DESIGN MEMORANDUM

TO: Mark Seger, P.E., District 6

COPY: Jeffrey Hipp, P.E., District 6 DGE

FROM: Dorothy A. Adams, P.E., Office of Geotechnical Engineering

DATE: August 28, 2023

SUBJECT: PID 115675, Bridge UNI-33-9.10 L&R, US 33 over Raymond Road, Design Memorandum

BRIDGE NO. UNI-33-9.10 L&R US 33 OVER CR 191 RAYMOND ROAD

Introduction

It is understood that the existing twin 3-span structures will have the decks replaced and the existing spread footings at the abutments will be converted to integral abutments supported on driven piles. The purpose of this subsurface exploration was to evaluate the foundation soils at the abutments to see what length and size of pile foundations will be required under the anticipated new loading from the bridge rehabilitation and also to evaluate settlement and stability at the existing approach embankments.

GEOLOGY AND OBSERVATIONS OF THE PROJECT

The project is located within the Central Ohio Clayey Till Plain Physiographic region which is characterized by moderate relief with well-defined moraines and relatively flat ground moraines between. Intermorainal lake basins which contain silt, clay, or till are present in variable sizes. Granular soils are present beneath the cohesive soils found at the ground surface. The glacially deposited overburden soils are underlain by dolomite with minor amounts of shale from the Salina Group of Silurian Age. The contact with the Tymochtee Dolomite is immediately to the north.

The field reconnaissance was completed by personnel from the Office of Geotechnical Engineering (OGE) on January 30, 2023. The existing structures were noted as being in poor condition with patching and heavy spalling of the existing decks. Evidence of minor settlement at the rear abutment of WB 33 was noted during the structural inspection. The existing pavement was in fair condition with evidence of cracking and occasional sealing. The approach embankments were in good condition with no signs of instability with minor erosion along the pavement of US 33. The adjacent land usage was predominately wooded within the right-of-way along US 33 and along the west side of Raymond Road. In addition, there was a commercial property on the east side of Raymond Road north of US 33 and a church property on the east side of Raymond Road south of US 33.

EXPLORATION AND FINDINGS

Four (4) historic borings, B-1, B-8, B-9, and B-16, were drilled in 1963 for the existing structures. These borings were renamed B-001-2-63, B-008-0-63, B-009-0-63, and B-016-0-63 for the current exploration. The historic borings were drilled to depths between 35.5 and 55.0 feet. Refusal was encountered in all four borings and bedrock was cored in Boring B-008-0-63 between depths of 46.5 and 55.0 feet. The natural soils encountered consisted primarily of layers of cohesive soil (A-4a, A-6a, and A-6b). Some granular layers (A-1-a, A-1-b, A-2-4, and A-4a) were also encountered, particularly below depths of 12.0 feet.

No water levels were reported during the drilling of the historic borings.



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Three (3) SPT borings, B-001-0-23, B-002-0-23 and B-004-0-23, were completed as part of the subsurface exploration between March 6 and March 16, 2023, with a truck mounted CME 55 rotary drill rig. In addition, three (3) CPT soundings, C-001-1-23, C-003-0-23, and C-003-1-23, were advanced on February 7, 2023, near the westbound rear abutment. Borings B-001-0-23 and B-002-0-23 were advanced though the existing pavement on US 33 near the westbound and eastbound rear abutments, respectively, to depths of 80.0 and 99.5 feet. Boring B-004-0-23 was advanced in the median of US 33 between the forward abutments to a depth of 74.5 feet. The borings were advanced with 3 ¼-inch I.D. hollow stem augers within the soil. Split-spoon (disturbed) samples were collected in accordance with the Standard Penetration Test (AASHTO T206) at continuous, 2.5-foot, and 5.0-foot intervals within the overburden soils. The hammer system used was calibrated on April 18, 2022, with a maximum drill rod energy ratio (ER) of 86.7%. Only Boring B-002-0-23 was advanced into bedrock and sampled (AASHTO T225) using an N series wireline core barrel, water method.

At the road surface, the borings encountered 17 to 18 inches of asphalt concrete. Boring B-004-0-23 encountered 6 inches of topsoil below the ground surface. Below the surface material, the embankment fill encountered in the borings consisted of very stiff to hard cohesive soils (A-6a and A-6b). The natural soils beneath the embankment consisted primarily of very stiff to hard cohesive soils (A-4a, A-6a, and A-6b), to either the top of rock or the completion depth of the borings. Layers of dense to very dense granular soils (A-1-a, A-1-b, and A-2-4) were also encountered, generally below depths of 43 to 53 feet. Cobbles were also encountered in Boring B-002-0-23 between depths of 18.5 and 20.0 feet (elevations 1005.4 and 1006.9) and also 43.5 and 45.0 feet (elevations 980.4 and 981.9). Ten feet of bedrock was cored in Boring B-002-0-23 and consisted of strong dolomite.

Water levels were first observed between depths of 43.5 and 53.5 feet (elevations 971.9 and 975.9) in the borings, where the granular layers were first encountered. The project and historic borings are attached.

The CPT soundings were advanced using a 15 square centimeter cone that had a sleeve area of 225 square centimeters and 1 3 4-inches diameter pushed with an A.P. van Den Berg unit mounted on a Hyson 23-ton crawler in accordance with ASTM D-5778, using probe serial numbers 201039, 090304 and 160701, which were calibrated on November 16, 2020, August 19, 2020, and January 29, 2019, respectively. The tip resistance (q_c), sleeve friction (f_s), and induced pore pressure (u₂) were measured at 2-centimeter intervals. Pore pressure dissipation tests were performed at selected soundings at depths within representative strata for water table depth estimation.

Sounding C-001-1-23, completed through the approach embankment, encountered low resistance material with tip resistance below 100 tsf and sleeve friction below 3 tsf to a depth of approximately 46 feet (elevation 977.9), where both tip resistance and sleeve friction increased. A dissipation test was completed at 49.75 feet but unable to be run long enough to obtain a static water level. Soundings C-003-0-23 and C-003-1-23 were completed at the base of the embankment below the westbound rear abutment north of US 33. C-003-0-23 encountered low tip resistance and sleeve friction in the upper soils and was terminated at a shallow depth due to encountering an obstruction. C-003-1 was offset from C-003-0-23 due to the shallow termination. This sounding encountered low tip resistance and sleeve friction to a depth of 16 feet before both tip resistance and sleeve friction increased, generally varying between 100 and 500 tsf for tip resistance and between 3 and 9 tsf for sleeve friction, terminating at a depth of approximately 34 feet. A dissipation test was completed in C-003-0-23 at approximately 19 feet (elevation 974.0), indicating artesian head pressure

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in the lower sand layer. A static water elevation of 991.4 feet was estimated in the sounding. The CPT exploration report is attached.

ANALYSES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The purpose of this subsurface exploration was two-fold: 1) to evaluate the foundation soils at the abutments to see what length and size of pile foundations will be required under the anticipated new loading from the bridge rehabilitation and 2) to evaluate settlement and stability at the existing approach embankments.

1) Pile Foundations

HP 10×42 pile foundations were evaluated for use at the abutments. The following table presents the assumptions made and the results of the pile analyses.

	Bottom of Pile	Factored Axial	Resistance	Design UBV	Estimated	Estimated
Substructure	Cap Elevation	Load	Factor	(R _{ndr} ,	Pile Length	Pile Tip
	(ft)	(kips/pile)	Applied	kips/pile)	(ft)	Elev. (ft)
Rear Abutment	1014.0	145	0.7	207	45.0	971.5
Forward Abutment	1010.25	145	0.7	207	40.0	974.3

A wave equation driveability analysis was performed and confirmed that the piles will not be overstressed during driving.

Orient the H-piles so the webs are parallel to the centerline of bearing, in accordance with BDM 2020 Section 306.2.2.5. Due to the boulders encountered in the borings, it is recommended that steel pile points be used.

2) Embankment Settlement and Stability

No assessment of overall (global) stability was performed, as there was no instability noted in the field and minimal to no change in the existing grade is anticipated.

No assessment of the settlement was performed, either. The minor settlement observed at the rear abutment was not observed at any other part of the structure. In addition, no change to the external loads from the bridge are anticipated.

CLOSING REMARKS

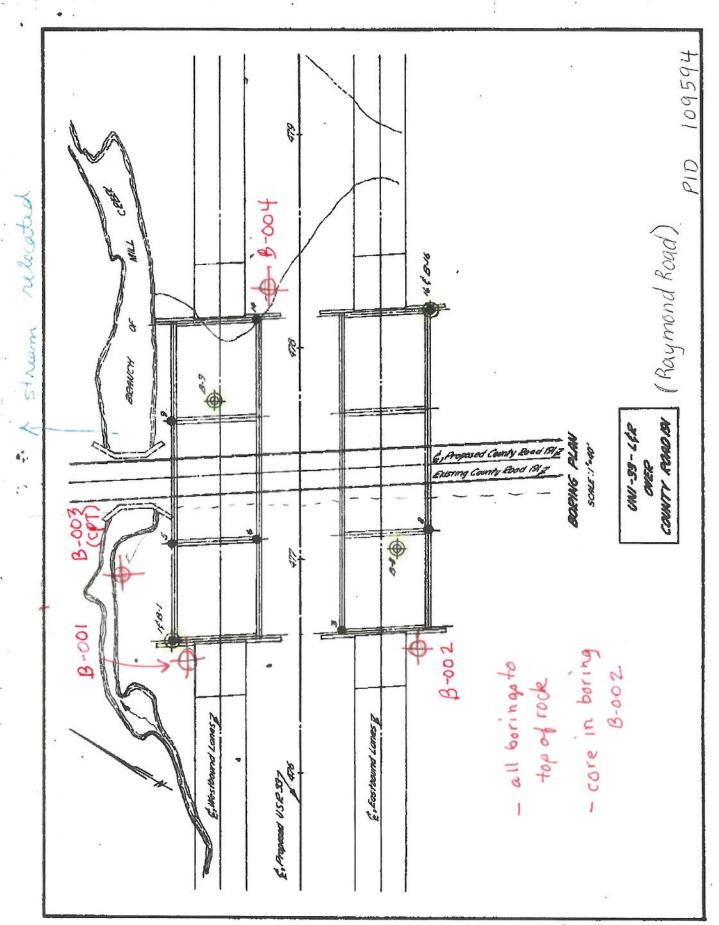
If you have any questions regarding these recommendations, or if any changes are made to the design assumptions, please contact me at (614) 275-1356 or Alex Dettloff at (614) 275-1308.

Thank you,

DAA

pc: Reading File, File

Attachments: Boring Location Plan, Boring Logs, CPT Exploration Report



Sheet 4 of 23 Sheets

ROJECT: UNI-33-9.12 YPE: BRIDGE DRILLING FIRM / SAMPLING FIRM ID: 115675 SFN: 8000905 DRILLING METHO TART: 3/8/23 END: 3/13/23 SAMPLING METHO	/ Loggi DD:	ER: 0		EISH	HAMI CALII	MER: BRATI	CN ON DA ATIO (MATIC /18/22 87	_	STAT ALIGI ELEV LAT /	NMEI ATIC	NT: _ N: _1	025.4	C 4 (MS		OB:	80 8.3943	EXPLORA B-001- 0.0 ft.
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			AND NOTES			965.4	DEPTI	по	RQD	N ₆₀	(%)	ID	(tsf)	GR	CS	FS	SI	CL	LL	PL	PI	WC	CLASS (GI)	SEALED
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				980.9		- 37 - - 38 -	-															
VERY STIFF, BROV CLAY, TRACE STOI	VN AND GRAY, SANDY NE FRAGMENTS, MOIS	SILT , SOME T				- - - - - 40 -	2 5 7	17	56	SS-14	2.50	7	16	35	21	21	24	17	7	21	A-4a (1)	
						- 41 - - 42 - - 43 -																
VERY DENSE, GRA AND SILT, TRACE (Y, STONE FRAGMENTS CLAY, WET	S WITH SAND		975.9	W 975.9	43 44 45	45 37 26	91	78	SS-15	-	45	12	17	18	8	16	14	2	13	A-2-4 (0)	
						- 46 - - 47 -																
						- 48 - - 49 -	8 24 22	66	78	SS-16	-	46	14	14	20	6	15	13	2	8	A-2-4 (0)	
						50 51 52																
HARD, GRAY, SANI LITTLE CLAY, DAMI	DY SILT , SOME STONE	FRAGMENTS,		965.9		- 53 - - 54 -	8 20	79	83	SS-17	4.5+	30	16	14	28	12	17	13	4	9	A-4a (1)	
						55 56	35															
						57 58 50	19															
						— 59 - -	30 46	110	100	SS-18	4.5+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	A-4a (V)	

PID:	115675	SFN: _	8000905	PROJECT:	UNI-3	3-9.12		STATION	OFFSE	T:			_ S	TART	: _3/1	13/23	_ E	ND: _	3/10	6/23	_ P	G 2 O	F 2 B-00	4-0-23
		M	ATERIAL DESCRI			ELEV.	DE	EPTHS	SPT/	N ₆₀		SAMPLE			GRAD					ERBE			ODOT CLASS (CI)	HOLE
HΔR	D GRAY	SANDY	AND NOTES SILT, SOME STON		ППП	959.4			RQD	60	(%)	ID	(tsf)	GR	CS	FS	SI	CL	LL	PL	PI	WC	CLASS (GI)	SEALE
LITT	LE CLAY,	DAMP (c	ontinued)	VETTO-CIVILITIO,			∇ 95	8.4 – 61 –																
								- 62 -																
								-	-															
								— 63 - -																
								 64	26 27	104	100	SS-19	4.5+	21	10	16	35	18	21	14	7	9	A-4a (4)	
								 65 -	45															
								- 66 -																
								- 67 -																
								- 68 -	-															
								-	22															
								 69 -	32 36 46	118	100	SS-20	4.5+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	A-4a (V)	
								_ 70 -	40															
								 71 -																
								- 72 -																
								- 73 -																
								-	46_70		400	00.04	4.5.											
						944.9	L_EOE		78	-	100	SS-21	4.5+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	A-4a (V)	

B-001-2-63 GSE = 985.4 ft NAVD 88

State of Ohio Department of Highways Testing Laboratory

LOG OF BORING

Date Started, $\frac{1-31-53}{2-1-63}$ Sampler: Type SS Dia. $\frac{1-3/3"}{2-1-63}$ Water Elev.

Project Identification: UNION (INI-33-2.58)

Surface Elev. 986.0 476+61, 60° Lt. (REAR ARITMENT) OVER COUNTY ROAD 191 Boring No. B-1. Station & Offset _ Physical Characteristics Field Lab. Elev Depth Description Aga CS FS Silt Clay LL Pt. W.C. Class Nos,So. 096.0 No. 783.5 2/2 35 13 50 31 12 23 Brown and Gray Sandy Clay 3454 2 981.0 28 7 19 30 3455 5 41 26 10 12/16 Brown Gravelly Silt 978.5 16/19 Gray Gravelly Silt 3456 23 5 6 22 44 27 8 14 976.0 9 18 32 7 13 Gray Sandy Gravelly Silt 4 3457 35 6 22 21/29 973.5 14 23/36Gray Silty Gravel 5 3458 I S L $\mathbf{U} + \mathbf{A}$ 971.0 **5**.... 33/30 Gray Sandy Gravel 6 I S UIA 3459 V 12 968.5 No Sample Recovered (Hole Caved) 966.0 36/28 6 35 26 INP | 12 Gray Gravelly Silt 7460 4 29 961.0 28/35 3461 6 12 19 30 10 Brown Sandy Gravelly Silt 23 956.0 8 16 17 27 23 59/* Brown Sandy Gravelly Silt 7462 32 110 10 9 951.0 49/* Brown Silty Sandy Gravel

Particle Sizes: Agg = >2.00mm, Coarse Sand = 2.00 - 0.42mm, Fine Sand = 0.42-0.074mm, Silt = 0.074-0.005mm, Clay = < 0.005mm

Boring No. B-1 Station & Offset 476+61, 60° 1t. Surface Elev. 986.0 Project: Physical Characteristics Nossa Aca CS FS Sill CG LL. P.I. W.C. Class Field Description Depth Std. Pen. Elev. No. (N) 42 7 23 15 23 20 5 40 42 11 3464 345:3 Brown Silty Sandy Gravel 76/* ROTTON OF BORING *REFUSAL 44 46 50 52 54 56 58

B-008-0-63 GSE = 986.1 ft NAVD 88 State of Ohio Department of Highways Testing Laboratory

LOG OF BORING

Date Started 2=4-63 Sampler: Type SS Dia 1 3/8" Water Elev ______

Date Completed 2-5-63 Cosing: Langth 20" Dia 3 1/2"

Project Identification: UNION UNION UNI - 33-8, 58

OVER COUNTY ROAD 191 Boring No. B-8 Stolion & Offset 477+05, 45" Rt. (REAR PIER) 986.7 Surface Elev. Physical Characteristics SHITL Field Lob. Depth Elev Description Nos,Sa Aga C.S. F.S. Sill Clay W.C. Class 986.7 0 984.2 25 11 PLA22 46 9 4716 1. Brown Clayey Gravel 2/4 981.7 12 ٧ S A 4717 I 2 Brown Gravelly Silt 7/13 979.2 30 15 16 15 30 45 5 4718 5 3 13/15 Gray Gravelly Clay 976.7 16 25 23 29 11 27 4719 4 8/20 Gray Sandy Gravelly Silt 974.2 S 1 V 5 Brown Sandy Gravel 23/21 14 971.7 8 NP NP 4720 68 15 33/30 Gray Sandy Gravel 969.2 No Sample Recovered (Hole Caved) 966.7 20 26 35 22 11 16 28 4721 Gray Gravelly Clay 38/+ (0.5" 961.7 13 11 33 26 4722 7 16 17 31/43 Gray Sandy Gravelly Clay 956.7 30 S U Ι 4723 9 Gray Sandy Gravelly Silt 73/* (0.51) 951.7 Brown Sandy Gravelly Clay 7 | 13 |

Particle Sizes Agg = >2.00mm, Coarse Sond=2.00 - 0.42mm, Fine Sond=0.42-0.074mm, Sit=0.074-0.005mm, Clay= < 0.005mm

Boring N	b_B-	8_State	m & 1	Officer_	477+05. 45° Rt. Surface Elev.	986.7			NT-3							
	, ,	SML Part. .(N)			Description	Field No.	Lata. Nos.So.	AG	c's		201	CG	de lei	P.L	W.C.	SHIL
	34															
946.7	40.												_			
	42	68/* (0.5)			Brown Sendy Gravelly Silt	n	4725	32	7	17	19	25	21	5	11	
063.0	44						!									
941.7 939.7	96				Gray Gravel (Driller's Description)											
	48		2.8	0.7	L TOP OF ROCK				11	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u> </u>					1
	50	1														
	52	1	5.0	0.0	Dolomite, gray, hard, dense, few shale p below 51.0°. Core loss 2%.	ertings	, broke	n, t) BC (18	10.5	arg:	lllad	******			
931.7				_												
	56 . 58	1		+ R	efusal											
		1 :														
	.eo .e2															
	HE .	E .														
	64 68															
	<u>68</u>															
.:	70															
	72															
ı,	770	1														
	75]														
	7/8															

B-009-0-63 GSE = 984.5 ft NAVD 88 State of Ohio Department of Highways Testing Laboratory

LOG OF BORING

Date Storted	2-5-63	Sampler: Type	S \$	Din 1 3/8"	Wofer Elev
Date Completed	2-6-63	Cosing: Length	30"	Dia 3 1/2*	

Project Identification: UNION
UNI-33-8, 58
UNI-33-1

	- 6.1-	B_0 ~~	oniB Offset 477+75, 40° Lt. (FORWARD FIER)	Surface Elev_	985	.1			2 (2)	TRATTY	ROJ	D 19	1	****	
												teristic			SHITE
Elev		Sad Ram.	Description	Fiel) L	.ob s,So	%							W.C.	Closs
985.1	10	1		No	PME	5,30	AGG	<u> </u>	F. 3.	3111	Cicy		W 8.		
982.6	2							_							
	4	2/3	Brown Sandy Silt	1	4	736	0	2	23	34	41	31	5	27	
980.1	6	4/9	Brown & Gray Cravelly Clay	2	4	737	31	3	8	24	34	33	13	18	
977.6	8	12/19	Gray Gravelly Clay	3	4	738	40	4	5	18	33	30	13	13	
975.1	ю	18/20	Gray Silty Sandy Gravel	t ₊	4	739			v	I	S 1	7 .	L	26	
972.6	12	15/36	Cray Silty Crevel	5	4	1740	65	1	2	21	11	NP	NP	18	
970.1	15	50/37	Gray Gravel	6					v	I	S 1	A	L		<u> </u>
967.6	LE.	21/45	Gray Oravelly Silt	7	4	741	36	3	5	24	32	21	9	11	
965.1	20	34/32	Gray Silty Gravel	8	4	742	54	6	7	18	15	20	7	10	
	24]													
961.,1	26	40/47	Brown Silty Gravel	9	4	743	54	4	10	15	17	21	8	9	<u> </u>
	28	1 1				;									
955.6	30	52/+	Brown Silty Gravel	10	1	4744	60	5	9	15	11	20	5	9	
	32	7	BOTTOM OF BORING * Refusel												
	34	1													
1		1 :			1			1	1	1	1		1		!

Particle Sizes Agg = >2.00mm, Coarse Sand = 2.00 - 0.42mm, Fine Sand = 0.42 - 0.074mm, Sitt = 0.074 - 0.005mm, Clay = < 0.005mm

B-016-0-63 GSE = 988.4 ft NAVD 88 State of Ohlo Department of Highways Testing Laboratory

LOG OF BORING

Date Started 2-7-63 Sampler: Type SS Dia 1.3/8" Water Elev.

Date Completed 2-7-63 Casing: Length 20° Dia 3.1/2"

Project identification: UNION
UNI-33-8.58
UNI-33- R

Boring No. B-16 Station & Offset 478+18, 60° Rt. (FORWARD ABUTYENT) Surface Elev. 989.0 OVER COUNTY ROAD 191

Elev	T	Stid Pan.	Description	Field	Lab.			Trys	cal C	nara:	teristic	5		SHITE
989.0	4	(80)	0.000 (3.00)	No.	Nos,So.	Ago	CS.	FS.	Sili	Cloy	L.L.	PL.	W.C.	C-loss
303.0											•			
986.5	2												_	
	4	9/13	Brown Sandy Gravelly Clay	1	4726	25	7	10	16	42	35	17	14	
984.0		_			haan		3.0	24	ļ _{1.}	امان	a)ı	17	25	
	6	3/ 3	Brown & Gray Sandy Clay	2	4727	8	1.2	36	4	40	34	17	27	
981.5	a	3063	Daniel Child (Datition)			;								
-		12/11	Brown Clayey Silt (Driller's Descreption) No Sample Recovered				!							
979.0		15/15	Gray Gravelly Clay	3	4728	35	6	7	14	38	PL=	15	14	
976.5	12	37.23			-									
,,,,,	14	28/25	Gray Silty Sandy Gravel	4	4729	54	6	20	6	14	NP	'NP	13	
974.0								יני	Ī		U A	L		
	16	20/16	Gray Sandy Gravel	5				٧	*	3	U A	1		
971.5	В	58*	Gray Gravel (Driller's Description)				1		,					
969.0	20	(0.5)	No Sample Recovered				1							
707.0	1 4	34/40	Gray Silty Sandy Gravel	6	4730	41	10	11	22	16	ИЪ	NP	11	
	22]			 					
	24												•	1
964.0	26	21.75	Gray Sandy Gravelly Silt	7	4731	32	8	17	21	28	NP	NP	10	
		24/51	OLSA SHIPA GLEAGITA STIC		477						-11-		-4	
	28				Į.			}	1					
959.0	30	<u> </u>		ļ									_	
20104	_	50/+	Brown & Gray Sandy Gravelly Silt	8	4732	29	6	12	30	23	NP	NP	10	
	32	(0.5!)												
	34													1
954.0		13:47	Brown Silty Sandy Gravel	٥	4733	42	6	12	18	22	PL	15	9	
	4.1.30	エスマャチ・ノル	AFORD STRAY SAME CONTRACTOR CONTR		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·							

Particle Sizes: Agg. ± > 2.00mm, Coarse Sand = 2.00 - 0.42mm, Fine Sand = 0.42-0.074mm, Silt = 0.074-0.005mm, Clay = < 0.005mm

	140-12	TALL STUTE	on 8 Offset 478+18, 60° Rt. Surface Elev.	989_0	Project:	-								
Elev.	Depth	Std. Pen. (N)	Description	Field No.	Lob. Nos.So.	7 ∕•	78	Phys	cal	Char	cterist	CS PI	w.c	SHT
	38				1404.50		<u> </u>	F. 3.	310	CKN		-	7	CRA
											İ			
949.0	1	59/*	Brown Silty Sandy Gravel	1.0	l. Dol:									
	42	59/* (0.5)	be an party distant	10	4734	46	6	12	16	20	NP	MP	11	
944.0 943.5	44	53/* (0.5)		ĺ										
243.5	46	(0.5)	Brown & Gray Silty Sandy Gravel BOTTOM OF BORING	11	4745	41	6	13	2)	19	21	6	10	_
	48		* Refusal											
	50													
	52							•					ĺ	
	54 56													
	1 1													
	58													
	60 62													
	1 1					}								
	64				}					I		- {		
	66								Í			1	1	
	68	ĺ			į									
	70	1								ſ				
·	72					1	-					-		
	74				1									
	72 74 75										1			
ı	1 1									1	-			
	.78.				-						1			
	80							- 1		- 1	J	-]	- 1	

CONE PENETRATION TEST SOUNDINGS REPORT

Office of Geotechnical Engineering Division of Engineering

Project: UNI-33-9.12

PID: 115675

Date: April 19, 2023

Number of Soundings: 3

Equipment: A.P. van den Berg, 23 Ton Crawler, Hyson 200kN

Sounding ID	Completion Date	Probe SN	Calibration Date	Elevation	Latitude	Longitude	Surface Material	Depth (ft.)
C-001-1-23	2/7/2023	201039	11/16/2020	1023.9	40.246716	-83.394341	Asphalt (11.5")	49.75
C-003-0-23	2/7/2023	090304	8/19/2020	993.0	40.246928	-83.3944	Off Road	18.94
C-003-1-23	2/7/2023	160701	1/29/2019	993.1	40.246925	-83.394409	Off Road	33.75

Project Information

Sounding C-001-1-23 was completed within the road through a pre-cored hole. All other soundings were completed off road. The static water level was not reported for sounding C-001-1-23 due to the dissipation test not reaching t_{50} . The static water levels for C-003-0-23 and C-003-1-23 were determined by pore pressure response from a dissipation test and observed water levels. The soundings were terminated due to excessive tip resistance. The latitude, longitude, and elevation values are from a Trimble Geo7x GPS with an external Trimble Tornado antenna connected to the ODOT VRS network. The elevation value for C-001-1-23 is from the USGS 3DEP map service.

The raw CPT data is available upon request. The included CPT logs are for informational purposes only. The CPT logs have been filtered for negative values, corrected for inclination at depth, and filtered for data spikes. Additionally, for each sounding, the measured values of q_c and f_s were shifted relative to one another with a cross correlation function.

Cone Penetration Test Data and Interpretation

These Cone Penetration Test (CPT) Soundings follow ASTM D 5778 and were made by ordinary and conventional methods and with care deemed adequate for the Department's design purposes. Since subsurface conditions outside each CPT sounding are unknown, and soil, rock, and water conditions cannot be relied upon to be consistent or uniform, no warrant is made that conditions adjacent to this sounding will necessarily be the same as or similar to those shown in this report.

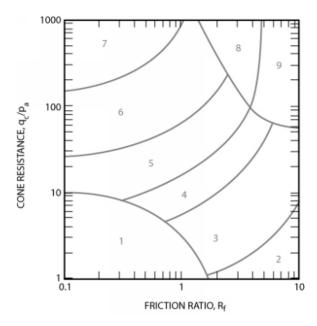
The CPT data collected are presented as graphical plots in the report, generated by CPeT-IT software. The plots include interpreted Soil Behavior Type (SBT) based on the method described by Robertson (2010). The interpretations are presented only as a guide for geotechnical use and should be carefully reviewed.



Date: April 19, 2023

Subject: UNI-33-9.12, PID 115675

The department does not warrant the correctness or the applicability of any of the geotechnical parameters interpreted by the software and does not assume any liability for use of the results in any design or review. The user should be fully aware of the techniques and limitations of any method used in the software. Furthermore, the Department will not be responsible for an interpretations, assumptions, projections, or interpolations made by the contractor, or other users of this report. While the Department believes that the information as to the condition and materials reported is accurate, it does not warrant that the information is necessarily complete. Water pressure measurements and subsequent interpreted water levels shown in this report should be used with discretion since they represent dynamic conditions. Dynamic pore water pressure measurements may deviate substantially from hydrostatic conditions, especially in cohesive soils.



Zone	Soil Behavior Type					
1	Sensitive, fine grained					
2	Organic soils - clay					
3	Clay – silty clay to clay					
4	Silt mixtures – clayey silt to silty clay					
5	Sand mixtures – silty sand to sandy silt					
6	Sands – clean sand to silty sand					
7	Gravelly sand to dense sand					
8	Very stiff sand to clayey sand*					
9	Very stiff fine grained*					

^{*} Heavily overconsolidated or cemented

Non-normalized CPT Soil Behavior Type (SBT) chart

Robertson, P.K. and Cabal, K.L, 2016. *Guide to Cone Penetration Testing for Geotechnical Engineering*, 6th *Edition*. Signal Hill, California: 34.

http://www.greggdrilling.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/CPT-Guide-6th-Edition-2016.pdf Accessed May 21, 2019.





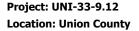


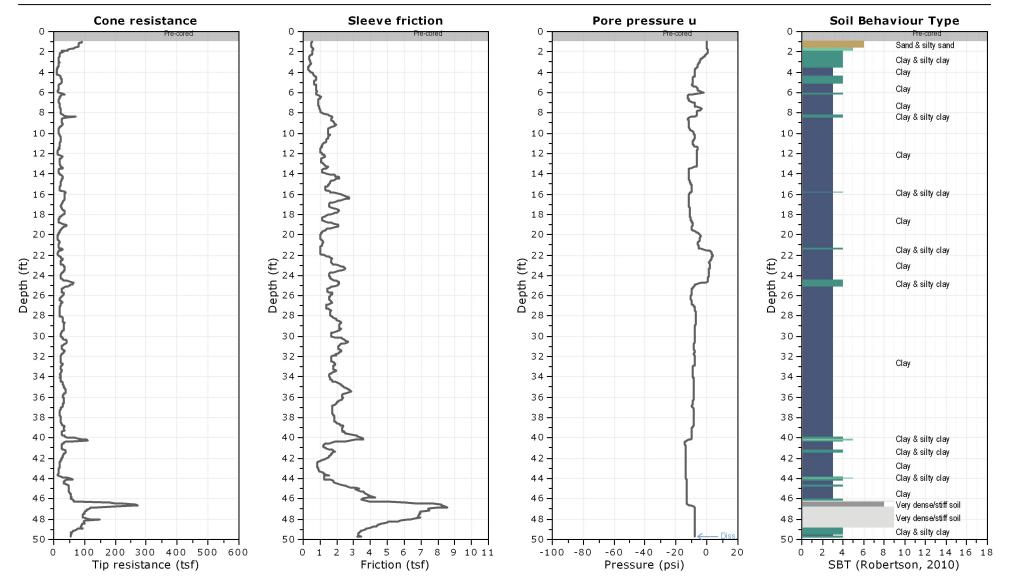
Geology, Exploration and, Laboratory Section http://www.dot.state.oh.us/Divisions/Engineering/Geotechnical

CPT: C-001-1-23

Total depth: 49.75 ft, Date: 2/7/2023 Surface Elevation: 1023.9 ft

Coords: lat 40.246716° lon -83.394341°







Office of Geotechnical Engineering

Geology, Exploration and, Laboratory Section http://www.dot.state.oh.us/Divisions/Engineering/Geotechnical

Total depth: 49.75 ft, Date: 2/7/2023

Surface Elevation: 1023.9 ft

CPT: C-001-1-23

Coords: lat 40.246716° lon -83.394341°

Project: UNI-33-9.12 Location: Union County

Dissipation Tests Results

Dissipation tests

Dissipation tests consists of stopping the piezocone penetration and observing porepressures (u) with elapsed time (t). The data are automatic recorded by the field computer and should take place until a minimum of 50% dissipation.

The porepressures are plotted as a function of square root of (t). The graphical technique suggested by Robertson and Campanella (1989), yields a value for t_{50} , which corresponds to the time for 50% consolidation.

The value of the coefficient of consolidation in the radial or horizontal direction c_h was then calculated by Houlsby and Teh's (1988) theory using the following equation:

$$c_h = \frac{T \times r^2 \times I_r^{0.5}}{t_{50}}$$

where:

T: time factor given by Houlsby and Teh's (1988) theory corresponding to the porepressure position

r: piezocone radius

 I_r : stiffness index, equal to shear modulus G divided by the undrained strength of clay (S $_{\rm u}$).

t₅₀: time corresponding to 50% consolidation

Permeability estimates based on dissipation test

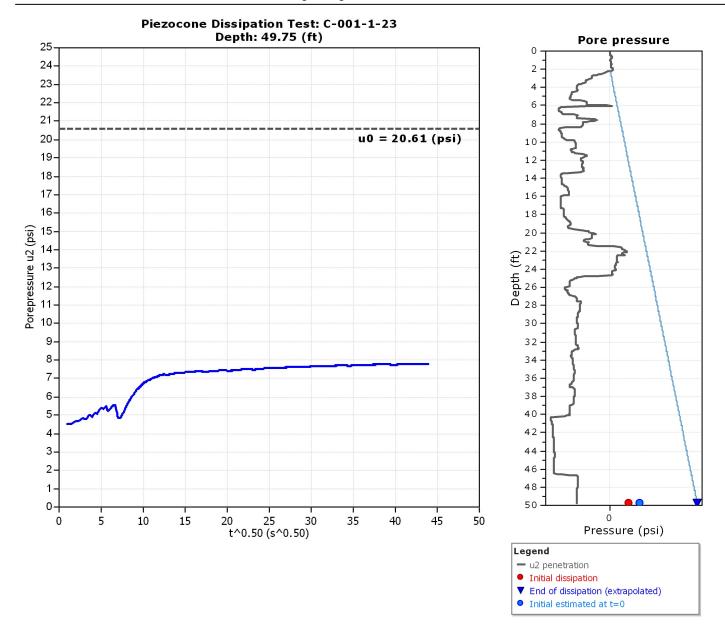
The dissipation of pore pressures during a CPTu dissipation test is controlled by the coefficient of consolidation in the horizontal direction (c_h) which is influenced by a combination of the soil permeability (k_h) and compressibility (M), as defined by the following:

$$k_h = c_h \times \gamma_w / M$$

where: M is the 1-D constrained modulus and γ_w is the unit weight of water, in compatible units.

Tabular results

CPTU Borehole	Depth (ft)	$(t_{50})^{0.50}$	t ₅₀ (s)	t₅₀ (years)	G/S _u	C _h (ft²/s)	C _h (ft²/year)	M (tsf)	k _h (ft/s)
C-001-1-23	49.75	308.3	95075	3.01E-003	455966.47	8.95E-006	282	747.65	3.74E-010





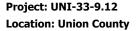


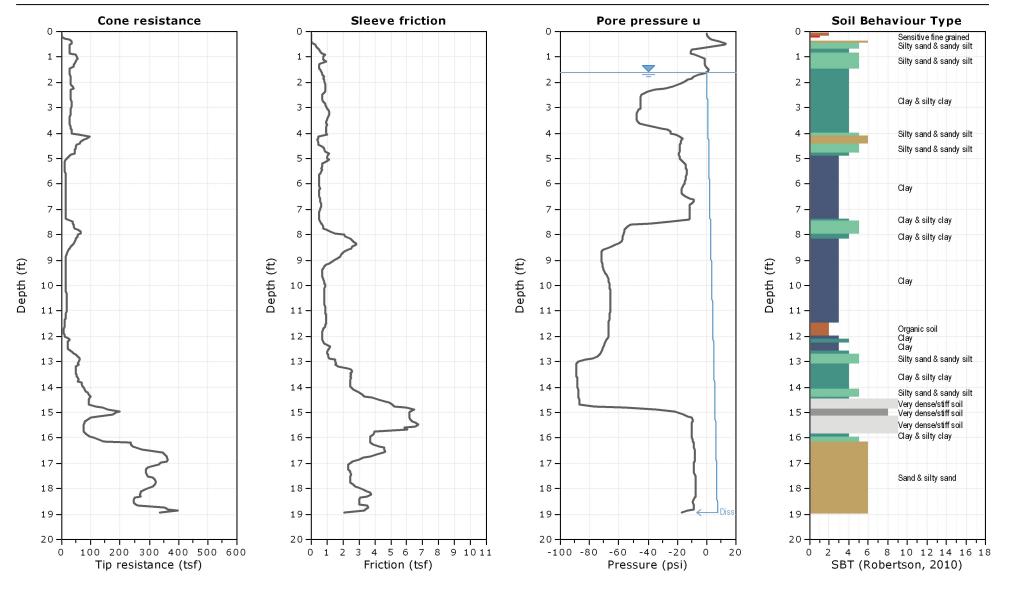
Geology, Exploration and, Laboratory Section http://www.dot.state.oh.us/Divisions/Engineering/Geotechnical

CPT: C-003-0-23

Total depth: 18.94 ft, Date: 2/7/2023 Surface Elevation: 993.0 ft

Coords: lat 40.246928° lon -83.3944°







Office of Geotechnical Engineering

Geology, Exploration and, Laboratory Section http://www.dot.state.oh.us/Divisions/Engineering/Geotechnical

CPT: C-003-0-23

Total depth: 18.94 ft, Date: 2/7/2023 Surface Elevation: 993.0 ft

Coords: lat 40.246928° lon -83.3944°

Project: UNI-33-9.12 Location: Union County

Dissipation Tests Results

Dissipation tests

Dissipation tests consists of stopping the piezocone penetration and observing porepressures (u) with elapsed time (t). The data are automatic recorded by the field computer and should take place until a minimum of 50% dissipation.

The porepressures are plotted as a function of square root of (t). The graphical technique suggested by Robertson and Campanella (1989), yields a value for t_{50} , which corresponds to the time for 50% consolidation.

The value of the coefficient of consolidation in the radial or horizontal direction c_h was then calculated by Houlsby and Teh's (1988) theory using the following equation:

$$c_h = \frac{T \times r^2 \times I_r^{0.5}}{t_{50}}$$

where:

T: time factor given by Houlsby and Teh's (1988) theory corresponding to the porepressure position

r: piezocone radius

 I_r : stiffness index, equal to shear modulus G divided by the undrained strength of clay (S $_{\rm u}$).

t₅₀: time corresponding to 50% consolidation

Permeability estimates based on dissipation test

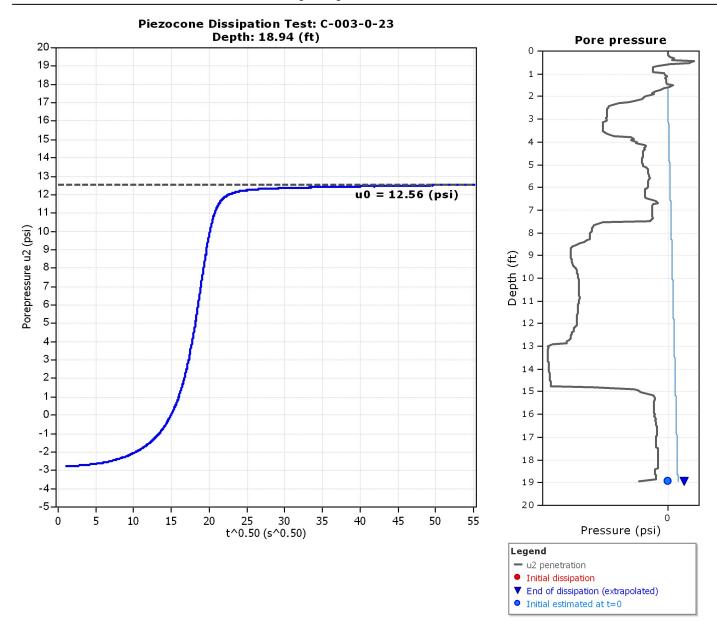
The dissipation of pore pressures during a CPTu dissipation test is controlled by the coefficient of consolidation in the horizontal direction (c_h) which is influenced by a combination of the soil permeability (k_h) and compressibility (M), as defined by the following:

$$k_h = c_h \times \gamma_w / M$$

where: M is the 1-D constrained modulus and γ_w is the unit weight of water, in compatible units.

Tabular results

CPTU Borehole	Depth (ft)	(t ₅₀) ^{0.50}	t ₅₀ (s)	t ₅₀ (years)	G/S _u	C _h (ft²/s)	c _h (ft²/year)	M (tsf)	k _h (ft/s)
C-003-0-23	18.94	0.0	0	0.00E+000	100.00	0.00E+000	0	1904.04	-1.00E+004







Project: UNI-33-9.12

Location: Union County

Geology, Exploration and, Laboratory Section http://www.dot.state.oh.us/Divisions/Engineering/Geotechnical

CPT: C-003-1-23

Total depth: 33.75 ft, Date: 2/7/2023 Surface Elevation: 993.1 ft

Coords: lat 40.246925° lon -83.394409°

