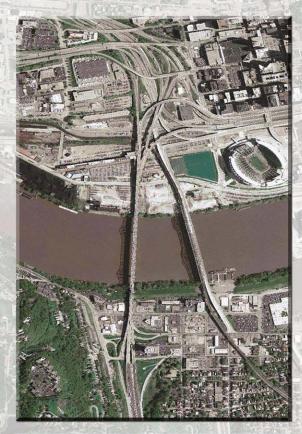
#### Presentation Brent Spence Bridge Replacement/Rehabilitation Project PID No. 75119 HAM-71/75-0.00/0.22 KYTC Project Item No. 6-17

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration





#### **Project Aesthetics Committee Meeting #5 • April 15, 2010**





















- Meeting Purpose / Goals
- Project Update
- Role of Project Aesthetic Committee (PAC)
- Bridge Type Selection Key Design Criteria
- Bridge Type Alternatives Presentation
- Bridge Type Alternatives Evaluation

#### Goals for Meeting







- Key Visual and Aesthetic Criteria
  - Review of New Bridge Key Criteria
- Solicit Feedback on Bridge Alternatives
  - Develop Pros and Cons for Evaluation of Bridge Type Alternatives to aid in the selection of Final 3 Bridge Alternatives

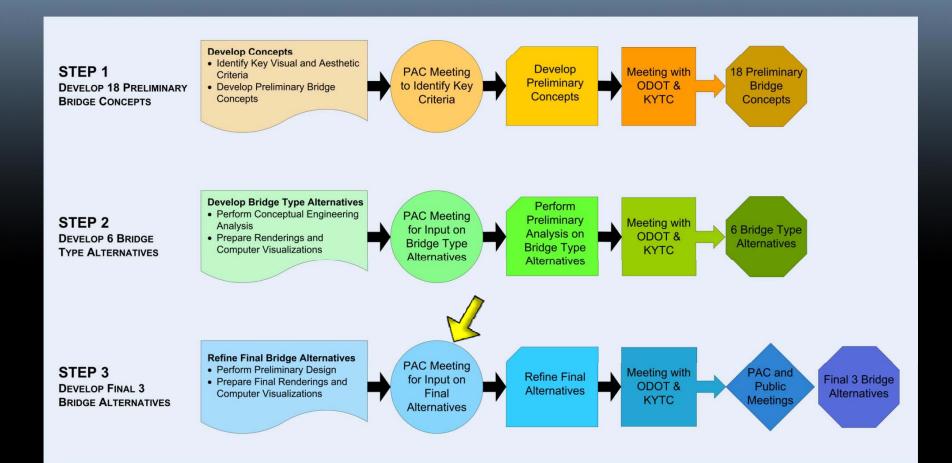


- Refine Design Plans for Preferred Alternatives
- Perform Environmental Field Studies and Refine Impacts based on refined engineering work
- Perform Main River Bridge Structure Type Study
- Draft Aesthetic Design Guidelines Document
- Assessment of Feasible Alternatives Report
  - Recommend Preferred Roadway Alternative
  - Selection of Final 3 Bridge Alternatives
- NEPA Document
  - Environmental Elements
  - Finalize Environmental Document



#### Bridge Type Selection Process



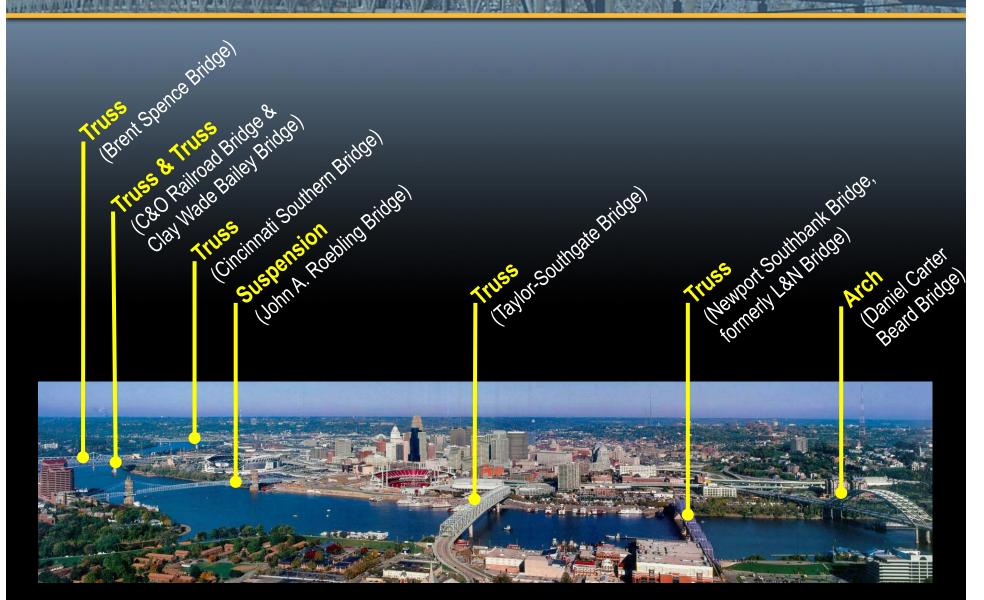


#### New River Bridge River Zone Context







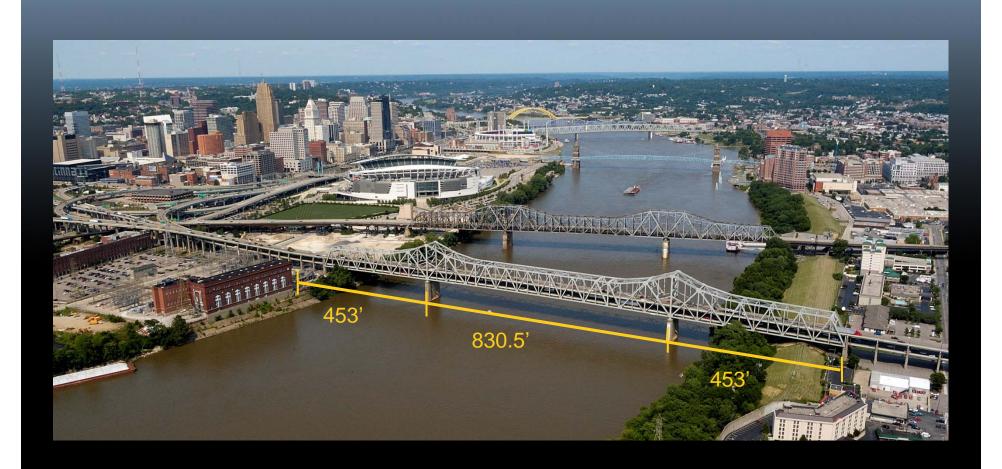


### Bridge Type Selection Constraints

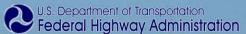








#### Bridge Type Selection Key Design Criteria







- Construction Cost
- Constructability
- Maintenance and Durability
- Major Rehabilitation Feasibility
- Aesthetics



#### U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration







	Criteria						
	Bridge Type Alternatives	Construction Cost	Constructability	Maintenance and Durability	Major Rehabilitation Feasibility		
1		KY: \$450 M OH: \$60 M Total: \$510 M	Construction will be complicated by the inclined arch and slowed by the requirement to maintain river traffic.	Items included in M&D will be: 1. Standard Inspections 2. Overlay Replacement 3. Painting of Steel	Items included in rehab will be: 1. Deck replacement 2. Future Widening 3. Hanger Replacement		
2		KY: \$580 M OH: \$60 M Total: \$640 M	Construction will be complicated by the continous arch and slowed by the requirement to maintain river traffic.	Items included in M&D will be:  1. Standard Inspections 2. Overlay Replacement 3. Painting of Steel	Items included in rehab will be: 1. Deck replacement 2. Future Widening 3. Hanger Replacement		
3		KY: \$480 M OH: \$100 M Total: \$580 M	Cantilever construction of the superstructure will minimize interference to river traffic.	Items included in M&D will be:  1. High-Tech Inspections 2. Overlay Replacement 3. Painting of Steel	Items included in rehab will be: 1. Deck replacement 2. Future Widening 3. Stay-Cable Replacement		
4		KY: \$500 M OH: \$120 M Total: \$620 M	Inclined tower complicates construction. Cantilever construction of the superstructure will minimize interference to river traffic.	Items included in M&D will be:  1. High-Tech Inspections 2. Overlay Replacement 3. Painting of Steel	Items included in rehab will be: 1. Deck replacement 2. Future Widening 3. Stay-Cable Replacement		
5		KY: \$520 M OH: \$130 M Total: \$650 M	Inclined tower complicates construction. Cantilever construction of the superstructure will minimize interference to river traffic.	Items included in M&D will be:  1. High-Tech Inspections 2. Overlay Replacement 3. Painting of Steel	Items included in rehab will be: 1. Deck replacement 2. Future Widening 3. Stay-Cable Replacement		
6		KY: \$470 M OH: \$160 M Total: \$630 M	Cantilever construction of the superstructure will minimize interference to river traffic.	Items included in M&D will be:  1. High-Tech Inspections 2. Overlay Replacement 3. Painting of Steel	Items included in rehab will be:  1. Deck replacement 2. Future Widening 3. Stay-Cable Replacement		

#### U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration Bridge Type Selection Key Visual and Aesthetic Criteria



#### **Key Criteria:**

- 1. The new bridge should be visually attractive.
- 2. The new bridge needs to be visible looking "through" the existing bridge (from the east).
- 3. As much as possible, crossing the new bridge should allow views of the surrounding context (unlike existing bridge).
- 4. The new bridge should have distinctive characteristics that identify it as a local landmark.
- 5. The new bridge should have a visual relationship with the existing bridge.

#### **Additional Criteria:**

- The new bridge colors, textures, landscaping, etc. need to be aesthetically pleasing.
- The existing bridge needs to be maintained / repainted to blend in with the new bridge.

#### Bridge Type Selection Aesthetic Criteria Table







Key Visual and Aesthetic Criteria										
Visually Visible from Validation Validation Validation Confext Bisting Bisting										
Arch Alternatives										
1										
2										
Cable-Stayed Alternatives										
3										
4										
5										
6										

#### Bridge Type Selection Aesthetic Elements - Fixed





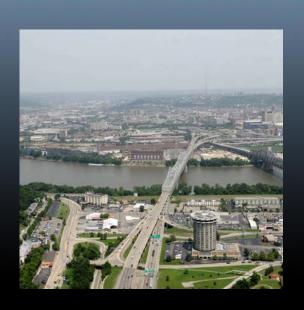


#### **Double Deck Bridge:**

 Constructed on west side of existing Brent Spence Bridge.

#### **Bridge Lighting:**

- Necessary roadway and navigation channel lighting.
- Lighting will be provided on the lower deck.



#### Bridge Type Selection Aesthetic Elements - Variable







#### **Bridge Type:**

Arch or Cable-Stayed

#### **Bridge Treatments:**

- Shape
- Pattern
- Color
- Texture
- Lighting
- Landscaping

#### **Bridge Components:**

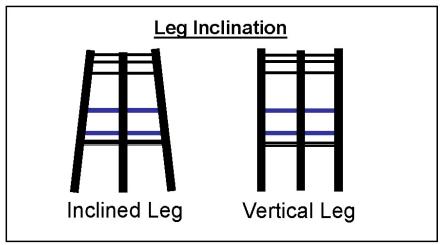


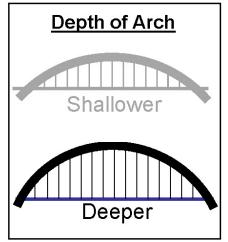
#### Bridge Type Selection Variable Components: Arch

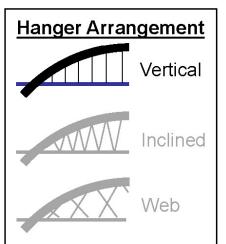


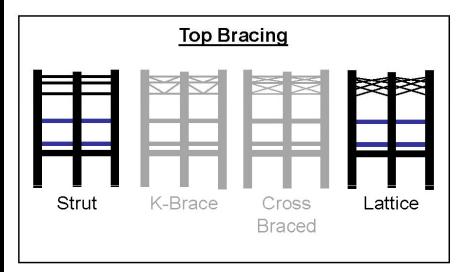


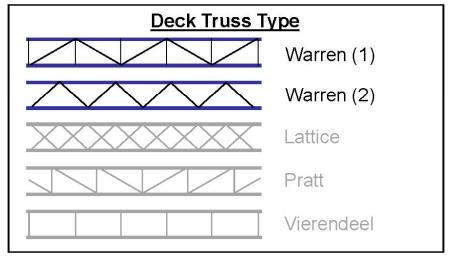




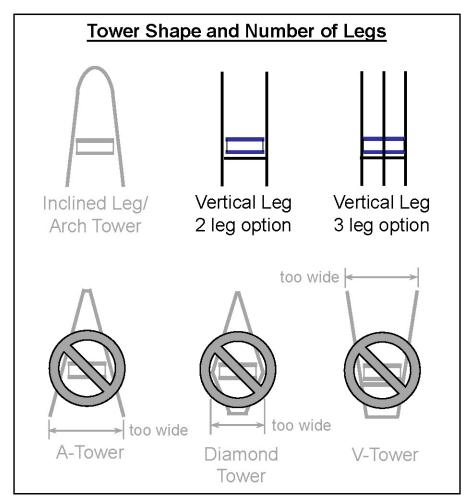


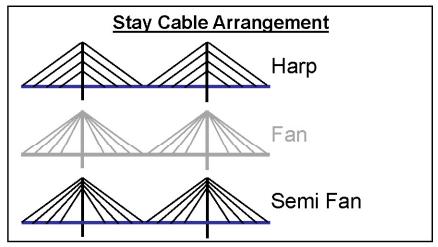


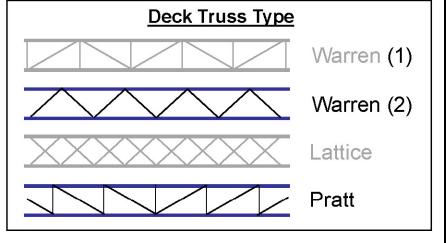




#### Bridge Type Selection Variable Components: Cable-Stayed Variable Components: Cable-Stayed















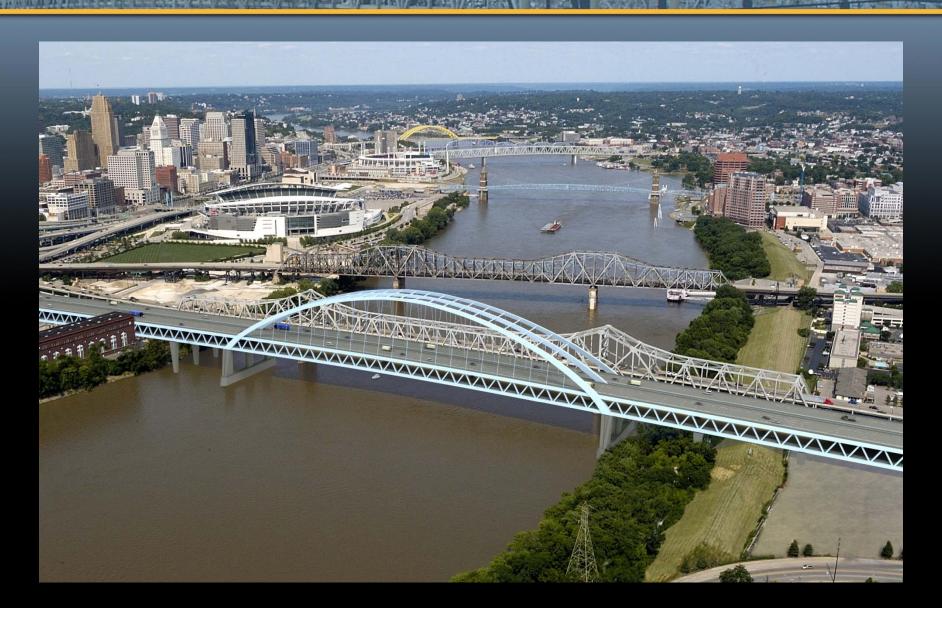
#### Step 2: Development of Bridge Type Alternatives









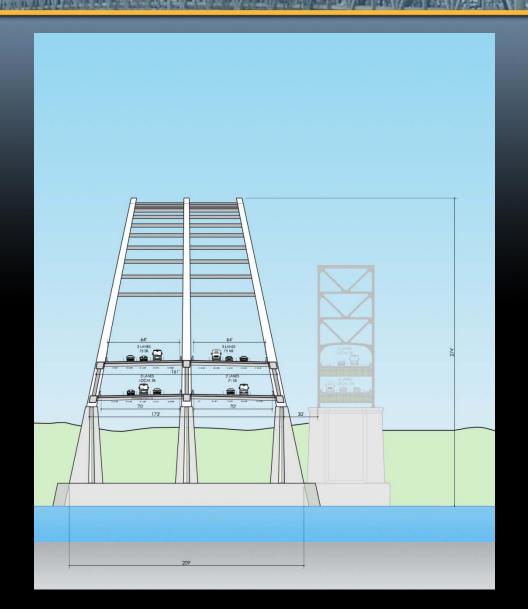


# Bridge Type Selection Alternative 1 U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration













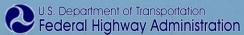


















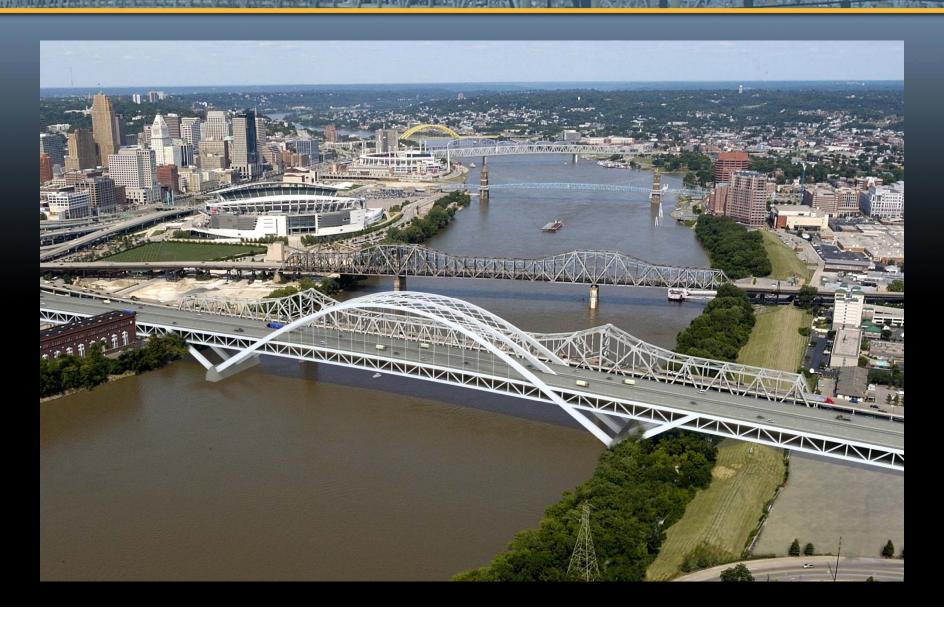


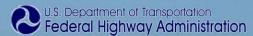






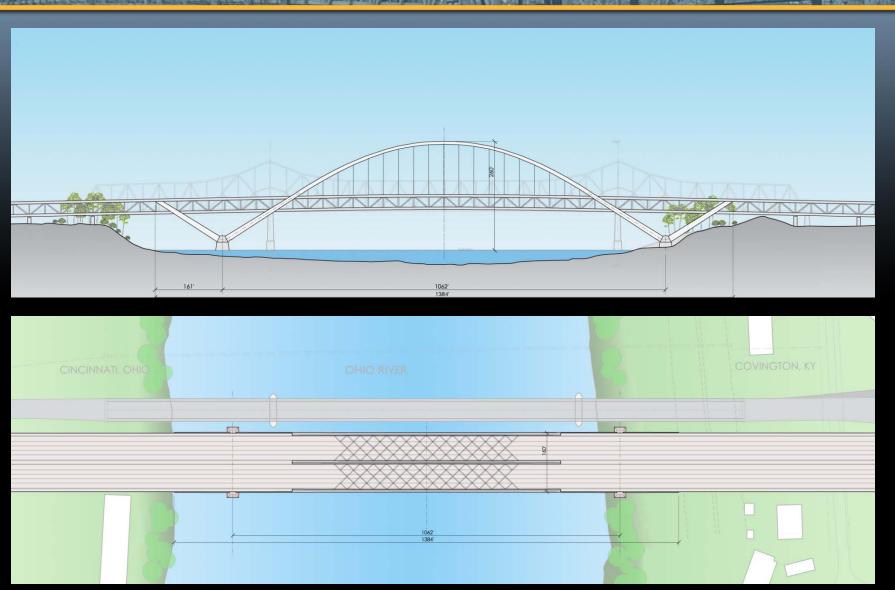








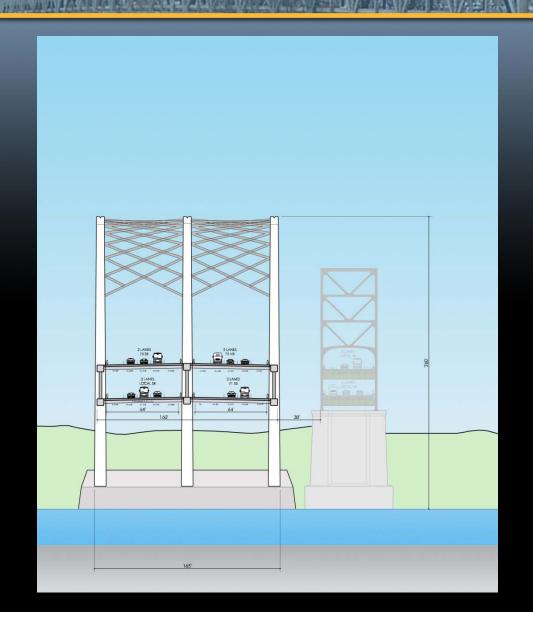


































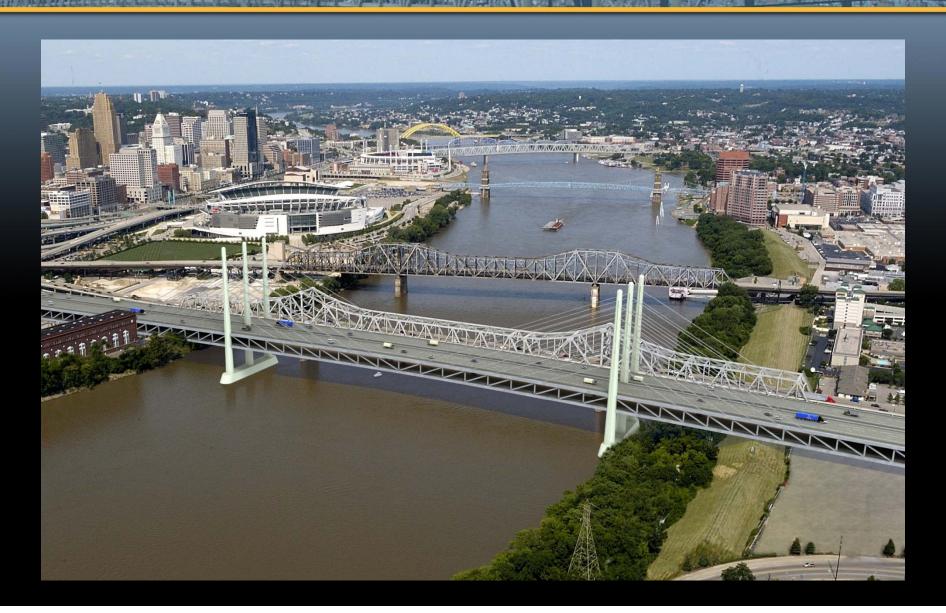








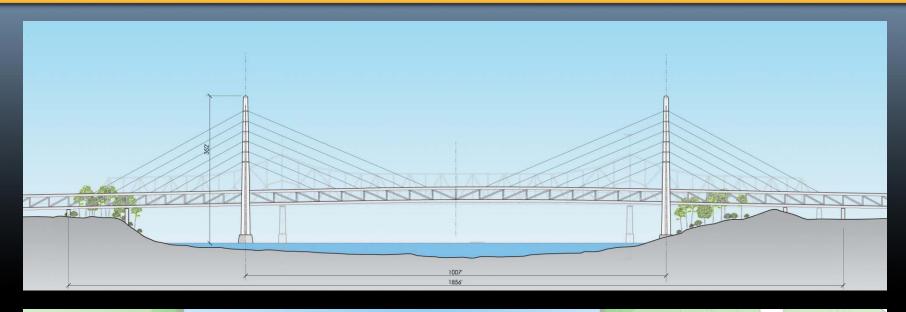


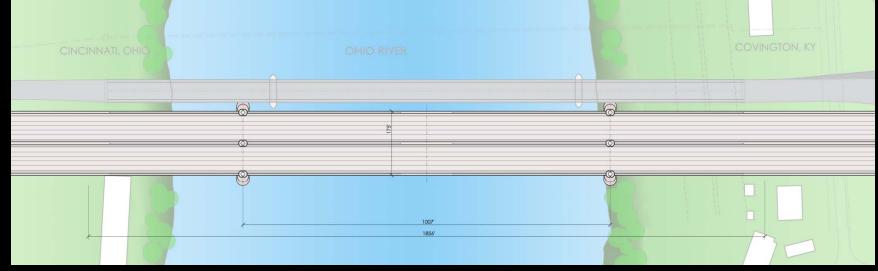








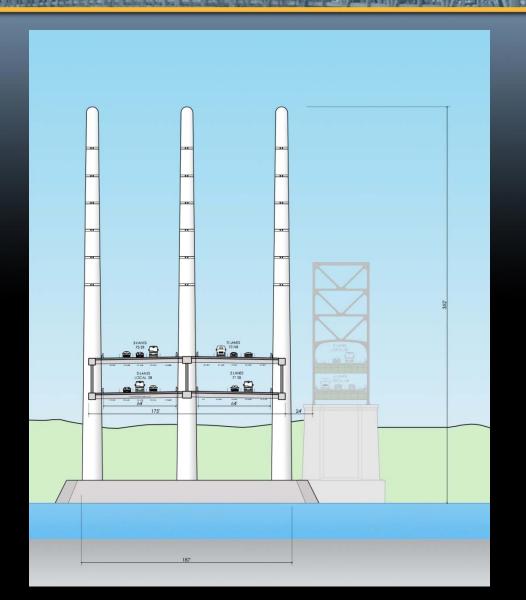


































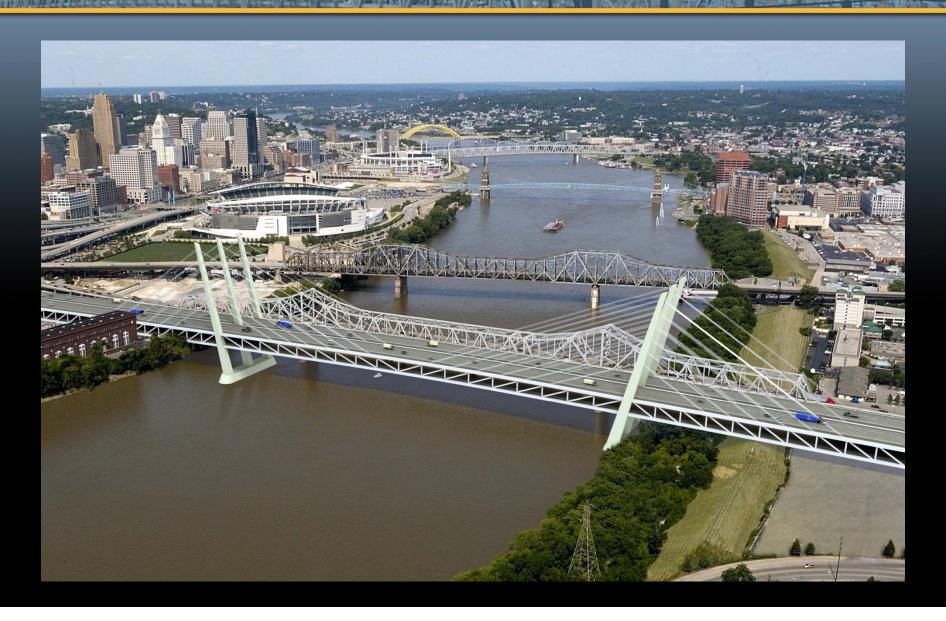








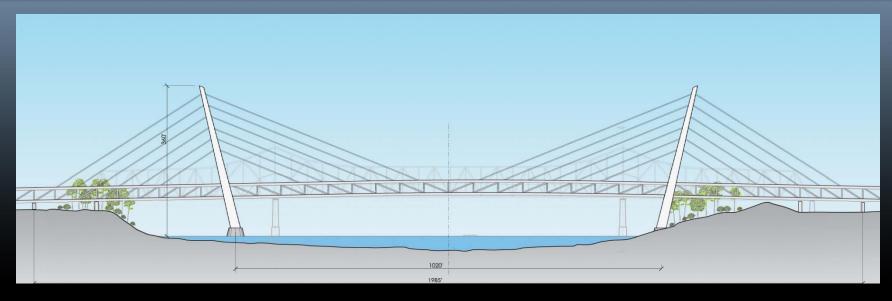


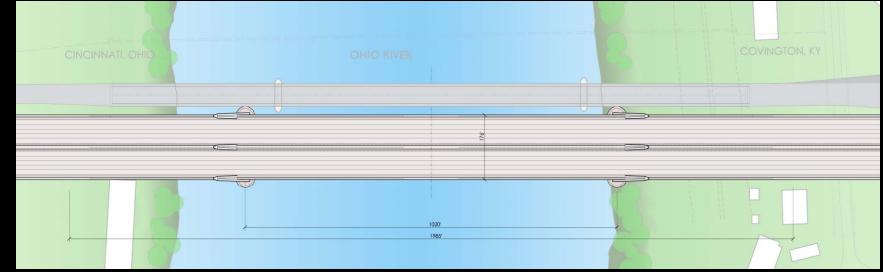








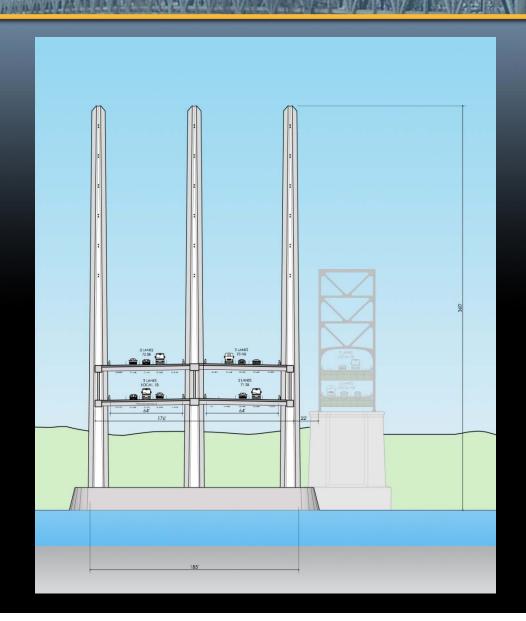


































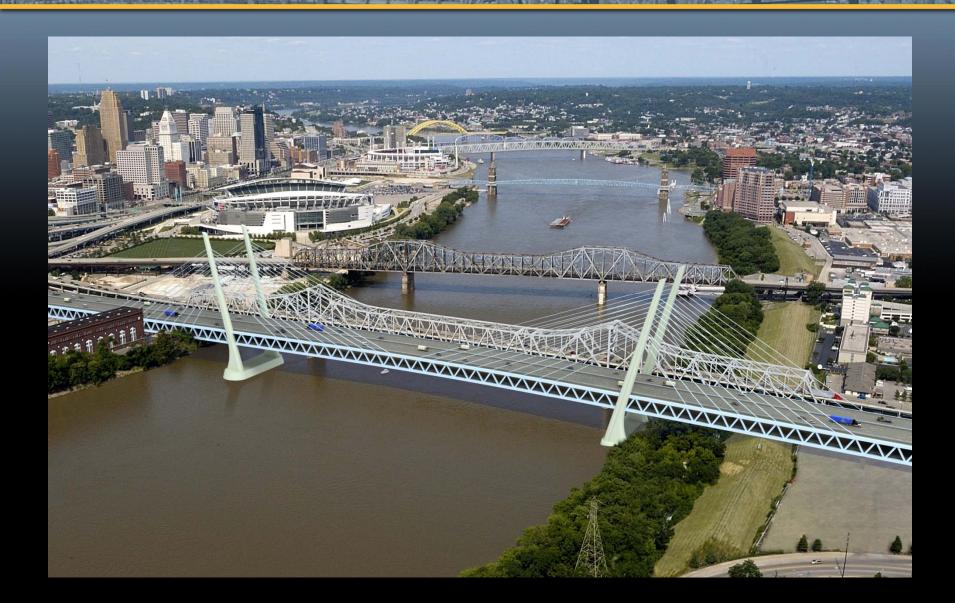








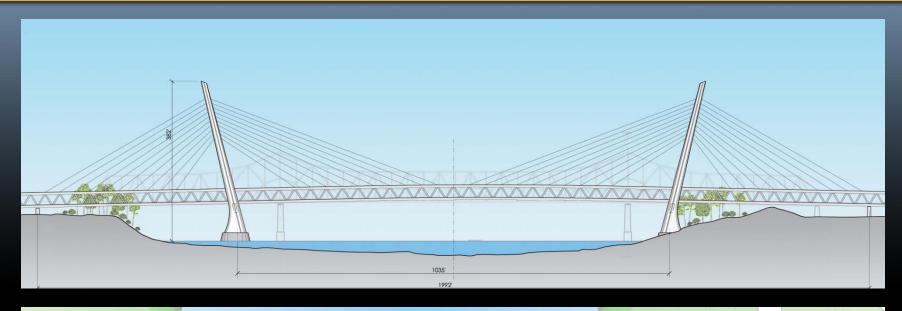


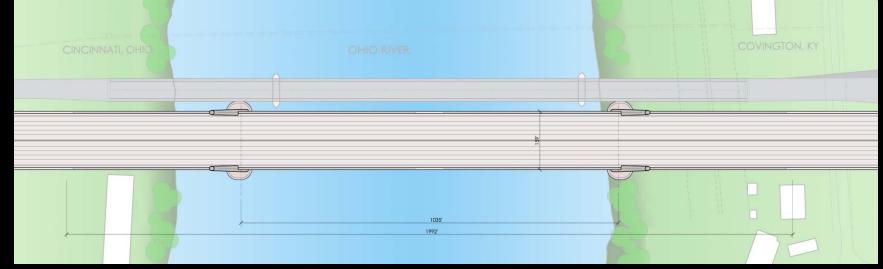








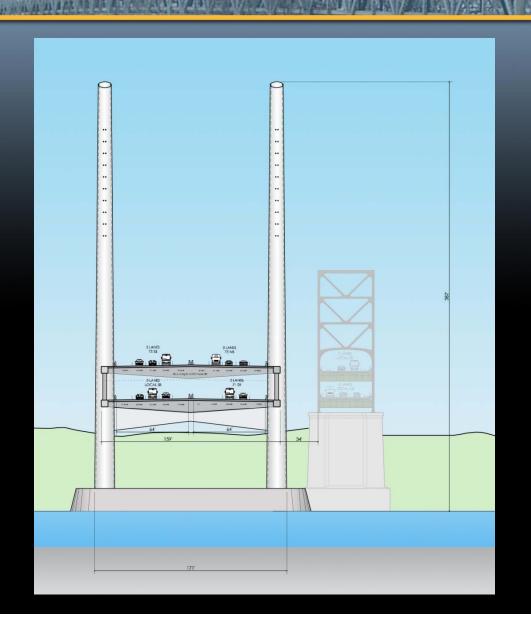






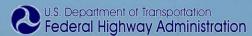




























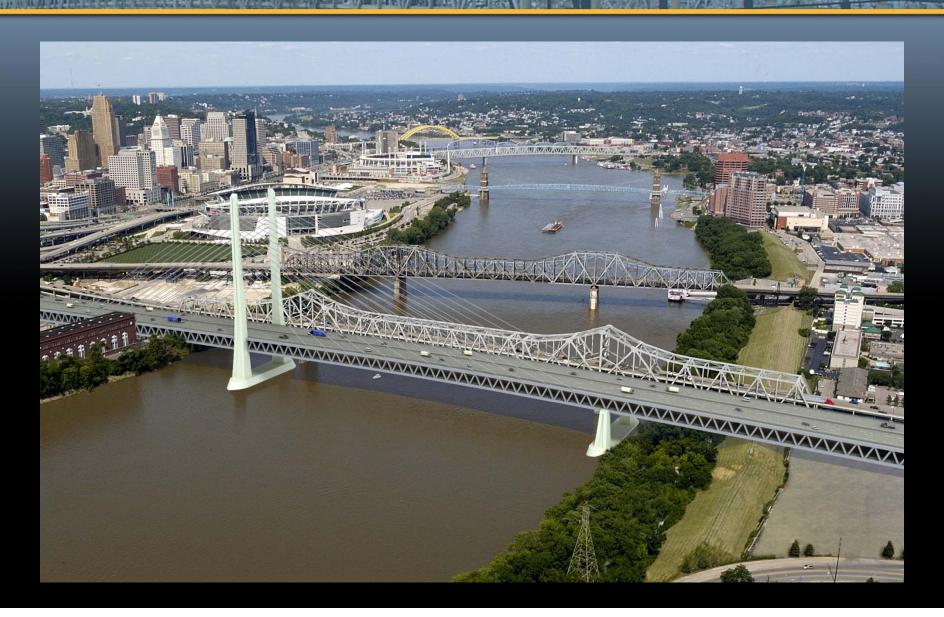








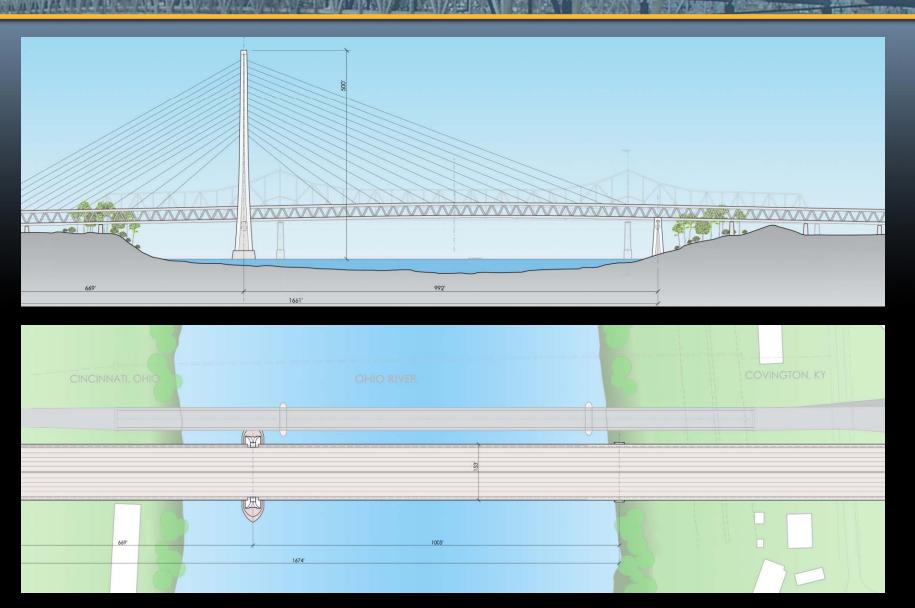








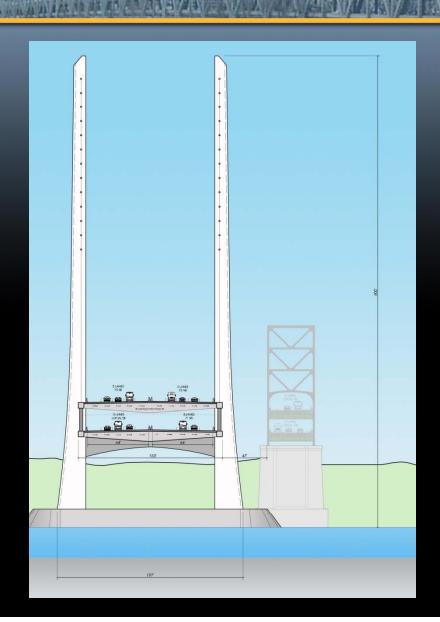
















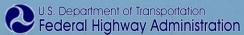






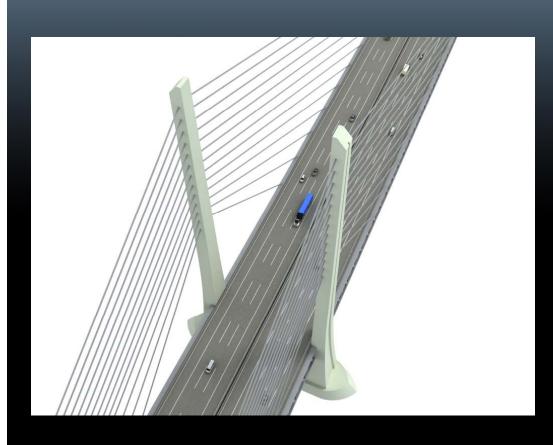
















#### Bridge Type Selection Alternatives Overview - -



















#### Bridge Type Selection Aesthetic Criteria Table







Key Visual and Aesthetic Criteria						
Visually Visible from Visible from Vantages Views of Context C						
Arch Alternatives						
1						
2						
Cable-Stayed Alternatives						
3						
4						
5						
6						

#### Bridge Type Selection (BTS) Process Key Dates







- First PAC BTS Meeting September 25, 2009
  - Identify Key Aesthetic Criteria for Development of 18
     Preliminary Bridge Concepts
- Second PAC BTS Meeting January 29, 2010
  - Input on Selection of 6 Bridge Type Alternatives
- Third PAC BTS Meeting April 15, 2010
  - Input on Selection of Final 3 Bridge Alternatives
  - Feedback due by April 23, 2010
  - Final 3 Bridge Alternatives Selection May 2010
- Public Hearing Meeting February 2011
  - Presentation of Final 3 Bridge Alternatives



- Feedback Options
  - Project Website
  - Fax
  - US Mail
- Feedback due by April 23, 2010

