Joints	> 10 ft	3 to 1	10 ft.	1 to	o 3 ft.	2 in. to	1 ft.	< 2 in.	Γ	
3	Relative Rating	30	2	5		20	10	>	5		10
Г		- Very rough surfaces	- Slightly roug	h surfaces	- Slightly rou	gh surfaces	- Slickensides sur	faces or	- Soft gouge >0.2"	Γ	
		- Not continous	- Separation <0.05"		- Separation <0.05"		- Gouge <0.2" thick or		thick or		
4	Condition of Joints	- No separation	- Hard joint w	all rock	- Soft joint w	all rock	- Joints open 0.0	5-0.2"	- Joints open >0.2"		12
4		- Hard joint wall rock					- Continous join	ts	- Continuous joints		12
	Relative Rating	25	20		12		6		0		
		I. G. 20.6 · 1								-	
	Groundwater Conditions	length	No	ne	< 400 g	allons/hr.	400 to 2,000 gallons/hr.		> 2,000 gallons/hr.		
_	(use one of the three evaluation criteria as appropriate to the	pressure / major	0)	0.0	to 0.2	0.2 to	0.5	> 0.5		_
	method of exploration)	General Conditions	Complet	tely Dry	Mois (intersti	t Only tial water)	Water under Moderate Pressure		Severe Water Problems	7	
	Relative Rating		10	0		7	4		0		

Rock Mass Rating (RMR) = 50

AASHTO Table 10.4.6.4-2 - Geomechanics Rating Adjustment for Joint Orientations

Strike and Dip Orientations of Joints		Very Favorable	Favorable	Fair	Unfavorable	Very Unfavorable	
SS	Tunnels	0	-2	-5	-10	-12	0
ating	Foundations		-2	-7	-15	-25	
Rá	Slopes	0	-5	-25	-50	-60	
				Adju	usted Rock Mass Rat	ing (RMR) =	50

Adjusted Rock Mass Rating (RMR) =

AASHTO Table 10.4.6.4-3 - Geomechanics Rock Mass Classes Determined from Total Ratings

				_			
RMR	100 to 81	81 to 61	61 to 41		41 to 21	< 20	Class:
Class No.	Ι	II	III		IV	V	TTT
Description	Very Good Rock	Good Rock	Fair Rock)	Poor Rock	Very Poor Rock	111

ODOT GDM 1303.3.3 - Calculated Rock Mass Parameters

RMR =	50	see Adjusted Rock Mass Rating above
c' =	5.20	c' = (0.104 x RMR) (ksf) drained shear strength of rock mass
φ' =	30	$\phi' = ((RMR/2) + 5)$ (deg.) internal friction angle of rock mass
s =	0.00387	s = exp((RMR-100)/9) rock mass material constant defining intactness (quality) of rock mass
m =	1.1737	$m = \exp((RMR-100)/28)*m_i \text{ rock mass material constant defining the shape of the Mohr's circle for uniaxial comp.}$
$m_i =$	7	Sandstone, $m_i = 15$ rock mass constant m for intact rock (where $s = 100$)
		Claystone/Shale, $m_i = 10$
		Limestone/Dolomite, $m_i = 7$
		Coal, $m_i = 1$
E _m =	208800.00	$E_m = 144*145*10^{((RMR-10)/40)}$ (ksf)

LRFD Strength Limit State Design for Bearing Resistance of Rock using Spread Footings

IBI Group HIG-247-0.04 Bridge over Buck Run Highland County, Ohio CTL Project No.: 22050095COL

Engineer: SR/SM Date: 31-Aug-2023 Boring/Fnd: B-002-0-22, Forward Abt. Footing Elevation: 904.48

ODOT GDM 1303.3.3 - Bearing Resistance of Bedrock (Moderately Strong or Less Strength Rock)

Does foundation bedrock meet ALL of following three conditions:

- bedrock surface under footing is not steeply sloping such that discontinuities would control the bearing resistance (a bedrock slope of 2H:1V or less)

- the foundation bedrock has a Rock Mass rating (RMR) ≤ 70

- the foundation bedrock is moderately strong or less in strength ($qu \le 7500 \text{ psi}$)

if YES to all three conditions, then use the Terzaghi/Vesic/Munfakh method to calculate nominal bearing resistance in accordance with AASHTO LRFD 10.6.3.1.2a

assuming footing parameters of:

B =	6.0	footing width, ft.
D =	3.0	footing depth, ft.

 $q_n = c'N_c + \gamma DN_q + 0.5\gamma_t BN_{\gamma}$ nominal bearing resistance

where

where		
c' =	5.20	drained shear strength of rock mass, ksf
φ' =	30	internal friction angle of rock mass, deg.
N _c =	30.1	cohesion bearing capacity factor
$\gamma =$	0.058	unit weight of soil above footing, kcf
$N_q =$	18.4	surcharge bearing capacity factor
$\gamma_t =$	0.165	unit weight of rock below footing, kcf

 $N_{\gamma} = 22.4$ soil density factor

hence,

q _n = and,	171.05	ksf
$\phi_{\rm b} =$	0.45	strength limit state resistance factor
$q_R =$	76.97	strength limit state factored resistance, $\boldsymbol{\phi}_{b} * q_{n}$, ksf

APPENDIX G RESPONSE TO ODOT COMMENTS

Established 1927

Consulting Engineers • Testing • Inspection Services • Analytical Laboratories

August 29, 2023

IBI Group 23 Triangle Park Drive Cincinnati OH 45246

Attention: Mr. Steven Butler PE Associate - Manager, Transportation Engineering

Reference: Response to Stage 2 Comments HIG-247-0.04, PID No. 93830 Bridge Number: 3603482 Highland County, Ohio CTL Project No. 22050095COL

Dear Mr. Butler

This letter provides our responses to the comments prepared by ODOT OGE on the Stage 2 Submittals. These comments were provided to CTL via email by IBI Group personnel on 07/23/2023.

- 1. Structure Foundation Exploration
 - a. Page 2, Section IV Explorations add a section for historic exploration and include the information presented in the comments for the Geotechnical Profile Culvert sheets.

Response: Historic exploration information was added to the exploration section of the report and to the cover page of Geotechnical Profile -Bridge sheets.

b. Page 3, Section V Findings – in the second line of the second paragraph, change "911" to "911.4." Modify the second sentence of the third paragraph as follows: "... operations were described as predominantly limestone with a minor amount of shale and..."

Response: Findings section of the report has been updated per the comment.

c. Page 4, Table 2 – note that the Erodibility Index (K) is in question (see Appendix E comments) so the values of τ_c , D50_{equivalent}, and EC will likely change.

Response: The Erodibility Index calculations were updated per the Appendix E comments.

d. Page 4, Section VI.A, Scour Information – the bedrock encountered in the borings does not meet all the criteria for scour-resistant rock (RMR>75, K>100), as presented in ODOT Bridge Design Manual (BDM) Section 305.2.1.2.b.B, so the bedrock is not necessarily scour-resistant. Perform a scour analysis and provide the results. Consider

performing a multi-layer scour analysis considering the differences in the RQD values in core runs NQ-1 and NQ-2 in Boring B-001-0-22. For future reference, slake durability tests should have been performed on the limestone rock core samples.

Response: Scour Analysis for both NQ-1 and NQ-2 were included in Final Report. Comment regarding the slake durability test is noted for future projects.

e. Page 4, Section VI.B, Foundation Support – it is unclear how the bearing elevations for the spread footings were determined. Explain. Even though the bearing elevations have been raised since the previous submission, it will still require much effort to excavate five feet into limestone bedrock to install the foundations. Consider shallower foundations if other design aspects permit.

Response: The upper 5.0 feet of coreable bedrock (NQ-1 layer) in boring B-001-0-22 exhibited a relatively low RQD value compared to RQD of the bedrock encountered in NQ-2 and NQ-3. Based on our discussions with IBI group, it was initially considered to extend the foundations 5.0 feet into the underlying coreable bedrock.

CTL agrees that shallower foundations can be considered if other design aspects permit for this project. CTL will discuss this with IBI group to check if shallower foundations can be utilized for this project.

Upon further discussions with IBI group, the bottom of footing elevations for both rear and forward abutment was raised to elevation 904.48.

f. Page 5, Section VI.B, Foundation Support – sliding is not a valid failure mode for an arch culvert so the last two paragraphs regarding sliding calculations should be deleted. However, the horizontal (at-rest) earth pressure against the sides of the culvert and the vertical pressure on the top of the culvert should be provided as they may be used in structural design. Refer to ODOT Geotechnical Design Manual (GDM) Section 1402 for additional guidance.

Response: Paragraphs regarding sliding calculations were removed from VI.B Foundation Support section of the report. Equivalent friction angle and unit weight were provided for the retained soils.

g. Appendix A, Site Plan - modify this sheet as directed in the comment on Sheet 14/24 Site Plan in the project plans. For future reference, this page is typically referred to as a Boring Location Plan and therefore the profile view is not needed. Refer to ODOT Specifications for Geotechnical Explorations (SGE) Section 706.8 for additional information.

Response: Comment noted.

h. Appendix B, Boring Logs – include the stations and offsets of the borings in the headers of the boring logs. Recalculate the unit RQD of the first layer of limestone in Boring B-001-0-22. It is expected to be greater than 26 percent since it extends partway into core NQ-2, which has an RQD of 61 percent.

Response: Appendix B has been updated per the comment.

Appendix E, Scour Information – several of the parameters used to calculate the erodibility index (K) are overly conservative. The following values are recommended:

Jn = 1.83, assuming there are two joint sets, which is typical of Ohio bedrock. Jr = 2, representing smooth undulating joint surfaces Ja = 2 appears appropriate Js = 0.9 appears appropriate Average vertical spacing between joints = 177.8 mm appears appropriate

Recalculate the scour parameters based on these updated values.

Response: The scour parameters have been recalculated considering the recommended values.

- 2. Geotechnical Profile Culvert Sheets:
 - a. General replace "Structure Foundation Exploration" in the Title Block on each sheet with "Geotechnical Profile Culvert," in accordance with SGE Section 703. Add these sheets to the total sheet count of the Project Plans.

Response: Per IBI group, the proposed replacement structure is considered as a "bridge structure" instead of a "culvert structure". Therefore, CTL updated the Title Block of each sheet with Geotechnical Profile- Bridge. Total sheet counts were also added to the bottom of sheets.

b. Sheet 1/7 – revise the historic records section to say "No historic records were found for this structure. However, the historic roadway borings (TIMS sub-batch 9666) indicate that the top of rock was encountered between El. 905 and 910 feet and limestone was exposed in the creek bed." In the second paragraph under "Exploration Findings," change "911" to "911.4" in the third line. Also change the last sentence to "… samples were described as predominantly limestone with a minor amount of shale." In the heading of the scour analysis table, use two lower case m's to represent millimeters. Two capital M's can be interpreted to mean millions.

Response: Sheet 1/7 has been updated per the comment.

c. Sheet 2/7, Plan and Profile – show existing land usage descriptions in the plan view, in accordance with SGE Section 702.5.1. The callouts regarding the MGS guardrail and

rock channel protection are not needed and may be removed to reduce clutter. In the profile view, the thickness of shallow surface material, such as pavement or topsoil, is typically shown to the nearest inch, according to SGE Section 702.6.3.a. Tenths of feet are also permissible, but do not use hundredths of feet, as shown for the aggregate base.

Response: Sheet 2/7 has been updated per the comment.

d. Sheet 5/7, Boring Logs – update the boring logs as directed in the comment about Appendix B of the SFE report.

Response: Sheet 5/7 has been updated per the comment.

Closing

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. If you have any questions or need further information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Respectfully submitted,

CTL Engineering, Inc.

Saeten M.V.S

Sastry Malladi, P.E. Project Engineer

