

December 13, 2024



Matthew Philips, PE ODOT District 4 2088 S. Arlington Road | Akron, OH | 44306 | USA

Re: PID 121698; TRU-80-11.32 Truck Parking

Dear Mr. Philips,

2LMN is pleased to submit the revised preliminary alignment feasibility study and Part 2 fee proposal for the above referenced project. We are happy to meet with you to discuss.

We are looking forward to working on the next phase. If you have any questions or need further information, feel free to contact me at 614-832-1815 or <u>Jim.Barna@2lmn.com</u>

Respectfully,

James A. Barna, PE

Enclosures

Cc: Laura Beese Emilie Worley Lindsay Walker



December 19, 2024

Matthew Philips, PE ODOT District 4 2088 S. Arlington Road | Akron, OH | 44306 | USA

Re: TRU-80-11.32 Truck Parking PID 121698

Dear Mr. Philips,

2LMN, Inc. has been retained by ODOT District 4 to investigate three alternative alignments for water and sanitary services to supply a restroom facility for a truck parking area on I.R. 80 west bound, approximately 0.80 miles west of the Ohio/Pennsylvania state line.

Proposed Facility

The truck parking facility will reside at the location of the existing Trumbull Rest Area, which is currently closed. The site design, access, and building footprint is being performed by others. The intent is to construct a parking area on 6.39 Ac. with a single restroom building that includes water and sanitary service. The restroom facility will not have a fire suppression system and the site will not have fire hydrants.

Water Service

The water for the project will be supplied from the City of Hubbard off Hubbard Masury Rd.

The water distribution system was design based on the assumption that the operating pressure at the connection is 65 psi and the design flowrate is 20 gpm. Fire flow is not required for the project.

The water distribution system was modeled utilizing EPANET. Assuming a 4-in water line with a design flow rate of 20 gpm, the operating water pressure is estimated to be 55.11 psi at the truck parking location.

Based on the Recommended Standards for Water Works "Ten States Standards", Section 8.2.1 - System design pressure; "The normal working pressure in the distribution system should be approximately 60 to 80 psi (410 - 550 kPa) and shall not be less than 35 psi (240 kPa) unless otherwise approved by the reviewing authority." Therefore, a booster pump is not required to maintain an acceptable working pressure at the truck parking facility.



The waterline appurtenances required for operation do not change much across the alternates, however

Alternate 3 will require the most footage in piping. Alternate 2 requires just 27-ft less piping than Alternate 1. The waterlines for all alternates will cross Little Yankee Run and the Norfolk Southern Railroad and will be attached to the bridge super structure and insulated for approximately 330-ft. Effort will be made to combine bridge mountings, where feasible, to minimize design and construction costs. It is anticipated that Alternates 2 and 3 will require approximately 135-ft of jack and bore below I.R. 80 pavement crossings.

A water flush will be provided near the building at the parking location and drain to the sanitary pump.

Sanitary Service

Based on the topography in the project area, a conventional gravity sewer system is not feasible. While the elevation at the connection point is 1020 and at tie in is near 1000, the low point along the corridor is approximately 919.

Many alternative sewers have been considered instead of a conventional sewer, but a Grinder Pump (GP) is recommended to be considered for the TRU-80 truck parking facility, since onsite treatment is not permitted at ODOT facilities.

The Grinder Pump (GP) system is a pressure sewer system that requires a pump to operate. The pump is designed to account for head losses and maintain the required flow.

With a Grinder Pump (GP) system, the wastewater solids from the truck parking lot will be reduced to a slurry, similar to a garbage disposal. The 5-hp grinder pumps will provide a low-pressure head to transport the wastewater to the Hubbard collection system through a small diameter PVC or HDPE pipe (i.e. 2-inch). The force main will have a low probability of clogging because a minimum velocity is maintained to prevent solids from settling out in the pipe. In addition, GP can follow the existing groundline with minimum cover of 5 feet.

(GP) systems do not require a septic tank, but normally require more horsepower than septic tanksystems because of the grinding action.

The force main for all three alternates have similar appurtenances, such as valves, cleanouts, and air/vacuum release valves. Air valves operate automatically and do not require power. Alternate 3 has the longest estimated length; 7,189-ft and Alternate 1 has the shortest; 6,901-ft. Similar to the waterlines, the sanitary lines for all alternates will be mounted to the bridge superstructure over Little Yankee Run and the Norfolk Southern Railroad and insulated. It is anticipated that all alternates will require approximately 135-ft of jack and bore below I.R. 80 pavement crossings.



Water and Sewer Force main Separation

The ten states standards allow exceptions to the requirement for at least 10 feet horizontal separation between water and sewer lines.

SECTION 8.8.4 - EXCEPTIONS: "When it is impossible to obtain the minimum specified separation distances, **the reviewing authority must specifically approve** any deviation from the requirements of Sections 8.8.2 and 8.8.3."

Where water mains and/or sanitary or storm sewers are being installed and the parallel installation and crossing requirements cannot be met, Section 8.8.4 states the water main should be laid in a trench or on an undisturbed earth shelf located on one side of the sewer at such an elevation that the bottom of the water main is at least 18 inches above the top of the gravity sewer. The Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) requires a "variance request" letter listing the affected station range and reason the requirement cannot be met.

Along the length of the bridge over Little Yankee Run, it was discussed if the water and sewer could reside in the same bay. Upon corresponding with an environmental specialist at the OEPA, the 10-ft separation along the underside of a superstructure is not necessary. Rather, the concern would be to ensure insulation thickness, flow, temperature and support are appropriate in design.

Flush Valves

There are several reasons why water would need to be flushed; maintenance, removal of stagnant water, evidence of contamination or low disinfectant levels. 2LMN recommends using an automatic flush hydrant similar to the Mueller 300 Series Cold. This unit would need to be installed at the truck parking facility. While water samples can be taken directly from this unit, chlorination should be performed at the service line connection point near Hubbard.

Minimal Usage Concerns

Due to the length of the force main, there were concerns about the sanitary not being able to traverse the entire length based on such a small flow. 99The force main will be designed to maintain a minimum flow of 2 fps to keep solids in suspension. The length of the force main is considered in the calculations for head loss. Anticipated minimum and maximum flows will be discussed before starting design on the preferred alignment to ensure the correct pumps are selected for pumping efficiency.

Sanitary and Water Tie-in Locations

The sanitary force main for all 3 alternates near Hubbard will occur at the existing sanitary manhole approximately 200-ft south of I-80. There is an existing 6-in waterline that runs along the west side of



Hubbard Masury Rd. Alternate 1 waterline will tie in to the existing line to the north of the northern approach slab of the bridge. Alternates 2 and 3 will tie in to the south of the southern approach slab.

Existing Soils

Historical soil borings were obtained from the ODOT TIMS site to determine if rock exists along any of the alignments. At the Hubbard Masury Rd. crossing, soil borings at the abutments illustrated gravelly sandy silts down to 46-ft. At TRU-80-10.69 L/R bridge over Little Yankee Run, soil borings were taken at both abutments. The borings extended to 45-ft below the surface and soils consisted of gravelly sandy silt.

According to the TRU-IR-80-8.90 soil profiles, there were several borings with boulder refusals, however most of these depths occurred over 6.5-ft deep. The shallowest boulder refusal was 4.5-ft near Little Yankee Run.

At the truck parking area, soil borings show weathered carbonaceous shale as shallow as 3.5-ft. Shale is typically not very hard and can be cut through fairly efficiently.

Based on the historical borings, rock should be able to be avoided considering water and sanitary depths of 5-ft. However, a contingency should be added in the event rock becomes encountered during construction.

We are requesting borings at the proposed bore and jack locations.

Utility/Structure Crossings

The project location for the water and sewer service extensions has existing utility and structure conflicts. Considering placement of the water and sewer alternates 1 and 3, tree removals are being avoided as much as possible. Most of the ground coverage within the existing LA has trees. It was found that the areas immediately adjacent to I.R. 80 had the least number of trees. The goal for placement was to get as close to the tree drip line as possible, but still maintain at least 10-ft of separation between water and sewer without getting into the edge of shoulder, where possible.

There is an existing bridge footer where an old railroad crossing once existed. The footer was excavated down to 1.5-ft below existing ground. The footprint and toe of the existing footer will be verified. It may be possible to run the water and sewer behind the footer. Otherwise, the lines will need to be jack and bored through this area.

Alternate 1 water and sanitary lines have the most potential conflicts, crossing 6 storm sewers, a gas line and bridge footer. Alternate 3 has the least number of conflicts.

2LMN # 45 YEARS 1979-2024

FEMA and the NWI wetland mapper sites were investigated for existing FEMA special flood hazard areas and potential wetlands, however neither were found to be within the project vicinity.

ODOT will coordinate with the Norfolk Southern railroad for any necessary permitting involved for the aerial crossings.

Near the structures, we requested survey including cross sections at the expansion joint and begin approach slab locations both rear and forward. For the bridges themselves, we requested the overhang, outside bay, including bottom beams, toe of parapet, edge of deck, bottom deck and cross frame locations for the facia beams.

Our plan is to attach 8-in insulated ductile lines for both water and sanitary to lateral hangers or vertical hangers between the outside two beams. For the median alternative (2), the waterline and sanitary will be attached to the left bridge within a single bay. We have included a combined cost for the pipe, insulation, and hangar installation in our estimates.

Maintenance of Traffic

For open trench construction, the water and sanitary excavations are anticipated to be 48-in deep for frost protection. Per ODOT SCD MT-101.90, if excavations exceed 24-in in depth, portable concrete barrier (PCB) must be used if excavations are left open overnight. If the contractor only installs a length that can be backfilled the same day, then drums can be used. For the purpose of this study, the PCB option was priced as the worst-case scenario. Instead of installing PCB the full 7,000-ft of the project, the barrier has been priced assuming a maximum length of 1,000-ft will be placed, and as the work area shifts the barrier will be moved further down the interstate.

For pavement crossings, jack and bore or directional drilling would have a lesser impact on MOT. Any open cut would require lane closures.

All options could be considered depending on the time of year that the utility work is performed. Regardless of the selected Alternative, an acceptable MOT scheme is possible but would be subject to various PLCS restrictions and PB requirements. Be advised that the PLCS requires that any shoulder closure in this area be treated as a single lane closure and that the PLCS schedule be followed accordingly. Because of this requirement, the contractor would not be permitted to work on the shoulder or median when the PLCS requires all lanes be open. If using PCB, we are confident that a MOTEC or DWZTM approval would allow a reasonable length of PCB to remain on a shoulder during restricted hours but NOT allow the crew to work during PLCS restrictions.

Winter Construction - If performing utility work during the winter months, the PLCS is more lenient February-April. Lane closure restrictions become more of an issue around 3-4PM. Depending on the project sale date, it may be desirable to install the utilities during the winter months. During winter

2475 Sugar Grove Rd. SE Lancaster, Ohio 43130 www.2LMN.com

5' cover

ZLMN 45 YEARS

months, there are spotty PLCS restrictions requiring the shoulder be open during certain hours. If using PCB, we are confident that a MOTEC or DWZTM approval would allow the PB to remain on the shoulder during restricted hours but we would NOT allow the crew to work beyond 3:00PM for the PM peak. Due to the varying PLCS restrictions through the week, we would want to pursue MOTEC approval to limit the work day to 3PM. {Note, sale will be early 2026. It is likely that utilities will be installed during spring/summer/fall of 2026 and not over winter.}

Alternate 2: Given that this area has a wide center median, it would be possible to keep work outside of the clear zone depending on utility alignment. If the work remains close to the centerline, Alternate 2 would be feasible. Open trenches would be permitted but the length of the open trench should be minimized and any open trench would need to be protected. Any equipment or materials left within the R/W would need to be located outside of clear zone and must be properly delineated. When working in the median, the closure of an inside lane might be needed to allow for trucks entering and exiting the work area. Lane closures would need to follow the PLCS. The use of PCB may be minimized but is still very likely to be required at a boring/receiving pit.

Alternates 1 & 3 - If working on the shoulders, most of the work will be within clear zone if not protected by PCB. A quantity of PCB should move with the crew during the utility installation. If not working during the winter months, PLCS restrictions will substantially limit working hours. The WB PLCS seems more lenient with an afternoon peak developing around 2-3PM.Regardless of the option used, DWZTM or MOTEC approval is expected if allowing the PCB to remain in place for any shoulder closure outside of the PLCS.

Conclusion

The costs of all three alternatives are relatively close together, with Alternate 1 being the cheapest. There are also concerns with this alternate; it has the most utility crossings. Concerning MOT, alternates 1 and 3 are not feasible due to access, restricted work area combined with the need for closed trenches at the end of each day. Also, the contractor is restricted on work time due to PLCS rules. Alternate 3 is the most expensive alternate and there are slope stability concerns in certain areas due to moisture and unstable soils. Alternate 2 has minimal utility conflicts and is very desirable for maintenance of traffic due to the 84-ft wide median, edge line to edge line. Even if there are shortened work hours to require closed trenches and all equipment clear at end of day to meet the PLCS, we could easily have 30-ft+ from striped active lane to equipment/work. If there are pinch points, we could detail design or require the use of PCB for short stretches. Alternate 2 cost is also only \$30,000 more expensive than Alternate 1, based on the preliminary estimate. It is the opinion of 2LMN that Alternate 2 is selected to move into detailed design.



For further details, see the following Exhibits:

Exhibit A: Feasibility Study Matrix

Exhibit B: Aerial Plan View of Alternates and Conflicts

Exhibit C: Cost Estimate

If you have any further questions or need additional information, feel free to contact me at 614-832-1815 or <u>Jim.Barna@2lmn.com.</u> We will make availability to discuss this accelerated project.

Sincerely,

James A. Barna, PE Project Manager 2LMN

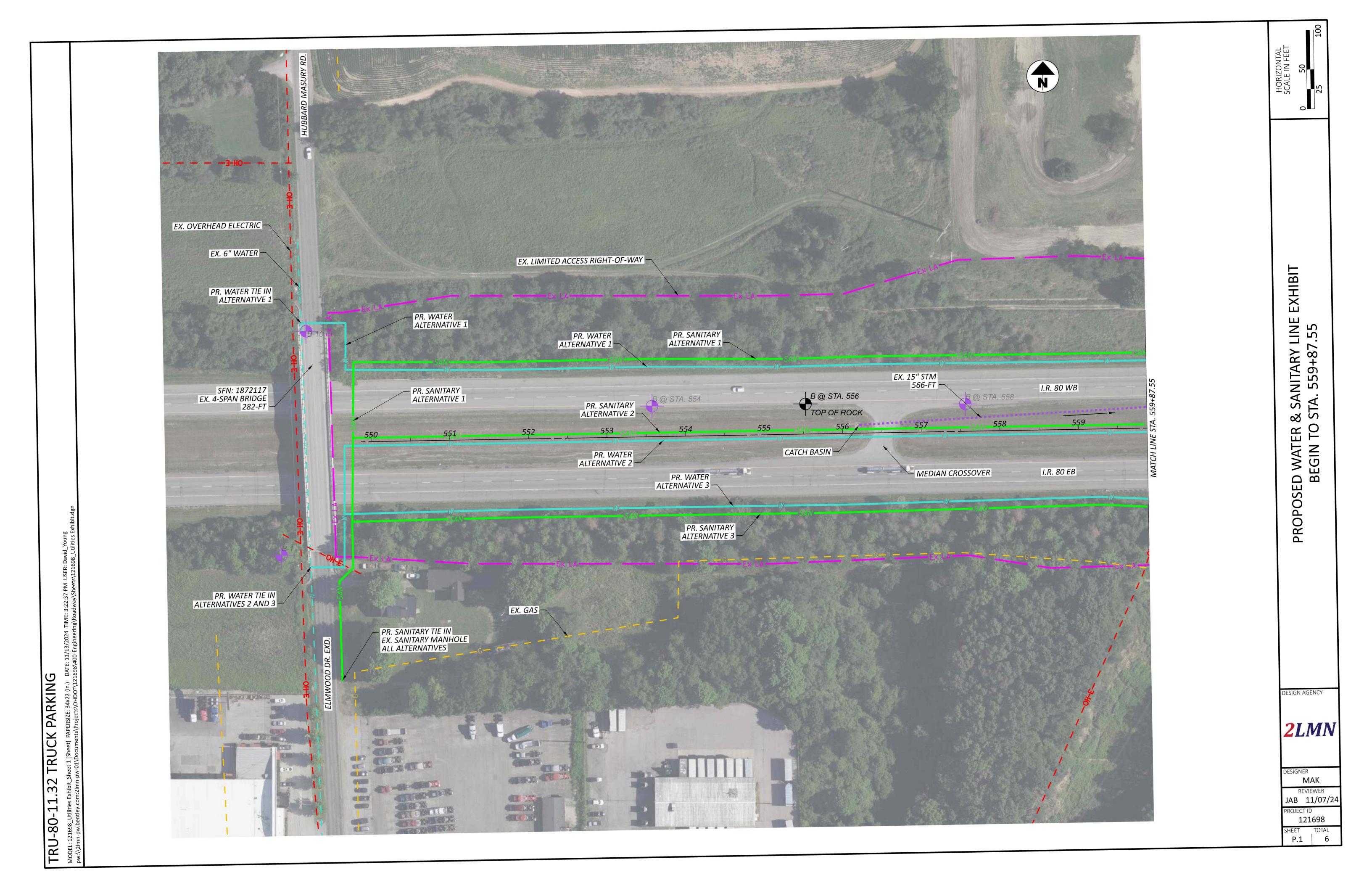
Enclosures

Cc: Laura Beese Emilie Worley Lindsay Walker

	Alignment	Alter	Alternate 1		Alternate 2		Alternate 3	
	Service	Sanitary	Water	Sanitary	Water	Sanitary	Water	
Source/Provider	City of Hubbard	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Design Criteria	Design Flowrates (gpm)	25	20	25	20	25	20	
	Design Pressure at Source (psi)	N/A	65	N/A	65	N/A	65	
	Design Pressure at Truck Park (psi)	N/A	51	N/A	51	N/A	51	
	Minimum Forcemain Velocity (fps)	2.0	N/A	2.0	N/A	2.0	N/A	
Utility/Structure Conflicts	Existing Bridge Footer	1	1	0	0	1	1	
	Catch Basin	0	0	1	1	1	1	
	Storm Sewer	6	6	3	3	2	2	
	Median Crossover	0	0	1	1	0	0	
	Gas Line	2	2	2	2	2	2	
	Potential ROW Purchase	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Proposed Improvements	2" Sewer Forcemain (ft)	6,901	0	7,149	0	7,198	0	
	25 gpm Grinder Pump Station (Ea)	1	0	1	0	1	0	
	Air Release Valves	6	6	2	2	6	5	
	4" Waterline (ft)	0	6,619	0	7,059	0	7,086	
	Isolation Valves	7	7	7	7	7	7	
	Water Meter and Meter Pit	0	1	0	1	0	1	
	Backflow Preventer	0	1	0	1	0	1	
	Bore and Jack (ft)	130	0	135	135	135	135	
	Bridge Cross - Pipe Insulation (ft)	330	330	330	330	330	330	
Cost before Inflation		\$ 1,5	507,176.78	\$ 1,5	531,261.10	\$ 1,6	568,634.35	

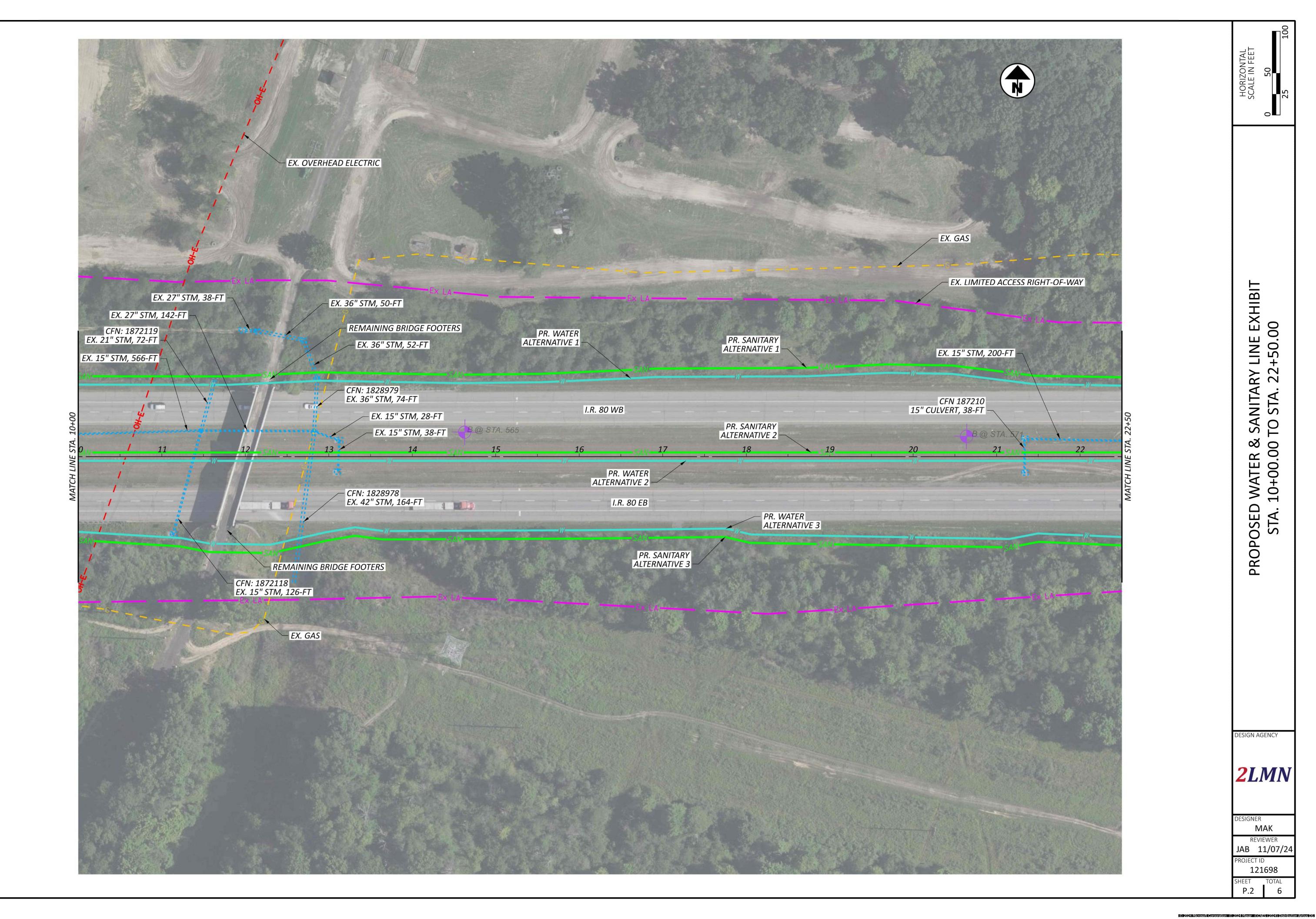
TRU-80 PARKING AREA FEASIBILITY STUDY MATRIX





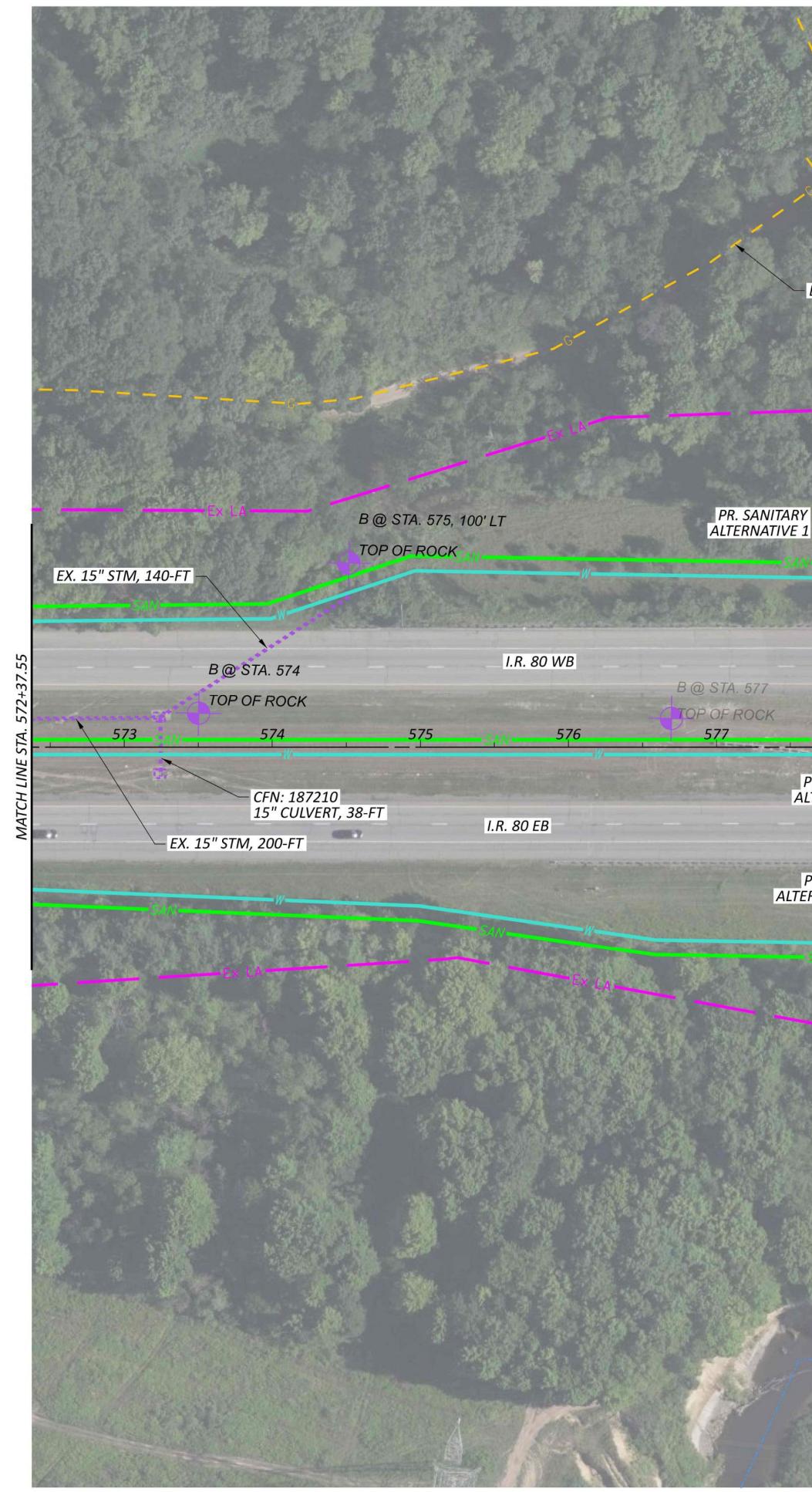
TRU-80-11.32 TRUCK PARKING

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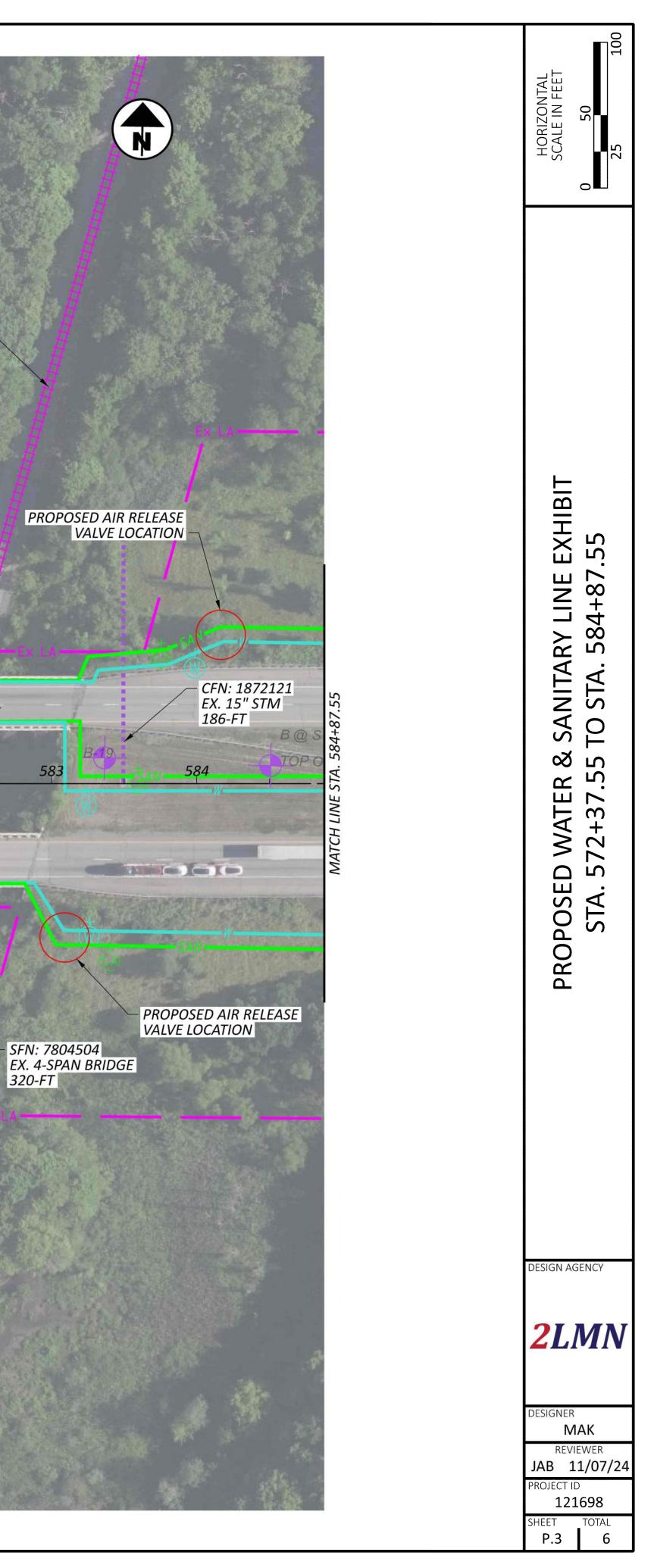




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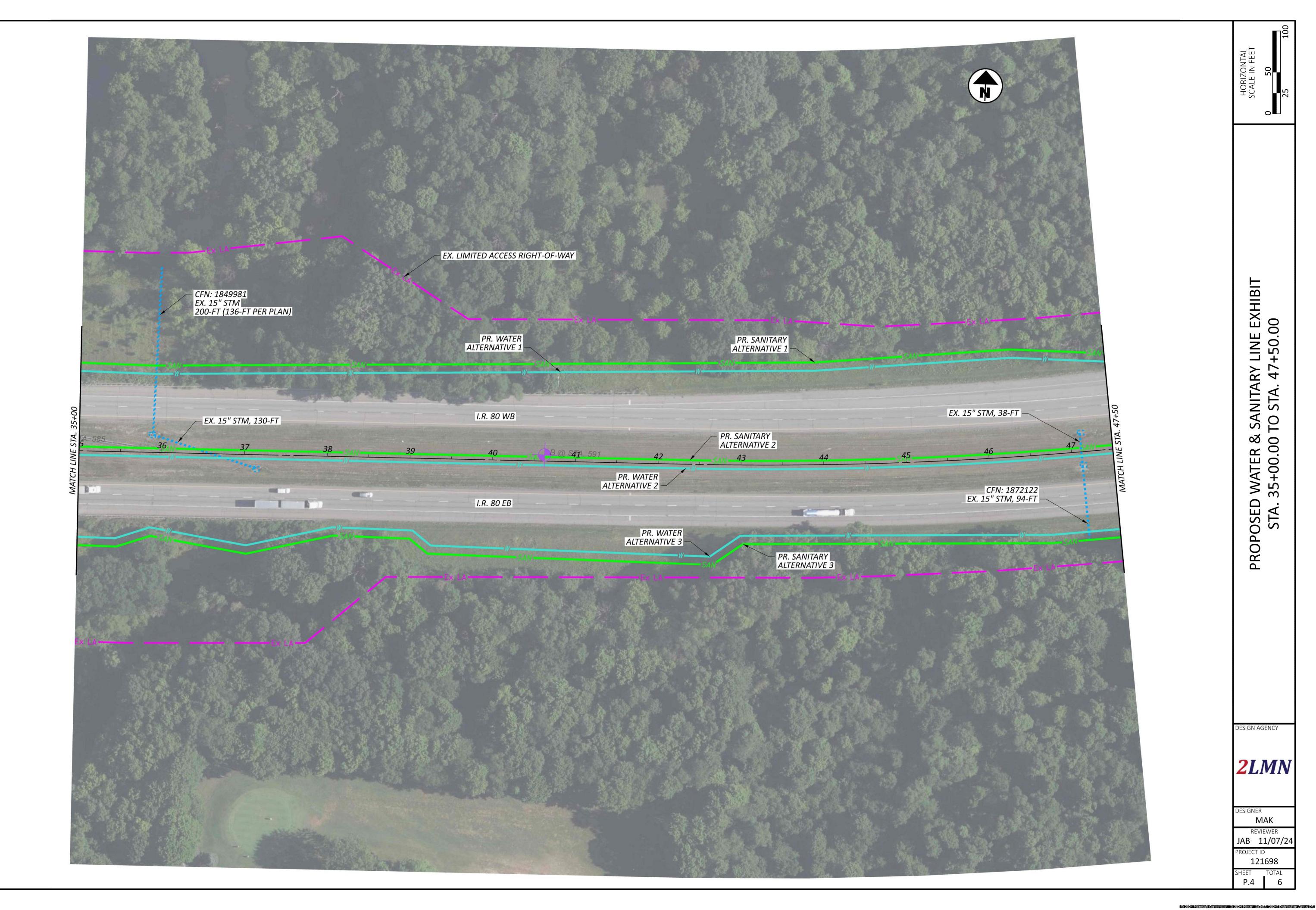


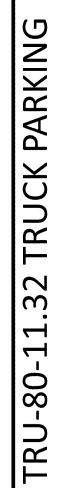
LITTLE YANKEE RUN EX. GAS NORFOLK SOUTHERN RAILROAD EX. LIMITED ACCESS RIGHT-OF-WAY WATER AND SEWER LINES FOR ALL ALTERNATIVES SUSPENDED FROM BRIDGE AND INSULATED PR. SANITARY ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED AIR RELEASE PR. WATER ALTERNATIVE 1 B @ STA. 578+50 B @ STA. 580+50 B @ STA. 577 TOP OF ROCK TOP OF ROCK OP OF ROCK 581 578 579 530 582 SFN: 7804474 EX. 4-SPAN BRIDGE 320-FT PR. WATER ALTERNATIVE 2 -PR. SANITARY ALTERNATIVE 2 PR. WATER ALTERNATIVE 3 PR. SANITARY ALTERNATIVE 3 PROPOSED AIR RELEASE



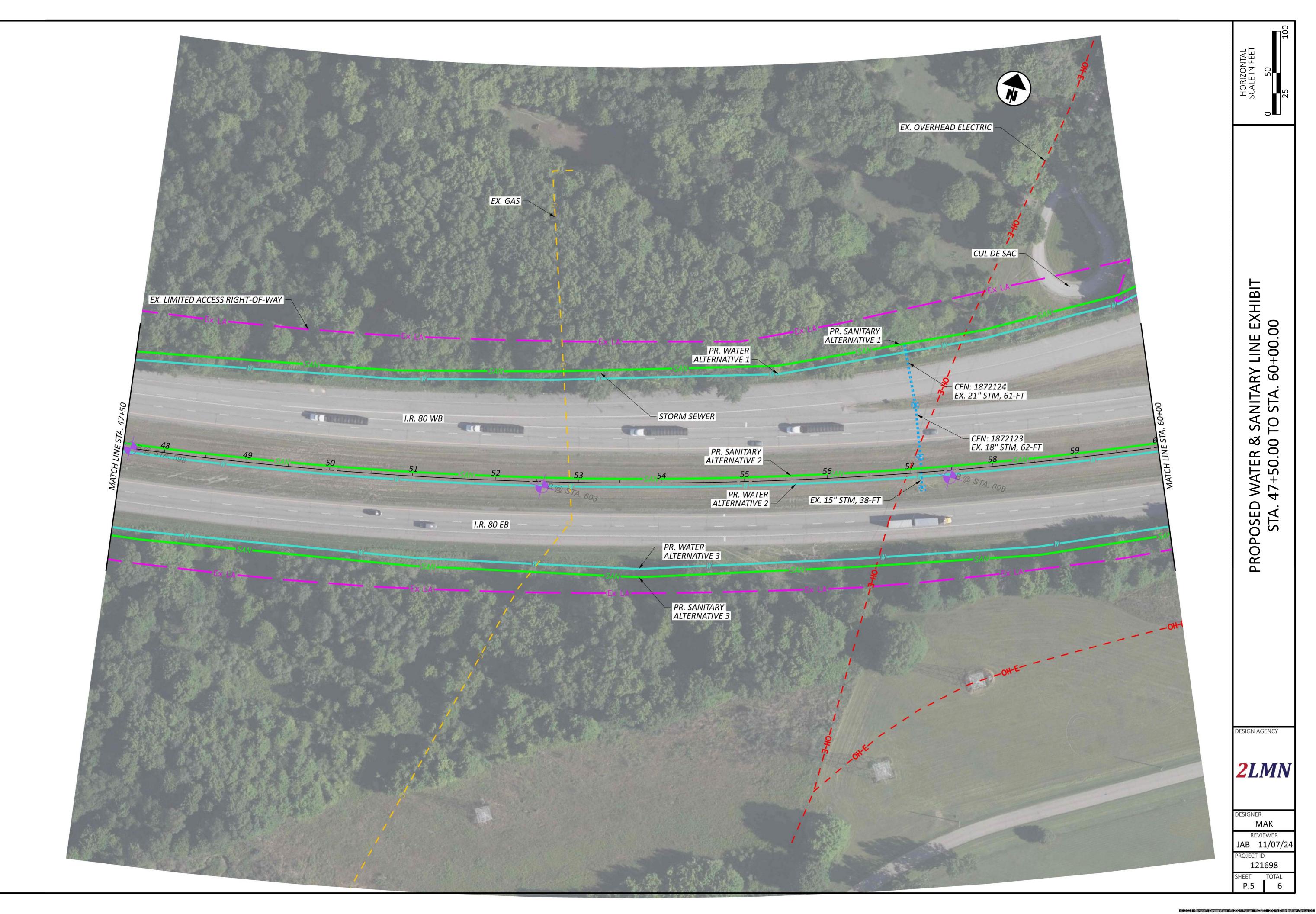


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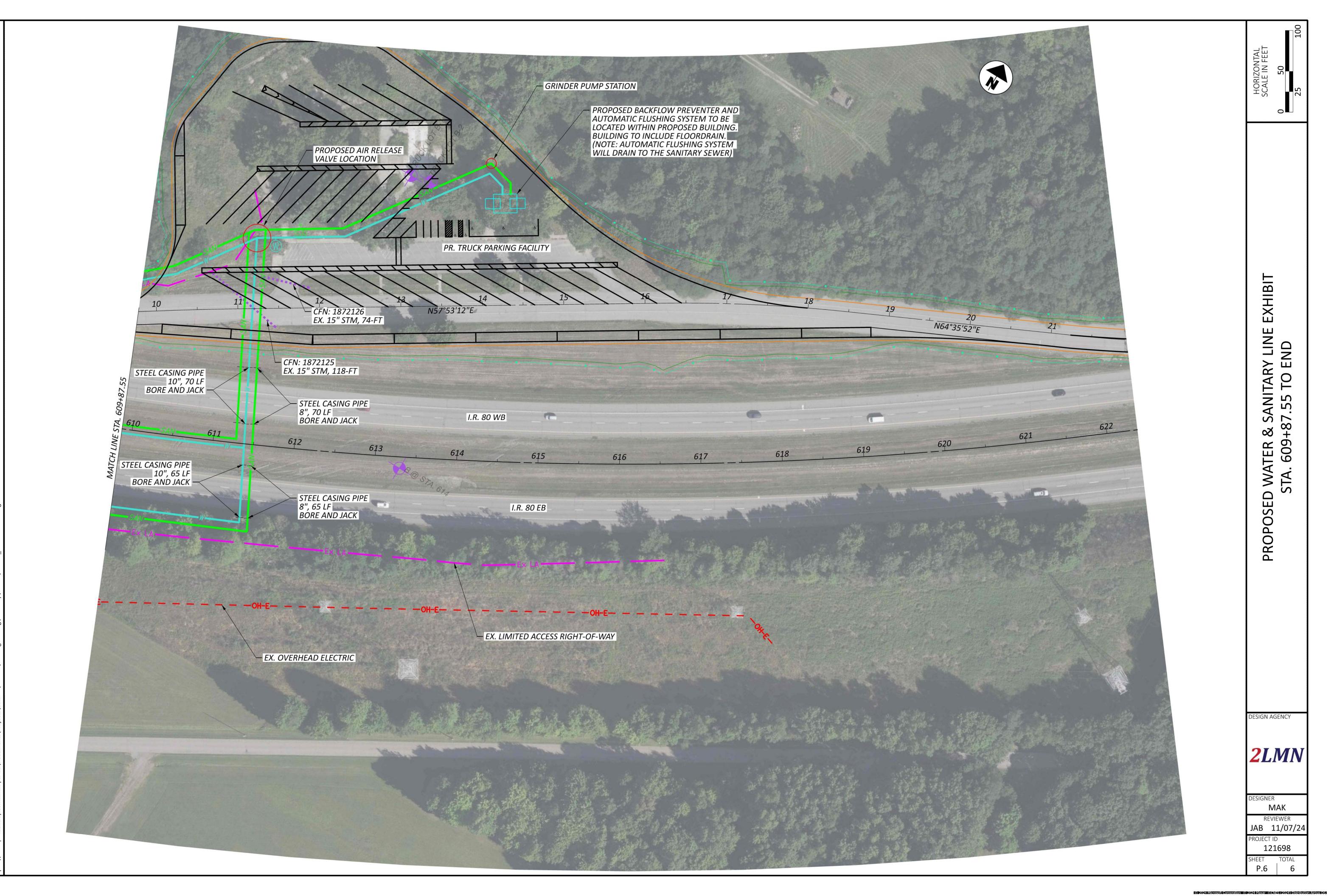


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Estimate

Estimated Cost:\$1,507,176.78

Contingency: 7.70%

Estimated Total: \$1,623,229.39

TRU-80 ALTERNATIVE 1 Cost Estimate

Base Date: 12/11/24

Spec Year: 23

Unit System: E

Work Type: DRAINAGE: BOX CULVERTS AND PIPE WORK

Highway Type: Urban/Rural Type: RURAL CLASS

Season: SPRING

County: TRUMBULL

Latitude of Midpoint: 411037

Longitude of Midpoint: 803231

District: 04

Federal/State Project Number: E241 (083)

Prepared by 2LMN on 12/11/24

Estimate:

Estimate:					
Desc	<u>Item Number</u> cription plemental Description	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Unit Price</u>	<u>Extension</u>
Group	0023: Sanitary Sewer				
0005 MAN	611E99574 IHOLE, NO. 3	1.000	EACH	\$6,107.40422	\$6,107.40
0006 12" S	638E07100 STEEL PIPE ENCASEMENT, BORED OF	130.000 JACKED	FT	\$250.00000	\$32,500.00
0007 2" G	638E07690 ATE VALVE AND VALVE BOX	7.000	EACH	\$1,700.00000	\$11,900.00
0008 2" Al	638E11310 R RELEASE VALVE	6.000	EACH	\$770.00000	\$4,620.00
	638E98000 ER WORK, MISC.: LEX GRINDER PUMP STATION	1.000	EACH	\$56,120.00000	\$56,120.00
0010 WAT	638E98600 ER WORK, MISC.: JLATION AND BRIDGE BRACKETS		FT	\$483.26300	\$159,476.79
0011 WAT	638E98600 ER WORK, MISC.: ONDUIT (FORCEMAIN), ASTM D 3	6,901.000	FT	\$45.00000	\$310,545.00
2 0				Total for Group 0023:\$581	,269.19
•					
Group	0024: Water				
0012 4" Ga	638E07700 ATE VALVE AND VALVE BOX	7.000	EACH	\$1,700.00000	\$11,900.00
0013 MET	638E11200 ER, SETTING, STOP AND CHAMBER	1.000	EACH	\$20,000.00000	\$20,000.00
0014 2" Al <i>1.5</i> "	638E11310 R RELEASE VALVE	6.000	EACH	\$770.00000	\$4,620.00
0015 SPE	638E20414 CIAL - 2" WATER MAIN POLYVINYL CHI ATERLINE	6,619.000 LORIDE PIPE A		\$48.33000 NGS	\$319,896.27
0016 WAT	638E98000 ER WORK, MISC.: KFLOW PREVENTER	1.000	EACH	\$5,000.00000	\$5,000.00
0017 WAT	638E98100 ER WORK, MISC.: OMATIC FLUSHING SYSTEM	1.000	LS	\$10,000.00000	\$10,000.00
0018 WAT	638E98600 ER WORK, MISC.: JLATION AND BRIDGE BRACKETS	330.000 S	FT	\$483.26300	\$159,476.79
				Total for Group 0024:\$530	,893.06
Group	0025: Erosion Control				
	659E10000 DING AND MULCHING	15,222.000	SY	\$1.00366	\$15,277.71
11:45:29A Thursday,	M December 19, 2024				Page 2 of 3

Thursday, December 19, 2024

Estimate:

Estimate:					
<u>Line #</u> <u>Item</u> <u>Descriptio</u> <u>Suppleme</u>		<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Unit Price</u>	<u>Extension</u>
	14000 EDING AND MULCHING	761.100	SY	\$0.75549	\$575.00
	20000 IAL FERTILIZER	2.120	TON	\$612.58077	\$1,298.67
0022 659E LIME	31000	3.150	ACRE	\$50.14252	\$157.95
0023 659E WATER	35000	84.000	MGAL	\$0.56029	\$47.06
0024 832E EROSION C	30000 CONTROL	20,000.000	EACH	\$1.00000	\$20,000.00
				Total fo	or Group 0025:\$37,356.39
Group 0027	: Maintenance of Traffic				
	12384	2.000	EACH	\$2,686.03079	\$5,372.06
	IE IMPACT ATTENUATOR, 24"				••,••
0026 622E	41100	1,000.000	FT	\$120.00000	\$120,000.00
	BARRIER, UNANCHORED	INSTALL DAD			
NOTE, FR	ICE INCLUDES LABOR TO	INSTALL DAN		-	Group 0027:\$125,372.06
					Group 0027.0120,072.00
Group 0028	Incidentals				
0027 614E	11000	1.000	LS	\$25,697.81000	\$25,697.81
MAINTAINII	NG TRAFFIC				
0028 623E	10000	1.000	LS	\$10,000.00000	\$10,000.00
	CTION LAYOUT STAKES AND S		20	φ10,000.00000	\$10,000.00
0029 624E	10000	0.000	LS	\$64,244.53000	\$0.00
MOBILIZAT	ION				
0030 990E	25400	1.000	LS	\$196,588.27000	\$196,588.27
LUMP SUM	ADJUSTMENT - GENERAL / O [.] TINGENCY				
				Total for	Group 0028:\$232,286.08

Total for Group 0028:\$232,286.08

FY 2025-2029 Business Plan Inflation Calculator:							
Not sure if you have the latest calculator? Click here.							
Last Modified: 7/23/2024 Please Enter Values in the Yellow Areas Only:	Today's Date: December 19, 2024						
Estimation Start Date: Less than or Equal to Today's Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Enter Construction Mid-Point Date: (cannot exceed 12/19/2049) (mm/dd/yyyy)						
12/19/2024 Start Date:	4/15/2026 Construction Mid-Point Date:						
Present-Day Estimated Cost: \$1,507,176.78 Estimated Dollar Amount:							
Estimate Start Date to Construction Mid-Poir Inflation - Start to Mid-Point of Construction							
(compounded growth rate)	Inflated Dollar Amount:						
Business Plan 7.7%	\$1,623,564.39						
Estimator's Name:							
County - Route - Section: TRU-80 ALT 1							
PID:							
Estimator's Notes:							

Estimate

Estimated Cost:\$1,531,261.10

Contingency: 7.70%

Estimated Total: \$1,649,168.20

TRU-80 ALTERNATIVE 2 Cost Estimate

Base Date: 12/11/24

Spec Year: 23

Unit System: E

Work Type: DRAINAGE: BOX CULVERTS AND PIPE WORK

Highway Type: Urban/Rural Type: RURAL CLASS Season: SPRING

County: TRUMBULL

••••····

Latitude of Midpoint: 411037

Longitude of Midpoint: 803231

District: 04

Federal/State Project Number: E241 (083)

Prepared by 2LMN on 12/11/24

Estimate:					
Des	Item Number cription plemental Description	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Unit Price</u>	<u>Extension</u>
Group	0022: Sanitary Sewer				
0005	611E99574	1.000	EACH	\$6,107.40422	\$6,107.40
MAM	NHOLE, NO. 3				
0006 12" :	638E07100 STEEL PIPE ENCASEMENT, BORED OR	135.000 JACKED	FT	\$250.00000	\$33,750.00
0007 2" G	638E07690 ATE VALVE AND VALVE BOX	7.000	EACH	\$1,700.00000	\$11,900.00
0008 2" A	638E11310 IR RELEASE VALVE	2.000	EACH	\$770.00000	\$1,540.00
	638E98000 FER WORK, MISC.: PLEX GRINDER PUMP STATION	1.000	EACH	\$56,120.00000	\$56,120.00
	638E98600 FER WORK, MISC.: JLATION AND BRIDGE BRACKETS		FT	\$483.26300	\$159,476.79
	638E98600 FER WORK, MISC.: ONDUIT (FORCEMAIN), ASTM D 3	7,149.000 035, DR 11	FT	\$45.00000	\$321,705.00
				Total for Group 0022:\$590	,599.19
Group	0023: Water				
0012 12" :	638E07100 STEEL PIPE ENCASEMENT, BORED OR		FT	\$250.00000	\$33,750.00
0013 4" G	638E07700 ATE VALVE AND VALVE BOX	7.000	EACH	\$1,700.00000	\$11,900.00
0014 MET	638E11200 TER, SETTING, STOP AND CHAMBER	1.000	EACH	\$20,000.00000	\$20,000.00
0015 2" A <i>1.5"</i>	638E11310 IR RELEASE VALVE Confirm size during	2.000 detailed desigr	EACH	\$770.00000	\$1,540.00
0016 SPE	638E20414 :CIAL - 2" WATER MAIN POLYVINYL CHL <i>/ATERLINE</i>	7,059.000 ORIDE PIPE A		\$48.33000 NGS	\$341,161.47
	638E98000 FER WORK, MISC.: <i>:KFLOW PREVENTER</i>	1.000	EACH	\$5,000.00000	\$5,000.00
	638E98100 FER WORK, MISC.: <i>OMATIC FLUSHING SYSTEM</i>	1.000	LS	\$10,000.00000	\$10,000.00
	638E98600 FER WORK, MISC.: JLATION AND BRIDGE BRACKETS	330.000	FT	\$483.26300	\$159,476.79
				Total for Group 0023:\$582	,828.26

Estimate: <u>Line #</u> <u>Item Number</u> <u>Description</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Unit Price</u>	<u>Extension</u>
Supplemental Description				
Group 0024: Erosion Control				
0020 659E10000 SEEDING AND MULCHING	14,444.000	SY	\$1.02651	\$14,826.91
0021 659E14000 REPAIR SEEDING AND MULCHING	722.000	SY	\$0.76432	\$551.84
0022 659E20000 COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER	2.000	TON	\$616.21613	\$1,232.43
0023 659E31000 LIME	2.980	ACRE	\$50.69844	\$151.08
0024 659E35000 WATER	80.000	MGAL	\$0.56853	\$45.48
0025 832E30000 EROSION CONTROL	20,000.000	EACH	\$1.00000	\$20,000.00
			Total for Group 0024:	\$36,807.74
Group 0025: Maintenance of Traffic 0026 614E12384 WORK ZONE IMPACT ATTENUATOR, 24"			\$2,686.03079 CTIONA L)	\$5,372.06
0027 622E41100	200.000	FT	\$60.00000	\$12,000.00
PORTABLE BARRIER, UNANCHORED				
			Total for Group 0025:	617,372.06
Group 0026: Incidentals				
0028 614E11000	1.000	IS	\$31,074.48000	\$31,074.48
MAINTAINING TRAFFIC	1.000	20		\$01,07 H.10
0029 623E10000 CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT STAKES AND S	1.000 SURVEYING	LS	\$10,000.00000	\$10,000.00
0030 624E10000 MOBILIZATION	1.000	LS	\$62,148.96000	\$62,148.96
0031 990E25400 LUMP SUM ADJUSTMENT - GENERAL / O 15% CONTINGENCY	1.000 THER ITEMS	LS	\$200,430.41000	\$200,430.41
13/1 CONTINGENCE			Total for Group 0026:\$3	303,653.85

Total for Group 0026:\$303,653.85

FY 2025-2029 Business Plan Inflation Calculator:							
<u>Not sure if you have the la</u>	atest calculator? Click here.						
Last Modified: 7/23/2024 Please Enter Values in the Yellow Areas Only:	Today's Date: December 19, 2024						
Estimation Start Date: Less than or Equal to Today's Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Enter Construction Mid-Point Date: (cannot exceed 12/19/2049) (mm/dd/yyyy)						
12/19/2024 Start Date:	4/15/2026 Construction Mid-Point Date:						
Present-Day Estimated Cost: \$1,531,261.10 Estimated Dollar Amount:							
Estimate Start Date to Construction Mid-Po Inflation - Start to Mid-Point of Construction							
(compounded growth rate)	Inflated Dollar Amount:						
Business Plan 7.7%	\$1,649,508.56						
Estimator's Name:							
County - Route - Section: TRU-80 ALT 2							
PID:							
Estimator's Notes:							

Estimate

Estimated Cost:\$1,668,634.35

Contingency: 7.70%

Estimated Total: \$1,797,119.19

TRU-80 ALTERNATIVE 3 Cost Estimate

Base Date: 12/11/24

Spec Year: 23

Unit System: E

Work Type: DRAINAGE: BOX CULVERTS AND PIPE WORK

Highway Type: Urban/Rural Type: RURAL CLASS

Season: SPRING

County: TRUMBULL

Latitude of Midpoint: 411037

Longitude of Midpoint: 803231

District: 04

Federal/State Project Number: E241 (083)

Prepared by 2LMN on 12/11/24

Estimate:				
Line # Item Number Description Supplemental Description	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Unit Price</u>	<u>Extension</u>
Group 0021: Sanitary Sewer				
0005 611E99574 MANHOLE, NO. 3	1.000	EACH	\$6,107.40422	\$6,107.40
0006 638E07100 12" STEEL PIPE ENCASEMENT, BORED OR J	135.000 ACKED	FT	\$250.00000	\$33,750.00
0007 638E07690 2" GATE VALVE AND VALVE BOX	7.000	EACH	\$1,700.00000	\$11,900.00
0008 638E11310 2" AIR RELEASE VALVE	6.000	EACH	\$770.00000	\$4,620.00
0009 638E98000 WATER WORK, MISC.: DUPLEX GRINDER PUMP STATION	1.000	EACH	\$56,120.00000	\$56,120.00
0010 638E98600 WATER WORK, MISC.: INSULATION AND BRIDGE BRACKETS	330.000	FT	\$483.26300	\$159,476.79
0011 638E98600 WATER WORK, MISC.: 2" CONDUIT (FORCEMAIN), ASTM D 30	7,198.000 35, DR 11	FT	\$45.00000	\$323,910.00
			Total for Group 0021:\$595	,884.19
Group 0022: water				
0012 638E07100 12" STEEL PIPE ENCASEMENT, BORED OR J	135.000 ACKED	FT	\$250.00000	\$33,750.00
0013 638E07700 4" GATE VALVE AND VALVE BOX	7.000	EACH	\$1,700.00000	\$11,900.00
0014 638E11200 METER, SETTING, STOP AND CHAMBER	1.000	EACH	\$20,000.00000	\$20,000.00
0015 638E11310 2" AIR RELEASE VALVE <i>1.5"</i>	5.000	EACH	\$770.00000	\$3,850.00
0016 638E20414 SPECIAL - 2" WATER MAIN POLYVINYL CHLC 4" WATERLINE	7,086.000 ORIDE PIPE A		\$48.33000 NGS	\$342,466.38
0017 638E98000 WATER WORK, MISC.: BACKFLOW PREVENTER	1.000	EACH	\$5,000.00000	\$5,000.00
0018 638E98100 WATER WORK, MISC.: AUTOMATIC FLUSHING SYSTEM	1.000	LS	\$10,000.00000	\$10,000.00
0019 638E98600 WATER WORK, MISC.: INSULATION AND BRIDGE BRACKETS	330.000	FT	\$483.26300	\$159,476.79
			Total for Group 0022:\$586	,443.17

Des	<u>Item Number</u> cription plemental Description	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Unit Price</u>	<u>Extension</u>
Group	0023: Erosion Control				
0020 SEE	659E10000 EDING AND MULCHING	15,222.000	SY	\$1.00366	\$15,277.71
0021 REF	659E14000 PAIR SEEDING AND MULCHING	761.000	SY	\$0.75551	\$574.94
0022 COI	659E20000 MMERCIAL FERTILIZER	2.120	TON	\$612.58077	\$1,298.67
0023 LIM	659E31000 E	3.150	ACRE	\$50.14252	\$157.95
0024 WA	659E35000 TER	84.000	MGAL	\$0.56029	\$47.06
0025 ERC	832E30000 DSION CONTROL	20,000.000	EACH	\$1.00000	\$20,000.00
				Total for Group 0023:\$37	,356.33
Group	0024: Maintenance of Traffic				
0026	614E12384 RK ZONE IMPACT ATTENUATOR, 24" V			\$2,686.03079 CTIONA L)	\$5,372.06
0027	622E41100	1,000.000	FT	\$120.00000	\$120,000.00
	RTABLE BARRIER, UNANCHORED	INSTALL BAR	RIER AN	ND MOVE 6 TIMES (\$15/FT/MOVE)	
				Total for Group 0024:\$125	,372.06
Group	0025: Incidentals				
0028 MAI	614E11000 NTAINING TRAFFIC	1.000	LS	\$27,208.55000	\$27,208.55
0029 COI	623E10000 NSTRUCTION LAYOUT STAKES AND S	1.000 URVEYING	LS	\$10,000.00000	\$10,000.00
0030 MO	624E10000 BILIZATION	1.000	LS	\$68,021.39000	\$68,021.39
	990E25400 /IP SUM ADJUSTMENT - GENERAL / OT 5 CONTINGENCY	1.000 HER ITEMS	LS	\$218,348.66000	\$218,348.66
				Total for Group 0025:\$323	.578.60

Total for Group 0025:\$323,578.60

FY 2025-2029 Business Plan Inflation Calculator: Not sure if you have the latest calculator? Click here.	
Estimation Start Date: Less than or Equal to Today's Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Enter Construction Mid-Point Date: (cannot exceed 12/19/2049) (mm/dd/yyyy)
12/19/2024 Start Date:	4/15/2026 Construction Mid-Point Date:
Present-Day Estimated Cost: \$1,668,634.35 Estimated Dollar Amount:	
Estimate Start Date to Construction Mid-Point Date: 16 Months Inflation - Start to Mid-Point of Construction: 16 Months	
(compounded growth rate)	Inflated Dollar Amount:
Business Plan 7.7%	\$1,797,490.08
Estimator's Name:	
County - Route - Section: TRU-80 ALT 3	
PID:	
Estimator's Notes:	