## The Great Lakes Construction Co.

No. 163
10737 Medallion Drive
Cincinnati, Ohio 45241


SUBMITTAL
TVS Fan
Isolation
Dampers User

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DATE
6/15/2017

DESCRIPTION

TVS Fan Isolation Dampers User Manual R-01

REMARKS: This TVS Fan Isolation Dampers User Manual R-01 submittal provides information per plansheet 359/555.

Plan Notes do not include a review/approval timeframe. We are requesting to have the review of submittal completed by 6/22/17.


Signed:
Ryan W. Jones, P.E.

# I-71 Lytle Tunnel Under Lytle Park <br> Bridge No.: HAM-71-0314 

## Damper IOM Package

GFC Document No.: T243-201, R0

Prepared By


Bill Lampkin
Product Manager, Industrial Damper Group

| Revision <br> No. | Date |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | $4 / 10 / 17$ | Original Submittal |
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P.O. Box 410

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## Section I

# Damper Supplier Information 

## I. Damper Supplier Information

## Damper Manufacturer

Greenheck Fan Corporation
PO Box 410
Schofield, Wisconsin, USA 54476
Phone: 715-359-6171
Fax: 715-355-3189

Project Number: T166

## Damper Service Center

Greenheck Fan Corporation
PO Box 410
Schofield, Wisconsin, USA 54476

Phone: 715-359-6171
Fax: 715-355-3189

## Greenheck Territory Sales Representative

EAP Inc,
3930 Virginia Ave
Cincinnati, Ohio 45227
Office 513-332-2090

## Section II

## System Information

## II. System Information

## A. Operational Limits

## Dampers

Maximum Differential Pressure
Maximum Design Velocity
12 in-wg
Maximum Leakage Rate
Normal Operating Temperature
Maximum Temperature
2000 FPM
14 cfm/sq ft @ 12 in-wg
Ambient
$482^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ for 1 hour,

## Damper Operators

Operating Power Supply
Normal Operating Temperature
Maximum Temperature
AC115V/1PH/60Hz
Ambient
$482^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ for 1 hour

## Damper Limit Switches

Operating Power Supply
Normal Operating Temperature
Maximum Temperature
5 amp @ 125/250/480 vac
Ambient
$482^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ for 1 hour

## B. Description of Damper Component Parts

Model: Damper to be Greenheck model HTD-630.

| Frame: | $12^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{\prime \prime} \times 1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ channel, $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk, HRPO |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | seal-welded frame corners |
|  | Tie rods (for dampers $>60 " \mathrm{H}$ ), CRS round bar |
|  | $\varnothing 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ for dampers $\leq 48^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W}, \varnothing 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ for dampers >48" W |
|  | Damper frame assembly finish is hot-dip galvanized |
| Mounting holes: | As shown. Reference drawing T243-002 for values |
| Blades: | Double-skin formed airfoil, 14 ga, galvanized |
|  | $11-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ max width, blade action is parallel |
|  | bolted to axles with zinc-plated fasteners |
| Axles: | Stub type, Ø3/4", 303 SS |
| Bearings: | Stainless steel sleeve type, pressed into SS housing, exterior <br> removable |
| Linkage: | Clevis arms, 10 ga stainless steel |


|  | Tie bar, 1/4" x 1-1/4" stainless steel, w/oil impregnated |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | bronze bearings |
|  | Clevis pin, stainless steel |
|  | Cotter pin, stainless steel |
| Blade seal: | Silicone |
| Jamb seal: | Compression type, 316 SS |
| Finish: | Mill, unless otherwise noted |
| Structural support: | Structural carbon steel l-beam assembly |
|  | Finish is hot-dip galvanized |
| Actuator: | RCS SURE with thermal blanket, $482^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ for 1 hour |
|  | 115VAC, 1 phase, 50/60Hz, NEMA 4, two position, spring return, failclosed |
|  | 4-SPDT switches, PTC heater, motor brake, manual override |
|  | SURE-49: $15 \mathrm{sec} / 90^{\circ}$ power operation, $2 \mathrm{sec} / 90^{\circ}$ spring operation |
|  | SURE-100: $10 \mathrm{sec} / 90^{\circ}$ power operation, $5 \mathrm{sec} / 90^{\circ}$ spring operation |
|  | Actuator sized for 150\% of max. design torque at 2,000 fpm |
|  | and 14" w.g. damper operation |
|  | Reference drawing schedule T243-002 for actuator |
|  | sizing/quantity per damper |
| Limit switch: | Proximity 44TL0 |
|  | (4) SPDT switch elements, |
|  | capable of operation at $482^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for one hour |
|  | Reference drawing schedule T243-002 for quantities |
| Electrical: | Actuators and limit switches factory wired to junction boxes |
|  | using the following components: |
|  | Hoffman Compact, cast aluminum, type 4X enclosure |
|  | Marathon Special Products 2XX Series SP terminal block |
|  | Liquatite Type - ATX flexible metal conduit |
|  | Thermal Wire and Cable Corp. 250-14SRML wire |
|  | Thomas \& Betts Series 52 conduit fittings |
| Gasket: | Silicone, 50 Durometer Shore "A", 1/4" thk |
|  | provided in rolls with pre-punched holes on 12" centers |
|  | for use between $3^{\prime \prime}$ mounting flange and mating surface |

## Section III

## Installation Procedure

## III. Installation Procedures

Read instructions through to the end before proceeding with installation. All of the damper assemblies furnished for the tunnel ventilation system for the Lytle Tunnel Project will be supplied with:

Damper sections are manufactured and installed as separate individual sections. RCS SURE49 or SURE100 (see damper drawings for specific model per tag) electric sprint return actuators. Actuators will be wired to a localized junction box mounted on the damper.

Each individual damper panel will be equipped with a Proximity Controls 44TL0 limit switch for monitoring the damper open and close position.

## Installation:

The majority of operation and leakage problems are the direct result of damper installation out of square, racked (out of flat) or out of straight. All dampers are squared during manufacturing. However, dampers can easily be distorted by bolting to ductwork or steelwork that is not square and flat, improper handling, or by seal welding to mating ductwork. Inspect for straightness, squareness and flatness prior to lifting dampers onto the mounting surface and after flange fasteners are installed but not yet tightened to torque. The mounting surfaces for the dampers must be level, square and true to receive the damper panels. If surface irregularities are present, high temperature silicone caulk can be used to help seal the damper mounting surface after installation. However, in no case may the opening have irregularities to such a degree that binding of the damper blades may occur during operation. Inspect dampers for squareness when installation is complete and prior to cycling.

It is recommended that a silicone gasket be installed between the damper frame and the opening. This gasket will help protect the damper from premature rusting due to moisture and will also create an airtight connection between the damper and the opening. Gaskets are being supplied by GREENHECK.

The damper sections (panels) will have to be lifted up to the damper mounting surface, preferably using sturdy chains and a crane (or hoist), good lifting practices dictate the use of a spreader bar in this application. Bolt dampers to mounting surface using $3 / 8$ " diameter fasteners.

This process will have to be repeated for each section of dampers provided by GREENHECK.
P.O. Box 410

Schofield, WI 54476
Phone: 715.359.6171
www.greenheck.com

## Note:

The above is GREENHECK's recommended method for installing the dampers to their openings. Job site conditions, equipment available or contractors experience may allow better methods of installation to be followed. Therefore, these instructions are meant to be used as a guideline for the installation. Regardless of the method of installation, the damper must be mounted to a true and plum surface and must be free of any bending or twisting after installation. After final installation of dampers and prior to start-up, inspect the adjacent ductwork and surrounding area for any obstructions that will not allow freedom of movement of the damper on the interior or exterior of the duct.
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## Installation Checklist Form

To be complete during the installation of the damper

| Task | Task Completed |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inspect the opening for squareness - use tape measures and other appropriate <br> tools for this task |  |
| Visually Inspect mechanical connections for dampers and actuators - It is <br> possible for fasteners to loosen during transit to the job site. |  |
| Ensure that all blades would be free to rotate upon power of the damper <br> operators. If there are any obstructions, please remove them prior to operating <br> the actuators. |  |
| Perform operational checkout (including cycle testing) and verify position status <br> with the main control panel |  |
| NOTE: Fully Cycle the damper with the operator handwheel prior to using <br> electrical power |  |
| Cycle the damper with its operator a minimum of (5) times - operate both open <br> and closed under power as recommended by the manufacturer |  |
| Record the timing of the open power stroke - The time it takes for the damper to <br> go from fully closed to fully open under electrical power of the actuator. Ensure <br> that time is within a period of not more than 10 seconds |  |
| Record the timing of the closed power stroke - The time it takes for the damper to <br> go from fully open to fully close under electrical power of the actuator. Ensure <br> that time is within a period of not more than 10 seconds |  |
| Remove power to ensure that the damper actuator fails in place. |  |
| Visually inspect damper blade closure for tight seal - In general "daylight" should <br> be minimal between adjacent damper blades |  |

## Damper Tag No.:

## Authorization Signatures:

Name: $\qquad$
Firm: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

Name: $\qquad$
Firm: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

Name: $\qquad$
Firm: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Section IV

## Operational Information

## IV. Operational Information

## A. Damper Pre-Operational Inspection List:

In general, the dampers must be kept clean and free from foreign matter that may impede normal movement and/or seating of the blades and seals. Therefore, dampers should be cleaned and inspected for general physical and mechanical condition. This inspection should include checking the mechanical tightness of bolted connections, visual inspection for the buildup of dirt or debris that may prevent damper closure and a general inspection for any obvious maintenance.

Inspect all connections holding the damper to the opening.
Inspect all fasteners holding actuator assemblies, splice plates, mullion covers, and limit switch mounting angles.

Damper blades, jamb seals, linkage pivots, etc. should be wiped clean to insure that dirt build up will not impede the operation of the damper.

Jamb seals should also be inspected for damage and to insure that they are sealing properly.

Once the dampers have been cleaned and thoroughly inspected, they should be cycled open and closed several times with their actuator assemblies.

Care should be taken to insure that nothing prohibits the operation of any moving parts. Damper panel limit switches should be checked to insure that they are signaling open and/or closed at each end of the damper open/closed cycle. Readjustment should be made to all switches that are not functioning properly.

## B. Procedures for Starting, Operating and Stopping Dampers

## Starting Procedure:

After all mechanical and electrical connections have been inspected and tightened as required, and there is no debris that will impede the movement of the damper blades or linkage, electrical supply can be provided to the actuator assemblies.

## Operating Procedures:

When the damper has its electrical supply connected, the damper will assume its powered position when energized. This position will be held until the damper loses power. At that time the damper will return to its fail safe position as designated on the damper schedules. These dampers are designed for fail open.

The speed of the damper opening or closing is approximately 3-5 seconds.

## NOTE OF CAUTION:

Actuator closing times can be fast. Caution should be used when around dampers that would open or close from a remote signal.

## Stopping Procedures:

The dampers are designed as two position dampers. They will either remain open or closed as directed by the system controls. Damper components move during damper cycling. Be sure there are no foreign objects in the path of the blades and linkage before allowing the damper to be cycled.

## C. Damper Post-Operation Inspection List

In general, the dampers must be kept clean and free from foreign matter that may impede normal movement and/or seating of the blades and seals. Therefore, dampers should be cleaned and inspected for general physical and mechanical condition. This inspection should include checking the mechanical tightness of bolted connections, visual inspection for the buildup of dirt or debris that may prevent damper closure and a general inspection for any obvious maintenance.

Inspect all connections holding the damper to the opening.
Inspect all fasteners holding actuator assemblies, splice plates, mullion covers, and limit switch mounting angles.

Damper blades, jamb seals, linkage pivots, etc. should be wiped clean to insure that dirt build up will not impede the operation of the damper.

Jamb seals should also be inspected for damage and to insure that they are sealing properly.
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Once the dampers have been cleaned and thoroughly inspected, they should be cycled open and closed several times with their actuator assemblies.

Care should be taken to insure that nothing prohibits the operation of any moving parts. Damper panel limit switches should be checked to insure that they are signaling open and/or closed at each end of the damper open/closed cycle. Readjustment should be made to all switches that are not functioning properly.

## Section V

## Maintenance Information

## V. Maintenance Information

## A. Maintenance Schedule

| Recommended Task | Frequency | Skill <br> Level | Estimated <br> Time (hrs) | Crew <br> Size |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Visually Inspect dampers and actuators for the <br> build up of dirt, debris, wear and corrosion | Semi- <br> annually | Basic | .25 | 1 |
| Inspect jamb and blade seals for damage and <br> proper sealing | Semi- <br> annually | Basic | 0.25 | 1 |
| Perform operational checkout (including cycle <br> testing - opening and closing the damper a few <br> times under electrical power) and verify position <br> status with the main control panel - This can be <br> waived if dampers are cycled on a daily basis <br> during normal use. | Monthly | Basic | 0.25 | 2 |
| Clean dirt and debris from the damper and <br> actuators | Semi- <br> annually | Basic | 0.5 | 2 |
| Inspect the dampers for premature corrosion | Semi- <br> annually | Basic | 0.25 | 1 |
| Check tightness of mechanical connections | Semi- <br> annually | Basic | 0.25 | 2 |

Note: The above stated numbers are on a per damper basis.
Note: Routine maintenace of GREENHECK supplied dampers does not require the use of special tools. Basic hardware tools are all that are required.

## B. Inspection and Adjustment Procedures

1. Visually Inspect dampers and actuators for the build up of dirt, debris, wear and corrosion
a. Overall visual inspection of the damper assembly. Look for exsesive dirt, dust or debris on damper blades and around damper linkages.
b. If construction is taking place near by, dampers should be covered as much as possible.
c. Remove any debris from within the damper or around damper linkages.
2. Inspect jamb and blade seals for damage and proper sealing
a. Inspect jamb seals for premature wear or buckling. If any buckling is noticed, damper should be corrected immediately. This will prevent the damper from fully closing, thus not allowing it to perform its safety related function.
b. Inspect the damper blade seals for damage. If damage is noticed, it should be replaced immediately.
3. Perform operational checkout (including cycle testing) and verify position status with the main control panel - This can be waived if dampers are cycled on a daily basis during normal use.

Cycle dampers under power (20/1/60) to verify proper performance and operation. This should be done from the damper control panel to ensure all electrical connections are also functioning properly.

At this time it should also be noted as to whether the damper limit switches are providing the proper feedback for both the open and closed position.

## 4. Clean dirt and debris from the damper and actuators

Use a soft rag or towl to wipe away debris and dirt build ups on equipment as needed.

## 5. Inspect the dampers for premature corrosion

Note: This procedure is very important and must be maintained to expect a 30 year life out of the dampers in this application.
a. As stated in the Maintenance schedule of this manual, each damper should be inspected on a semi-annual basis for premature corrosion of the dampers.
b. Visually inspect each panel frame, blades, actuator and jackshaft support stands, splice plates and all areas around fasteners for premature corrosion.
c. If corrosion is noticed in the form of a "flaky" white substance around any fasteners, remove the fasteners, use a soft wire brush to remove the corrosion, touch-up the area with a zinc-rich paint (a minimum of 3 mils ( 0.0003 inches) is required),
then reassemble the fastener.
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d. If there is any corrosion noticed on any other areas of the galvanized steel, follow the same procedures as above.

## 6. Check tightness of mechanical connections

a. Manually check all the fasteners to ensure they are still tight. This can be done by checking with hands only. Generally if a fastener is loose, this will be a noticable check. Tighten all fasteners as necessary.
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Schofield, WI 54476
Phone: 715.359.6171
www.greenheck.com

## Maintenance Checklist Form

| Maintenance Task | Task Completed |
| :--- | :--- |
| Visually Inspect dampers and actuators for the build up of dirt, <br> debris, wear and corrosion |  |
| Inspect jamb and blade seals for damage and proper sealing |  |
| Perform operational checkout (including cycle testing - opening and <br> closing the damper a few times under electrical power) and verify <br> position status with the main control panel - This can be waived if <br> dampers are cycled on a daily basis during normal use. |  |
| Clean dirt and debris from the damper and actuators |  |
| Inspect the dampers for premature corrosion |  |
| Check tightness of mechanical connections |  |

## Damper Tag No.:

## Authorization Signatures:

Name: $\qquad$
Firm: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

Name: $\qquad$
Firm: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

Name: $\qquad$
Firm: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Section VI

## Repair Information

## VI. Repair Information

## A. Corrective Maintenance Schedule

| Required Task | Skill Level | Estimated <br> Time (hrs) | Crew Size |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Replace damper shaft bearing | Basic | 3.0 | 2 |
| Replace a blade edge seal | Basic | 1.0 | 1 |
| Replace a jamb seal | Basic | 2.0 | 2 |
| Replace damper actuator | Basic | 1.0 | 2 |
| Replace damper position switch | Basic | 0.5 | 2 |
| Replace a damper panel | Basic | 2.5 | 2 |

## 1. Replace damper shaft bearing

a. To replace a shaft bearing, the damper shaft must be removed. To do this, the linkage pivot assembly will need to be
b. Disassemble the fastener connections holding the damper blade skins to the shaft
c. Slide the shaft out of the damper blade. Be prepared to support the blade when the shaft is removed.
d. Carefully remove the damaged shaft bearing by undoing the bolted connection. Caution should be taken not to damage the jamb seal, blade seals or blades.
e. Reinstall the new bearing assembly
f. Replace the shaft into the blade skin, and replace the bolted connection.
g. Rotate the blade so that the linkage pivot pin will be aligned with the linkage bar and replace the shoulder bolt pivot assembly.

## 2. Replace a blade edge seal

a. The damper blade seals are clipped on to the blade edges. If the seals are damaged, the seals can be removed, by prying the seals from the blades.
b. Cut new seal to the proper length of the blade requiring the new seal. Seal length should be the same as the blade length (+0.000/-0.032")
c. To install new seal, align the seal with the length of the blade.
d. Gently tap the seal on the blade edge with a hammer - caution should be exercised not to damage the seal during installation.

## 3. Replace a jamb seal

a. Although this can be done at the job site, it is not recommended. If a jamb seal
is damaged, it is recommended that the entire damper panel be removed and the jamb seal be replaced at a more workable work area.
b. To replace a jamb seal, ALL the damper blades need to be removed.
c. The linkage pivot assembly will need to be disconnected.
d. Disassemble the fastener connections holding the damper blade skins to the shaft
e. Slide the shaft out of the damper blade. Be prepared to support the blade when the shaft is removed.
f. Carefully remove the damaged jamb seal. Tape the new seal into place until the repair is complete.
g. Replace the shaft into the blade skins, and replace the bolted connection.
h. Remove the tape that was used to hold the seal in place
i. Rotate the blade so that the linkage pivot pin will be aligned with the linkage bar and replace the shoulder bolt pivot assembly.

## 4. Replace damper actuator

a. The damper actuator connects directly to an extended drive shaft with the use of an intermediate coupling which is welded to the drive shaft and keyed for the actuator operation
b. Caution: be sure all electrical power is disconnected before beginning this work.
c. The actuator is supplied with a thermal blanket to maintain operational integrity at $482^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ for one hour. This blanket needs to be removed by unlatching the cinch straps provided on the outside of the thermal blanket.
d. Disconnect the wiring from actuator terminal per the Actuator Operation and Instruction Manual. See section VII of this manual.
e. The actuator is secured to the mounting channel with (4) bolts. While supporting the actuator weight, remove the (4) bolts.
f. The actuator will slide out - perpendicular to the actuator mount.
g. The shaft inside the actuator has a machined keyway and key stock. Be sure to locate and keep the key to reinstall the actuator.
h. Locate new actuators and verify the actuator that was removed and the new actuator have the same model number and rotation.
i. Carefully slide the actuator back on to the damper coupling, locating the keyway and key stock as it was disassembled.
j. Secure the actuator with the (4) bolts
k. Reconnect the electrical power per the Actuator Operation and Instruction Manual - See section VII of this manual.

1. Cycle the damper several times to ensure proper operation. See Recommissioning Procedure in this section of the manual.

## 5. Replace damper position switch

a. Proximity Controls Model 44TL0 limit switch is used.
b. Caution: be sure all electrical power is disconnected before beginning this work.
c. Disconnect the wiring using local codes and standards
d. Disconnect the linkage connection at the limit switch.
e. The limit switch is attached with (2) bolts. Disconnect the limit switch from its mounting location.
f. Disconnect the galvanized arm which is attached the limit switch bottom.
g. Reconnect the arm to the new switch
h. Fasten the new switch to the mounting location
i. Reconnect the linkage connection
j. Reconnect with wiring
k. Cycle the damper to verity all connections have been properly made.
6. Replace a damper panel
a. Identify which damper panel (or module) is to be removed prior to beginning.
b. Once identified, remove fasteners securing the section to the opening.
c. NOTE - SOME LIFTING DEVISE SHOULD BE ATTACHED TO THE DAMPER PANEL PRIOR TO REMOVING FASTENERS TO SUPPORT THE DAMPER WEIGHT ONCE REMOVED.
d. The panel to be removed can then be unbolted from the supporting steel work and lifted out of its position.
e. The new replacement panel can be set in the same spot, reconnect the bolted mullion cover first.
f. Secure the damper to the supporting steel work using its bolted connection.
P.O. Box 410

## B. Damper Ordering Information

To order replacement dampers or components, contact the sales department at:
Greenheck Fan Corporation
PO Box 410
Schofield, Wisconsin, USA 54476
Phone: 715-359-6171
Fax: 715-355-3189
Project Number: T243

Please have the following information available when making inquiries:

1) Job Name: Lytle Tunnel Project
2) Equipment Tag \# and Damper Location
P.O. Box 410

Schofield, WI 54476
Phone: 715.359.6171
www.greenheck.com

## C. Recommissioning Procedure:

1. Each damper shall be subjected to rotational reversal tests. A cycle of rotation reversal is defined as reversal from fully open to fully closed positions, and then back to fully open position. Each damper shall require 5 cycles of rotation reversal.
2. After completion of reversal tests, the power supply of each damper operator shall be removed and checked to ensure that the damper is driven to its "fail safe" position within 5 seconds after the power supply is removed.
3. The attached form shall be filled out, in full, by the person performing the above tasks.

## Damper Commissioning Form

Station or Shaft Location: $\qquad$
Damper Tag No.: $\qquad$

1. Inspect damper to insure that it is properly installed. Check that the damper reaches full open and full closed positions and that the limit switches are properly contacted and relaying a signal back to the control room. Record observations below.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. Five (5) cycle reversal test

Check if completed
3. De-energized (Power supply off) Closure/Opening time $\qquad$ seconds. Energized (Power supply on) Closure/Opening time $\qquad$ seconds

## Authorization Signatures:

Name: $\qquad$
Firm: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

Name: $\qquad$
Firm: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$
Name: $\qquad$
Firm: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Section VII

# Damper Actuator Maintenance and Operation Information 

## SPRING RETURN ELECTRIC

Not Available With Manual Override


| NEMA 4/6/7 Enclosure |
| :---: |
| Approvals |
| A.C. Models Only <br> Canadian Standards Association <br> CSA NRTL/C—Enclosure 4 <br> CSA NRTL/C—Class I, Divisions 1 \& 2, <br> Groups C \& D <br> CSA NRTL/C—Class II, Divisions 1 \& 2, <br> Groups E, F \& G <br> CSA NRTL/C—Approved to UL standard <br> No. 429, Electrically <br> Operated Valves <br> CSA NRTL/C—Approved to UL <br> Standard No. 1203, <br> Electrical Equipment for use <br> in Explosion - proof <br> And Dust - Ignition - proof <br> Hazardous (Classified) <br> Locations |



## SPRING RETURN ELECTRIC

## Outline Dimensions (Inches) - (SURE 49)



49 pounds / 22.27 kg


Mounting Geometry — Bottom View


## Notes

1. Direction of rotation is based on viewing actuator from top.
2. Actuator shown in energized position.

## SPRING RETURN ELECTRIC

## 115 \& 230 VAC, 1 Phase, 50/60 Hz.



## 24 VAC

| Model | Output Torque <br> Inch Pounds (N.m) | Electrical Speed of <br> Operation $-60 \mathrm{~Hz}(50 \mathrm{~Hz})$ | Spring Speed <br> of Operation | Duty Cycle Rating <br> 24 VAC | Current Ratings <br> 24 VAC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N.L.A.* | L.R.A.* |  |  |  |  |
| Sure $49-30$ | $600(68)$ | 30 seconds $/ 90^{\circ}$ <br> $\left(35\right.$ seconds $\left./ 90^{\circ}\right)$ | 2 seconds $/ 90^{\circ}$ | $25 \%$ <br> $(2)$ | 4.50 | 5.00 |

## 12 \& 24 VDC

| Model | Output Torque <br> Inch Pounds (N.m) | Electrical Speed <br> of Operation | Spring Speed <br> of Operation | Duty Cycle Rating <br> 12 VDC | Duty Cycle Rating <br> 24 VDC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sure 49-5 | $600(68)$ | 5 seconds $/ 90^{\circ}$ | 2 seconds $/ 90^{\circ}$ <br> $(1)$ | $50 \%$ <br> $(1)$ | $50 \%$ |


| Current <br> 12 Vatings | Current Ratings <br> 24 VDC |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N.L.A.* | LR.A.* | N.LA.* | LR.A. |
| 1.00 | 22.00 | 1.00 | 12.30 |

## Limit Switches (Sure 24 \& 25)

Standard: Two-single pole, double throw type (SPDT) with an option: for 2 or 4 additional

Limit Switches (24 VDC Models)
Ratings: UL and CSA listed.
MIL-PRF-8805 Qualified Listing 25 amp at 277 VAC ; 1 H.P. at 125 VAC ; 2 H.P. at 250 VAC

## Isolation Relays

To operate multiple actuators in parallel from a single signal requires isolating relays in the field wiring. Consult factory.

## Limit Switches (Sure 49, 100 \& 150)

Standard: Four-single pole, double throw type (SPDT) with an option: for 2 additional

Ratings: UL and CSA listed.
$15 \mathrm{amp} \& 1 / 2$ H.P. at 125 or 250 VAC ;
$1 / 2 \mathrm{amp}$ at $125 \mathrm{VDC} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{amp}$ at 250 VDC;
Lamp Load - 5 amp at 120 VAC
Optional: All double pole, double throw type (DPDT).
Ratings: UL and CSA listed.
10 amp at $125 / 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ (form ZZ);
$1 / 2$ H.P. at 125 VDC; $3 / 4$ H.P. at 250 VAC

## Heater

PTC (Positive Temperature Coefficient)
Heater Standard in all A. C. Voltage Models

## Duty Cycle

The percentage of time the electric motor is energized vs. the time it is at rest, in reversing duty and with the actuator running at it's rated load - maximum published torque.

## Standard Modulating Duty Rating

- 12 motor starts (corrections) per minute.
- At the rated duty cycle for that model.
- With the speed of operation a minimum of 15 seconds for $90^{\circ}$ or slower.
- With positioning accuracy of (+/-) $1 \%$ of total span. SUREPOWR'" SERIES - SURE 49 FIELD INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS


## Safety First

In the maintenance and operation of mechanical equipment, safety is the basic factor which must be considered at all times. Through the use of the proper clothes, tools and methods of handling, serious accidents causing injury to you or your fellow workers can be prevented.

Throughout this manual are listed a number of safety precautions. Study them carefully and follow them; also insist that those working for you do the same. Remember, an accident is usually caused by someone's carelessness, neglect or oversight.

To prevent ignition of hazardous atmospheres, do not remove actuator cover while circuits are live.

Loaded spring inside actuator. Do not attempt to repair actuator below top gear plate, unless properly trained on repair methods.

## Installation

Note: SurePowr actuators can be supplied for clockwise or counter-clockwise spring driven rotation (viewed from the top of the actuator). The spring drive rotation is noted on the actuator name tag and wiring diagram. Ensure that the actuator has been supplied with the proper spring drive operation for the application prior to installation on the driven device.

1. The actuator is shipped in the power off (fail) position. Ensure that the driven device is oriented to its fail position prior to installation of the actuator.
2. Care should be taken to maintain proper alignment between the actuator and the device shaft. If the actuator is not in the correct alignment with the device shaft, repeat the procedure in Step 1.
3. Mount the actuator to the device. Ensure the actuator is centered properly with the device shaft, and then tighten all bolts and nuts evenly.
4. Remove the cover bolts located around the actuator motor and control cover flange.
5. Terminate field wiring per the appropriate RCS wiring diagram, supplied with the actuator. Use a minimum of \#18 AWG stranded wire.


Figure 1

## Switch adjustments for clockwise spring fail operation (viewed from the top of the actuator)

a. Ensure actuator is de-energized and positioned in the clockwise (fail) position. Loosen the setscrews on Cams 1 and 3. Rotate both counter-clockwise until they clear the switch arm rollers of Switches 1 and 3.
b. Rotate Cam 1 clockwise until it comes in contact with Switch 1's arm roller and the switch "breaks". A light "click" can be heard. Tighten the set-screws on Cam 1.
c. Rotate Cam 3 clockwise until it comes in contact with Switch 3's arm roller and the switch just "breaks". A light "click" can be heard.
d. Rotate Cam 3 slightly further in the clockwise direction. (This ensures that Switch 3 will "break" just prior to the actuator reaching the full fail position.) Tighten the setscrews on Cam 3. Energize the actuator. This will move the actuator to the opposite end of travel.
e. Upon reaching the opposite end of travel, Cam 2 should just engage the roller on Switch 2 so that the switch just "breaks". This action will stop the actuator. Check that the actuator has properly positioned the driven equipment.
f. If actuator travel is insufficient, rotate Cam 2 slightly clockwise until the cam just clears the roller of Switch 2. As soon as the cam clears the roller, the actuator will "bump" electrically towards the end of travel. Continue until the actuator reaches the full end of travel.

SURE 49
g. If the actuator has over-traveled, rotate Cam 2 slightly counter-clockwise, then move the actuator towards the fail position electrically. Stop and electrically reverse the direction of travel. Move the actuator until Cam 2 operates Switch 2 and the actuator stops. Repeat this procedure until the actuator is properly positioned.
h. Rotate Cam 4 until it comes in contact with Switch 4's arm roller and the switch just "breaks". A light "click" can be heard. Rotate the cam slightly counter-clockwise. (This ensures that Switch 4 will "break" just prior to the actuator reaching the extreme opposite end of travel.) Tighten the setscrews on Cams 2 and 4.

## Switch adjustments for counter-clockwise spring fail operation (viewed from the top of the actuator)

a. Ensure the actuator is de-energized and positioned in the counter-clockwise (fail) position. Loosen the setscrews on Cams 2 and 4. Rotate both clockwise until they clear the switch arm rollers of switches 2 and 4.
b. Rotate Cam 2 counter-clockwise until it comes in contact with Switch 2's roller arm and the switch "breaks". A light "click" can be heard. Tighten the setscrews on Cam 2.
c. Rotate Cam 4 counter-clockwise until it comes in contact with Switch 4's arm roller and the switch just "breaks". A light "click" can be heard.
d. Rotate Cam 4 slightly further in the counter-clockwise direction. (This ensures that Switch 4 will "break" just prior to the actuator reaching the full fail position.) Tighten the setscrews on Cam 4. Energize the actuator. This will move the actuator to the opposite end of travel.

Closely monitor the electrical stroke, as the travel limit switches are not yet properly adjusted. Ensure the actuator does not over-travel and damage the driven equipment.
e. Upon reaching the opposite end of travel, Cam 1 should just engage the roller on Switch 1 so that the switch just "breaks". This action will stop the actuator. Check that the actuator has properly positioned the driven equipment.
f. If actuator travel is insufficient, rotate Cam 1 slightly counter-clockwise until the cam just clears the roller of Switch 1. As soon as the cam clears the roller, the actuator will "bump" electrically towards the end of travel. Continue until the actuator reaches the full end of travel.If the actuator has over-lraveled, rotate Cam 1 slightly counter-clockwise, then move the actuator towards the fail position electrically. Stop and electrically reverse the direction of travel. Move the actuator until Cam 1 operates switch 1 and the actuator stops. Repeat this procedure until the actuator is properly positioned.
g. If the actuator has over-traveled, rotate Cam 1 slightly clockwise, then move the actuator towards the fail position electrically. Stop and electrically reverse the direction of travel. Move the actuator until Cam 1 operates switch 1 and the actuator stops. Repeat this procedure until the actuator is properly positioned.
h. Rotate Cam 3 until it comes in contact with Switch 3's arm roller and the switch just "breaks". A light "click" can be heard. Rotate the cam slightly further in the clockwise direction. (This ensures that Switch 3 will "break" just prior to the actuator reaching the extreme opposite end of travel.) Tighten the setscrews on Cams 1 and 3.
6. Operate the actuator electrically several times to ensure proper operation and to verify that travel limits and stops are correctly set.
7. De-energize the actuator to verify proper spring failure operation. Ensure the driven device is properly positioned in the spring failure position.
8. If the actuator is supplied with an optional feedback potentiometer and/or position controller, verify proper calibration of input and output signals after making cam adjustments.
9. Replace the actuator cover and cover screws.
10. The actuator is now ready for electrical operation.

## CCW Spring Return Rotation As Viewed From Top of Actuator



Figure 2 (For Illustration Purposes only)

## CW Spring Return Rotation As Viewed From Top of Actuator



Figure 3 (For Illustration Purposes only)

SURE
49


Figure 4

## Operational Information:

Standard unit is viewed from the top looking thru the actuator. Output shaft is motorized in a counter-clockwise direction and is returned to its original position by a spring in a clockwise direction. Unit designation is spring clockwise.

Optional unit: The output shaft is motorized in a clockwise direction and returned counter-clockwise to the original position Unit designation is spring counter-clockwise.

To prevent ignition of hazardous atmospheres, do not remove actuator cover while circuits are live.

SURE 49

## Operation

Power On: The electric motor drives the gear train, which in turn winds the spring and turns the device. An internal limit switch de-energizes the motor and the brake, which holds the return spring and device in position.
Power Off: When the current is interrupted by either a control signal or a power failure, the return spring drives the device to its original position.

Note: It is recommended that the actuator be driven electrically in both directions for normal operation to prolong cycle life.

## Maintenance

Gear train is permanently lubricated at the factory for the average life of the actuator. Brake gap is set at the factory. No further attention is required.

## Thermal Overload

The internal thermal overload switch de-energizes the motor and prevents overheating of the motor windings due to excessive operation, stalling or high ambient temperatures.

## Duty Cycle

The maximum duty-cycle to be expected without interruption by thermal cut-off at an ambient temperature of $65 \mathrm{C}^{\circ}$ is $25 \%$ ( 3 "OFF" times for every 1 "ON" time) for the 5 and 10 second design, and 50\% ( "OFF" time for every 1 "ON" time) for the 30 second design.

## Storage

The Surepowr actuator must be stored in a clean, dry, temperature controlled building which is protected from the weather. Precautions shall be taken to prevent condensation inside or outside the actuator. If there is insufficient external temperature and humidity control, internal heaters must be installed and energized to protect the unit against condensation from extreme temperature variations. The actuators shall be stored off the floor on suitable pallets and must be covered with an unsealed dust protector allowing side and bottom ventilation.

## Troubleshooting (New Unit)

Note: Most actuator problems occur due to incorrect cam/travel limit switch setting, or the use of an external travel stop on the device that the actuator is operating.

Problem 1: Actuator is receiving electric power but the motor does not respond.
Instructions: 1a. Check actuator nameplate to insure correct model, voltage type and spring return direction.
1b. Check all wiring against installation wiring diagram.
1c. Actuator with clockwise fail position: Using a volt meter, check that power is available between terminals 1 and 2. Then check the voltage between terminal 1 (common) and the two legs of the motor and capacitor. The meter should indicate a value $=10$ or greater than the supply voltage indicated on the actuator nametag.
Actuator with counter-clockwise fail position: Using a volt meter, check that power is available between terminals 1 and 3 . Then check the voltage between terminal 1 (common) and the two legs of the motor and capacitor. The meter should indicate a value $=$ to or greater than the supply voltage indicated on the actuator nametag.

If power is not present at the motor or capacitor leads:

- Cam adjustments are required
- Switch malfunction
- Improper wiring

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Problem 2: Actuator is receiving electric power but the motor only hums.
Instructions: 2a. Perform steps 1a through 1c listed above.
$2 b$. Check to insure brake is completely disengaged when power is applied.
Problem 3: Actuator runs but operation is erratic.
Instructions: 3a. Perform steps 1a through 1c listed above.
3b. Check ambient temperature. Standard Surepowr actuators have a maximum ambient operating temperature rating of $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
3c. Check duty cycle (frequency of operation). See above for details.
3d. Ensure that actuator is not continuously stalled.
Problem 4: Motor runs continuously in spring return direction after actuator output shaft has stopped.
Instructions: 4a. Adjust spring return side travel cam/switch so that the cam trips the switch before shaft stops motion.
Problem 5: Motor runs continuously but output shaft does not turn.
Instructions: 5a. Check for power to the bridge rectifier and clutch solenoid.
Note: Standard Surepowr actuators are manufactured with thermal overload protectors in series with the motor common. Should any of the above problems cause the protector to open, it will automatically reset when the motor temperature is lowered to a safe level.

## Locating and Ordering Parts

For ease and accuracy in identifying and ordering spare or replacement parts, submit the following information from unit nameplate.

1. Serial Number
2. Model Number
3. Voltage

## Optional Manual Override Available



| NEMA 4/6/7 Enclosure |
| :---: |
| Approvals |
| A.C. Models Only <br> Canadian Standards Association <br> CSA NRTL/C—Enclosure 4 and 6 <br> CSA NRTL/C—Class I, Divisions 1 \& 2, <br> Groups C \& D <br> CSA NRTL/C—Class II, Divisions 1 \& 2, <br> Groups E, F \& G <br> CSA NRTL/C—Approved to UL standard <br> No. 429, Electrically <br> Operated Valves <br> CSA NRTL/C—Approved to UL <br> Standard No. 1203, <br> Electrical Equipment for use <br> in Explosion - proof <br> And Dust - Ignition - proof <br> Hazardous (Classified) <br> Locations |


|  | Models |
| :---: | :---: |
| SURE100 |  |
|  | Typical Application |
| For on/off and modulating control of: <br> - Part turn ball, butterfly, plug valves or rotary dampers when emergency shutdown or shutoff capability is required in the event of a loss of power. |  |
|  | Temperature Range |
|  |  |
|  | 21 Voltage |
| 115 VAC, 1 Phase, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$. 230 VAC, 1 Phase, 50/60 Hz. |  |
|  | Torque Range |
| 1200 pound inches spring end ( 136 newton meters) |  |
|  | Speed Range |
| 10 \& 30 seconds for $90^{\circ}$ revolution, motor operation <br> 5 to 7 seconds, spring operation |  |
|  | (0) Spring |
| Helical torsion spring, spring steel, XYLAN ${ }^{\text {® }}$ coated |  |
| Special Features |  |
| AC Voltages 4 - SPDT Switches, PTC Heater, Motor Brake |  |



## 115 \& 230 VAC, 1 Phase, 50/60 Hz.

| $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \frac{9}{1 i n} \\ & \frac{\pi}{2} \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | Model | Output Torque Inch Pounds (N.m) | Electrical Speed of Operation - 60 Hz ( 50 Hz ) | Spring Speed of Operation | Duty Cycle Rating 115 VAC | Duty Cycle Rating 220 VAC | Current Ratings 115 VAC |  | Gurrent Ratings 220 VAC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N.LA.* | LR.A. | N.L.A.* | L.R.A.* |
|  | Sure 25-5 | 300 (34) | $\begin{gathered} 5 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ} \\ \left(6 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 2 seconds/ $90^{\circ}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \% \\ (1) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \% \\ (1) \end{gathered}$ | 1.40 | 2.15 | CF** | CF** |
|  | Sure 25-10 | 300 (34) | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ} \\ \left(12 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2 seconds $/ 90^{\circ}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \% \\ (2) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 50 \% \\ (2) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 1.00 | 1.55 | CF** | CF** |
|  | Sure 24-10 | 300 (34) | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ} \\ \left(12 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 2 seconds $/ 90^{\circ}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \% \\ (1) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \% \\ (1) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | . 70 | 1.05 | . 45 | .65 |
|  | Sure 49-5 | 600 (68) | $\begin{gathered} 5 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ} \\ \left(6 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2 seconds/ $90^{\circ}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \% \\ (1) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \% \\ (1) \end{gathered}$ | 1.10 | 1.80 | 1.00 | 1.20 |
|  | Sure 49-15 | 600 (68) | $\begin{gathered} 15 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ} \\ \left(18 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ}\right. \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | 2 seconds/ $90^{\circ}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \% \\ (1) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \% \\ (1) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | . 55 | 1.55 | . 35 | . 90 |
|  | Sure 49-30 | 600 (68) | $\begin{gathered} 30 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ} \\ \left(35 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 2 seconds $/ 90^{\circ}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \% \\ \text { (2) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \% \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ | . 65 | . 70 | . 30 | . 35 |
|  | Sure 100-10 | 1,200 (136) | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ} \\ \left(12 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ} \\ (\max )+ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \% \\ (1) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \% \\ (1) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 1.90 | 2.90 | . 90 | 1.35 |
|  | Sure 100-30 | 1,200 (136) | $\begin{gathered} 30 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ} \\ \left(35 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ} \\ (\max )+ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \% \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \% \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ | . 65 | . 95 | . 35 | . 45 |

* (N.L.A.) — No Load Ampere
(L.R.A.) — Locked Rotor Ampere
(1) - Open/Close Service
(2) - Open/Close or Modulating Service
** (CF) — Consult Factory
+     - Approximate, Based on Load


## 24 VAC

|  | Model | Output Torque Inch Pounds (N.m) | Electrical Speed of Operation - $60 \mathrm{~Hz}(50 \mathrm{~Hz})$ | Spring Speed of Operation | Duty Cycle Rating 24 VAC | Current Ratings 24 VAC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | N.L.A. | L.R.A.* |
|  | Sure 49-30 | 600 (68) | $\begin{gathered} 30 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ} \\ \left(35 \text { seconds } / 90^{\circ}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 2 seconds/ $90^{\circ}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \% \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ | 4.50 | 5.00 |

## 24 VDC

| Model | Output Torque <br> Inch Pounds (N.m) | Electrical Speed of <br> Operation $-60 \mathrm{~Hz} .(50 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sure 49-5 | $600(68)$ | 5 seconds $90^{\circ}$ <br> $\left(6\right.$ seconds $\left./ 90^{\circ}\right)$ |


| Spring Speed <br> of Operation |
| :---: |
| 2 seconds $/ 90^{\circ}$ |


| Duty Cycle Rating 115 VAC | Duty Cycle Rating 230 VAC | Current Ratings$12 \text { VDC }$ |  | Current Ratings$24 \text { VDC }$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | N.LA. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | LRA.* | N.L.A. | L.R.A.* |
| $\begin{gathered} 50 \% \\ (1) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(1)}{50 \%}$ | 1.00 | 22.00 | 1.00 | 12.30 |

## Limit Switches (Sure 24 \& 25)

Standard: Two-single pole, double throw type (SPDT) with an option: for 2 or 4 additional

## Limit Switches (24 VDC Models)

Ratings: UL and CSA listed. MIL-PRF-8805 Qualified Listing 25 amp at $277 \mathrm{VAC} ; 1$ H.P. at 125 VAC ; 2 H.P. at 250 VAC

## Isolation Relays

To operate multiple actuators in parallel from a single signal requires isolating relays in the field wiring. Consult factory.

## Limit Switches (Sure 49 \& 100)

Standard: Four-single pole, double throw type (SPDT) with an option: for 2 additional

Ratings: UL and CSA listed.
$15 \mathrm{amp} \& 1 / 2$ H.P. at 125 or $250 \mathrm{VAC} ;$
$1 / 2 \mathrm{amp}$ at $125 \mathrm{VDC} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{amp}$ at 250 VDC ;
Lamp Load - 5 amp at 120 VAC
Optional: All double pole, double throw type (DPDT)
Ratings: UL and CSA listed.
10 amp at $125 / 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ (form ZZ);
$1 / 2$ H.P. at 125 VDC; $3 / 4$ H.P. at 250 VAC

## Heater

PTC (Positive Temperature Coefficient)
Heater Standard in all A. C. Voltage Models

## Duty Cycle

The percentage of time the electric motor is energized vs. the time it is at rest, in reversing duty and with the actuator running at it's rated load - maximum published torque.

## Standard Modulating Duty Rating

- 12 motor starts (corrections) per minute.
- At the rated duty cycle for that model.
- With the speed of operation a minimum of 15 seconds for $90^{\circ}$ or slower.
- With positioning accuracy of ( $+/$ ) $1 \%$ of total span.


## SPRING RETURN ELECTRIC

## Outline Dimensions (Inches) — (SURE 100)



## Conduit Entries

5/16-18UNC Class 2B,


CCW Spring Return

Conduit Entries


Bore Depth - 1.50"
CW Spring Return

## Notes

1. Direction of rotation is based on viewing actuator from top.
2. Actuator shown in power fail position.
3. Mounting circle complies with

ISO 5211 flange type F07 (except bolt thread). Bolt circle is on center line, not straddling center line.

Two keys are recommended for driving device.

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## Section VIII

# Damper Limit Switch Maintenance and Operation Information 

# PROXIMITY Mark Rotary Position Indicator <br> <br> \section*{Thruv-Shatid Swithes and Transmitters <br> <br> \section*{Thruv-Shatid Swithes and Transmitters <br> <br> <br> Explosion Proof and Beneraral Purpose} 

 <br> <br> <br> Explosion Proof and Beneraral Purpose}}


Cutaway View Model 42RDOJ2 Shown

*FOR MODELS 11, 12, 41, 42, 61 \& 62

## BENEFITS

- A shaft through a $1^{\prime \prime}$ bushing and O-ring seals the switch compartment for hazard, corrosion and leak protection, (IP 68 submersible).
- Set screw cams provide infinite adjustment, and user-friendly manual cams provide single-step rotational adjustment and locking set screw.
- Flexible design allows multiple mechanical or proximity switch and transmitter option(s).
- Adjustable stainless steel visual indicator with scale is standard for quarter turn direct drive applications.
- Housing options include 1, 2 or 3 conduit entrances, junction package, terminal strip and solenoid valve(s).
- Mounting hardware available in plated or stainless steel for your specific requirements includes rotary, linear and Namur mounting hardware.
- High temperature to $600^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ for limited duration consult factory for available options.


## APPLICATIONS

- Rotary valve actuators and dampers
- Linear valve actuators and cylinders
- Manual valves
- Gear operators
- Positioners


## SPECIFICATIONS

## Minimum Rotational Travel: $5^{\circ}$.

Maximum Rotational Travel: $360^{\circ}$.
Operational Life: 1,000,000 cycles.
Operating Temperature: -65 to $180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-54\right.$ to $\left.82^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.
Weight: $3 \mathrm{lb}(1.5 \mathrm{k})$ to $6 \mathrm{lb}(3.0 \mathrm{k})$.
Maximum Altitude: 2000 m ( 6560 ft ).
(Consult Factory for Pneumatic Indicator Data)
See page 4 for other specifications.

## Suggested Specification

Position indicators shall be Proximity Model 4XXXXXX. The indicator(transmitter)(potentiometer) shall include 0(1)(2) (4)(6) switch(es). The switch(es) shall be SPDT (DPDT) (Namur)(Magnetic Blow-out) mechanical (proximity) rated at ___ amps. The coupling shall be direct(lever) drive. The housing shall be painted aluminum (epoxy coated) with a screw-on metal(clear plastic) cover. The housing shall include one $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ NPT conduit entrance and $0(1)(2) 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT conduit entrance(s) (and terminal strip). It shall be NEMA 4,4X,7,9, UL/CSA certified Class I Groups C, D Divisions 1 and 2 (ATEX Flameproof) (ATEX Intrinsically Safe - IS) (SAA Flameproof). See reverse side for complete specifications and ordering information. The part number is 4 XXXXXX.

# Speciicications and Ordering Information 


$\dagger$ Potentiometer and transmitter outputs will have no switches when ordered with switch type $\mathrm{O}, 2$ switches if ordered with switch types $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}, \mathrm{R}$, V , or W , and 4 switches if ordered with switch type S . No other switch types are available.
*Junction package available. Consult factory for solenoid valve packages and pneumatic indicator option.
NOT COMPATIBLE WITH "T" (HIGH TEMP SWITCH)
SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.
NOTE: When ordering mounting kits, please supply make and model number of your actuator or valve.


Class I, Groups C,D,
Class II, Groups E,F,G,
Divisions 1 and 2
Class I, Groups C,D, Class II, Groups E,F,G, Divisions 1 and 2



* OPTIONAL, MAYBE CONNECTED TO TEST POINT AS SHOWN OR TO SCREW TERMINALS
** REQUIRED FOR HART ${ }^{\circledR}$ COMMUNICATIONS, OPTIONAL OTHERWISE


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\mathbf{A}
$$

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\Delta
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\mathbf{A}
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## Section IX

## Damper Wiring Data

## Product Data Sheet

## 2XX Series SP

Replace "XX" with 01 through 30 for number of poles

# Terminal Block- Closed Back With Sems Pressure Saddle Screw 20 Amps, 250 Volts (AC/DC) 


(6 Pole shown)

## Copper Stranded Wire only.

Wire Range with Wire Binding Screw: \#12-\#22 AWG
7/16" Centers


Application torque: 12 in . lbs

## Electrical Ratings:

- 20A with Listed ring lug or unprepared wire, (Based on NEC Table $310-16,75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ columns)
- 250 Volts AC/DC (UL 1059 Class B, User Group - Commercial Appliances)
- Short Circuit Current Rating: 10,000A (Default)
- Approved for Factory and Field Wiring.


## Mechanical Ratings:

- Storage and transportation temperature range: $-35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-31^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \text { to } 230^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)^{*}$
- Maximum insulator base temperature: $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(302^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)^{\star}$ UL RTI
- Flammability rating of insulator base: UL 94V-1
* Use outside these ratings needs to be judged in the end-use application.


## Materials:

- Connector (Contact): Brass, tin plated.
- Insulator base: Phenolic
- Drive screw (Rivet): Stainless steel
- Screw, \#6-32 Saddle Plate, Phil-Slot: Steel, nickel plated


## Agency Approvals:

- UL Recognized, UL 1059 Terminal Block Standard, File No. XCFR2.E62806
- CSA Certified, CSA C22.2 No. 158, File No. LR19766
- CE compliant, IEC 60947-7-1
- RoHS Compliant


## Wire Range:

|  |  | Copper Wire Stranding Classes - Number of Strands |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wire Size | Torque | Solid | Class B | Class C |
| 12 | 12 in. Lbs |  | 7 | 19 |
| 14 | $12 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{Lbs}$ |  | 7 | 19 |
| 16 | $12 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{Lbs}$ |  | 7 | 19 |
| 18 | $12 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{Lbs}$ |  | 7 | 19 |
| 20 | $12 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{Lbs}$ |  | 7 | 19 |
| 22 | $12 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{Lbs}$ |  | 7 | 19 |

Suggested product mounting hardware: \#6 fastener, torque to $10-15 \mathrm{in}$. lbs.

## ACCESSORIES:

- Printing (for printing options, see Terminal Block Printing on website)
- Marking strips - sub mounted, black only (FB) (For Printing Options, see section on website)

- Marking strips - top mounted, white only (SW)
- Cover - top mounted. Order CW (white) or CB (Black). Can be printed. See website.


|  |  | Dimensions |  |  |  |  | Dimensions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Catalog No | \# of Poles | A | B |  | Catalog $\mathrm{No}_{0}$ | \# of Poles | A | B |
| 201 | 1 | 1.19 | 0.88 | X | 216 | 16 | 7.75 | 7.44 |
| 202 | 2 | 1.62 | 1.31 | X | 217 | 17 | 8.19 | 7.88 |
| 203 | 3 | 2.06 | 1.75 | X | 218 | 18 | 8.62 | 8.31 |
| 204 | 4 | 2.50 | 2.19 | X | 219 | 19 | 9.06 | 8.75 |
| 205 | 5 | 2.94 | 2.63 | X | 220 | 20 | 9.50 | 9.19 |
| 206 | 6 | 3.37 | 3.06 | X | 221 | 21 | 9.93 | 9.62 |
| 207 | 7 | 3.81 | 3.50 | X | 222 | 22 | 10.37 | 10.06 |
| 208 | 8 | 4.25 | 3.94 | X | 223 | 23 | 10.81 | 10.50 |
| 209 | 9 | 4.68 | 4.37 | X | 224 | 24 | 11.24 | 10.93 |
| 210 | 10 | 5.12 | 4.81 | X | 225 | 25 | 11.68 | 11.37 |
| 211 | 11 | 5.56 | 5.25 | X | 226 | 26 | 12.12 | 11.81 |
| 212 | 12 | 5.99 | 5.68 | X | 227 | 27 | 12.55 | 12.24 |
| 213 | 13 | 6.43 | 6.12 | X | 228 | 28 | 12.99 | 12.68 |
| 214 | 14 | 6.87 | 6.56 | X | 229 | 29 | 13.43 | 13.12 |
| 215 | 15 | 7.31 | 7.00 | X | 230 | 30 | 13.86 | 13.55 |

## WWW.MARATHONSP.COM

1-419-352-8441

PDS 0244 REV A 2/21/08

Liquidtight Flexible Metal Conduit High/Low Temp
TYPE - ATX


Contact your local Sales Representative Click Here for Printable Version


See Chat for Dimensions and Tolerances.

## TYPE - ATX

A conduit designed to withstand an extreme temperature range

## CONSTRUCTION:

Utilizes the flexibility of our standard LT core, coupled with the advantage of a Thermoplastic Rubber jacket that is virtually unaffected by temperature extremes and that contains no halogens. The material has a flammability rating of UL 94-HB and is UV stabilized

## APPLICATION:

Used in situations where concerns of resistance to temperature exposure exist. These include heavy outdoor equipment, boilers, furnaces and sub-zero areas.

Tests Include:
WEEE and RoHS Compliant

STANDARD COLORS:
Black

## WORKING TEMPERATURES:

$-60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Intermitting to $165^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
For applications at the maximum rated working temperature of $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Electri-Flex recommends the use of Thomas\&Betts ${ }^{(ß)} 5300 \mathrm{HT}$ series of liquidtight mnnectors. The gland ring and insulated throat in these fittings are rated for $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Metal Used: Steel

Plastic Used: TPR See the Type ATX - Chemical Resistance Guide

| High <br> Mech. <br> Strength | Listed <br> For <br> Direct <br> Burial | Halogen <br> Free | Low <br> Fire <br> Hazard | Accepts <br> Standard <br> Liquidtight <br> Fittings | Self <br> Extinquish | EMI/RFI <br> Shielding | Oil <br> Resistance | Acid <br> Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X |  | X |  |  | X |  |

® Electri-Flex Company 1-800-323-6174

## Thomas\&Betts

## U.S. Electrical On-line Catalog

## T\&B' Fittings



T\&B Catalog Number: 5253
UPC Number: 78621005253
Description: 3/4" 90\° malleable iron liquidtight connector

Status: Active


| Features |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| - | Ability to install quickly with low torque effort |
| Application |  |
| - | Used where flexible metal raceway is installed in outdoor or indoor locations where exposed to continuous or intermittent moisture. |
| - | To positively bond conduit to box or enclosure. |
| General |  |
| -Material | Malleable Iron |
| -Finish | Electro Zinc Plated with Chromate Coating |
| - Conduit Size (inches) | 3/4 |
| Dimension Information |  |
| -Dimension A (inches) | $121 / 32$ |
| -Dimension B (inches) | $13 / 4$ |
| - Dimension C (inches) | 9/16 |
| Specifications |  |
| -3dmodel | Available on Website |
| Accessories \& Components |  |
| -Wiremesh Grips for Liquidtight Fittings | WMG-LT3 |
| Packaging |  |
| -T\&B Inner Pack | 10 |
| -Package in Units | 50 |
| -T\&B Sold in UOM | Each |
| -T\&B Weight Per UOM | 39.6 lbs . per 100 |
| Application Support |  |
| -Product Overview | Available on Website |
| Certifications |  |
| -RoHS Compliance | Yes |
| Certifications |  |

## (I)

File Nbr: E 23018

For further technical assistance, please contact us...

Thomas \& Betts - USA
8155 T\&B Blvd
Memphis, TN 38125
www.tnb.com

T\&B Technical Support
MS 3B-50
8155 T\&B Blvd.
Memphis, TN 38125

Hours: 7AM-6PM CDT
Monday-Friday
Phone: (888) 862-3289
Fax: (901) 252-1321
Email:techsupport@tnb.com

## Thomas\&Betts

## U.S. Elecirical On-line Calalog

## T\&B' Fittings



T\&B Catalog Number:
5233
UPC Number:
Description:
78621005233
$3 / 4$ " Straight steel liquidtight connector

Status:
Active

| Features |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| - | Ability to install quickly with low torque effort |
| Application |  |
| - | Used where flexible metal raceway is installed in outdoor or indoor locations where exposed to continuous or intermittent moisture. |
| - | To positively bond conduit to box or enclosure. |
| General |  |
| -Material | Steel |
| -Finish | Electro Zinc Plated with Chromate Coating |
| -Conduit Size (inches) | 39876 |
| Dimension Information |  |
| - Dimension A (inches) | 121/32 |
| - Dimension B (inches) | 15/8 |
| -Dimension C (inches) | 9/16 |
| Specifications |  |
| -3dmodel | Available on Website |
| Accessories \& Components |  |
| -Wiremesh Grips for Liquidtight Fittings | WMG-LT3 |
| Packaging |  |
| -T\&B Inner Pack | 25 |
| -Package in Units | 50 |
| -T\&B Sold in UOM | Each |
| -T\&B Weight Per UOM | 24.4 lbs. per 100 |
| Application Support |  |
| -Product Overview | Available on Website |
| Certifications |  |
| -RoHS Compliance | Yes |
| Certifications |  |



File Nbr:
E 23018
For further technical assistance, please contact us...

Thomas \& Betts - USA
8155 T\&B Blvd
Memphis, TN 38125
www.tnb.com

T\&B Technical Support MS 3B-50 8155 T\&B Blvd. Memphis, TN 38125

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Monday-Friday
Phone: (888) 862-3289
Fax: (901) 252-1321
Email:techsuppor@tnb.com

## CONTINUOUS-HINGE WITH CLAMPS, TYPE 4X



## INDUSTRY STANDARDS

UL 50, 50E Listed; Type 3R, 4, 4X, 12; File No. E27567 cUL Listed per CSA C22.2 No 94; Type 3R, 4, 4X, 12; File No. E27567
UL 508A Listed; Type 3R, 4, 4X, 12; File No. E61997
cUL Listed per CSA C22.2 No 94; Type 3R, 4, 4X, 12; File No. E61997
NEMA/EEMAC Type 3R, 4, 4X, 12, 13
CSA File No. 42184: Type 4, 4X, 12
IEC 60529, IP66
Meets NEMA Type 3RX requirements

## APPLICATION

Used in either indoor or outdoor applications, these enclosures combine a rugged continuous hinge, seamless foam-in-place gasket and stainless steel screw-down clamps for a reliable seal that protects components from corrosive environments.

## SPECIFICATIONS

- 16 and 14 gauge 316L stainless steel
- Seams continuously welded and ground smooth
- MODIFIED FOR ATEX SILICONE GASKET
- Stainless steel screws and clamps
- Pull stainless steel continuous hinge pin to remove door
- Weldnuts provided for mounting optional panels and terminal block kits
- Bonding provision on door and body


## FINISH

Cover and sides of body have smooth \#4 brushed finish.

## ACCESSORIES

See also Accessories.
Fast-Operating Clamp-Cover Junction Box Clamp
Lock Kit for Clamp Cover Junction Boxes
Panels for Junction Boxes
Terminal Block Kit Assembly for Junction Boxes Overview

## MODIFICATION AND CUSTOMIZATION

Hoffman excels at modifying and customizing products to your specifications. Contact your local Hoffman sales office or distributor for complete information.
BULLETIN: A51S

Standard Product

| Catalog Number | AxBxC in./mm | Stainless <br> Steel Type | UL Listed | Body Gauge | Cover <br> Gauge | Steel <br> Panel | Conductive Panel | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Panel Size } \\ & \text { D X E } \\ & \mathrm{in} . / \mathrm{mm} \end{aligned}$ | Mounting G×H in. $/ \mathrm{mm}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Overall } \\ & \text { Lx W } \\ & \text { in./mm } \end{aligned}$ | F <br> in./mm | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{J} \\ & \mathrm{in} . / \mathrm{mm} \end{aligned}$ | N in./mm | T <br> in./mm | V <br> in./mn | Y <br> in./mm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6044CHNFFSS | $\begin{aligned} & 6.00 \times 4.00 \times 4.00 \\ & 152 \times 102 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | 304 | 508A | 16 | 16 | A6P4 | A6P4G | $\begin{aligned} & 4.88 \times 2.88 \\ & 124 \times 73 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.75 \times 2.00 \\ & 171 \times 51 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.50 \times 4.94 \\ & 191 \times 125 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.50 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.62 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.00 \\ & 76 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.31 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.56 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ |
| AGOGCHNFSS | $\begin{aligned} & 6.00 \times 6.00 \times 4.00 \\ & 152 \times 152 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | 304 | 50, 50E | 16 | 16 | A6P6 | A6P6G | $\begin{aligned} & 4.88 \times 4.88 \\ & 124 \times 124 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.75 \times 4.00 \\ & 171 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.50 \times 6.94 \\ & 191 \times 176 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.50 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.62 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.00 \\ & 127 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.31 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.56 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ |
| A0064CHNFSS | $\begin{aligned} & 8.00 \times 6.00 \times 4.00 \\ & 203 \times 152 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | 304 | 50, 50E | 14 | 16 | A8P6 | A8P6G | $\begin{aligned} & 6.75 \times 4.88 \\ & 171 \times 124 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.75 \times 4.00 \\ & 222 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.50 \times 6.94 \\ & 241 \times 176 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.50 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.62 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.38 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.00 \\ & 127 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
| A1000CHNFSS | $\begin{aligned} & 10.00 \times 8.00 \times 4.00 \\ & 254 \times 203 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | 304 | 50, 50E | 14 | 16 | A10P8 | A10P8G | $\begin{aligned} & 8.75 \times 6.88 \\ & 222 \times 175 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.75 \times 6.00 \\ & 273 \times 152 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.50 \times 8.94 \\ & 292 \times 227 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.50 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.62 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.38 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.00 \\ & 178 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $12.00 \times 10.00 \times 6.00$ $305 \times 254 \times 152$ | 304 | 50, 50E | 14 | 16 | A12P10 | A12P10G | $\begin{aligned} & 10.75 \times 8.88 \\ & 273 \times 225 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12.75 \times 8.00 \\ & 324 \times 203 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.50 \times 10.94 \\ & 343 \times 278 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.50 \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.62 \\ & 143 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.00 \\ & 229 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
| A1212CHNFSS | $\begin{aligned} & 12.00 \times 12.00 \times 6.00 \\ & 305 \times 305 \times 152 \end{aligned}$ | 304 | 50, 50E | 14 | 16 | A12P12 | A12P12G | $\begin{aligned} & 10.75 \times 10.88 \\ & 273 \times 276 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12.75 \times 10.00 \\ & 324 \times 254 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.50 \times 12.94 \\ & 343 \times 329 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.50 \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.62 \\ & 143 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.00 \\ & 279 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
| A1412CHNFSS | $\begin{aligned} & 14.00 \times 12.00 \times 6.00 \\ & 356 \times 305 \times 152 \end{aligned}$ | 304 | 50, 50E | 14 | 16 | A14P12 | A14P12G | $\begin{aligned} & 12.75 \times 10.88 \\ & 324 \times 276 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.75 \times 10.00 \\ & 375 \times 254 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.50 \times 12.94 \\ & 394 \times 329 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.50 \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.62 \\ & 143 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.00 \\ & 279 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
| A1614CHNFSC | $\begin{aligned} & 16.00 \times 14.00 \times 6.00 \\ & 406 \times 356 \times 152 \end{aligned}$ | 304 | 508A | 14 | 16 | A16P14 | A16P14G | $\begin{aligned} & 14.75 \times 12.88 \\ & 375 \times 327 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.75 \times 12.00 \\ & 425 \times 305 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.50 \times 14.94 \\ & 445 \times 379 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.50 \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.62 \\ & 143 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.00 \\ & 330 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
| A6044CHNFSS6 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.00 \times 4.00 \times 4.00 \\ & 152 \times 102 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | 316L | 50, 50E | 16 | 16 | A6P4 | A6P4G | $\begin{aligned} & 4.88 \times 2.88 \\ & 124 \times 73 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.75 \times 2.00 \\ & 171 \times 51 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.50 \times 4.94 \\ & 191 \times 125 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.50 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.62 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.00 \\ & 76 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.31 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.56 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ |
| A606CHNFSS6 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.00 \times 6.00 \times 4.00 \\ & 152 \times 152 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | 316L | 50, 50E | 16 | 16 | A6P6 | A6P6G | $\begin{aligned} & 4.88 \times 4.88 \\ & 124 \times 124 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.75 \times 4.00 \\ & 171 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.50 \times 6.94 \\ & 191 \times 176 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.50 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.62 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.00 \\ & 127 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.31 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.56 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ |
| A8064CHNFSS6 | $\begin{aligned} & 8.00 \times 6.00 \times 4.00 \\ & 203 \times 152 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | 316L | 50, 50E | 14 | 16 | A8P6 | A8P6G | $\begin{aligned} & 6.75 \times 4.88 \\ & 171 \times 124 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.75 \times 4.00 \\ & 222 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.50 \times 6.94 \\ & 241 \times 176 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.50 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.62 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.38 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.00 \\ & 127 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
| A1008CHNFSS6 | $\begin{aligned} & 10.00 \times 8.00 \times 4.00 \\ & 254 \times 203 \times 102 \end{aligned}$ | 316L | 50, 50E | 14 | 16 | A10P8 | A10P8G | $\begin{aligned} & 8.75 \times 6.88 \\ & 222 \times 175 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.75 \times 6.00 \\ & 273 \times 152 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.50 \times 8.94 \\ & 292 \times 227 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.50 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.62 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.38 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.00 \\ & 178 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
| A12106CHNFSS6 | $\begin{aligned} & 12.00 \times 10.00 \times 6.00 \\ & 305 \times 254 \times 152 \end{aligned}$ | 316L | 50, 50E | 14 | 16 | A12P10 | A12P10G | $\begin{aligned} & 10.75 \times 8.88 \\ & 273 \times 225 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12.75 \times 8.00 \\ & 324 \times 203 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.50 \times 10.94 \\ & 343 \times 278 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.50 \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.62 \\ & 143 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.00 \\ & 229 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
| A1212CHNFSS6 | $\begin{aligned} & 12.00 \times 12.00 \times 6.00 \\ & 305 \times 305 \times 152 \end{aligned}$ | 316L | 50, 50E | 14 | 16 | A12P12 | A12P12G | $\begin{aligned} & 10.75 \times 10.88 \\ & 273 \times 276 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12.75 \times 10.00 \\ & 324 \times 254 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.50 \times 12.94 \\ & 343 \times 329 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.50 \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.62 \\ & 143 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.00 \\ & 279 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
| A1412CHNFSS6 | $\begin{aligned} & 14.00 \times 12.00 \times 6.00 \\ & 356 \times 305 \times 152 \end{aligned}$ | 316L | 50, 50E | 14 | 16 | A14P12 | A14P12G | $\begin{aligned} & 12.75 \times 10.88 \\ & 324 \times 276 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.75 \times 10.00 \\ & 375 \times 254 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.50 \times 12.94 \\ & 394 \times 329 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.50 \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.62 \\ & 143 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.00 \\ & 279 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
| A1614CHNFSS6 | $\begin{aligned} & 16.00 \times 14.00 \times 6.00 \\ & 406 \times 356 \times 152 \end{aligned}$ | 316L | 50, 50E | 14 | 16 | A16P14 | A16P14G | $\begin{aligned} & 14.75 \times 12.88 \\ & 375 \times 327 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.75 \times 12.00 \\ & 425 \times 305 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.50 \times 14.94 \\ & 445 \times 379 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.50 \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.62 \\ & 143 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.00 \\ & 330 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.62 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |

A6044CHNFSS and A6044CHNFSS6 UL 508A Listed. The remaining catalog numbers are UL 50 Listed.
Purchase panels separately. Optional stainless steel, composite and aluminum panels are available for most sizes.


SECTION Y-Y

NOTE:

1. Optional panels are 14 gauge steel, conductive steel or stainless steel 2. Panel screws are \#10-32 pan head


CLAMP BRACKET LOCATIONS


## Thermal Wire and Cable Corp.

White Lake Corporate Park
` 527 Plover Avenue
. vaples, FL 34117-8408
Telephone :239-430-WIRE (9473)
Fax : 239-435-1779
E-Mail :
Online :

## $250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(482^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ SRML Silicone Rubber Motor Lead Wire 600 V Single Conductor

Thermal Wire and Cable's Type SRML insulated cables offer a wide service temperature range of $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and are quite flexible in nature. Silicone rubber compounds have much greater resistance to high temperatures and are available and presently being used in applications of an extremely severe nature. Typical applications include wiring of motors, fixtures, appliances, etc.
Sil- $V$ silicone rubber is very resistant to extremely low temperatures. The brittle point of the compound used is typically below $-150^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. When heated beyond the maximum serviceable temperature rating or if burned, Sil-V silicone rubbers leaves a nonconductive silicone dioxide ash, which is an excellent dielectric that permits continued operation of the cable for an indefinite period, if left undisturbed. This flame resistance is greatly enhanced due to the cable being augmented with a treated overall glass braid. The cost per 1000 ft is less than Fluoropolymer insulated cables.
Sil-V insulated cables resistance to chemicals is excellent and a table is available to determine useful life in oils, bases, hydraulic fluids and solvents.
When modified silicone rubber is augmented with a colored braid, it is fire resistant, resistant to weathering, fungus, and has excellent electrical characteristics. Its flexible nature and small diameter profile provides for easy, economical installations. Fully pigmented jackets are available in any color. These cables are also available in multi-conductor flexible cables and 300 Volt rating for added cost advantages. Nickel-plated copper is standard conductor material. Pure nickel available upon request.
*Please specify color : 0-black, 1-brown (tan), 2-red, 3-orange, 4-yellow, 5 -green, 6-blue, 7 -purple, 8 -gray, 9 -white. For green base color with yellow stripe - 54 .
Intended Use : UL Recognized 18-10 AWG as Internal Wiring of Appliances and Fixtures. CSA Certified as equipment wire. **Based on single conductor in free air @ $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Please consult article 310 of the national electrical code for further application and ampacity information.
Results 1 - 9 of 9
Item \# 250-18SRML-*

## Results 1-9 of 9

## Section X

## Approved Shop Drawings









