



# Technical Design Memo

Client: Ohio Department of Transportation, District 10

Project: **MOE-78-8.30 (Task Order 10-2)**  
**PID 117973**

HDR Project No: 10398341

Rev: 1

Calculation No: 2

Page: 1 of 111

Title: Landslide Remediation Analyses and Design

Purpose: Prepare slope stability analyses for the design of a landslide repair along the eastbound travel lane of State Route 78 (SR 78) in Monroe County, Ohio.

Originator: DCM

Date: 3/26/2024

Checked by: MM

Date: 3/28/2024

QC Review by: DMV/AKB

Date: 4/3/2024

## Summary

1. A landslide has occurred on the slope below SR 78 near mile marker 8.30 in Monroe County, Ohio. The project location is shown on the attached Site Vicinity and Topographic Map. A soldier pile and lagging retaining wall was originally recommended under Task Order 10-BB (2021 District 10/5 Geotechnical Engineering Services Contract). However, the presence of a previously unknown gas transmission line installed under the landslide within the claystone bedrock prohibited the construction of the rock socketed drilled shafts. As such, HDR was tasked under the 2023 District 10 General Engineering Services Contract with designing an earthwork solution.

Based on observations gathered during the site reconnaissance performed on March 12, 2023, coupled with the findings from the geotechnical explorations performed on March 23, 2023, the slope instability may be mitigated by excavation of the failed slide mass and reconstruction of the slope. The slope reconstruction is anticipated to include the construction of a shear key at the toe of the slope and the installation of slope drains along the benched excavation to create a stable configuration. The recommended earthwork repair also allows for continued vehicle use of the westbound lane of SR 78 during construction. Presented herein are the discussion and evaluation of the existing conditions at the site, as well as the proposed geometry of the shear key and

benching required to stabilize the slope. This design assumes that the topography and slope geometry as presented in the surveyed cross sections are representative of the current field conditions.

2. The geotechnical exploration program consisted of a series of 3 test borings, designated as Borings B-001-0-23, B-002-0-23, and B-003-0-23, and 3 dynamic cone penetrometer (DCP) soundings, designated as D-001-1-23 and D-002-1-23 (where 2 tests were performed), to characterize the subsurface profile in the vicinity of the existing landslide and develop a repair. The second test at the D-002-1-23 location was performed to confirm the relatively shallow refusal depth encountered in the initial test. The test borings were drilled within the eastbound lane of SR 78 and the 3 DCPs were performed near the toe of the slope below the roadway at the locations shown on the attached Boring Location Plan. Typed boring and DCP sounding logs are also included. The soil profile, as encountered in the borings, generally consisted of very stiff to hard embankment fill. The overburden soils were underlain by interbedded sandstone, siltstone, and claystone bedrock. Free water was not in any of the test borings. As the borings were backfilled upon completion given their locations within the roadway, delayed water level readings were not obtained.

The generalized soil profile developed for the design section is primarily based on the findings from Boring B-002-0-23 and D-002-1-23, located near the design section at Sta. 441+75. The soil profile is assumed to be depicted as shown graphically on the attached Slope/W output plots based on the generalized soil conditions as encountered in the explorations, as well as field observations gathered during our site reconnaissance.

3. Monroe County lies within the unglaciated Allegheny (Kanawha) Plateaus section of the Appalachian Plateaus province of southeast Ohio. The physiographic features within this region have been predominantly influenced by processes of erosion and uplift. Drainage-ways have cut steep, V-shaped valleys and narrow ridgetops throughout most of Monroe County, with the northwestern parts of the county drained by Seneca Fork Wills Creek and its tributaries. The project site is drained directly by South Fork running along the toe of the slope below SR 78, which drains to Seneca Fork Wills Creek approximately 9 miles northwest of the project site in neighboring Noble County. The surficial materials within Monroe County predominantly consist of colluvium, residuum derived from local bedrock, alluvial materials deposited along streams, and a silt mantle deposited in place by wind (loess). The bedrock at the project site is mapped as transitioning between the Permian-Pennsylvanian-age Dunkard Group, to the underlying Pennsylvanian-age Monongahela Group near Elevation 1140 feet. The Dunkard Group consists of mudstone, shale, and siltstone, with minor amounts of sandstone, limestone, and coal. The Monongahela Group consists of shale, siltstone, and mudstone, with minor amounts of limestone and coal.
4. The main coal seams of note within the Dunkard Group are the Washington No. 12 coals, and notable seams within the Monongahela Group include the Pittsburgh No. 8, Pomeroy (Redstone) No. 8a, Meigs Creek (Sewickley) No. 9, Uniontown No. 10, and Waynesburg No. 11 coals. Most of the mining in Monroe County occurred in the northeastern portion of the county, and no



significant mining activity is mapped at the project site according to information from the Ohio Department of Natural Resources. The closest documented mining is mapped further than 2 miles from the project site.

5. No base flood elevation has been established based on review of FEMA flood maps for the area to determine the highwater elevation along the slope located below the roadway. The project site is mapped in an area designated as an area of minimal flood hazard (Zone X).
6. HDR is unaware of any prior geotechnical explorations at the MOE-78-8.30 project site. A search of the available records on ODOT's Transportation Information Mapping System (TIMS) reveals only the geographical locations of known landslide and rockfall activity in the project area. The nearest borings from prior studies were performed approximately 0.3 mile east and 0.2 mile west of the project site.
7. In accordance with ODOT Geotechnical Design Manual (GDM) recommendations, an initial set of soil strength parameters were selected based on the boring logs, laboratory tests, and published correlations of soil strength with SPT  $N_{60}$  values. A statistical basis for selecting the initial soil parameters was performed and is in the attached printed spreadsheets entitled "Soil Strength Parameter Determination". Following development of the soil strength parameters, cross-sections perpendicular to the roadway centerline were reviewed, and the section at Station 441+75 was selected for design.

The developed soil parameters and subsurface profile were then entered into the Slope/W slope stability modeling software to re-create the landslide observed in the field by simulating a series of trial searches to determine the critical mode of failure based on a Morgenstern-Price stability model. In addition, the Slope/W optimization feature was utilized, which generates a hybrid circular and translational failure shape. Recognizing that a landslide had already occurred, strength parameters within the existing soil layers were adjusted to generate a reasonable slip surface ( $FS < 1.0$ ) that is consistent with the field observations and engineering judgment.

Limited groundwater information was available from the borings and published sources. However, ponded water was observed near the toe of the slope during drilling operations. Based on the available information, on-site observations, and engineering judgment, groundwater was modeled from 6-inches above the bottom of the northern drainage ditch to the left of the existing roadway to the ground surface above the toe of the embankment slope on the right, exiting the slope near El. 1143.8.

Bedrock elevations were determined primarily by bedrock depths as encountered at each of the boring locations. Additional bedrock depth information along the slope below SR 78 was estimated based on the slope of the existing terrain, exposed bedrock outcrops in the cuts above the roadway, limited data available on published bedrock topography maps, overburden soil thicknesses encountered in the soil borings and refusal depths of the DCP tests. Bedrock strength was determined through laboratory testing performed on selected rock core samples. The results

of those laboratory tests as well as the “Rock Strength Parameter Determination” spreadsheet are included in the attachments.

8. Excavation and removal of the failed soil materials along the lower portion of the slope, construction of a shear key along the toe, and reconstruction of the slope using dumped rock fill are recommended to stabilize the slope below SR 78. As shown on the design cross-section in the attachments, the benched excavation is not anticipated to impact traffic along SR 78 westbound as there is an approximate 4-foot clearance between the centerline of SR 78 and the beginning of the benched excavation to allow for a concrete barrier and 2-foot ledge above the proposed slope crest of the temporary 1H:1V slope.

The temporary 1H:1V slope extends from near the crest of the embankment slope to an initial 9-foot-wide construction bench located at El. 1146.5. An additional 8-foot-wide construction bench is located at El. 1140.5 at the base of a 1H:1V slope below the initial bench. A final 1H:1V slope extends from this lower bench to the bottom of the 18-foot wide shear key at approximate El. 1135.5 to key the reconstructed embankment into the toe of the exiting slope. Per the Request for Task Order, dated March 15, 2024, it is preferred that excavation of the shear key be limited to the top of rock with minimal to no rock excavation performed. This benching scheme was developed in general accordance with Section 800 of the ODOT Geotechnical Design Manual (GDM). However, although design efforts were made, portions of the existing slide mass may not be removed given the excavation limitations due to the presence of the gas transmission line.

The embankment is to be reestablished utilizing Type C dumped rock fill from the bottom of the shear key (approximate El. 1135.5). The face of the slope is to be constructed at an approximate 4H:1V angle from the toe of the slope, with some variation as needed to tie into the existing grades of the adjacent stable slopes, to El. 1143.5. Above El. 1143.5, the embankment is to be reconstructed at a 2H:1V slope utilizing Item 203 Embankment Fill. The stability analyses for this slope configuration indicate a FS > 1.30 for both short term (undrained) and long term (drained) conditions. Details of the shear key and excavation benching are shown on the attached design cross-sections.

Construction of a drainage gallery will be necessary to drain the rock shear key. The gallery should extend toward South Fork at the southwestern end of the embankment, daylighting below the toe of the slope. Slope drains should also be established on the back of each bench to assist with internal drainage of the embankment.

9. Upon establishing the criteria remediating the slope, analyses were performed to evaluate the constructability of the shear key and temporary benching scheme. The Factors of Safety were determined to be greater than the target Factor of Safety of 1.20 under short term (undrained) conditions for the temporary slopes. The temporary excavation is not to be left exposed any longer than necessary, with reconstruction of the slope to begin shortly after the excavation has been made. As such, it is also recommended that when excavating for the shear key, no more than 50 feet along the back of the key be excavated without replacing with dumped rock fill.





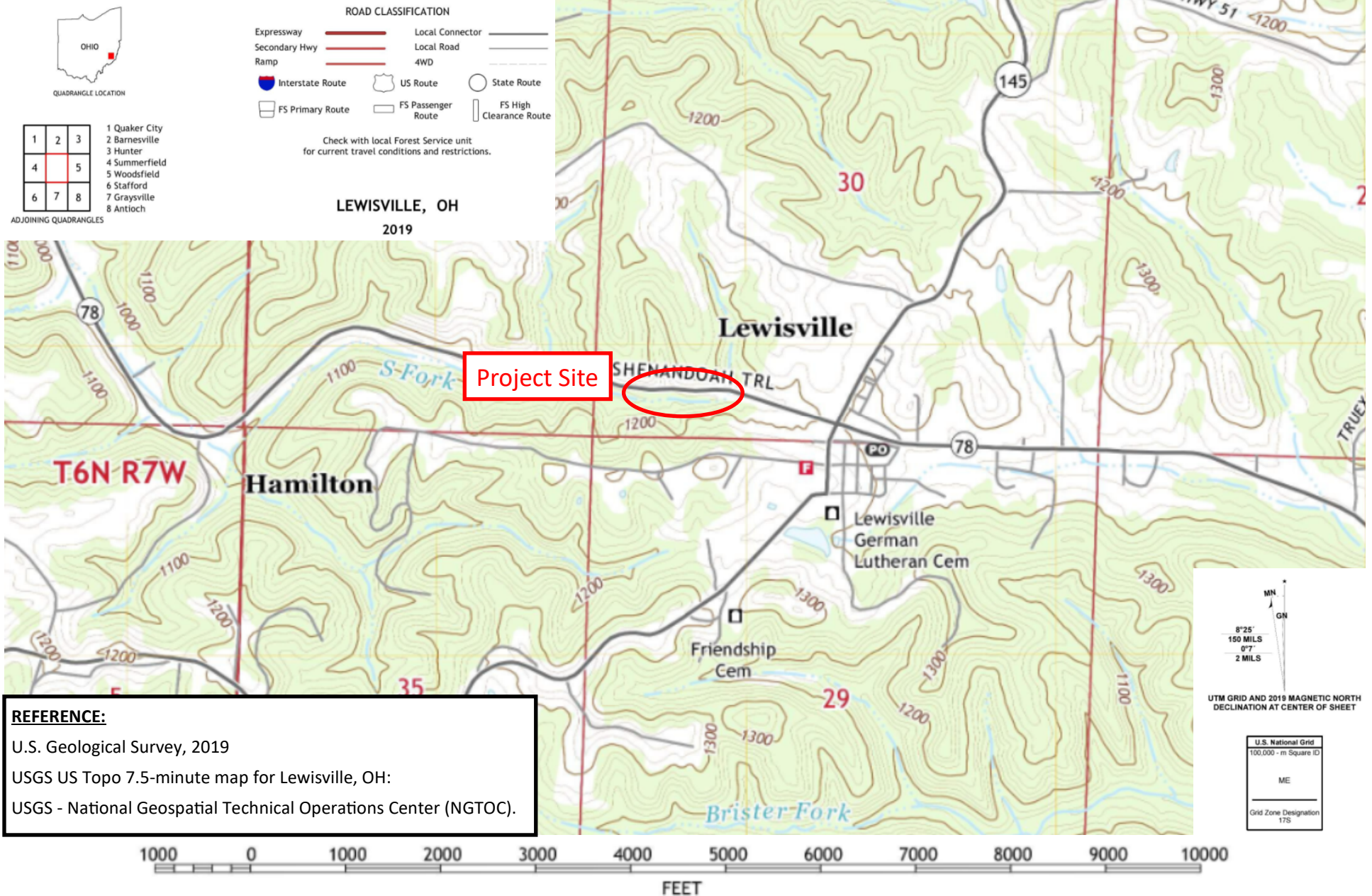
Finally, drainage and run-off should also be diverted away from the excavation during construction.

Should a higher factor of safety be required during construction, other cut-slope stability measures/configurations or sheet piling may be needed to maintain the slope during construction of the shear key and sidehill benches. Determination of temporary shoring (if necessary) is to be determined by the contractor.



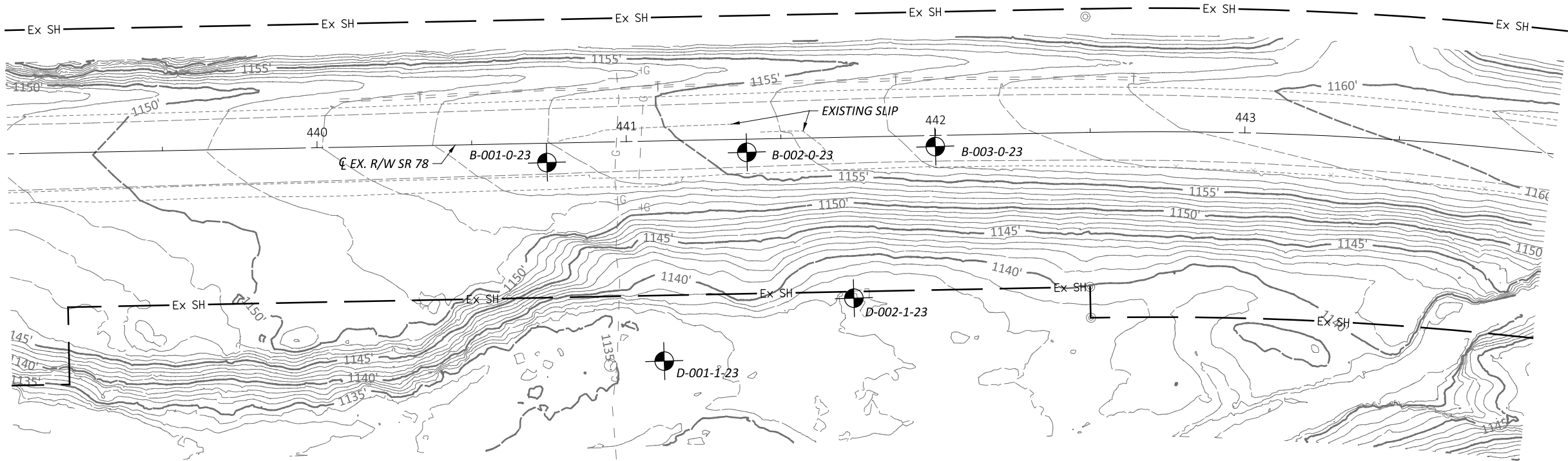
## **Site Vicinity and Topographic Map**

# Site Vicinity and Topographic Map





## **Boring Location Plan**



BORING LOCATION PLAN  
SR 78

DESIGN AGENCY



DESIGNER

AKB

REVIEWER

DMV 05/15/23

PROJECT ID

117973

SHEET

1

TOTAL

1



## **Boring Logs and Rock Core Photos**

STANDARD ODOT SOIL BORING LOG (8.5 X 11) - OH DOT GDT - 5/15/23 08:23 - C:\P\WORKING\EA\ST01D3228934\MOE-78-8-30 BORING LOGS.GPJ

PROJECT: MOE-78-08.30		DRILLING FIRM / OPERATOR: CENTRAL STAR / TS		DRILL RIG: DIEDRICH D-50		STATION / OFFSET: 440+74, 6' RT.		EXPLORATION ID											
TYPE: LANDSLIDE		SAMPLING FIRM / LOGGER: HDR / AKB		HAMMER: DIEDRICH AUTOMATIC		ALIGNMENT: SR 78		B-001-0-23											
PID: 117973 SFN:		DRILLING METHOD: 2.25" HSA / NQ2		CALIBRATION DATE: 3/7/22		ELEVATION: 1153.7 (MSL) EOB: 26.7 ft.		PAGE											
START: 3/23/23 END: 3/23/23		SAMPLING METHOD: SPT / NQ2		ENERGY RATIO (%): 86.8		LAT / LONG: 39.766396, -81.223613		1 OF 1											
MATERIAL DESCRIPTION AND NOTES		ELEV.	DEPTHS	SPT/ RQD	N <sub>60</sub>	REC (%)	SAMPLE ID	HP (tsf)	GRADATION (%)					ATTERBERG			WC	ODOT CLASS (GI)	HOLE SEALED
		1153.7							GR	CS	FS	SI	CL	LL	PL	PI			
ASPHALT (42")			1	27															
			2	5	12	28	SS-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		1150.2	3	3															
VERY STIFF TO HARD, BROWN AND RED-BROWN, SILT AND CLAY, SOME SAND, LITTLE ROCK FRAGMENTS, DAMP (FILL)			4	6															
			5	7	25	33	SS-2	4.5+	12	16	12	35	25	37	22	15	14	A-6a (7)	
		1147.7	6	10															
SANDSTONE, BROWN, SEVERELY WEATHERED, WEAK.		1147.0	6	50/3"	-	100	SS-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	Rock (V)	
SANDSTONE, BROWN, HIGHLY WEATHERED, MODERATELY STRONG, FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, THIN TO MEDIUM BEDDED, JOINT DISCONTINUITIES, FRACTURED TO HIGHLY FRACTURED, OPEN APERTURE WIDTH, SLIGHTLY ROUGH SURFACE, BLOCKY STRUCTURE, POOR TO FAIR SURFACE; RQD 0%, REC 100%.			7																
			8	0		100	NQ2-1											CORE	
		1144.0	9																
SILTSTONE, BROWN, MODERATELY WEATHERED, VERY WEAK, MEDIUM BEDDED, JOINT DISCONTINUITIES, MODERATELY FRACTURED TO FRACTURED, NARROW TO OPEN APERTURE WIDTH, SLIGHTLY ROUGH SURFACE, BLOCKY STRUCTURE, FAIR SURFACE; RQD 37%, REC 100%. @9.7' - 11.7: highly fractured			10																
			11																
			12	33		100	NQ2-2											CORE	
			13																
		1138.2	14																
SILTSTONE, RED-BROWN, SLIGHTLY TO MODERATELY WEATHERED, VERY WEAK, MEDIUM BEDDED, JOINT DISCONTINUITIES, MODERATELY FRACTURED TO FRACTURED, NARROW TO OPEN APERTURE WIDTH, SLIGHTLY ROUGH SURFACE, BLOCKY STRUCTURE, FAIR SURFACE; RQD 62%, REC 97%. @18.6' - 18.9': gray limestone seam @18.9' - 19.6': dark gray			15																
			16																
			17	62		97	NQ2-3											CORE	
			18																
		1133.3	19																
CLAYSTONE, RED-BROWN, HIGHLY WEATHERED, VERY WEAK, THICK BEDDED, JOINT DISCONTINUITIES, MODERATELY FRACTURED TO FRACTURED, NARROW APERTURE WIDTH, SLIGHTLY ROUGH SURFACE, BLOCKY STRUCTURE, POOR TO FAIR SURFACE; RQD 92%, REC 100%.			20																
			21																
			22																
		1130.3	23	93		100	NQ2-4											CORE	
			24																
SANDSTONE, GRAY, SLIGHTLY WEATHERED, MODERATELY STRONG, MEDIUM TO THICK BEDDED, JOINT DISCONTINUITIES, SLIGHTLY FRACTURED, NARROW APERTURE WIDTH, VERY ROUGH SURFACE, BLOCKY STRUCTURE, FAIR TO GOOD SURFACE; RQD 100%, REC 100%. @26.2' - 26.6': qu = 4374 psi, γ = 166 pcf			25																
			26																
		1127.0	26																
			EOB																
NOTES: NONE																			
ABANDONMENT METHODS, MATERIALS, QUANTITIES: TREMIED 12.5 LB. BENTONITE POWDER; 47 LB. CEMENT MIXED WITH 25 GAL. WATER; SURFACE PATCHED WITH QUICKCRETE																			



[illegible]

STANDARD ODOT SOIL BORING LOG (8.5 X 11) - OH DOT.GDT - 5/15/23 08:23 - C:\P\WORKING\EAST01\ID3228934\MOE-78-8.30 BORING LOGS.GPJ

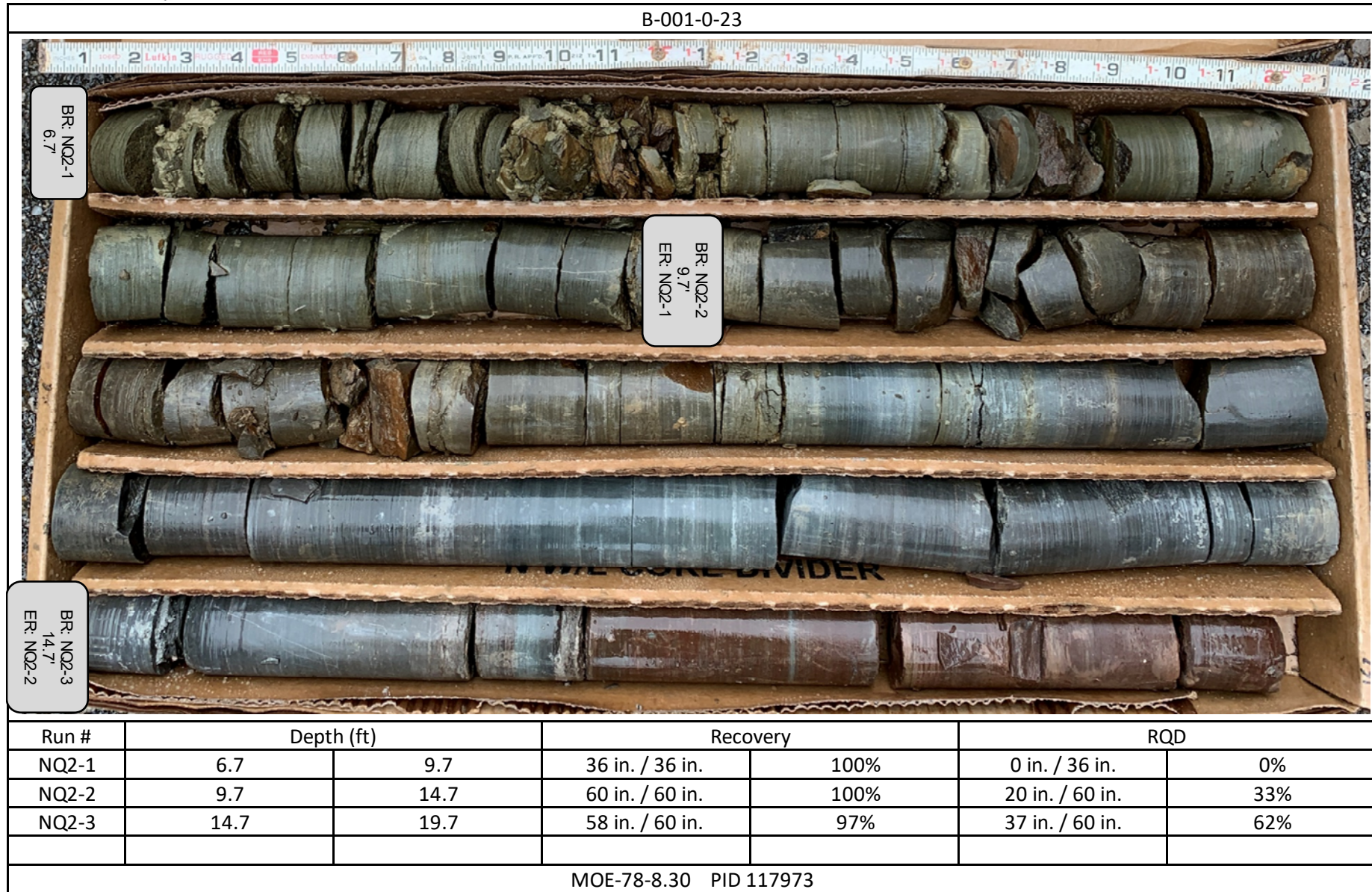
STANDARD ODOT SOIL BORING LOG (8.5 X 11) - OH DOT GDT - 5/15/23 08:23 - C:\P\WORKING\EAST01\03228934\MOE-78-8-30 BORING LOGS.GPJ

PID: 117973	SFN:	PROJECT: MOE-78-08.30	STATION / OFFSET: 441+39, 4' RT.	START: 3/23/23	END: 3/23/23	PG 2 OF 2	B-002-0-23												
MATERIAL DESCRIPTION AND NOTES		ELEV. 1125.5	DEPTHS	SPT/ RQD	N <sub>60</sub>	REC SAMPLE (%) ID	HP (tsf)	GRADATION (%)					ATTERBERG				WC	ODOT CLASS (GI)	HOLE SEALED
88%. <b>SANDSTONE</b> , GRAY, SLIGHTLY WEATHERED, MODERATELY STRONG, MEDIUM TO THICK BEDDED, JOINT DISCONTINUITIES, SLIGHTLY FRACTURED, NARROW APERTURE WIDTH, VERY ROUGH SURFACE, BLOCKY STRUCTURE, FAIR TO GOOD SURFACE; RQD 100%, REC 100%. @26.8' - 27.2': qu = 4517 psi, $\gamma$ = 166 pcf									GR	CS	FS	SI	CL	LL	PL	PI			
NOTES: NONE																			
ABANDONMENT METHODS, MATERIALS, QUANTITIES: TREMIED 12.5 LB. BENTONITE POWDER; 47 LB. CEMENT MIXED WITH 25 GAL. WATER; SURFACE PATCHED WITH QUICKCRETE																			

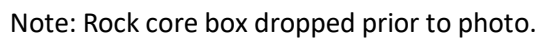
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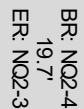
PID: 117973	SFN:	PROJECT: MOE-78-08.30	STATION / OFFSET: 442+00, 4' RT.	START: 3/23/23	END: 3/23/23	PG 2 OF 2	B-003-0-23														
MATERIAL DESCRIPTION AND NOTES			ELEV. 1127.3	DEPTHS	SPT/ RQD	N <sub>60</sub>	REC SAMPLE (%) ID	HP (tsf)	GRADATION (%)					ATTERBERG					WC	ODOT CLASS (GI)	HOLE SEALED
SURFACE; RQD 0%, REC 100%.																					
NOTES: NONE																					
ABANDONMENT METHODS, MATERIALS, QUANTITIES: TREMIED 12.5 LB. BENTONITE POWDER; 47 LB. CEMENT MIXED WITH 25 GAL. WATER; SURFACE PATCHED WITH QUICKCRETE																					







B-001-0-23

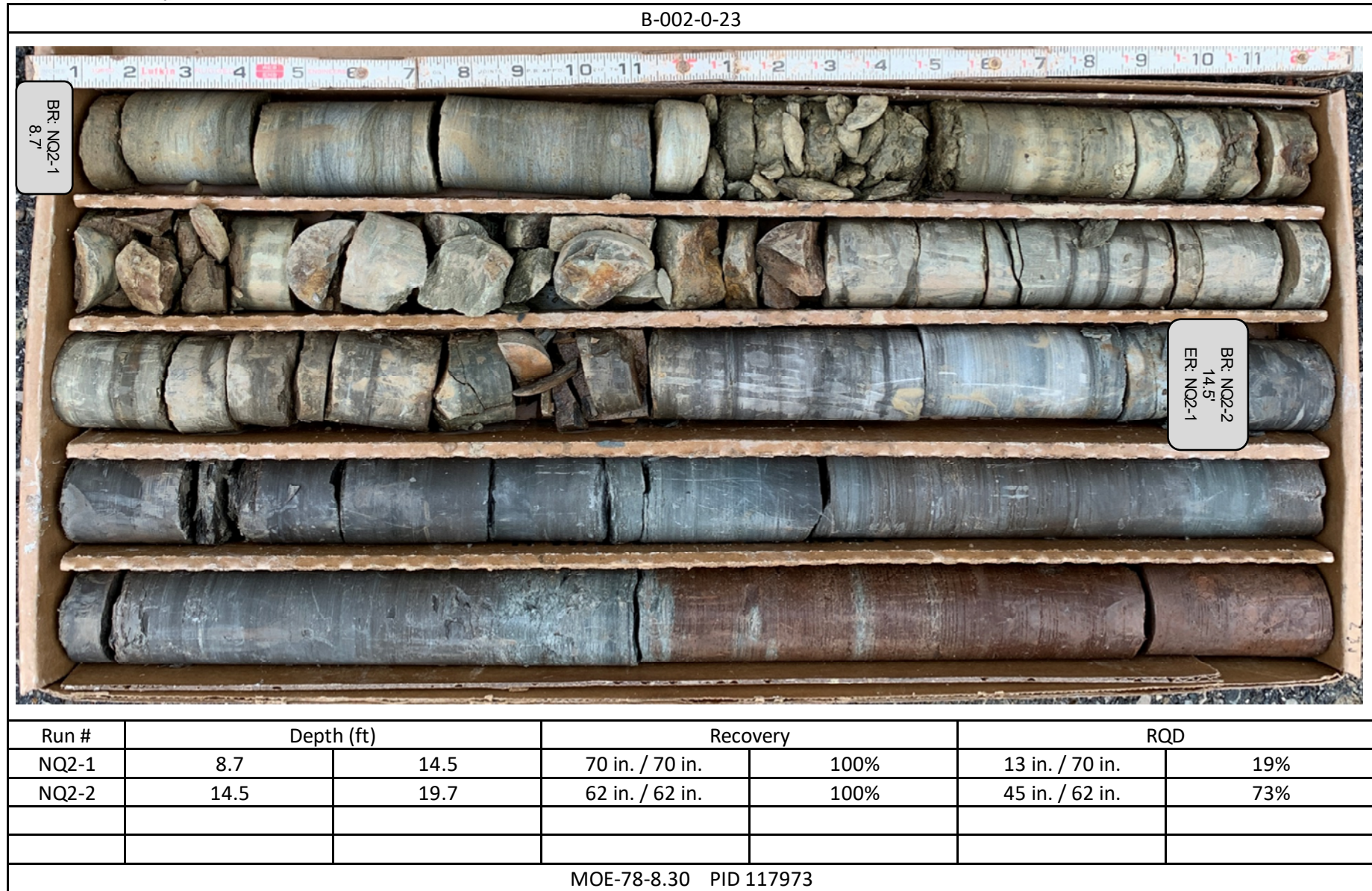


26.71  
ER: NO2-4

Run #	Depth (ft)		Recovery		RQD	
NQ2-3	14.7	19.7	58 in. / 60 in.	97%	37 in. / 60 in.	62%
NQ2-4	19.7	26.7	84 in. / 84 in.	100%	78 in. / 84 in.	93%

MOE-78-8.30 PID 117973

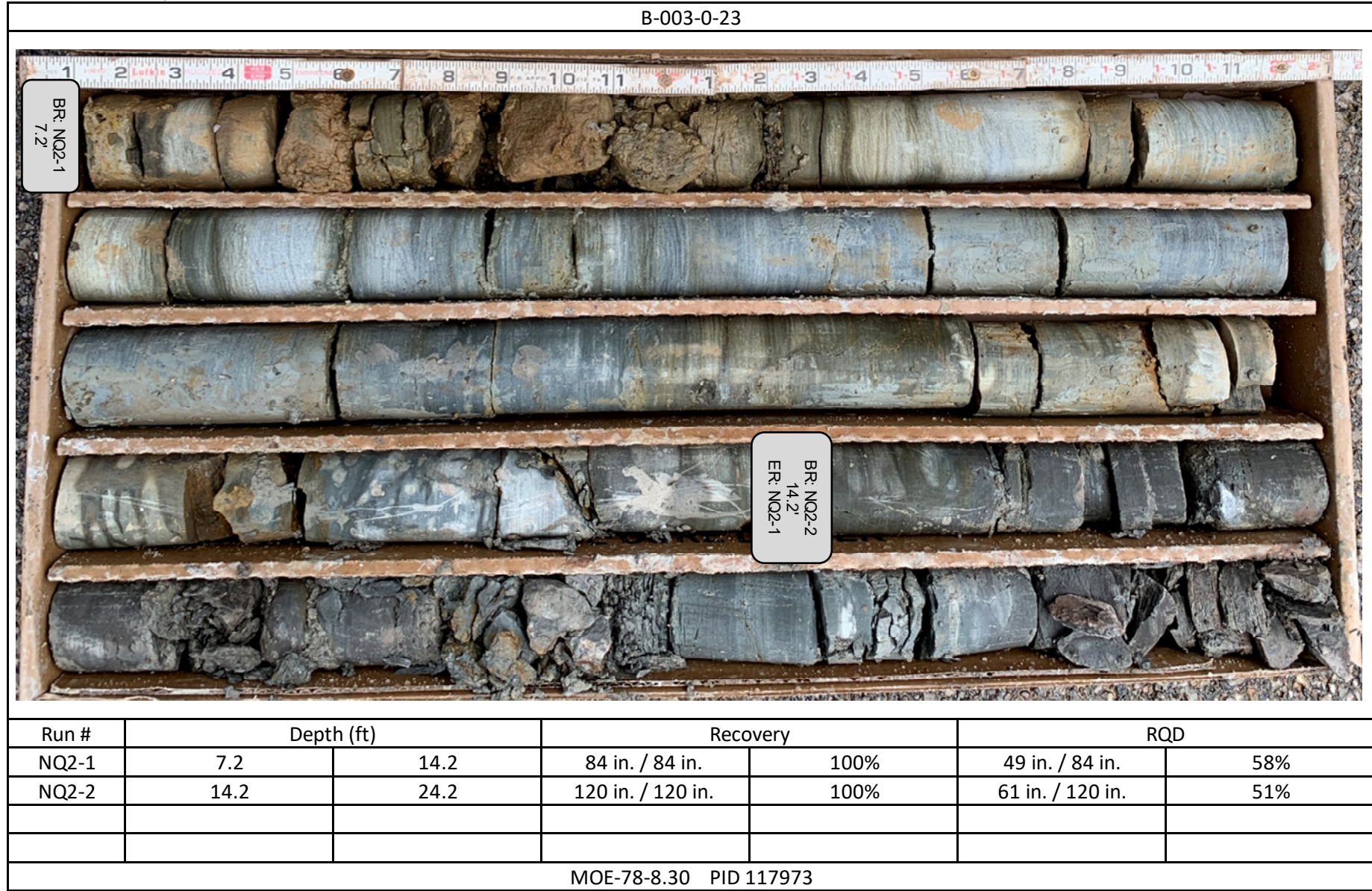




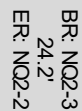
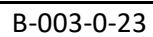












27.2  
ER: NQ2-3

Run #	Depth (ft)		Recovery		RQD	
NQ2-2	14.2	24.2	120 in. / 120 in.	100%	61 in. / 120 in.	51%
NQ2-3	24.2	27.2	30 in. / 36 in.	83%	18 in. / 36 in.	50%

MOE-78-8.30 PID 117973



## **DCP Logs**

## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

<b>Client:</b>	ODOT - District 10
<b>Project Name:</b>	MOE-78-8.30
<b>Location:</b>	D-001-1-23
<b>Station, Offset:</b>	441+11, 71' RT
<b>Elevation:</b>	1135.3
<b>Notes:</b>	Staked Location

Operator Name / Company:	JK / Advanced Materials, LLC		
Lat / Long:	39.7662152	-81.2234885	
North / East:	645828.6	2327320.9	
Date:	3/22/2023		
Sheet:	1	of	2

Depth (in)	Depth (ft)	Depth (cm)	Pre Blows	SPT N-Value
3.94	0.33	10	0.2	0.2
7.87	0.66	20	0.2	0.2
11.81	0.98	30	0.2	0.2
15.75	1.31	40	2	1.5
19.69	1.64	50	1	0.8
23.62	1.97	60	0.2	0.2
27.56	2.3	70	2	1.5
31.5	2.62	80	4	3.1
35.43	2.95	90	5	3.8
39.37	3.28	100	6	4.6
43.31	3.61	110	8	6.1
47.24	3.94	120	10	7.7
51.18	4.26	130	10	7.7
55.12	4.59	140	22	16.9
59.06	4.92	150	43	32.9
62.99	5.25	160	42	32.2
66.93	5.58	170	38	29.1
70.87	5.9	180	58	44.4
74.8	6.23	190	50	38.3

[illegible]

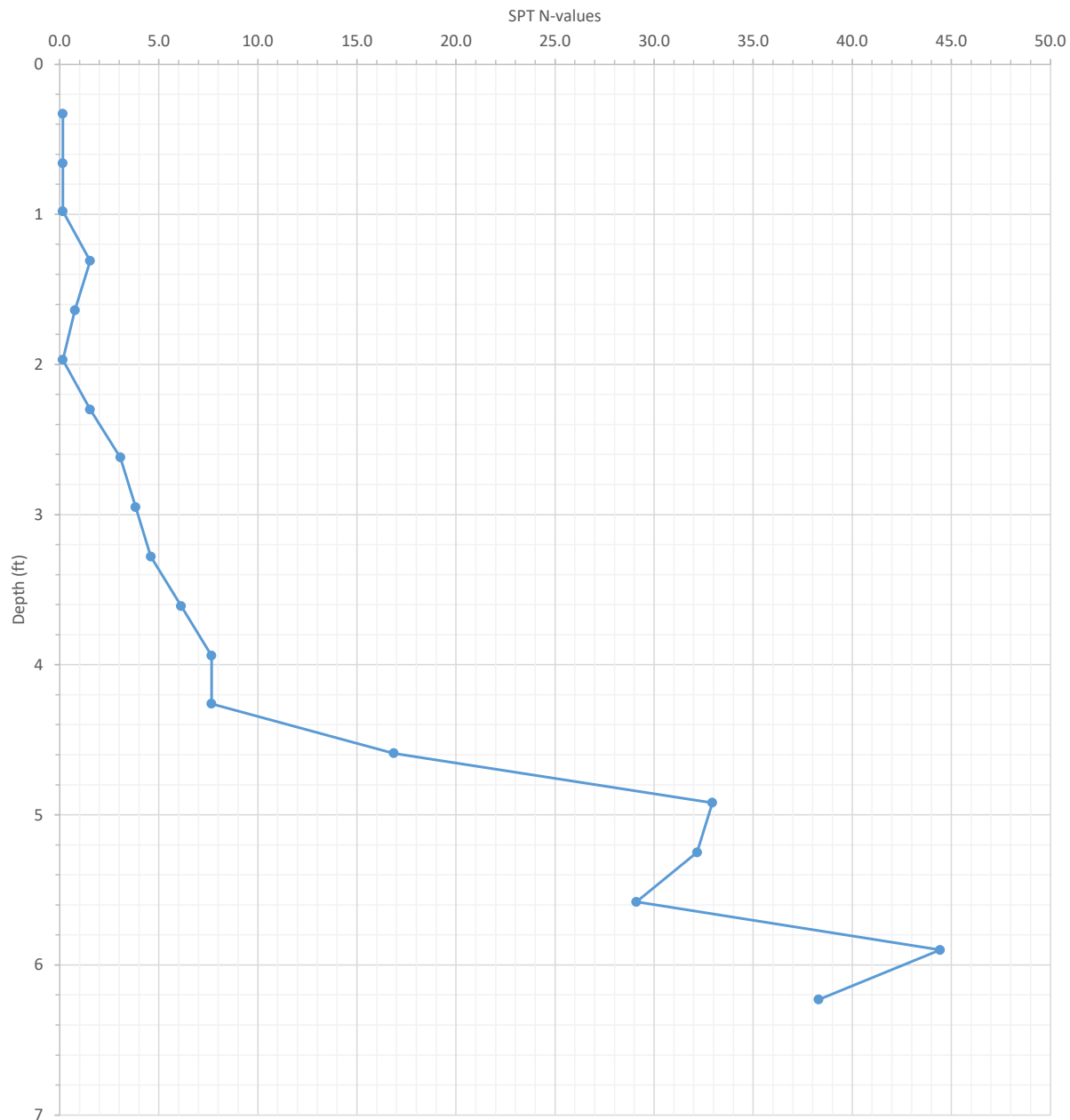


## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

**Client:** ODOT - District 10  
**Project Name:** MOE-78-8.30  
**Location:** D-001-1-23  
**Station, Offset:** 441+11, 71' RT  
**Elevation:** 1135.32  
**Notes:** Staked Location

**Operator Name / Company:** JK / Advanced Materials, LLC  
**Lat / Long:** 39.7662152 -81.2234885  
**North / East:** 645828.624 2327320.934  
**Date:** 3/22/2023  
**Sheet:** 2 of 2

Penetrometer Log Chart  
(Depth in Feet)





## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

**Client:** ODOT - District 10  
**Project Name:** MOE-78-8.30  
**Location:** D-002-1-23  
**Station, Offset:** 441+73, 52' RT  
**Elevation:** 1136.7  
**Notes:** Test 1, Staked Location

**Operator Name / Company:** JK / Advanced Materials, LLC  
**Lat / Long:** 39.766264 -81.223267  
**North / East:** 645847.1 2327382.8  
**Date:** 3/22/2023  
**Sheet:** 1 of 2

Depth (in)	Depth (ft)	Depth (cm)	Pre Blows	SPT N-Value
3.94	0.33	10	0.2	0.2
7.87	0.66	20	0.2	0.2
11.81	0.98	30	0.2	0.2
15.75	1.31	40	0.2	0.2
19.69	1.64	50	3	2.3
23.62	1.97	60	4	3.1
27.56	2.3	70	7	5.4
31.5	2.62	80	4	3.1
35.43	2.95	90	4	3.1
39.37	3.28	100	7	5.4
43.31	3.61	110	11	8.4
47.24	3.94	120	11	8.4
51.18	4.26	130	8	6.1
55.12	4.59	140	27	20.7
59.06	4.92	150	39	29.9
62.99	5.25	160	26	19.9
66.93	5.58	170	31	23.7
70.87	5.9	180	76	58.2
74.8	6.23	190	114	87.3
78.74	6.56	200	50	38.3

Depth (in)	Depth (ft)	Depth (cm)	Pre Blows	SPT N-Value
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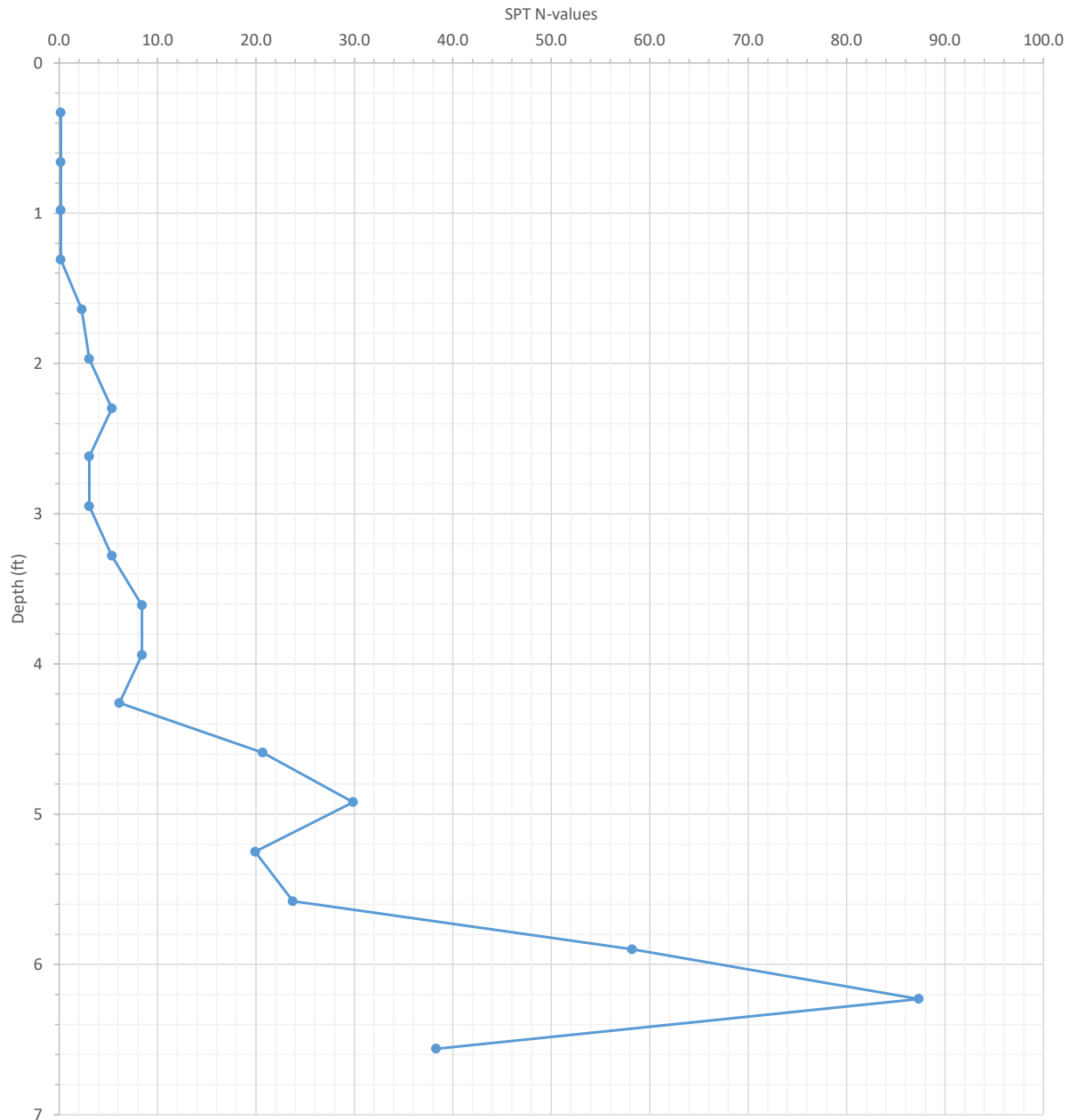


## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

**Client:** ODOT - District 10  
**Project Name:** MOE-78-8.30  
**Location:** D-002-1-23  
**Station, Offset:** 441+73, 52' RT  
**Elevation:** 1136.7  
**Notes:** Test 1, Staked Location

**Operator Name / Company:** JK / Advanced Materials, LLC  
**Lat / Long:** 39.7662635 -81.2232674  
**North / East:** 645847.086 2327382.847  
**Date:** 3/22/2023  
**Sheet:** 2 of 2

Penetrometer Log Chart  
(Depth in Feet)





## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

**Client:** ODOT - District 10  
**Project Name:** MOE-78-8.30  
**Location:** D-002-1-23  
**Station, Offset:** 441+73, 52' RT  
**Elevation:** 1136.7  
**Notes:** Test 2, Offset 5' East

**Operator Name / Company:** JK / Advanced Materials, LLC  
**Lat / Long:** 39.766264 -81.223267  
**North / East:** 645847.1 2327382.8  
**Date:** 3/22/2023  
**Sheet:** 1 of 2

Depth (in)	Depth (ft)	Depth (cm)	Pre Blows	SPT N-Value
3.94	0.33	10	0.2	0.2
7.87	0.66	20	0.2	0.2
11.81	0.98	30	0.2	0.2
15.75	1.31	40	6	4.6
19.69	1.64	50	6	4.6
23.62	1.97	60	5	3.8
27.56	2.3	70	10	7.7
31.5	2.62	80	7	5.4
35.43	2.95	90	7	5.4
39.37	3.28	100	5	3.8
43.31	3.61	110	6	4.6
47.24	3.94	120	8	6.1
51.18	4.26	130	12	9.2
55.12	4.59	140	38	29.1
59.06	4.92	150	41	31.4
62.99	5.25	160	39	29.9
66.93	5.58	170	51	39.1
70.87	5.9	180	79	60.5
74.8	6.23	190	50	38.3

Depth (in)	Depth (ft)	Depth (cm)	Pre Blows	SPT N-Value
---------------	---------------	---------------	--------------	----------------

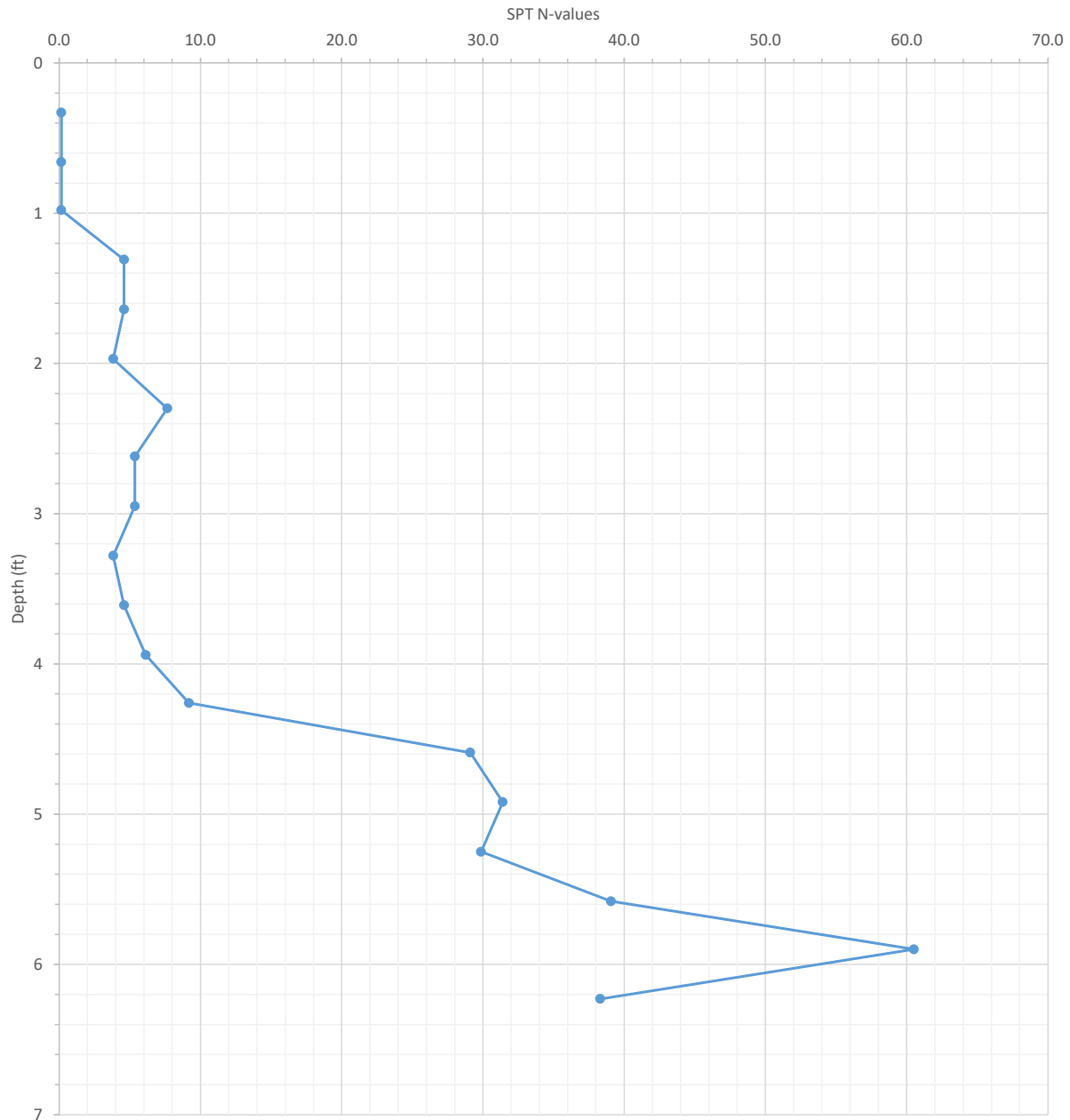


## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

**Client:** ODOT - District 10  
**Project Name:** MOE-78-8.30  
**Location:** D-002-1-23  
**Station, Offset:** 441+73, 52' RT  
**Elevation:** 1136.7  
**Notes:** Test 2, Offset 5' East

**Operator Name / Company:** JK / Advanced Materials, LLC  
**Lat / Long:** 39.7662635 -81.2232674  
**North / East:** 645847.086 2327382.847  
**Date:** 3/22/2023  
**Sheet:** 2 of 2

Penetrometer Log Chart  
(Depth in Feet)






## **Bedrock Geology and Topography Maps**

# Bedrock Geology Map

## Explanation

-  PIPd - Dunkard Group (Permian-Pennsylvanian)
-  IPm - Monongahela Group
-  IPc - Conemaugh Group

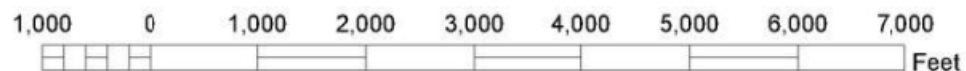
## Contacts

-  Exposed



## REFERENCE:

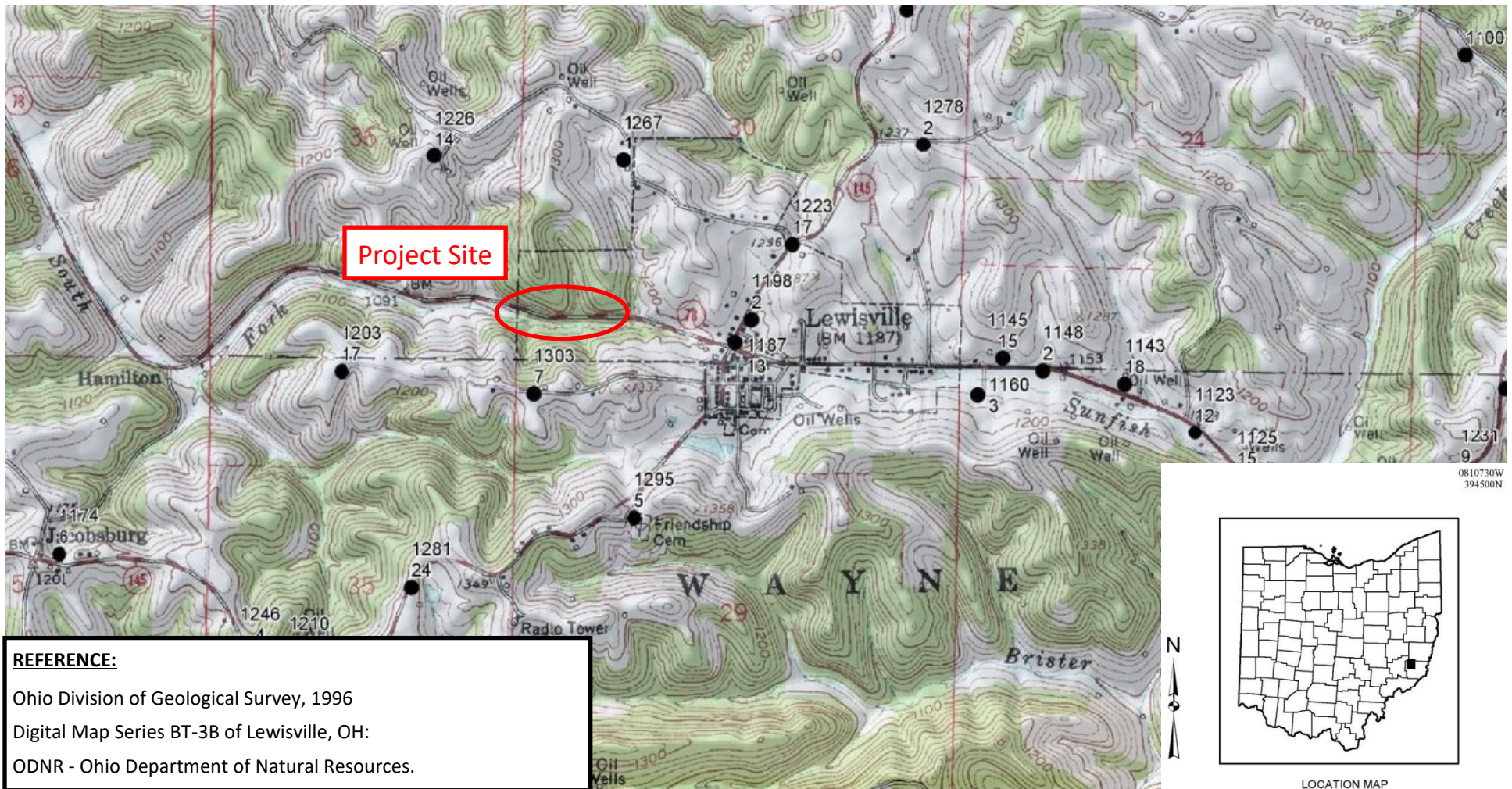
Ohio Division of Geological Survey, 1997  
Digital Map Series BG-2 of Lewisville, OH:  
ODNR - Ohio Department of Natural Resources.



LOCATION MAP



# Bedrock Topography Map





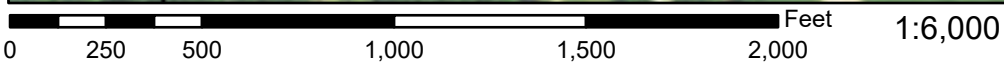
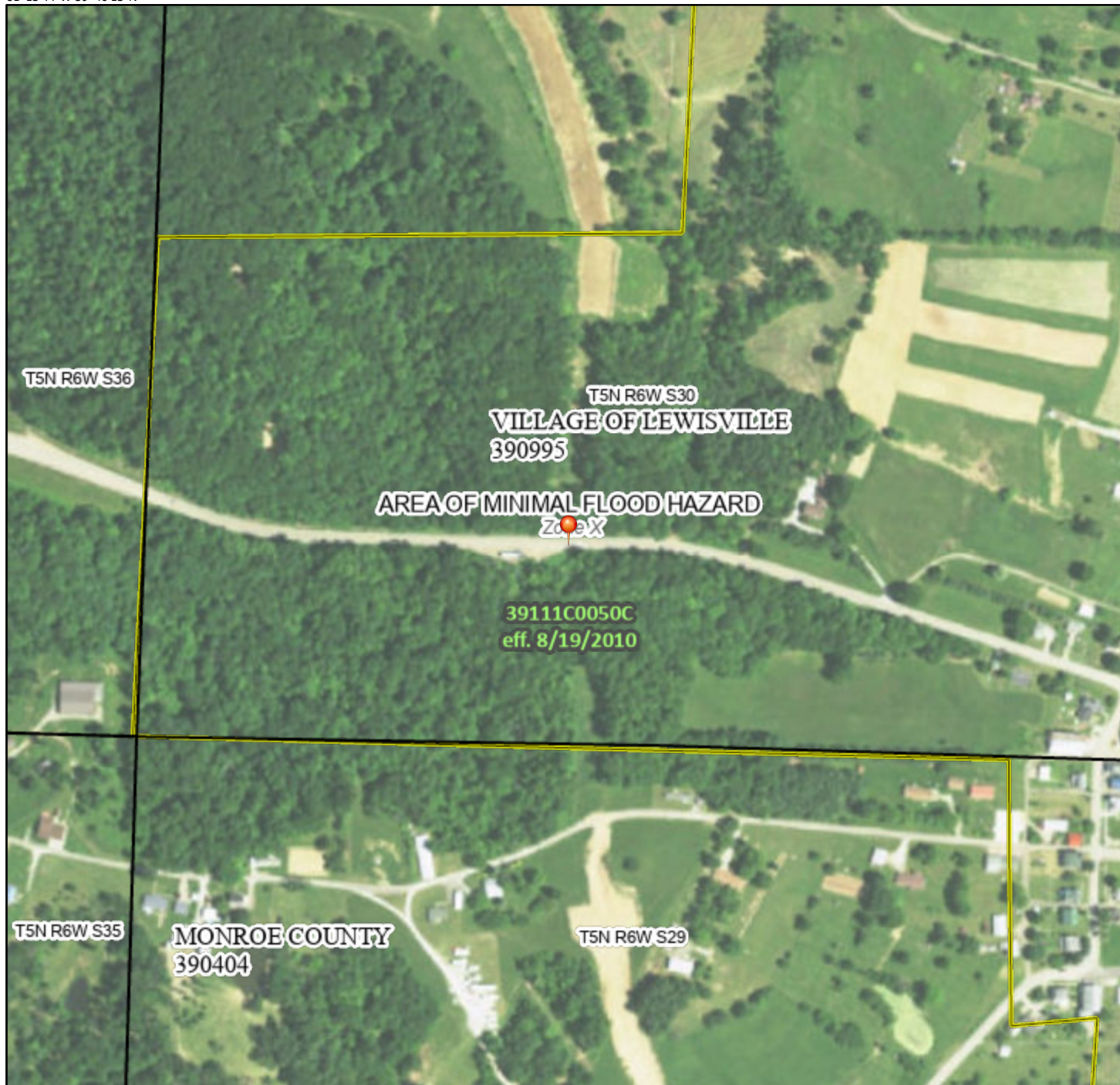
## **FEMA Flood Map**



# National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



81°13'44"W 39°46'13"N



Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

## Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS		Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Zone A, V, A99
		With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR
		Regulatory Floodway
OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD		0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X
		Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X
		Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X
		Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D
OTHER AREAS		NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X
		Effective LOMRs
GENERAL STRUCTURES		Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D
		Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer
		Levee, Dike, or Floodwall
OTHER FEATURES		20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation
		17.5 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation
		Coastal Transect
		Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)
		Limit of Study
		Jurisdiction Boundary
		Coastal Transect Baseline
MAP PANELS		Digital Data Available
		No Digital Data Available
		Unmapped



The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on **4/25/2023 at 12:05 PM** and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



## **Soil Strength Parameter Determination**



Values for Soil Strength Correlation	
Reference	Value
HI PI (Sowers)	0.25
MD PI (Sowers)	0.175
LO PI (Sowers)	0.075
T&P	0.133

Layer 1													Short-Term Cohesion (psf)			LT Cohesion (pcf)	phi	Midpoint Sample	Midpoint Sample	Dry Unit Wt. (pcf)	Moist Unit Wt. (pcf)	Correlated C <sub>c</sub>	Assumed Specific Gravity (G <sub>s</sub> )	Computed Void Ratio (e)	
		N <sub>60</sub>	% Rec	HP	% Gr	% CS	% FS	% Silt	% Clay	LL	PL	PI	WC	N-values		per GB-7	(deg)	Depth (ft.)	Elevation (ft.)	per GB-7	per GB-7				
														PPR	Sowers	T & P									
Max	58	94	4.5	26	16	12	45	45	41	23	18	21	Max	4500	4000	4000	250	28	6.0	1154.3	120	130	0.279	2.72	0.616
	17	33	1.8	1	2	7	31	19	36	21	15	14		Min	1750	2975	2261	157	24	3.0	1130.3	105	125	0.234	2.65
Average	27	59	2.9	13	11	10	37	30	38	22	16	17	Average	2875	3840	3335	190	26	4.8	1137.7	108	125	0.252	2.71	0.565
Std Dev	10	24	1.0	13	8	3	7	14	3	1	2	3		Std Dev	971	343	728	27	1	0.8	9.5	5	1	0.024	0.03
Avg + Std	37	83	3.8	26	18	12	44	43	41	23	18	20	Avg + Std	3846	4183	4063	217	27	5.6	1147.3	113	126	0.276	2.74	0.635
	17	34	1.9	0	3	7	30	16	35	21	14	14		Avg - Std	1904	3497	2608	162	25	4.1	1128.2	103	124	0.228	2.68

[illegible]

Material types for D-001-1-23 and D-002-1-23 are assumed. N-values are correlated  $N_{SPT}$  values.



Values for Soil Strength Correlation	
Reference	Value
HI PI (Sowers)	0.25
MD PI (Sowers)	0.175
LO PI (Sowers)	0.075
T&P	0.133

Layer 2

													N-values			(psf)	phi	Sample	Sample	(pcf)	(pcf)	Correlated	Specific	Void	
	N <sub>60</sub>	% Rec	HP	% Gr	% CS	% FS	% Silt	% Clay	LL	PL	PI	WC		PPR	Sowers	T & P	per GB-7	(deg)	Depth (ft.)	Elevation (ft.)	per GB-7	per GB-7	C <sub>c</sub>	Gravity (G <sub>s</sub> )	Ratio (e)
Max	87	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10	Max	N/A	N/A	N/A	250	28	7.0	1150.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Min	38	75	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6	Min	N/A	N/A	N/A	200	28	6.0	1129.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average	51	92	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8	Average	N/A	N/A	N/A	233	28	6.2	1136.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Std Dev	20	14	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2	Std Dev	N/A	N/A	N/A	25	0	0.4	9.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Avg + Std	71	106	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10	Avg + Std	N/A	N/A	N/A	258	28	6.7	1145.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Avg - Std	31	77	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6	Avg - Std	N/A	N/A	N/A	208	28	5.8	1127.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Alignment	Surface Elevation	Exploration ID	From	To	Sample ID	N <sub>60</sub>	% Rec	HP	% Gr	% CS	% FS	% Silt	% Clay	LL	PL	PI	% WC	ODOT Class.	Soil Type	Layer	Short-Term Cohesion (psf)			Correlated LT Cohesion (psf) per GB-7	phi (deg)	Midpoint Sample Depth (ft.)	Midpoint Sample Elevation (ft.)	Correlated Dry Unit Wt. (pcf) per GB-7	Correlated Moist Unit Wt. (pcf) per GB-7	Correlated C <sub>c</sub>	Assumed Specific Gravity (G <sub>s</sub> )	Computed Void Ratio (e)
																					N-values											
																					PPR	Sowers	T & P									
SR 78	1153.7	B-001-0-23	6	-	6.25	SS-3	Refusal	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	Rock		2	N/A	N/A	N/A	250	28	6.0	1147.7					
SR 78	1155.5	B-002-0-23	7	-	7.83	SS-4	Refusal	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	Rock		2	N/A	N/A	N/A	250	28	7.0	1148.5					
SR 78	1157.3	B-003-0-23	6.5	-	7.33	SS-3B	Refusal	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	Rock		2	N/A	N/A	N/A	250	28	7.0	1150.3					
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	5.58	-	5.9		44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rock		2	N/A	N/A	N/A	250	28	6.0	1129.3					
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	5.9	-	6.23		38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rock		2	N/A	N/A	N/A	200	28	6.0	1129.3					
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	5.9	-	6.23		87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rock		2	N/A	N/A	N/A	250	28	6.0	1130.7					
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	6.23	-	6.56		38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rock		2	N/A	N/A	N/A	200	28	6.0	1130.7					
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	5.58	-	5.9		61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rock		2	N/A	N/A	N/A	250	28	6.0	1130.7					
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	5.9	-	6.23		38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rock		2	N/A	N/A	N/A	200	28	6.0	1130.7					

Material types for D-001-1-23 and D-002-1-23 are assumed. N-values are correlated N<sub>SP1</sub> values.

Values for Soil Strength Correlation	
Reference	Value
HI PI (Sowers)	0.25
MD PI (Sowers)	0.175
LO PI (Sowers)	0.075
T&P	0.133

Layer 3														Short-Term Cohesion (psf)			LT Cohesion (pcf)	phi	Midpoint Sample	Midpoint Sample	Dry Unit Wt. (pcf)	Moist Unit Wt.	Correlated	Assumed Specific	Computed
	N <sub>60</sub>	% Rec	HP	% Gr	% CS	% FS	% Silt	% Clay	LL	PL	PI	% WC													
														PPR	Sowers	T & P	per GB-7	(deg)	Depth (ft.)	Elevation (ft.)	per GB-7	per GB-7	C <sub>c</sub>	Gravity (G <sub>s</sub> )	Ratio (e)
Max	9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Max	N/A	1575	1197	107	22	4.0	1136.7	100	120	N/A	2.72	0.997
Min	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Min	N/A	0	0	15	15	0.0	1131.3	85	105	N/A	2.72	0.697
Average	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Average	N/A	619	471	49	19	2.0	1134.3	90	107	N/A	2.72	0.883
Std Dev	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Std Dev	N/A	506	385	31	3	1.3	1.5	5	3	N/A	0.00	0.100
Avg + Std	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Avg + Std	N/A	1125	855	79	21	3.3	1135.8	95	111	N/A	2.72	0.983
Avg - Std	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Avg - Std	N/A	113	86	18	16	0.7	1132.8	86	104	N/A	2.72	0.783

Alignment	Surface Elevation	Exploration ID	From	To	Sample ID	N <sub>60</sub>	% Rec	HP	% Gr	% CS	% FS	% Silt	% Clay	LL	PL	PI	% WC	ODOT Class.	Soil Type	Layer	Short-Term Cohesion (psf)			Correlated		Midpoint Sample Depth (ft.)	Midpoint Sample Elevation (ft.)	Correlated		Correlated C <sub>c</sub>	Assumed Specific Gravity (G <sub>s</sub> )	Computed Void Ratio (e)
																					PPR	N-values		LT Cohesion (psf) per GB-7	phi (deg)			Dry Unit Wt. (pcf) per GB-7	Moist Unit Wt. (pcf) per GB-7			
																						Sowers	T & P									
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	0	0.33	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	0	0	15	15	0.0	1135.3	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	0.33	- 0.66	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	0	0	15	15	0.0	1135.3	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	0.66	- 0.98	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	0	0	15	15	1.0	1134.3	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	0.98	- 1.31	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	350	266	25	18	1.0	1134.3	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	1.31	- 1.64	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	175	133	15	15	1.0	1134.3	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	1.64	- 1.97	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	0	0	15	15	2.0	1133.3	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	1.97	- 2.3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	350	266	25	18	2.0	1133.3	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	2.3	- 2.62	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	525	399	38	19	2.0	1133.3	90	105	2.72	0.886	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	2.62	- 2.95	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	700	532	50	20	3.0	1132.3	90	105	2.72	0.886	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	2.95	- 3.28	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	875	665	63	21	3.0	1132.3	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	3.28	- 3.61	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	1050	798	75	21	3.0	1132.3	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	3.61	- 3.94	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	1400	1064	100	22	4.0	1131.3	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1135.3	D-001-1-23	3.94	- 4.26	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	1400	1064	100	22	4.0	1131.3	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	0	- 0.33	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	0	0	15	15	0.0	1136.7	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	0.33	- 0.66	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	0	0	15	15	0.0	1136.7	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	0.66	- 0.98	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	0	0	15	15	1.0	1135.7	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	0.98	- 1.31	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	0	0	15	15	1.0	1135.7	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	1.31	- 1.64	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	350	266	25	18	1.0	1135.7	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	1.64	- 1.97	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	525	399	38	19	2.0	1134.7	90	105	2.72	0.886	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	1.97	- 2.3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	875	665	63	21	2.0	1134.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	2.3	- 2.62	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	525	399	38	19	2.0	1134.7	90	105	2.72	0.886	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	2.62	- 2.95	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	525	399	38	19	3.0	1133.7	90	105	2.72	0.886	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	2.95	- 3.28	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	875	665	63	21	3.0	1133.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	3.28	- 3.61	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	1400	1064	100	22	3.0	1133.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	3.61	- 3.94	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	1400	1064	100	22	4.0	1132.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T1	3.94	- 4.26	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	1050	798	75	21	4.0	1132.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	0	- 0.33	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	0	0	15	15	0.0	1136.7	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	0.33	- 0.66	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	0	0	15	15	0.0	1136.7	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	0.66	- 0.98	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	0	0	15	15	1.0	1135.7	85	105	2.72	0.997	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	0.98	- 1.31	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	875	665	63	21	1.0	1135.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	1.31	- 1.64	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	875	665	63	21	1.0	1135.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	1.64	- 1.97	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	700	532	50	20	2.0	1134.7	90	105	2.72	0.886	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	1.97	- 2.3	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	1400	1064	100	22	2.0	1134.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	2.3	- 2.62	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	875	665	63	21	2.0	1134.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	2.62	- 2.95	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	875	665	63	21	3.0	1133.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	2.95	- 3.28	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	700	532	50	20	3.0	1133.7	90	105	2.72	0.886	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	3.28	- 3.61	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	875	665	63	21	3.0	1133.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	3.61	- 3.94	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	1050	798	75	21	4.0	1132.7	95	110	2.72	0.787	
SR 78	1136.7	D-002-1-23 T2	3.94	- 4.26	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-6a	Cohesive	3	N/A	1575	1197	107	22	4.0	1132.7	100	120	2.72	0.697	

PROJECT: <u>MOE-78-08.30</u>	DRILLING FIRM / OPERATOR: <u>CENTRAL STAR / TS</u>	DRILL RIG: <u>DIEDRICH D-50</u>	STATION / OFFSET: <u>440+74, 6' RT.</u>	EXPLORATION ID <u>B-001-0-23</u>
TYPE: <u>LANDSLIDE</u>	SAMPLING FIRM / LOGGER: <u>HDR / AKB</u>	HAMMER: <u>DIEDRICH AUTOMATIC</u>	ALIGNMENT: <u>SR 78</u>	
PID: <u>117973</u> SFN: _____	DRILLING METHOD: <u>3.25" HSA / NQ2</u>	CALIBRATION DATE: <u>3/7/22</u>	ELEVATION: <u>1153.7 (MSL)</u> EOB: <u>26.7 ft.</u>	PAGE
START: <u>3/23/23</u> END: <u>3/23/23</u>	SAMPLING METHOD: <u>SPT / NQ2</u>	ENERGY RATIO (%): <u>86.8</u>	LAT / LONG: <u>39.766396, -81.223613</u>	1 OF 1

[illegible]

ABANDONMENT METHODS, MATERIALS, QUANTITIES: TREMIED 12.5 LB. BENTONITE POWDER; 47 LB. CEMENT MIXED WITH 25 GAL. WATER; SURFACE PATCHED WITH QUICKCRETE

[illegible]



STANDARD ODOT SOIL BORING LOG (8.5 X 11) - OH DOT GDT - 4/25/23 07:32 - C:\P\WORKING\EAST01\03228934\MOE-78-8-30 BORING LOGS.GPJ

PID: 117973	SFN:	PROJECT: MOE-78-08.30	STATION / OFFSET: 441+39, 4' RT.	START: 3/23/23	END: 3/23/23	PG 2 OF 2	B-002-0-23													
MATERIAL DESCRIPTION AND NOTES			ELEV. 1125.5	DEPTHS	SPT/ RQD	N <sub>60</sub>	REC SAMPLE (%) ID	HP (tsf)	GRADATION (%)					ATTERBERG					ODOT CLASS (GI)	HOLE SEALED
									GR	CS	FS	SI	CL	LL	PL	PI	WC			
<div>88%.</div> <div>SANDSTONE, GRAY, SLIGHTLY WEATHERED, MODERATELY STRONG, MEDIUM TO THICK BEDDED, JOINT DISCONTINUITIES, SLIGHTLY FRACTURED, NARROW APERTURE WIDTH, VERY ROUGH SURFACE, BLOCKY STRUCTURE, FAIR TO GOOD SURFACE; RQD 100%, REC 100%.</div> <div>@26.8' - 27.2': qu = 4517 psi, <math>\gamma</math> = 166 pcf</div>																				
NOTES: NONE																				
ABANDONMENT METHODS, MATERIALS, QUANTITIES: TREMIED 12.5 LB. BENTONITE POWDER; 47 LB. CEMENT MIXED WITH 25 GAL. WATER; SURFACE PATCHED WITH QUICKCRETE																				



STANDARD ODOT SOIL BORING LOG (8.5 X 11) - OH DOT.GDT - 4/25/23 07:32 - C:\P\WORKING\EAST01\D3228934\MOE-78-8-30 BORING LOGS.GPJ

PID: 117973	SFN:	PROJECT: MOE-78-08.30	STATION / OFFSET: 442+00, 4' RT.	START: 3/23/23	END: 3/23/23	PG 2 OF 2	B-003-0-23												
MATERIAL DESCRIPTION AND NOTES		ELEV. 1127.3	DEPTHS	SPT/ RQD	N <sub>60</sub>	REC SAMPLE (%) ID	HP (tsf)	GRADATION (%)					ATTERBERG					ODOT CLASS (GI)	HOLE SEALED
SURFACE; RQD 0%, REC 100%.								GR	CS	FS	SI	CL	LL	PL	PI	WC			
NOTES: NONE																			
ABANDONMENT METHODS, MATERIALS, QUANTITIES: TREMIED 12.5 LB. BENTONITE POWDER; 47 LB. CEMENT MIXED WITH 25 GAL. WATER; SURFACE PATCHED WITH QUICKCRETE																			

## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

<b>Client:</b>	ODOT - District 10
<b>Project Name:</b>	MOE-78-8.30
<b>Location:</b>	D-001-1-23
<b>Station, Offset:</b>	441+11, 71' RT
<b>Elevation:</b>	1135.3
<b>Notes:</b>	Staked Location

Operator Name / Company:	JK / Advanced Materials, LLC		
Lat / Long:	39.7662152	-81.2234885	
North / East:	645828.6	2327320.9	
Date:	3/22/2023		
Sheet:	1	of	2

Depth (in)	Depth (ft)	Depth (cm)	Pre Blows	SPT N-Value
3.94	0.33	10	0.2	0.2
7.87	0.66	20	0.2	0.2
11.81	0.98	30	0.2	0.2
15.75	1.31	40	2	1.5
19.69	1.64	50	1	0.8
23.62	1.97	60	0.2	0.2
27.56	2.3	70	2	1.5
31.5	2.62	80	4	3.1
35.43	2.95	90	5	3.8
39.37	3.28	100	6	4.6
43.31	3.61	110	8	6.1
47.24	3.94	120	10	7.7
51.18	4.26	130	10	7.7
55.12	4.59	140	22	16.9
59.06	4.92	150	43	32.9
62.99	5.25	160	42	32.2
66.93	5.58	170	38	29.1
70.87	5.9	180	58	44.4
74.8	6.23	190	50	38.3

[illegible]



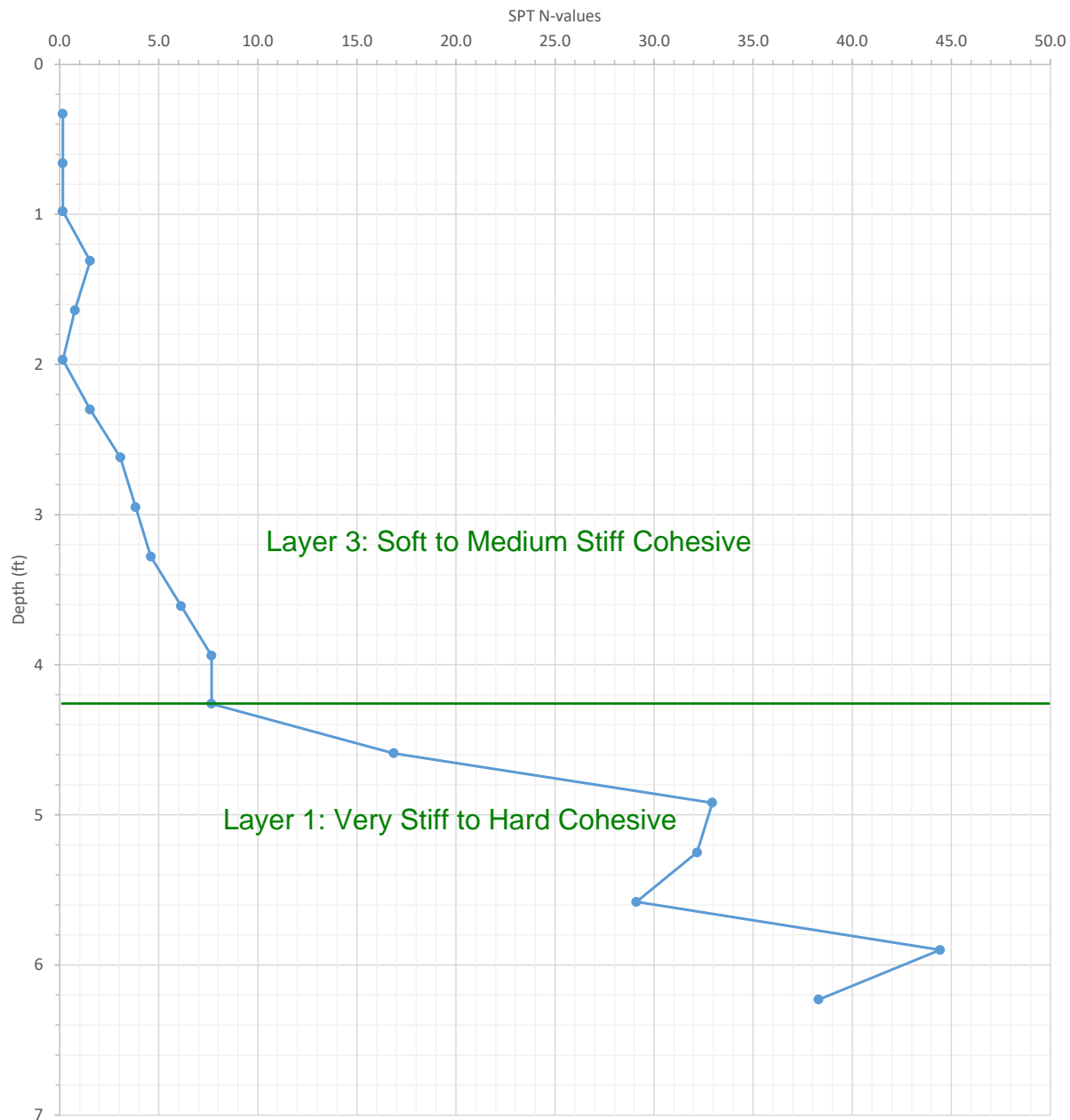


## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

**Client:** ODOT - District 10  
**Project Name:** MOE-78-8.30  
**Location:** D-001-1-23  
**Station, Offset:** 441+11, 71' RT  
**Elevation:** 1135.32  
**Notes:** Staked Location

**Operator Name / Company:** JK / Advanced Materials, LLC  
**Lat / Long:** 39.7662152 -81.2234885  
**North / East:** 645828.624 2327320.934  
**Date:** 3/22/2023  
**Sheet:** 2 of 2

Penetrometer Log Chart  
(Depth in Feet)





## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

**Client:** ODOT - District 10  
**Project Name:** MOE-78-8.30  
**Location:** D-002-1-23  
**Station, Offset:** 441+73, 52' RT  
**Elevation:** 1136.7  
**Notes:** Test 1, Staked Location

**Operator Name / Company:** JK / Advanced Materials, LLC  
**Lat / Long:** 39.766264 -81.223267  
**North / East:** 645847.1 2327382.8  
**Date:** 3/22/2023  
**Sheet:** 1 of 2

Depth (in)	Depth (ft)	Depth (cm)	Pre Blows	SPT N-Value
3.94	0.33	10	0.2	0.2
7.87	0.66	20	0.2	0.2
11.81	0.98	30	0.2	0.2
15.75	1.31	40	0.2	0.2
19.69	1.64	50	3	2.3
23.62	1.97	60	4	3.1
27.56	2.3	70	7	5.4
31.5	2.62	80	4	3.1
35.43	2.95	90	4	3.1
39.37	3.28	100	7	5.4
43.31	3.61	110	11	8.4
47.24	3.94	120	11	8.4
51.18	4.26	130	8	6.1
55.12	4.59	140	27	20.7
59.06	4.92	150	39	29.9
62.99	5.25	160	26	19.9
66.93	5.58	170	31	23.7
70.87	5.9	180	76	58.2
74.8	6.23	190	114	87.3
78.74	6.56	200	50	38.3

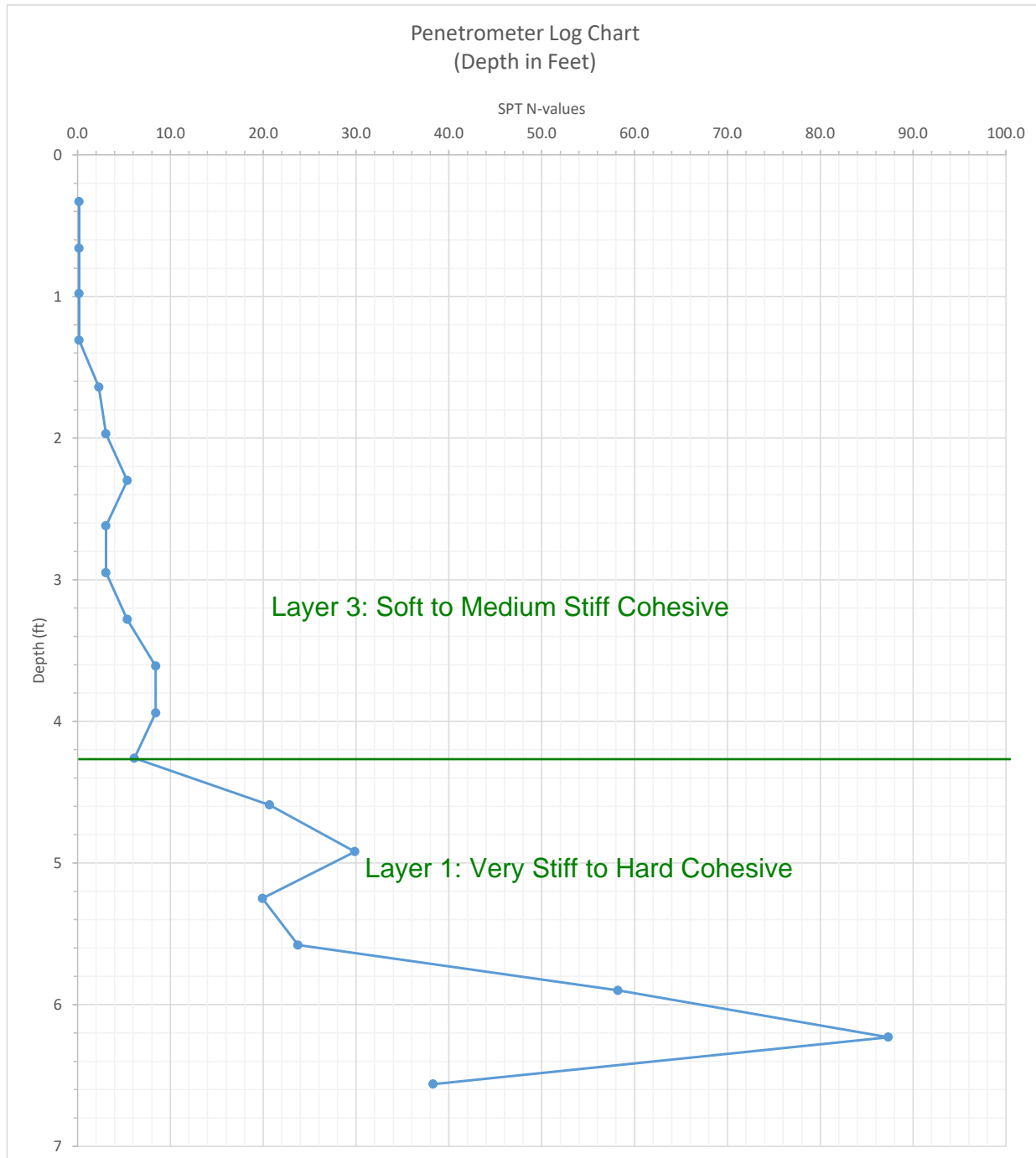
Depth (in)	Depth (ft)	Depth (cm)	Pre Blows	SPT N-Value
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## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

**Client:** ODOT - District 10  
**Project Name:** MOE-78-8.30  
**Location:** D-002-1-23  
**Station, Offset:** 441+73, 52' RT  
**Elevation:** 1136.7  
**Notes:** Test 1, Staked Location

**Operator Name / Company:** JK / Advanced Materials, LLC  
**Lat / Long:** 39.7662635 -81.2232674  
**North / East:** 645847.086 2327382.847  
**Date:** 3/22/2023  
**Sheet:** 2 of 2





## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

**Client:** ODOT - District 10  
**Project Name:** MOE-78-8.30  
**Location:** D-002-1-23  
**Station, Offset:** 441+73, 52' RT  
**Elevation:** 1136.7  
**Notes:** Test 2, Offset 5' East

**Operator Name / Company:** JK / Advanced Materials, LLC  
**Lat / Long:** 39.766264 -81.223267  
**North / East:** 645847.1 2327382.8  
**Date:** 3/22/2023  
**Sheet:** 1 of 2

Depth (in)	Depth (ft)	Depth (cm)	Pre Blows	SPT N-Value
3.94	0.33	10	0.2	0.2
7.87	0.66	20	0.2	0.2
11.81	0.98	30	0.2	0.2
15.75	1.31	40	6	4.6
19.69	1.64	50	6	4.6
23.62	1.97	60	5	3.8
27.56	2.3	70	10	7.7
31.5	2.62	80	7	5.4
35.43	2.95	90	7	5.4
39.37	3.28	100	5	3.8
43.31	3.61	110	6	4.6
47.24	3.94	120	8	6.1
51.18	4.26	130	12	9.2
55.12	4.59	140	38	29.1
59.06	4.92	150	41	31.4
62.99	5.25	160	39	29.9
66.93	5.58	170	51	39.1
70.87	5.9	180	79	60.5
74.8	6.23	190	50	38.3

Depth (in)	Depth (ft)	Depth (cm)	Pre Blows	SPT N-Value
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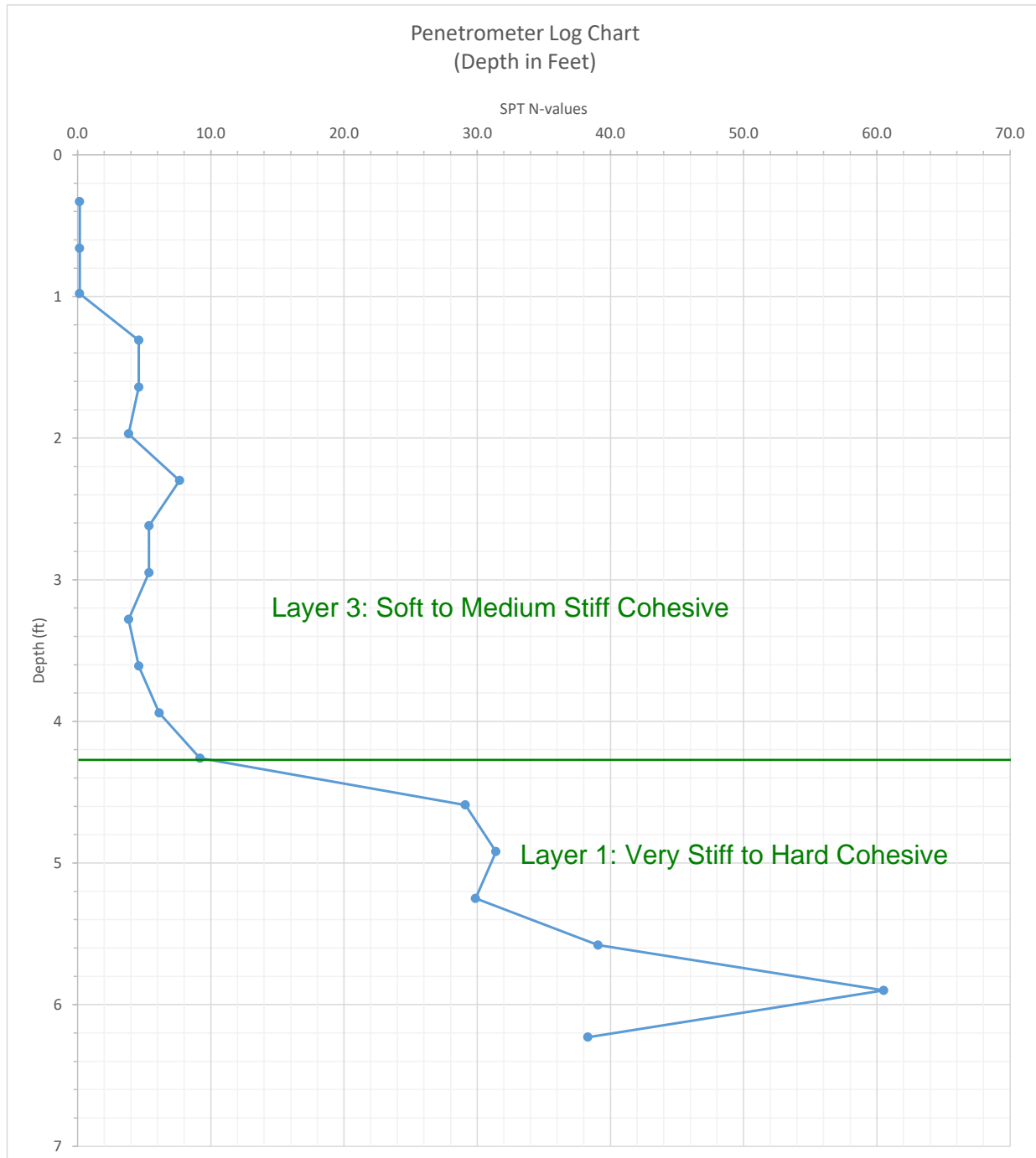




## Dynamic Cone Penetration Test Log

**Client:** ODOT - District 10  
**Project Name:** MOE-78-8.30  
**Location:** D-002-1-23  
**Station, Offset:** 441+73, 52' RT  
**Elevation:** 1136.7  
**Notes:** Test 2, Offset 5' East

**Operator Name / Company:** JK / Advanced Materials, LLC  
**Lat / Long:** 39.7662635 -81.2232674  
**North / East:** 645847.086 2327382.847  
**Date:** 3/22/2023  
**Sheet:** 2 of 2





## **Rock Strength Parameter Determination and Laboratory Testing**

BEDROCK TESTING

Project	Exploration ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Sample ID	Rock Type	Color	Moist Unit Weight (pcf)	Compressive Strength (psi) (MPa)		Er Modulus (psi) (MPa)		GSI Range USE		Em (Hoek & Brown) Modulus (GPa) (psi)		Lesser of Er vs Em (psi)	Em (Yang) Modulus (MPa) (psi)	
MOE-78-8.30	B-001-0-23	26.2 - 26.6	NQ2-4	Sandstone	Gray	166	4374	30.2	455,265	3139	55-65	60	9.8	1416380	455265	498.3	72269
MOE-78-8.30	B-002-0-23	26.8 - 27.2	NQ2-3	Sandstone	Gray	166	4517	31.1	778,793	5370	55-65	60	9.9	1439347	778793	852.4	123627
MOE-78-8.30	B-003-0-23	11.3 - 11.7	NQ2-1	Sandstone	Gray	162	5763	39.7	505,526	3485	45-55	50	6.3	914250	505526	349.0	50620
				Sandstone	Maximum	166	5763			Sandstone	Maximum	778793					
					Minimum	162	4374				Minimum	455265					
					Average	165	4885				Average	579861					
					Std Dev	2	764				Std Dev	174103					
					Adopted Value	165	4800				Adopted Value	579000					

BEDROCK QUALITY

Upper Sandstone

Project	Exploration ID	Rock Type	Depth Range (ft.)		Thickness (ft)	Layer RQD (%)	Weighted	
			From	To			RQD*(Length / Total Length)	
MOE-78-8.30	B-001-0-23	Sandstone	6.7	9.7	3	0	0.0	
MOE-78-8.30	B-002-0-23	Sandstone	8.7	11	2.3	14	2.4	
MOE-78-8.30	B-002-0-23	Sandstone	13.6	14.5	0.9	82	5.6	
MOE-78-8.30	B-003-0-23	Sandstone	7.2	8.4	1.2	0	0.0	
MOE-78-8.30	B-003-0-23	Sandstone	8.4	14.2	5.8	70	30.8	
					Sandstone	13.2	RQD SUM	39
					Maximum	5.8	82	
					Minimum	0.9	0	
					Average	2.6	33.2	
Adopted Value							40	

Lower Sandstone

Project	Exploration ID	Rock Type	Depth Range (ft.)		Thickness (ft)	Layer RQD (%)	Weighted	
			From	To			RQD*( <sup>Length</sup> / Total Length)	
MOE-78-8.30	B-001-0-23	Sandstone	23.4	26.7	3.3	100	42.3	
MOE-78-8.30	B-002-0-23	Sandstone	24.7	28.7	4	100	51.3	
MOE-78-8.30	B-003-0-23	Sandstone	26.7	27.2	0.5	0	0.0	
					Sandstone	7.8	RQD SUM	94
					Maximum	4	100	
					Minimum	0.5	0	
					Average	2.6	66.7	
Adopted Value							95	

Project	Exploration ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Sample ID	Rock Type	Color	Moist Unit Weight (pcf)	Compressive Strength (psi) (MPa)		Er Modulus (psi) (MPa)		GSI Range USE		Em (Hoek & Brown) Modulus (GPa) (psi)		Lesser of Er vs Em (psi)	Em (Yang) Modulus (MPa) (psi)	
MOE-78-8.30	B-002-0-23	16.7 - 17.1	NQ2-2	Siltstone	Gray	162	694	4.8	50,625	349	30-40	35	0.9	133789	50625	17.5	2540
				Siltstone	Maximum	162	694						Siltstone	Maximum	50625		
					Minimum	162	694							Minimum	50625		
					Average	162	694							Average	50625		
					Std Dev	N/A	N/A							Std Dev	N/A		
					Adopted Value	160	700							Adopted Value	50600		
					krm	0.0005											

Project	Exploration ID	Rock Type	Depth Range (ft.)		Thickness (ft)	Layer RQD (%)	Weighted RQD <sup>1</sup> (Length / Total Length)
			From	To			
MOE-78-8.30	B-001-0-23	Siltstone	9.7	15.5	5.8	37	7.0
MOE-78-8.30	B-001-0-23	Siltstone	15.5	20.4	4.9	62	9.9
MOE-78-8.30	B-002-0-23	Siltstone	11	13.6	2.6	0	0.0
MOE-78-8.30	B-002-0-23	Siltstone	14.5	17.6	3.1	54	5.4
MOE-78-8.30	B-002-0-23	Siltstone	17.6	22	4.4	81	11.6
MOE-78-8.30	B-003-0-23	Siltstone	14.2	19.5	5.3	14	2.4
MOE-78-8.30	B-003-0-23	Siltstone	19.5	24.2	4.7	91	13.9
				Siltstone	30.8	RQD SUM	50
				Maximum	5.8	91	
				Minimum	2.6	0	
				Average	4.4	48.4	
Adopted Value							50

Project	Exploration ID	Rock Type	Depth Range (ft.)		Thickness (ft)	Layer RQD (%)	Weighted	
			From	To			RQD*( <sup>Length</sup> / Total Length)	
MOE-78-8.30	B-001-0-23	Claystone	20.4	23.4	3	92	33.7	
MOE-78-8.30	B-002-0-23	Claystone	22	24.7	2.7	56	18.4	
MOE-78-8.30	B-003-0-23	Claystone	24.2	26.7	2.5	60	18.3	
					Claystone	8.2	RQD SUM	70
					Maximum	3	92	
					Minimum	2.5	56	
					Average	2.7	69.3	
Adopted Value							70	

Table 10.4.6.5-1—Estimation of  $E_m$  Based on GSI

Expression	Notes/Remarks	Reference
$E_m \left( GPa \right) = \sqrt{\frac{q_u}{100}} 10^{\frac{GSI-10}{40}}$ for $q_u \leq 100$ MPa	Accounts for rocks with $q_u < 100$ MPa; notes $q_u$ in MPa	Hoek and Brown (1997); Hoek et al. (2002)
$E_m \left( GPa \right) = 10^{\frac{GSI-10}{40}}$ for $q_u \leq 100$ MPa		
$E_m = \frac{E_R}{100} e^{\frac{GSI}{21.7}}$	Reduction factor on intact modulus, based on $GSI$	Yang (2006)
Notes: $E_r$ = modulus of intact rock, $E_m$ = equivalent rock mass modulus, $GSI$ = geological strength index, $q_u$ = uniaxial compressive strength, and 1 MPa = 2.09 ksf.		







GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000)						
From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavourable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced is water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.						
STRUCTURE	SURFACE CONDITIONS	DECREASING SURFACE QUALITY				
		VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfaces	GOOD Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces	FAIR Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings
 INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	DECREASING INTERLOCKING OF ROCK PIECES ⇓	90			N/A	N/A
 BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets		80	70			
 VERY BLOCKY- interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets			60			
 BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity				50		
 DISINTEGRATED - poorly interlocked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces				40	30	
 LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes					20	
					10	
		N/A	N/A			

Figure 10.4.6.4-1—Determination of  $GSI$  for Jointed Rock Mass (Hoek and Marinos, 2000)









GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos.P and Hoek. E, 2000)						
From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.						
COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE	SURFACE CONDITIONS OF DISCONTINUITIES (Predominantly bedding planes)	VERY GOOD - Very rough, fresh unweathered surfaces	GOOD - Rough, slightly weathered surfaces	FAIR - Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR - Very smooth, occasionally slickensided surfaces with compact coatings or fillings with angular fragments	VERY POOR - Very smooth slickensided or highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings
 <b>A.</b> Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability.	⇓	70	60	<b>A</b>		
 <b>B.</b> Sandstone with thin inter-layers of siltstone			50	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>
 <b>C.</b> Sandstone and siltstone in similar amounts						<b>E</b>
 <b>D.</b> Siltstone or silty shale with sandstone layers						
 <b>E.</b> Weak siltstone or clayey shale with sandstone layers						
<b>C,D, E and G - may be more or less folded than illustrated but this does not change the strength. Tectonic deformation, faulting and loss of continuity moves these categories to F and H.</b>						
 <b>F.</b> Tectonically deformed, intensively folded/faulted, sheared clayey shale or siltstone with broken and deformed sandstone layers forming an almost chaotic structure				30	<b>F</b>	20
 <b>G.</b> Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers					<b>G</b>	
 <b>H.</b> Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces.						<b>H</b> 10

Figure 10.4.6.4-2—Determination of  $GSI$  for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek 2000)

## Unconfined Compressive Strength of Rock Core (ASTM D7012 Method C)

(Project: MOE-78-8.30, Boring Location: B-001-0-23, NQ2-4, Depth: 26.2 - 26.6ft)

Tested Date: 4/10/2023

### Specimen Properties

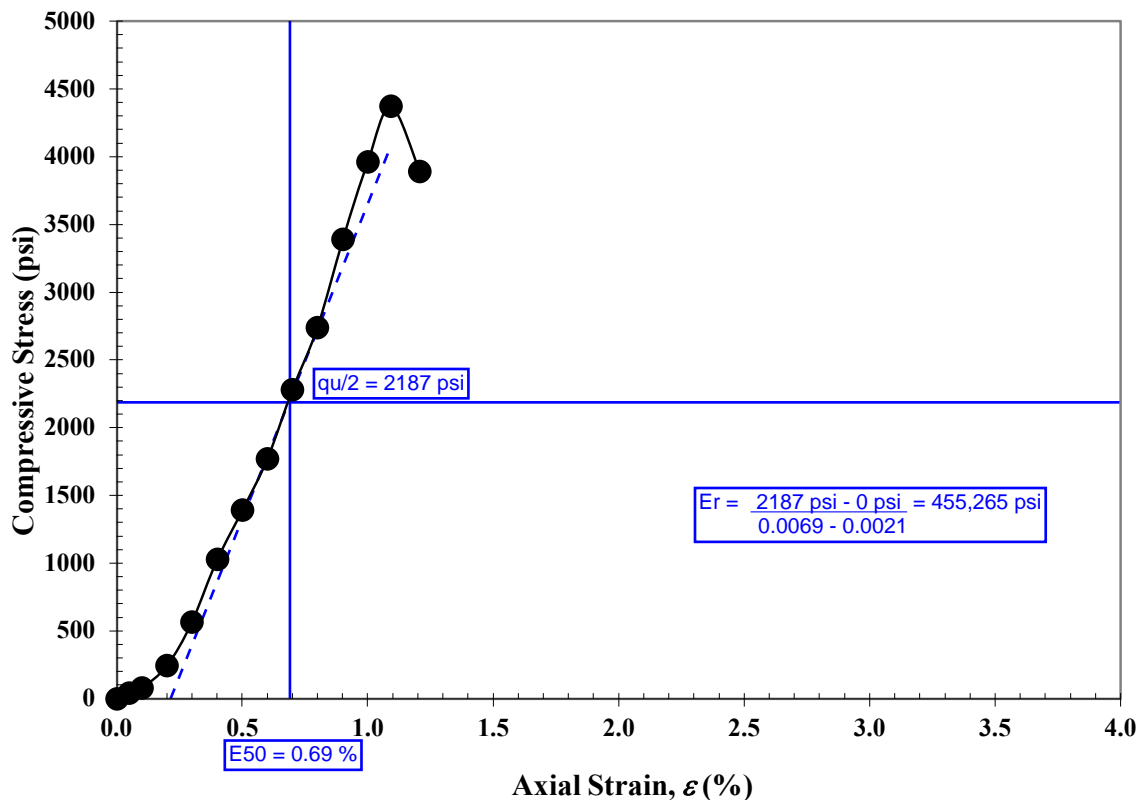
Average Dia., $D_{avg}$ (in):	1.99
Average Height, $H_{avg}$ (in):	4.39
Length to Diameter Ratio:	2.21
Area, $A$ (in <sup>2</sup> ):	3.11
Volume, $V$ (in <sup>3</sup> ):	13.67
Wet Mass of Specimen (lb):	1.3
Moisture Content (%):	1.7
Dry Mass of Specimen (lb):	1.3
Wet Unit Weight, $\gamma$ (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ):	166.0
Dry Unit Weight, $\gamma_d$ (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ):	163.2

### Final Specimen Figure



### Results

Unconfined Compressive Strength (psi):	<b>4374</b>	
Strain (%):	<b>1.1</b>	<b>30</b> (MPa)



**Notes:** Sandstone, gray, slightly weathered, moderately strong, very fine grained.



## Unconfined Compressive Strength of Rock Core (ASTM D7012 Method C)

(Project: MOE-78-8.30, Boring Location: B-002-0-23, NQ2-2, Depth: 16.7 - 17.1ft)

Tested Date: 4/10/2023

### Specimen Properties

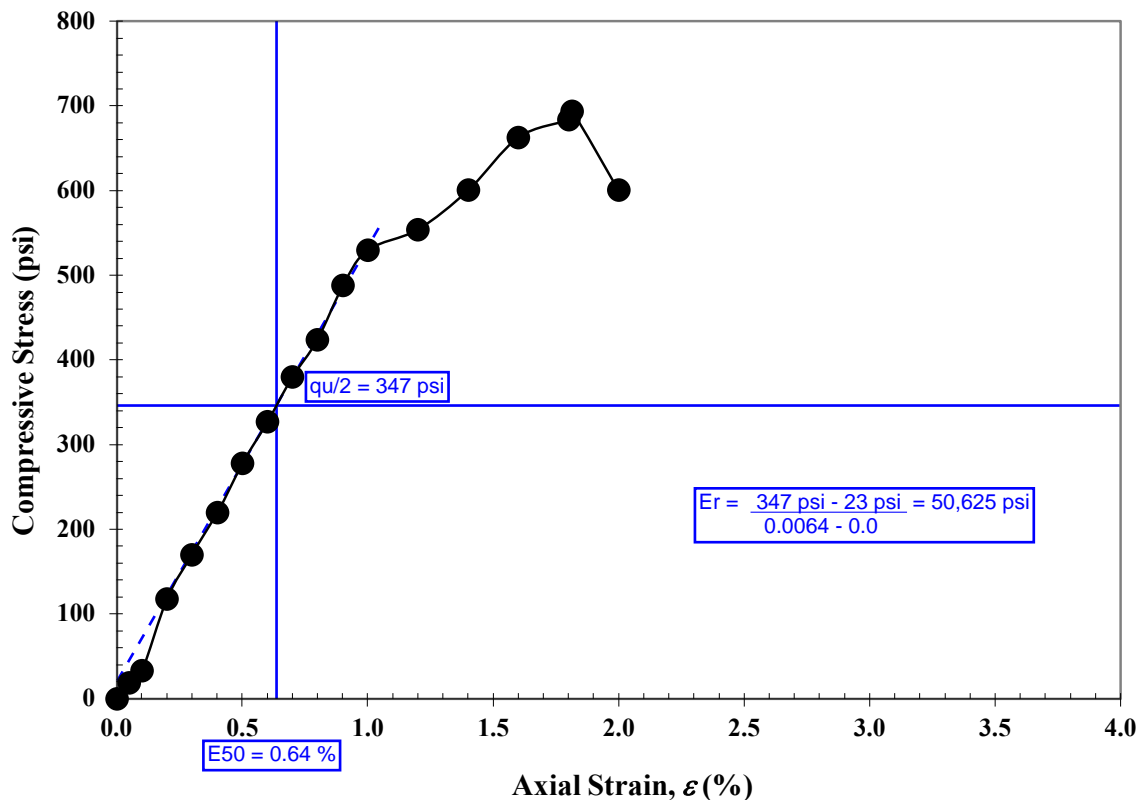
Average Dia., $D_{avg}$ (in):	1.98
Average Height, $H_{avg}$ (in):	4.30
Length to Diameter Ratio:	2.17
Area, $A$ (in <sup>2</sup> ):	3.08
Volume, $V$ (in <sup>3</sup> ):	13.24
Wet Mass of Specimen (lb):	1.2
Moisture Content (%):	2.8
Dry Mass of Specimen (lb):	1.2
Wet Unit Weight, $\gamma$ (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ):	162.0
Dry Unit Weight, $\gamma_d$ (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ):	157.5

### Final Specimen Figure



### Results

Unconfined Compressive Strength (psi):	<b>694</b>	
Strain (%):	<b>1.8</b>	<b>5</b> (MPa)



**Notes:** Siltstone, gray, slightly weathered, very weak.

## Unconfined Compressive Strength of Rock Core (ASTM D7012 Method C)

(Project: MOE-78-8.30, Boring Location: B-002-0-23, NQ2-3, Depth: 26.8 - 27.2ft)

Tested Date: 4/10/2023

### Specimen Properties

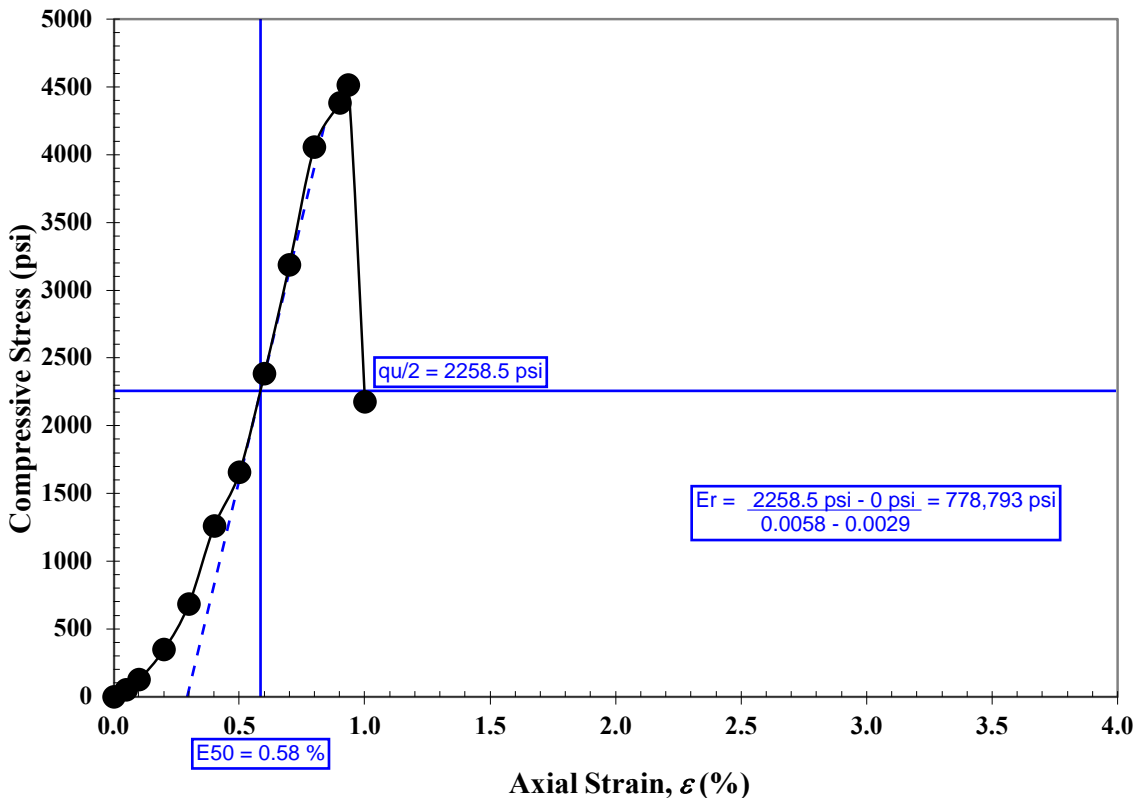
Average Dia., $D_{avg}$ (in):	1.98
Average Height, $H_{avg}$ (in):	4.50
Length to Diameter Ratio:	2.27
Area, $A$ (in <sup>2</sup> ):	3.09
Volume, $V$ (in <sup>3</sup> ):	13.89
Wet Mass of Specimen (lb):	1.3
Moisture Content (%):	1.1
Dry Mass of Specimen (lb):	1.3
Wet Unit Weight, $\gamma$ (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ):	165.9
Dry Unit Weight, $\gamma_d$ (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ):	164.1

### Final Specimen Figure



### Results

Unconfined Compressive Strength (psi):	<b>4517</b>	<b>31</b>	(MPa)
Strain (%):	<b>0.9</b>		



**Notes:** Sandstone, gray, slightly weathered, moderately strong, very fine grained.

## Unconfined Compressive Strength of Rock Core (ASTM D7012 Method C)

(Project: MOE-78-8.30, Boring Location: B-003-0-23, NQ2-1, Depth: 11.3 - 11.7ft)

Tested Date: 4/10/2023

### Specimen Properties

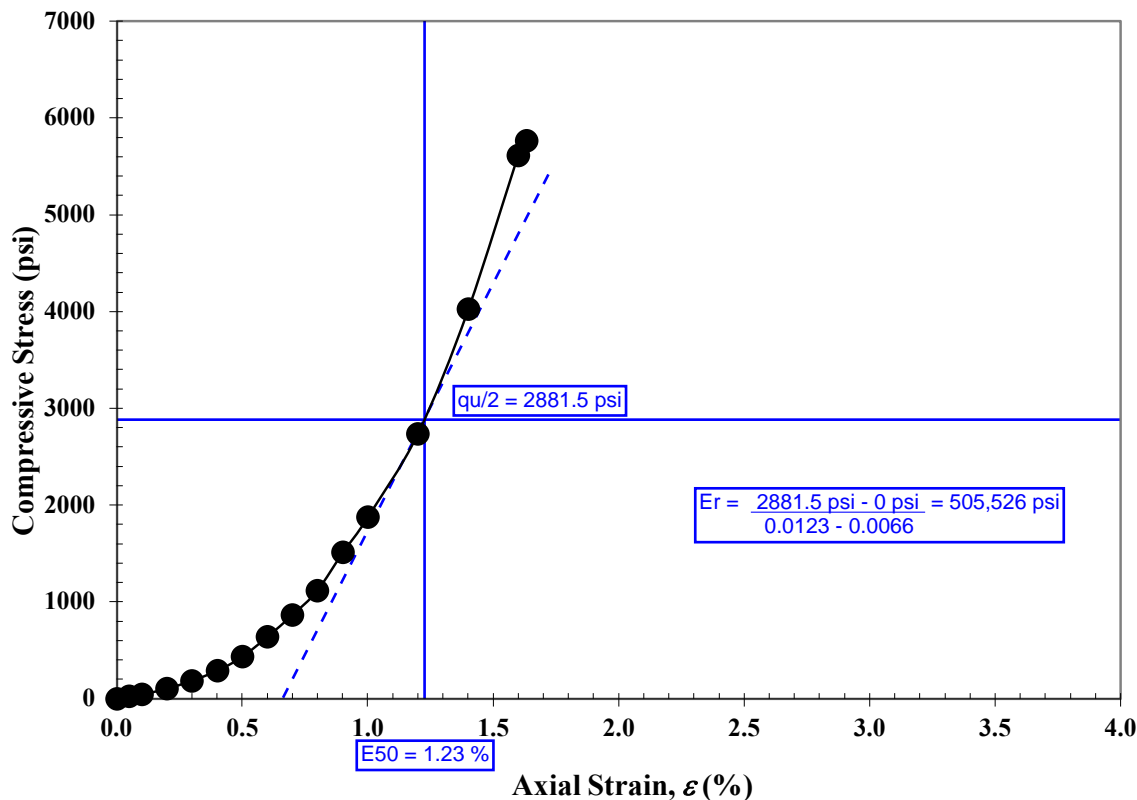
Average Dia., $D_{avg}$ (in):	1.99
Average Height, $H_{avg}$ (in):	4.29
Length to Diameter Ratio:	2.16
Area, $A$ (in <sup>2</sup> ):	3.10
Volume, $V$ (in <sup>3</sup> ):	13.30
Wet Mass of Specimen (lb):	1.2
Moisture Content (%):	2.2
Dry Mass of Specimen (lb):	1.2
Wet Unit Weight, $\gamma$ (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ):	161.6
Dry Unit Weight, $\gamma_d$ (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ):	158.2

### Final Specimen Figure



### Results

Unconfined Compressive Strength (psi):	<b>5763</b>	<b>40</b>	(MPa)
Strain (%):	<b>1.6</b>		



**Notes:** Sandstone, gray, slightly weathered, moderately strong, fine grained.



## Slope Stability Analyses

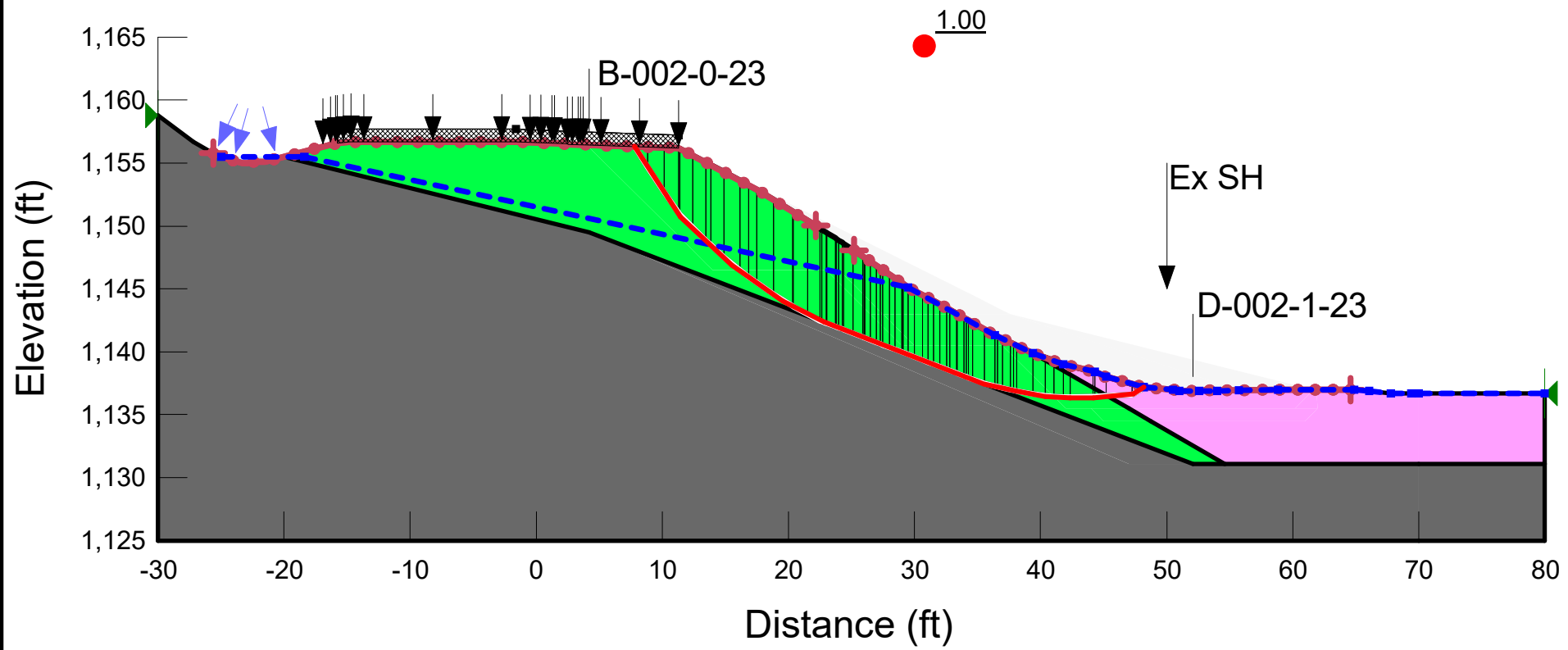
AKB Note: New content begins here.



**Station 441+75**  
**Existing Conditions**



Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
■	1. V. Stiff to Hard Cohesive (LT)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	95	25
■	3. Soft to M. Stiff Cohesive (LT)	Mohr-Coulomb	105	15	15
■	Bedrock	Bedrock (Impenetrable)			

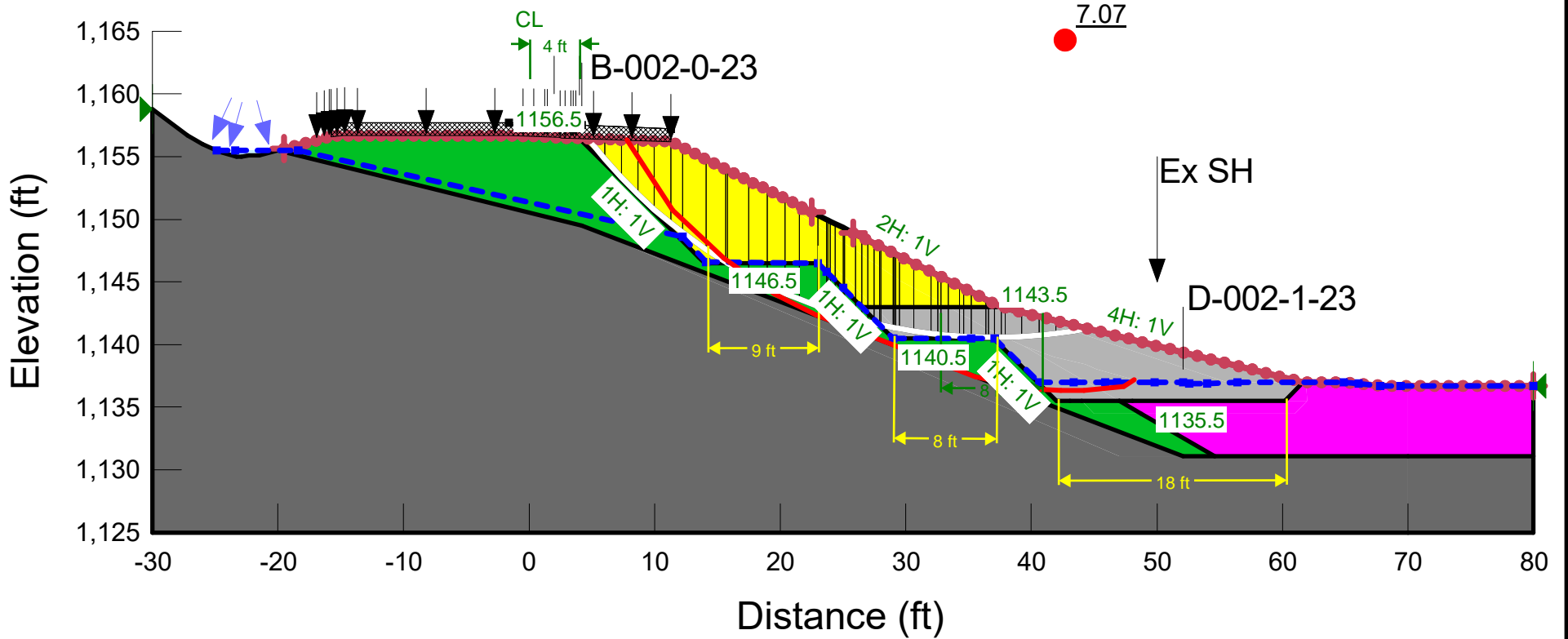


01_Existing Condition
20240402_MOE-78-8.30 Slope Stability_EarthWork_revised.gsz
04/03/2024
1:150



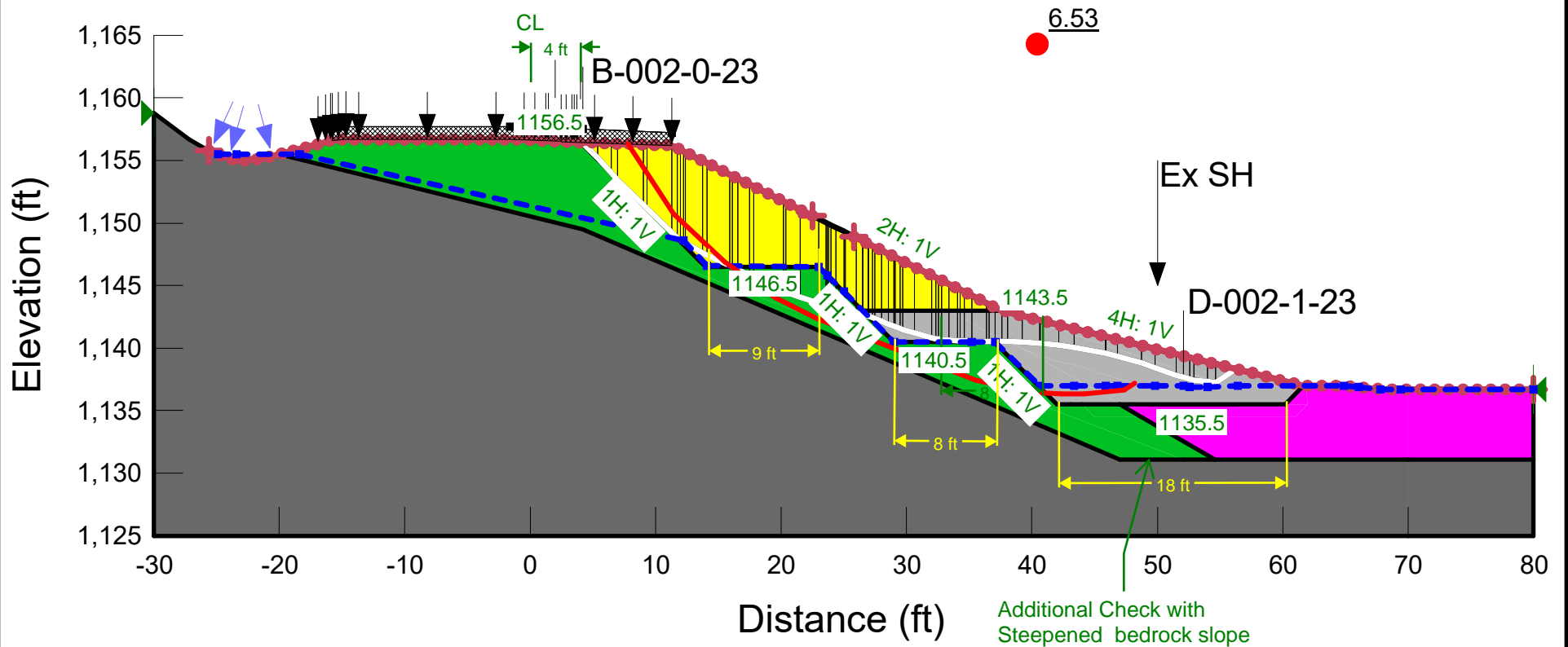
Station 441+75  
Post-Construction Stability

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
■	1. V. Stiff to Hard Cohesive (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	2,800	0
■	3. Soft to M. Stiff Cohesive (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	105	500	0
■	Bedrock	Bedrock (Impenetrable)			
■	Dump Rock Fill	Mohr-Coulomb	140	0	36
■	Item 203 - Embankment Fill (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	2,000	0



02_Proposed Earthwork (ST)
20240402_MOE-78-8.30 Slope Stability_EarthWork_revised.gsz
04/03/2024 1:150

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
■	1. V. Stiff to Hard Cohesive (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	2,800	0
■	3. Soft to M. Stiff Cohesive (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	105	500	0
■	Bedrock	Bedrock (Impenetrable)			
■	Dump Rock Fill	Mohr-Coulomb	140	0	36
■	Item 203 - Embankment Fill (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	2,000	0



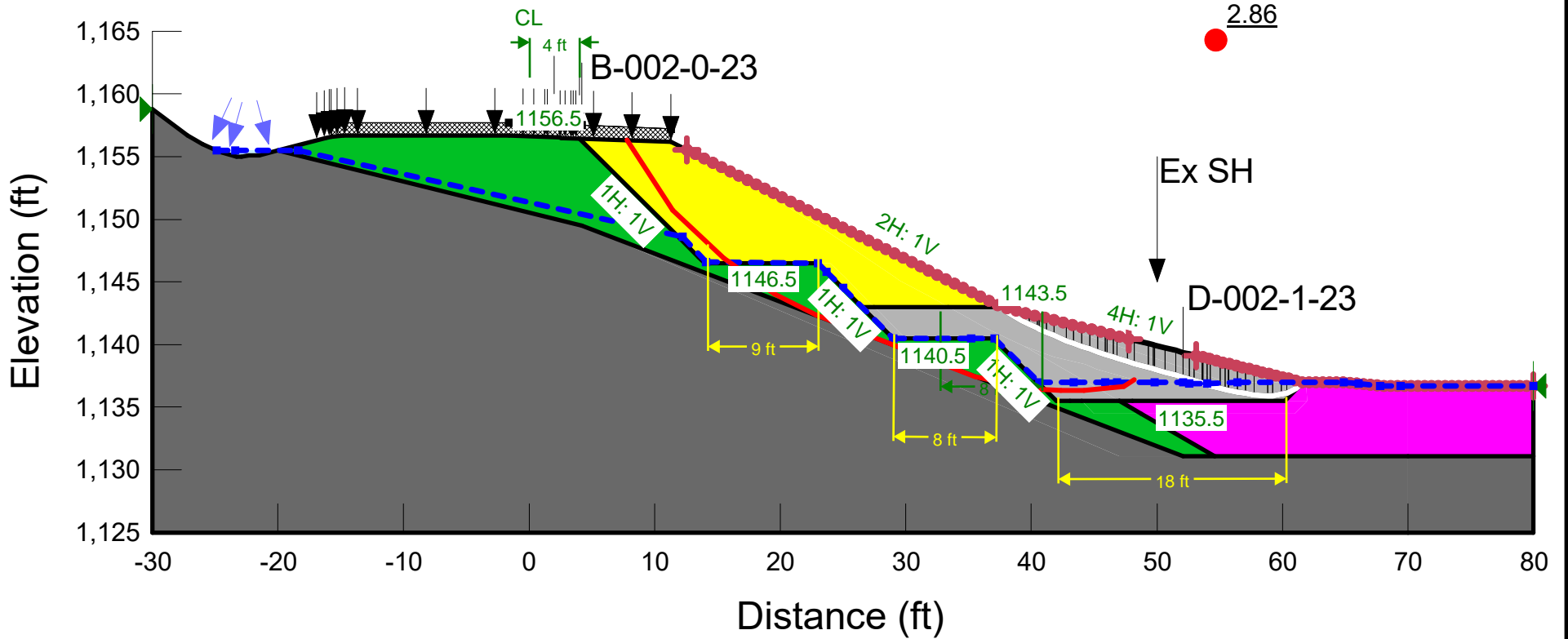
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20240402\_MOE-78-8.30 Slope Stability\_EarthWork\_revised.gsz

04/03/2024

1:150

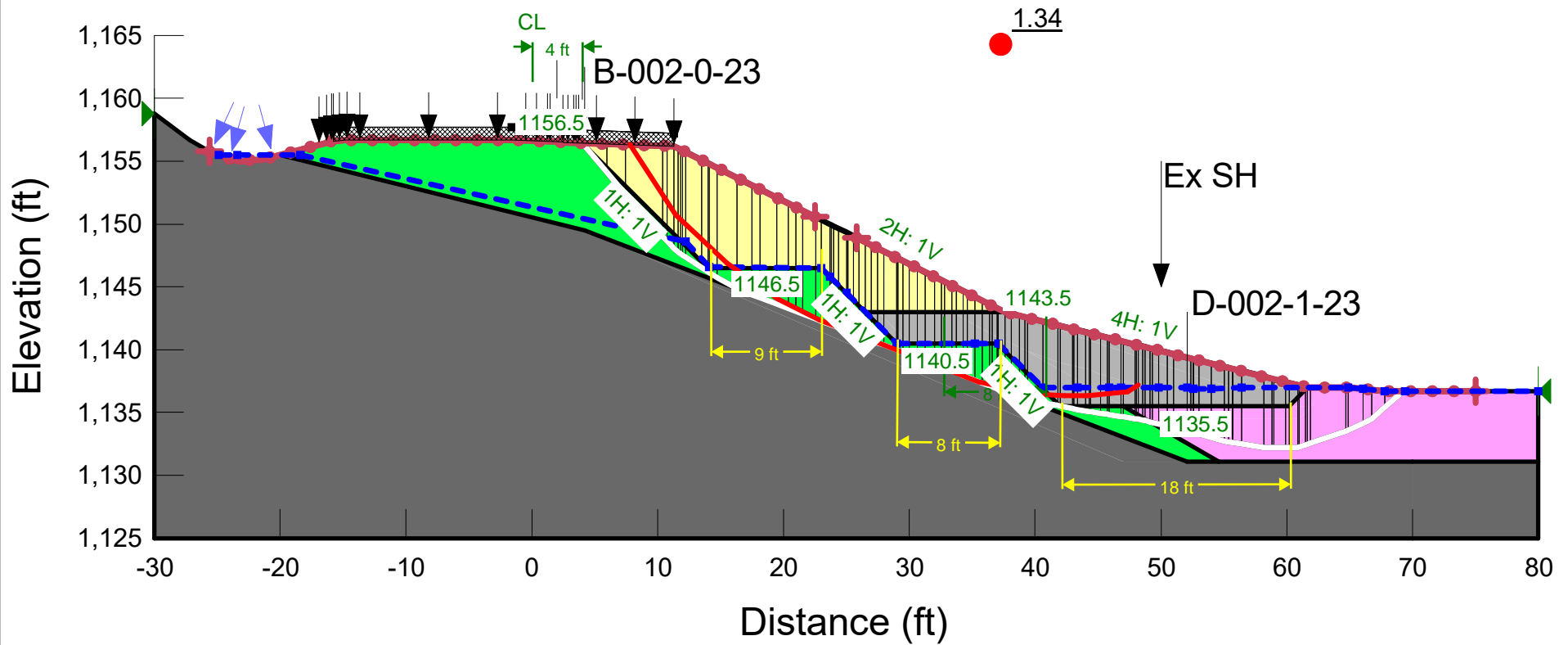
Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
■	1. V. Stiff to Hard Cohesive (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	2,800	0
■	3. Soft to M. Stiff Cohesive (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	105	500	0
■	Bedrock	Bedrock (Impenetrable)			
■	Dump Rock Fill	Mohr-Coulomb	140	0	36
■	Item 203 - Embankment Fill (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	2,000	0



02_Proposed Earthwork (ST) (3)	
20240402_MOE-78-8.30 Slope Stability_EarthWork_revised.gsz	
04/03/2024	1:150



Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
■	1. V. Stiff to Hard Cohesive (LT)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	95	25
■	3. Soft to M. Stiff Cohesive (LT)	Mohr-Coulomb	105	15	15
■	Bedrock	Bedrock (Impenetrable)			
■	Dump Rock Fill	Mohr-Coulomb	140	0	36
■	Item 203 - Embankment Fill (LT)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	200	28



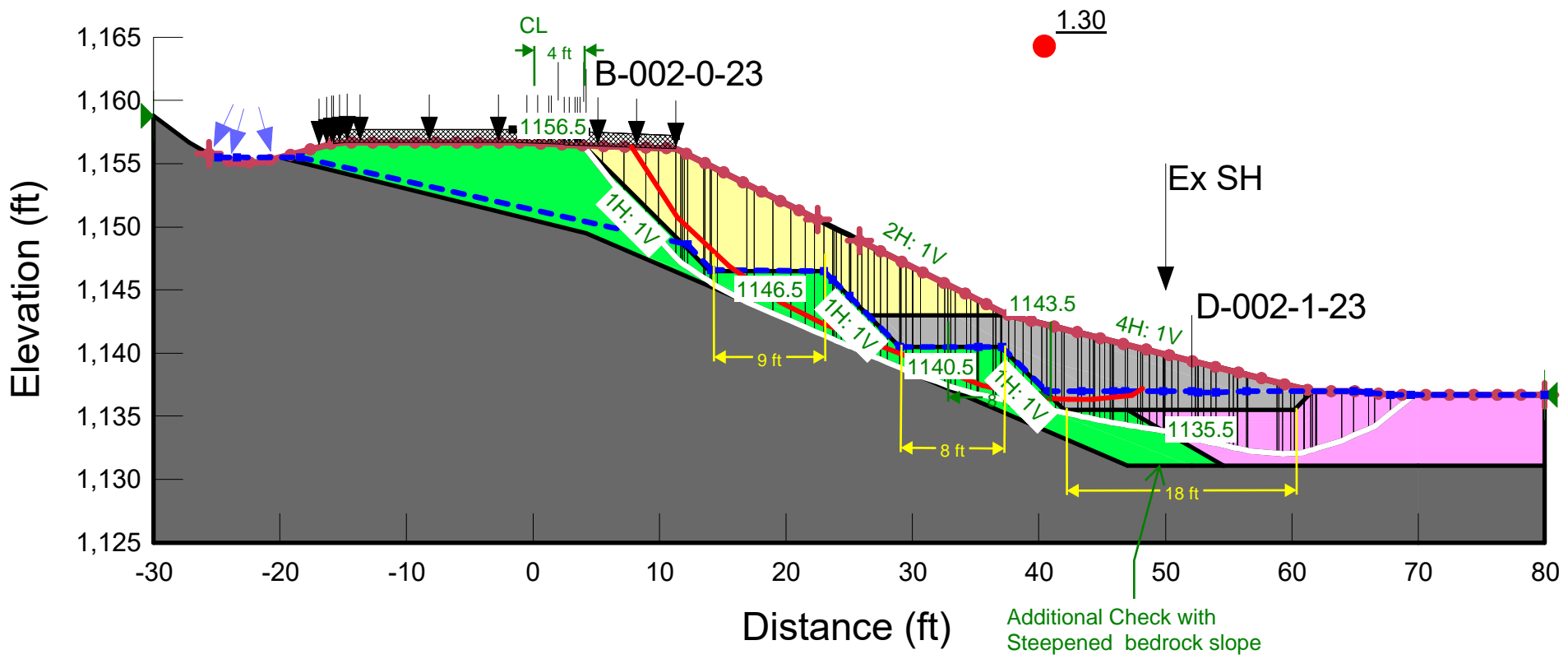
02\_Proposed Earthwork (LT)

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04/03/2024

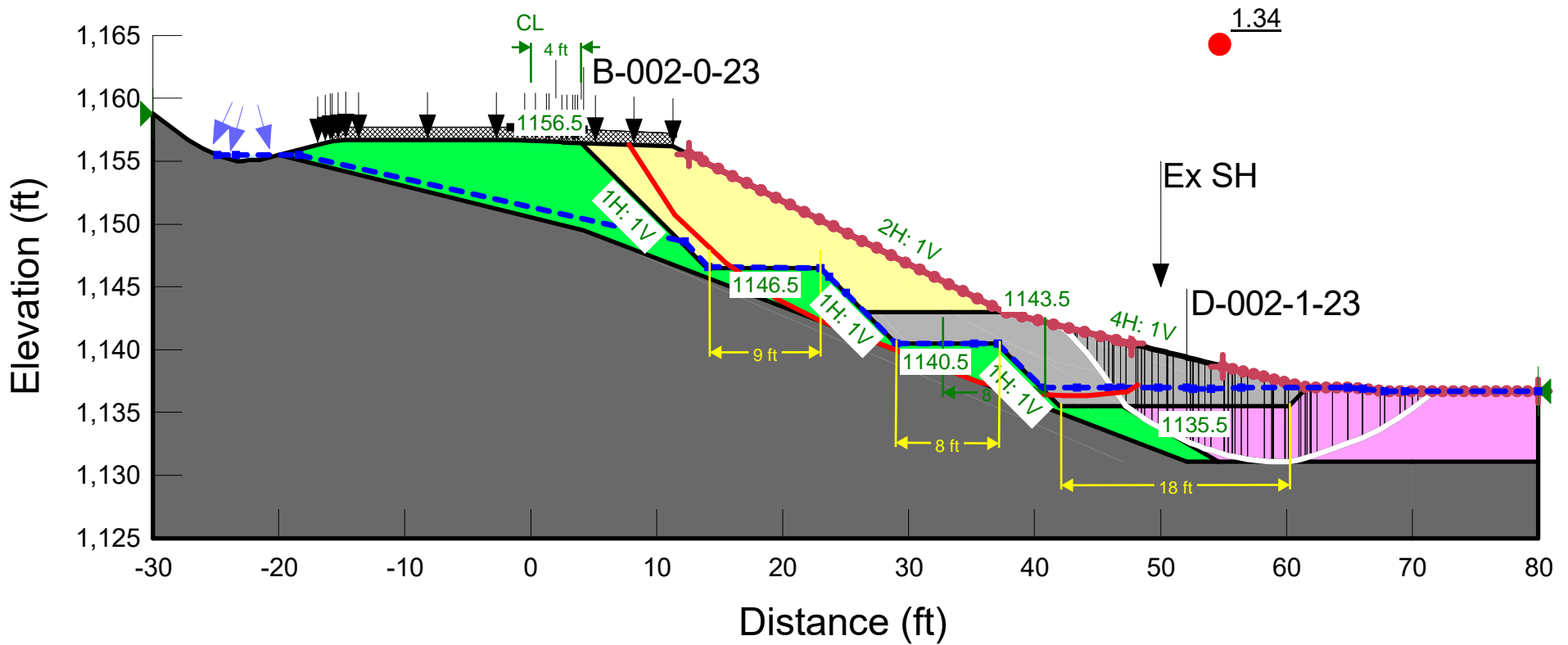
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Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
■	1. V. Stiff to Hard Cohesive (LT)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	95	25
■	3. Soft to M. Stiff Cohesive (LT)	Mohr-Coulomb	105	15	15
■	Bedrock	Bedrock (Impenetrable)			
■	Dump Rock Fill	Mohr-Coulomb	140	0	36
■	Item 203 - Embankment Fill (LT)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	200	28



02_Proposed Earthwork (LT) (2)
20240402_MOE-78-8.30 Slope Stability_EarthWork_revised.gsz
04/03/2024
1:150

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
■	1. V. Stiff to Hard Cohesive (LT)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	95	25
■	3. Soft to M. Stiff Cohesive (LT)	Mohr-Coulomb	105	15	15
■	Bedrock	Bedrock (Impenetrable)			
■	Dump Rock Fill	Mohr-Coulomb	140	0	36
■	Item 203 - Embankment Fill (LT)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	200	28



02_Proposed Earthwork (LT) (3)
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04/03/2024
1:150

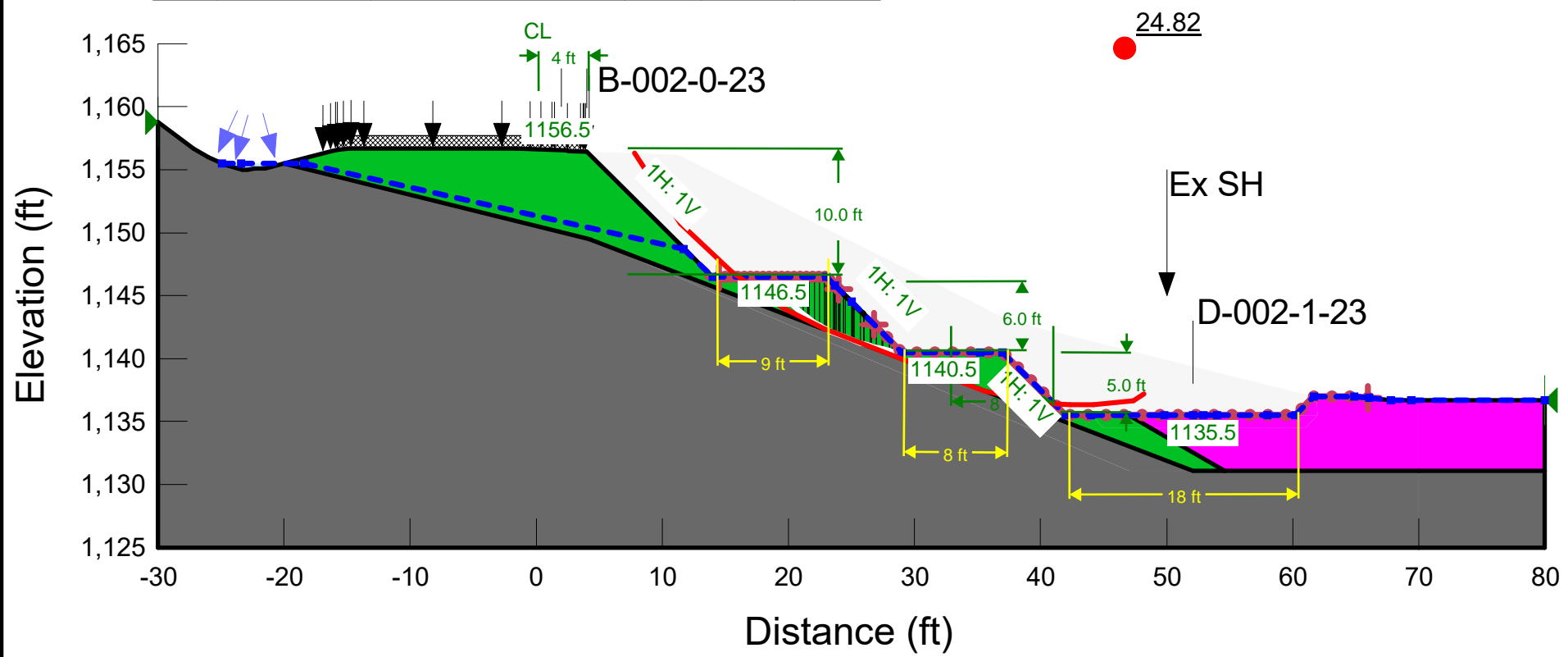


**Station 441+75**  
**Constructability**



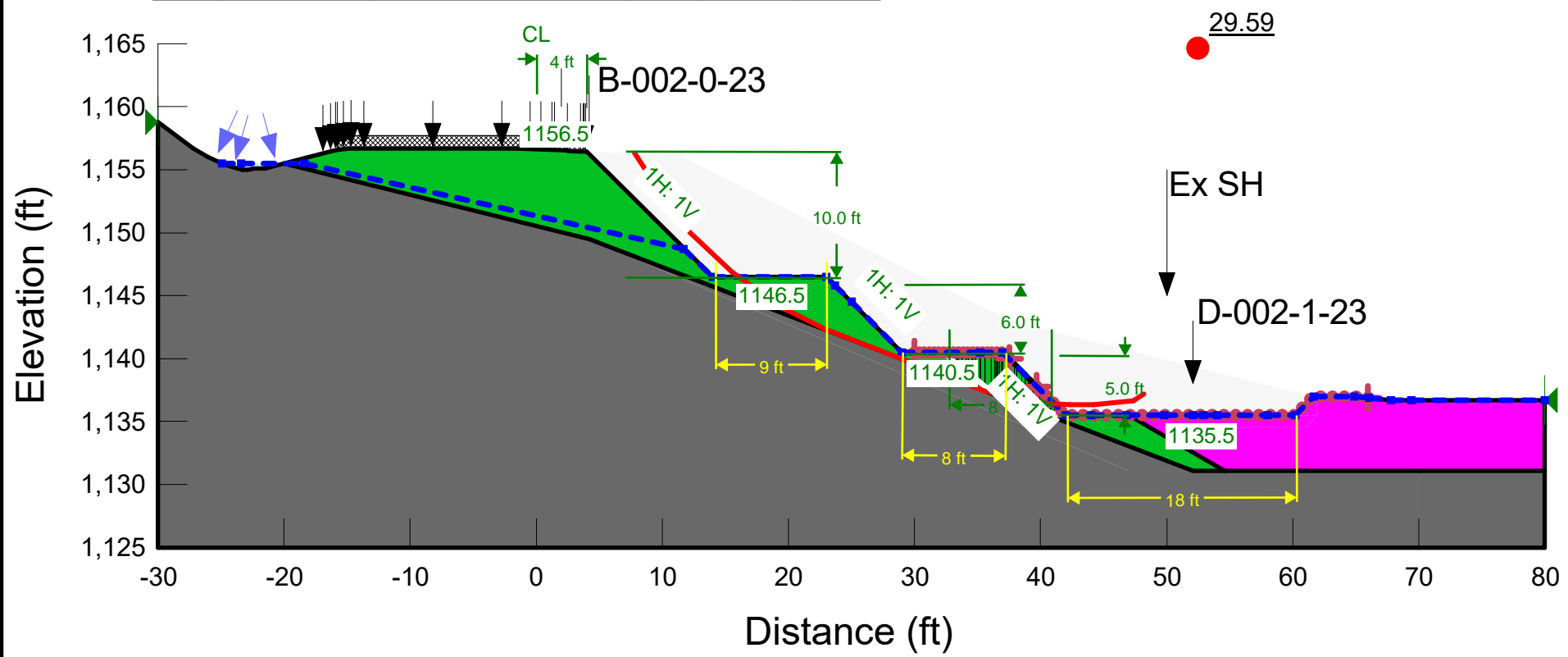


Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
■	1. V. Stiff to Hard Cohesive (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	2,800	0
■	3. Soft to M. Stiff Cohesive (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	105	500	0
■	Bedrock	Bedrock (Impenetrable)			



03_Constructability (2)
20240402_MOE-78-8.30 Slope Stability_EarthWork_revised.gsz
04/03/2024
1:150

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
■	1. V. Stiff to Hard Cohesive (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	125	2,800	0
■	3. Soft to M. Stiff Cohesive (ST)	Mohr-Coulomb	105	500	0
■	Bedrock	Bedrock (Impenetrable)			



03_Constructability (3)	
20240402_MOE-78-8.30 Slope Stability_EarthWork_revised.gsz	
04/03/2024	1:150



## **Slope Excavation and Replacement Design Section Detail**



HORIZONTAL  
SCALE IN FEET



A horizontal scale bar with markings at 0, 10, 20, and 40 feet. The bar is divided into segments by vertical lines. The segments between 0 and 10, 10 and 20, and 20 and 40 are each divided into two equal parts by shorter vertical lines, indicating a scale where each small segment represents 5 feet.

**HDR**

DESIGNER	
DCM	
REVIEWER	
AKB 04/04/24	
PROJECT ID	
117973	
SHEET	TOTAL
P.1	3

BENCHING OF FOUNDATION SLOPES

ALTHOUGH CROSS-SECTIONS INDICATE SPECIFIC DIMENSIONS FOR PROPOSED BENCHING OF THE EMBANKMENT FOUNDATIONS IN CERTAIN AREAS, NO WAIVER OF THE SPECIFICATIONS IS INTENDED. BENCH ALL OTHER SLOPED EMBANKMENT AREAS AS SET FORTH IN 203.05. NO ADDITIONAL PAYMENT WILL BE MADE FOR BENCHING REQUIRED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF 203.05.

FIELD VERIFICATION OF QUANTITIES

DUE TO THE NATURE OF THE PROJECT BEING A SLIDE REPAIR, THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD VERIFICATION OR QUANTITIES PRIOR TO BIDDING AND THEN PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THE ACTUAL WORK LOCATIONS AND QUANTITIES PERFORMED SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE FINAL CHANGE ORDER GOVERNING COMPLETION OF THIS PROJECT.

ITEM 601 - DUMPED ROCK FILL, TYPE C, AS PER PLAN

WHEN EXCAVATING FOR THE SHEAR KEY, NO MORE THAN 50 LINEAR FEET ALONG THE BACK OF THE KEY SHALL BE EXCAVATED WITHOUT REPLACING WITH DUMPED ROCK FILL, TYPE C, AS PER PLAN. THE ENGINEER MAY VARY THE 50 LINEAR FT BASED ON SITE CONDITIONS (STABILITY). NO EXCAVATION SHALL BE LEFT OPEN OVERNIGHT. SCHEDULE WORK SO AS TO HAVE THE SHEAR KEY BACKFILLED AND STABILIZED PRIOR TO LEAVING THE SITE.

IN THIS AREA BETWEEN STATIONS "X" TO "Y" DUMPED ROCK FILL, TYPE C, AS PER PLAN, AS SHOWN ON THE CROSS-SECTIONS, MAY BE PLACED BY THE METHOD OF END DUMPING IF SURFACE WATER IS PRESENT AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION. END DUMPING METHODS MAY BE USED UP TO EN ELEVATION 2 FEET ABOVE THE WATER LEVEL. ABOVE THIS ELEVATION, EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION METHODS WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH 203.05 AND 203.07 INCLUSIVE. DURING NORMAL CLEARING AND GRUBBING, WHERE END DUMPING IS PERMITTED, THE REQUIREMENTS OF 201.04 FOR SCALPING SHALE BE WAIVED.

EXCAVATE THE BOTTOM OF THE SHEAR KEY TO ELEVATION AS INDICATED ON THE DESIGN SECTION.

SPRING DRAINS

THE FOLLOWING ESTIMATED QUANTITIES HAVE BEEN CARRIED TO THE GENERAL SUMMARY FOR USE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER FOR DRAINING ANY SPRINGS SHOWN IN THE PLAN OR ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF PIPES MAY BE USED: 707.33, 707.41, 707.42 or 707.45 PERFORATED PER 707.31.

SPRING DRAINS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS SHOWN ON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DRAWING DM-1.1 AND PAID FOR AT THE CONTRACT PRICE FOR:

- 605, 6" UNCLASSIFIED PIPE UNDERDRAINS FOR SPRINGS  
\_\_\_\_\_ FT.
- 605, AGGREGATE DRAINS FOR SPRINGS  
\_\_\_\_\_ FT.
- 611, PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE OUTLET  
\_\_\_\_\_ EACH

ITEM 203 - EMBANKMENT, AS PER PLAN

IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF CMS ITEM 203, THIS ITEM SHALL INCLUDE ITEM 203, EXCAVATION REQUIRED TO BLEND THE EXISTING SLOPES TO THE NEWLY CONSTRUCTED SLOPE AT EACH END OF THE SITE. THIS SHALL BE INCIDENTAL TO ITEM 203, EMBANKMENT, AS PER PLAN.

ITEM 203 - GRANULAR EMBANKMENT, AS PER PLAN (NO. 8 AGGREGATE)

FURNISH DURABLE, NATURAL AGGREGATE NO. 8 SIZE. PLACE THE AGGREGATE AT THE THICKNESS AND SLOPE AS SHOWN ON THE CROSS-SECTIONS AND THE SPECIAL BENCHING SLOPE DRAINS DETAIL.

ITEM 204 - GEOTEXTILE FABRIC, AS PER PLAN

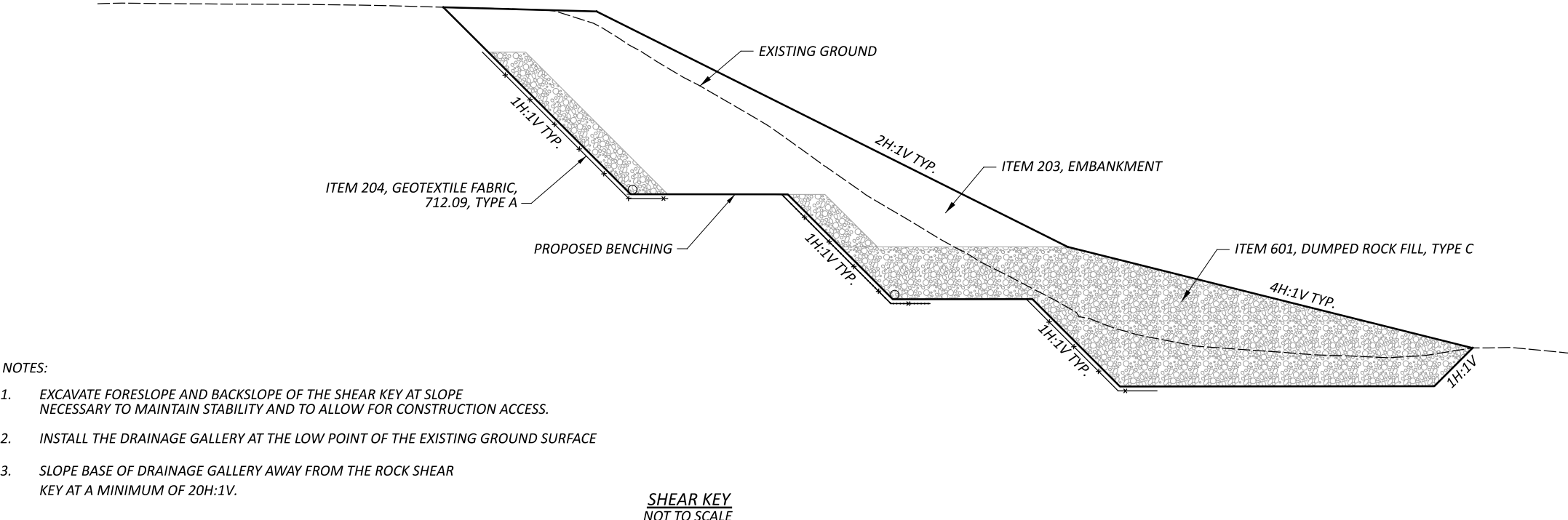
IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF CMS ITEM 204, THIS ITEM SHALL BE 712.09 TYPE D FABRIC.

PAYMENT FOR THE ABOVE WORK SHALL BE MADE AT THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR ITEM 204, GEOTEXTILE FABRIC, AS PER PLAN AND SHALL INCLUDE ALL LABOR, TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS NECESSARY TO INSTALL THE FABRIC.

SPECIAL BENCHING SLOPE DRAINS

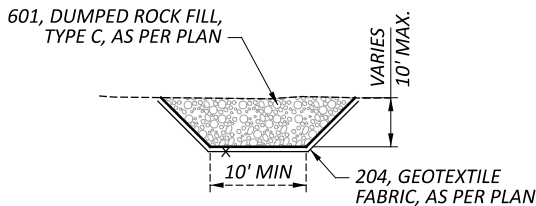
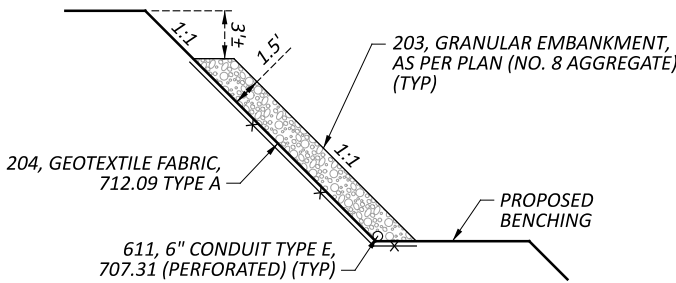
PLACE SPECIAL BENCHING SLOPE DRAINS AT THE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND PROFILE AND CROSS SECTION SHEETS. THESE DRAINS SHALL CONSIST OF ITEM 204, GEOTEXTILE FABRIC, 712.09 TYPE A, AND ITEM 611, CONDUIT TYPE E, 707.31 (PERFORATED). THE TYPE E CONDUIT SHALL BE PERFORATEED AS PER CONDUIT FOR ITEM 605, UNCLASSIFIED PIPE UNDERDRAINS. TRANSVERSE OUTLET DRAINS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLAN & PROFILE AND CROSS SECTION SHEETS. THESE OUTLET DRAINS SHALL CONSIST OF ITEM 611 CONDUIT TYPE F, 707.33 WITH ITEM 611 PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE OUTLETS AND A TIED CONCRETE BLOCK MAT TYPE 1 GROUTED ACCORDING TO 601.12.

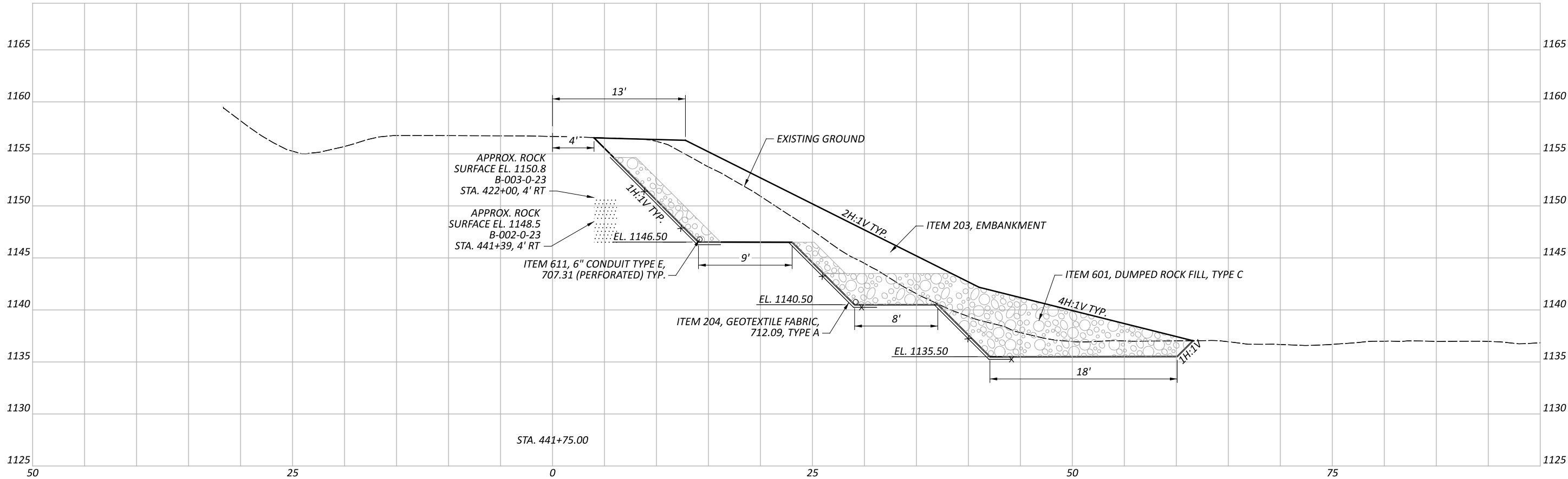
SEE SPECIAL BENCHING SLOPE DRAINS DETAIL ON THIS SHEET FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.



- NOTES:
- EXCAVATE FORESLOPE AND BACKSLOPE OF THE SHEAR KEY AT SLOPE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN STABILITY AND TO ALLOW FOR CONSTRUCTION ACCESS.
  - INSTALL THE DRAINAGE GALLERY AT THE LOW POINT OF THE EXISTING GROUND SURFACE
  - SLOPE BASE OF DRAINAGE GALLERY AWAY FROM THE ROCK SHEAR KEY AT A MINIMUM OF 20H:1V.

SHEAR KEY  
NOT TO SCALE





BORING	STATION	OFFSET	APPROX. SURFACE ELEVATION	APPROX. ROCK SURFACE ELEVATION
B-001-0-23	440+74	6' RT	1153.7	1147.7
B-002-0-23	441+39	4' RT	1155.5	1148.5
B-003-0-23	442+00	4' RT	1157.3	1150.8

SLOPE EXCAVATION AND REPLACEMENT DETAIL  
CRITICAL SECTION STA. 441+75

DESIGN AGENCY



DESIGNER

DCM

REVIEWER

AKB 04/04/24

PROJECT ID

117973

SHEET

P.3

TOTAL

3