



# SCI-823-0.00

PID No. 19415

## S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN (CR -29)

### STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY SUBMITTAL

*Prepared for:*

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DISTRICT 9  
650 EASTERN AVE.  
CHILLICOTHE, OHIO 45601

MARCH 28, 2006

*Prepared by:*

**Transystems**  
CORPORATION 

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# **BRIDGE TYPE STUDY NARRATIVE**

## **1. Introduction**

TranSystems Corporation is providing engineering services to the Ohio Department of Transportation for the design of new left and right overpass structures that will carry the proposed S.R. 823 bypass over Blue Run (CR-29). As requested by the Scope of Services, a Structure Type Study report is to be submitted before any plan development. The purpose of this report is to investigate various span arrangements and superstructure and substructure types in order to determine the most appropriate and economical structure type that will meet the project requirements. An initial Structure Type Study report dated 7/15/2005 was submitted to the Department and comments, dated 9/1/2005, were in turn received by Transystems Corporation. However, since these dates, the entire project has experienced a change in profile – the original project profile presented in the Preferred Alternative Verification Report (PAVR) submitted July 2005 has been altered and the revised profile has been approved by the Department. The revised profile lowers the elevations of the proposed S.R. 823 Mainline over Blue Run Road from the elevations specified in the July 2005 PAVR. Built-up embankments are therefore lowered which permits shortening of the span lengths with the use of 2:1 embankment slopes. Due to the possibility of shortening the spans, bridge types for the proposed S.R. 823 Mainline over Blue Run Road were reevaluated. This follow-up Structure Type Study presents the results of these reevaluations as well as alternative bridge types that are investigated in accordance with the 9/1/2005 ODOT comments. As a result, six (6) alternatives for construction of the proposed S.R. 823 Mainline over Blue Run Road are evaluated in this study and are designated as Alternatives 1, 1A, 2, 2A, 3, and 4. Each of these alternatives is evaluated with regard to estimated construction cost, projected maintenance costs, horizontal and vertical clearances, constructability, and maintenance of traffic. Discussion of these alternatives is presented later in this report.

## **2. Design Criteria**

The proposed structure types are designed according to the most current version of the Ohio Department of Transportation Bridge Design Manual and the 2002 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges, 17<sup>th</sup> Edition. Horizontal clearances (clear zone width and horizontal sight distance) are based on the Ohio Department of Transportation Location and Design Manual, Volume One – Roadway Design.

## **3. Subsurface Conditions and Foundation Recommendation**

DLZ Ohio, Inc. performed the subsurface exploration for the proposed bridge and prepared the Preliminary Bridge Foundation Recommendations which were presented in Section 3 and Appendix E of the original 7/15/2005 Structure Type Study report. Updated boring logs for the four test borings (TR-7, TR-8, TR-9 and TR-10) and preliminary MSE wall evaluations – performed by DLZ Ohio, Inc. – accompany this modified/updated Structure Type Study Report. The preliminary evaluations reveal that MSE walls can be used at the rear and forward abutment locations for single span alternatives as long as the naturally occurring soils beneath the proposed MSE walls are overexcavated to top of rock and replaced with compacted, granular fill. Refer to the preliminary MSE wall evaluation report for more details and information.

## **4. Roadway**

The purpose of this project is to construct a new bypass state route around the town of Portsmouth Ohio. The proposed alignment will carry two lanes of traffic, 15 plus miles in either direction, from an

interchange with US 52 just east of the town to another interchange with US 23 north of the town in Valley Township. Each of the proposed bridge sections will consist of two 12'-0" travel lanes with 6'-0" median shoulders and 12'-0" outside shoulders. Each bridge deck width will be 45'-0" out-to-out with 1'-6" inside and outside straight face deflector parapets. Horizontal and vertical sight distances, in accordance with the design standards, have been provided over the bridge for all alternatives considered. The existing Blue Run (CR-29) will remain on its current horizontal and vertical alignment.

**Vertical and Horizontal Design** - Since these twin structures' vertical alignment were dictated by the overall vertical design of the new bypass profile, clearance was not a critical issue. More than 15'-0" of preferred vertical clearance could be provided for all the alternatives considered for this study. In accordance with the L&D manual, Volume 1, a minimum horizontal clear zone width of 15'-0" from edge of traveled way to face of obstruction and a minimum horizontal sight distance of approximately 25'-0" from centerline of inside lane to sight obstruction has to be maintained. The proposed substructure layout for each alternative in this updated Structure Type Study report exceeds these minimum horizontal clearances. An existing creek ditch, which parallels the road, will be maintained on the east side of Blue Run.

**Drainage Design** - The collection of storm water runoff will be addressed off the bridge. The type of drainage system will be investigated as part of the preliminary design.

**Utilities** - No utilities will be placed on the bridge. However, lighting and ITS conduits will be provided as necessary.

**Maintenance of Traffic** - While the new bridge is under construction, traffic will be maintained on the existing road. It is anticipated that there will be limited closures during construction of the new structure.

## 5. Proposed Structure Configurations

**Alignment & Profile:** The proposed horizontal geometry is along a tangent alignment across the entire length of both the left and right structures. The proposed mainline profile for each bridge is located on the inside edge of pavement which is 11'-0" from the centerline survey and construction S.R. 823. The left and right profiles are within a 1200' vertical curve with PVI at Station 576+00.00,  $g_1 = -2.60\%$  and  $g_2 = 4.00\%$ . The horizontal and vertical geometry for all alternatives considered are the same. Embankment slopes will be a maximum 2:1 in order to minimize right-of-way impacts.

**Structure:** As per the Scope of Services, we investigated several bridge types and alternatives as part of the type study. A total of six (6) alternatives were considered and are outlined in the Structure Type Alternative Table below:

### STRUCTURE TYPE ALTERNATIVE TABLE

Structure Type Alternative	1	1A	2	2A
<b>Structure Type Description</b>	Tangent,continuous Steel Plate Girders A709 Gr. 50W	Tangent,continuous Steel Plate Girders A709 Gr. 50W	Tangent,Prestressed Concrete Girders Modified AASHTO Type 4 (60")	Tangent,Prestressed Concrete Girders Modified AASHTO Type 4 (66")
<b>Proposed Beam Spacing</b>	4 Spaces @ 9'-6" per Bridge	3 Spaces @ 12'-8" per Bridge	4 Spaces @ 9'-6" per Bridge	3 Spaces @ 12'-8" per Bridge
<b>No. of Spans</b>	3	3	3	3
<b>Abutment Type</b>	Semi-integral Type with 2:1 spill-through slopes	Semi-integral Type with 2:1 spill-through slopes	Semi-integral Type with 2:1 spill-through slopes	Semi-integral Type with 2:1 spill-through slopes
<b>No. of Piers</b>	2	2	2	2
<b>Pier Type</b>	T-type	T-type	T-type	T-type
<b>Substructure Orientation</b>	18°00'00" RF	18°00'00" RF	18°00'00" RF	18°00'00" RF
<b>Approximate Bridge Length</b>	260'	260'	260'	260'
<b>Approximate Structure Depth</b>				
Slab	8.75"	9.75"	8.75"	9.75"
Haunch	2"	2"	2"	2"
Beam	43.00"	52.625"	60"	66"
<b>Total</b>	53.75" (4.479')	64.375" (5.365')	70.75" (5.896')	77.75" (6.479')

### STRUCTURE TYPE ALTERNATIVE TABLE (CONT.)

Structure Type Alternative	3	4
<b>Structure Type Description</b>	Tangent, Steel Plate Girders A709 Gr. 50W	Tangent,Prestressed Concrete Girders Modified AASHTO Type 4 (72")
<b>Proposed Beam Spacing</b>	4 Spaces @ 9'-6" per Bridge	4 Spaces @ 9'-6" per Bridge
<b>No. of Spans</b>	1	1
<b>Abutment Type</b>	Semi-integral Type behind MSE Wall	Semi-integral Type behind MSE Wall
<b>No. of Piers</b>	No Piers (single span)	No Piers (single span)
<b>Pier Type</b>	n/a	n/a
<b>Substructure Orientation</b>	18°00'00" RF	18°00'00" RF
<b>Approximate Bridge Length</b>	104'-9"±	104'-9"±
<b>Approx. Structure Depth</b>		
Slab	8.75"	8.75"
Haunch	2"	2"
Beam	49.00"	72"
<b>Total</b>	59.75" (4.979')	82.75" (6.896')

## Alternative Discussion:

### Alternative 1

Alternative 1 is a continuous steel plate girder bridge. The height of the built-up embankment on the east side of Blue Run Road (for the Rear Abutment of the Mainline), the creek location, as well as the clear zone width and horizontal sight distances for Blue Run Road help dictate the substructure unit locations and respective span lengths. Clear zone width of 15' minimum and horizontal sight distance of 20' from edge of Blue Run Road (edge of traveled way) to sight obstruction (i.e., approximately 25' from centerline of inside lane to sight obstruction) are used to ensure proper placement of Pier 2. To minimize disruption of the creek and its bed, sufficient horizontal clearance between the edge of the creek bed and the toe of the Pier 1 footing is used to help establish the position of Pier 1. When these obstructions are considered along with the built-up embankment and the end span-to-middle span ratios of ODOT BDM 205.6, three spans with lengths of 80'-0", 100'-0", and 80'-0" center-to-center of bearing are defined (0.80 end span-to-middle span ratio).

Because the bearing-to-bearing length of this bridge is 260'-0" (< 400' total length) and skew is 18°00'00" right forward, the use of semi-integral abutments is deemed permissible. The semi-integral rear and forward abutments will both be supported by steel H-piles driven to bedrock and positioned on built-up embankments with 2:1 spill-through slopes. Straight wingwalls will be provided. Abutment and wingwall details will follow ODOT Standard Drawings.

Both Piers 1 and 2 will be T-type piers supported on spread footings founded on bedrock. Footing dimensions will need to be established using an allowable bearing capacity of 10 TSF (refer to Appendix E – Subsurface Investigation and Preliminary Foundation Recommendations).

The superstructure for both the left and right bridge of this alternative consists of 5-continuous welded steel plate girders, Grade 50W, with 41" deep webs spaced at 9'-6" on center. This satisfies the HS-25 (Case I) and Alternate Military Loading as well as a Future Wearing Surface loading of 60 psf. Each bridge width is 42'-0" from toe-to-toe of parapets with an overall bridge deck width of 45'-0". Deck thickness, including a 1" monolithic wearing surface, is 8 3/4".

The initial bridge construction cost for Alternative 1 is estimated to be \$2,960,000 in year 2008 dollars. The present value life cycle maintenance costs for this alternative are estimated to be \$1,976,000, resulting in a total estimated ownership cost of \$4,936,000 in year 2008 dollars.

### Alternative 1A

Alternative 1A is identical to Alternative 1 except that the superstructures for the left and right bridges consist of 4-continuous steel plate girders, Grade 50W, with 50" deep webs spaced at 12'-8" on center. Note that eliminating a girder line in this manner permits greater structural participation of the reinforced concrete deck. Deck thickness, including a 1" monolithic wearing surface, is 9 3/4".

The initial bridge construction cost for Alternative 1A is estimated to be \$2,930,000 in year 2008 dollars. The present value life cycle maintenance costs for this alternative are estimated to be \$1,961,000, resulting in a total estimated ownership cost of \$4,891,000 in year 2008 dollars.

### Alternative 2

Alternative 2 is also identical to Alternative 1 except that the superstructures for the left and right bridges consist of 5-60" deep Modified AASHTO Type 4 prestressed concrete I-beams spaced at 9'-6" on center. The 80'-0" end spans are measured from centerline bearing abutment to centerline pier and the 100'-0" interior span is measured from centerline pier to centerline pier.

The initial bridge construction cost for Alternative 2 is estimated to be \$3,300,000 in year 2008 dollars. The present value life cycle maintenance costs for this alternative are estimated to be \$1,185,000, resulting in a total estimated ownership cost of \$4,485,000 in year 2008 dollars.

### Alternative 2A

Alternative 2A is identical to Alternative 2 except that the superstructures for the left and right bridges consist of 4-66" deep Modified AASHTO Type 4 prestressed concrete I-beams spaced at 12'-8" on center.

The initial bridge construction cost for Alternative 2A is estimated to be \$3,260,000 in year 2008 dollars. The present value life cycle maintenance costs for this alternative are estimated to be \$1,235,000, resulting in a total estimated ownership cost of \$4,495,000 in year 2008 dollars.

### Alternative 3

This single span alternative is investigated in response to ODOT's 9/1/2005 comments to the original 7/15/2005 Structure Type Study. Alternative 3 is a single span steel plate girder bridge with a span length of 104'-9"± center-to-center of bearings and an 18°00'00" right forward skew. Semi-integral abutments are used at the rear and forward abutment locations and are positioned on steel H-piles behind MSE walls. The H-piles are driven to bedrock. The position of the forward MSE wall satisfies the clear zone width requirements from the edge of traveled way of Blue Run Road as well as horizontal sight distance requirements from the centerline of inside lane of Blue Run Road. Preliminary evaluations demonstrating that MSE walls can be utilized at the proposed locations are included as an addendum to this updated Structure Type Study report. The superstructures for both the left and right bridges of this alternative consist of 5-welded steel plate girders, Grade 50W, with 46" deep webs spaced at 9'-6" on center. This satisfies the HS-25 (Case I) and Alternate Military Loading as well as a Future Wearing Surface loading of 60 psf. Each bridge width is 42'-0" from toe-to-toe of parapets with an overall bridge deck width of 45'-0". Deck thickness, including a 1" monolithic wearing surface, is 8 3/4".

The initial bridge construction cost for Alternative 3 is estimated to be \$2,520,000 in year 2008 dollars. The present value life cycle maintenance costs for this alternative are estimated to be \$856,000, resulting in a total estimated ownership cost of \$3,376,000 in year 2008 dollars.

### Alternative 4

Alternative 4 is identical to Alternative 3 except that the superstructures for the left and right bridges consist of 5-72" deep Modified AASHTO Type 4 prestressed concrete I-beams spaced at 9'-6" on center.

The initial bridge construction cost for Alternative 4 is estimated to be \$2,650,000 in year 2008 dollars. The present value life cycle maintenance costs for this alternative are estimated to be \$516,000, resulting in a total estimated ownership cost of \$3,166,000 in year 2008 dollars.

## **6. Recommendations:**

Based upon the above information and discussions, Transystems Corporation recommends **Structure Type Alternative 4 (Single Span, 72" deep Modified AASHTO Type 4 prestressed concrete I-beams with semi-integral abutments behind MSE walls)** for the Bridge. (See Appendix B for the Site Plan and Structure Details).

The recommendation of Alternative 4 is based on the following items:

1. This Alternative appears to be economical from a construction standpoint (i.e., low initial construction costs);
2. Lowest life-cycle maintenance costs;
3. Lowest total ownership costs.

**APPENDIX A**  
**Cost Comparison Summary**



## SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS

## S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R

## STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY

By: JRC  
Checked: MLSDate: 3/17/2006  
Date: 3/28/2006

## ALTERNATIVE COST SUMMARY

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement No. Spans Lengths	Total Span Length (ft.)	Framing Alternative	Proposed Stringer Section	Subtotal Superstructure Cost	Subtotal Substructure Cost	Structure Incidental Cost (16%)	Structure Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Alternative Cost	Life Cycle Maintenance Cost	Total Relative Ownership Cost
1	3 80' - 100' - 80'	260.00	5 Steel Girders /per BRIDGE	41" Web Grade 50W	\$1,441,000	\$683,000	\$339,800	\$492,800	\$2,960,000	\$1,976,000	\$4,936,000
2	3 80' - 100' - 80'	260.00	5 Prestressed I-Girders /per BRIDGE	Modified AASHTO Type 4 (60")	\$1,624,000	\$758,000	\$381,100	\$552,600	\$3,320,000	\$1,185,000	\$4,505,000
1A	3 80' - 100' - 80'	260.00	4 Steel Girders /per BRIDGE	50" Web Grade 50W	\$1,428,000	\$680,000	\$337,300	\$489,100	\$2,930,000	\$1,961,000	\$4,891,000
2A	3 80' - 100' - 80'	260.00	4 Prestressed I-Girders /per BRIDGE	Modified AASHTO Type 4 (60")	\$1,595,000	\$756,000	\$376,200	\$545,400	\$3,270,000	\$1,235,000	\$4,505,000
3	1 105'	105.00	5 Steel Girders /per BRIDGE	46" Web Grade 50W	\$725,000	\$1,085,000	\$289,600	\$419,900	\$2,520,000	\$856,000	\$3,376,000
4	1 105'	105.00	5 Prestressed I-Girders /per BRIDGE	Modified AASHTO Type 4 (72")	\$758,000	\$1,160,000	\$306,900	\$445,000	\$2,670,000	\$516,000	\$3,186,000

**NOTES:**

1. Structure incidental cost allowance includes provision for structure excavation, porous backfill, sealing of concrete surfaces, structural steel painting, bearings, and crushed aggregate slope protection costs.
2. Estimated construction cost does not include existing structure removal (if any), which should be quantified separately, if required.

# SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS

S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R

## STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - STEEL PLATE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 1 - SUPERSTRUCTURE

By: JRC  
Checked: MLS

Date: 3/17/2006  
Date: 3/28/2006

### SUPERSTRUCTURE

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement		Total Span Length (ft.)	Deck Length (ft.)	Deck Volume (cu. yd.)	Deck Concrete Cost	Deck Reinforcing Cost	Approach Slab Cost	Framing Alternative	Proposed Stringer Section	Structural Steel Weight (Pounds)	Structural Steel Cost	Subtotal Superstructure Cost
1	1	80' - 100' - 80'	260	262	867	\$511,300	\$217,400	\$82,500	5 Steel Girders /per BRIDGE	41" Web Grade 50W	540,800	\$629,600	\$1,441,000

### COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS

#### Deck Cross-Sectional Area:

Parapets:	No.	Individual Area (sq. ft.)		Parapet Area (sq. ft.)	Total Concrete Area (sq. ft.)
		Parapets	Parapets		
	1	4.26	4.26	4.26	
	1	4.26	4.26	4.26	
Slab:		T (ft.)	W (ft.)	Slab Area	Haunch & Overhang Area
	Left Bridge	0.73	45.00	32.9	3.3
	Right Bridge	0.73	45.00	32.9	3.3
					44.7
					44.7

Note: Deck width is out to out

10% of deck area allowed for haunches and overhangs.

#### QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC2

##### Unit Cost (\$/cu. yd.):

Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Deck	\$491.00	3.5%
Parapets	\$615.00	3.5%
Weighted Average =		\$590.00

Based on parapet and slab percentages of total concrete area

#### Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel

##### Unit Cost (\$/lb.):

Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Deck Reinforcing	\$0.77	3.5%

Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Deck Reinforcing	\$0.77	3.5%

#### Structural Steel

##### Unit Costs (\$/lb.):

	Cost Ratio	Year 2005	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Rolled Beams - Grade 50	n/a	\$0.95	3.5%	\$1.05
Level 4 Plate Girders - Grade 50W	n/a	\$1.05	3.5%	\$1.16
Level 5 Plate Girders - Grade 50W	n/a	\$1.20	3.5%	\$1.33

Straight Girders  
Curved Girders

#### Reinforced Concrete Approach Slabs (T=15")

##### Unit Cost (\$/sq. yd.):

Length = 25 ft.  
Area = 250 sq. yd.

Approach Slabs	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
	\$144.00	3.5%	\$165.00

#### Expansion Joints

##### Unit Costs (\$/Lin.Ft.):

Strip Seal Expansion Joints	Cost Ratio	Year 2003	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
	1.00	\$863.00	3.5%	\$1,097.98

2001 Price

**SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS**

S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R

**STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - STEEL PLATE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 1 - SUBSTRUCTURE**

By: JRC  
Checked: MLS

Date: 3/17/2006  
Date: 3/28/2006

**SUBSTRUCTURE**

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement		Framing Alternative	Proposed Stringer Section	Pier Concrete Cost	Pier Reinforcing Cost	Abutment Concrete Cost	Abutment Reinforcing Cost	Pile Foundation Cost	Subtotal Substructure Cost
1	3	80' - 100' - 80'	5 Steel Girders /per BRIDGE	41" Web Grade 50W	\$301,400	\$68,600	\$218,800	\$35,900	\$58,400	\$683,000

**COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS**

**Pier QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost: (HP-Pile/Spread Footing)**

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Alt 1
					Total Cost
Cap	122	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$58,930
Stem	280	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$135,240
Footings	222	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$107,230
Total Cost	624				\$301,400

**Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):**

**HP 12X53 Piles, Furnished & Driven**

Number of Piles	Total Pile Length
Alt. 1      68	SEE QUANTITY CALCULATIONS      1,734

**Pier QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost: (Drilled Shaft)**

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Alt 1
					Total Cost
Cap	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0
Columns	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0
Footings	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0
Total Cost					\$0

**Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):**

**HP 12X53 Piles, Furnished & Driven**

Year 2004 Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
\$20.15	3.5%	\$23.10
\$9.24	3.5%	\$10.60
		\$33.70

**Abutment QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost:**

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Alt 1
					Total Cost
Abutment	352	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$170,000
Wingwalls	101	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$48,800

**Shaft Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):**

**36" Drilled Shaft**

Number of Shafts	Total Shaft Length
Alt. 1      0	SEE QUANTITY CALCULATIONS      0

**Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel**

**Unit Cost (\$/lb.):**

Assume 125 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of pier concrete.  
Assume 90 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of abutment concrete.

Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Pier	\$0.77	3.5%
Abutment	\$0.77	3.5%

**MSE Abutment Unit Cost (\$/sq. ft.):**

Total Area (sq. ft.)	Year 2004 Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Alt. 1	\$54.00	3.5%	\$62.00

Note: MSE wingwall lengths are based on the difference between the maximum bridge length and the length of the alternative being considered.

**Temporary Shoring and Support Unit Costs (\$/sq. ft.):**

**Temp. Girder Support (lump sum)**

Temp. Shoring Area (sq. ft.)

Alt. 1      0      \$      -

**Year 2004 Unit Cost**

Temporary Shoring Cofferdam



**SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS**
**S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R**
**STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 2 - SUPERSTRUCTURE**

 By: JRC  
 Checked: MLS

 Date: 3/17/2006  
 Date: 3/28/2006

**SUPERSTRUCTURE**

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement No. Spans	Total Span Length Lengths (ft.)	Deck Length (ft.)	Deck Volume (cu. yd.)	Deck Concrete Cost	Deck Reinforcing Cost	Approach Slab Cost	Framing Alternative	Proposed Girder Section	Concrete Girder Cost	Subtotal Superstructure Cost	Construction Complexity Factor	Subtotal Superstructure Cost	
2	3	80' - 100' - 80'	260.00	262.00	866	\$510,900	\$217,200	\$82,500	5 Prestressed I-Girders /per BRIDGE	Modified AASHTO Type 4 (60")	\$813,200	\$1,624,000	0%	\$1,624,000

**COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS**
**Deck Cross-Sectional Area:**

Parapets:	Parapet			Total Concrete Area (sq. ft.)
	No.	Individual Area (sq. ft.)	Parapet Area (sq. ft.)	
Parapets	1	4.26	4.26	
Parapets	1	4.26	4.26	
Slab:				
	T (ft.)	W (ft.)	Slab Area	Haunch & Overhang Area
Left Bridge	0.73	45.00	32.8	3.3
Right Bridge	0.73	45.00	32.8	3.3
				44.6
				44.6

**Prestressed Concrete Girders**

<b>Unit Costs:</b>	Year	Annual Escalation	Year	No. Required
	2005		2008	
<b>AASHTO Type IV Beams</b>				
Type 4 I-Beams	\$16,000	ea.	3.5%	\$17,740 ea. 0 \$0
Pier Diaphragms	\$1,800	ea.	3.5%	\$2,000 ea. 16 \$32,000
Abutment Diaphragms	\$1,200	ea.	3.5%	\$1,330 ea. 0 \$0
Intermediate Diaphragms	\$1,200	ea.	3.5%	\$1,330 ea. 40 \$53,200
Modified Type 4 I-Beams (60")	\$250	per ft	3.5%	\$280 ea. 2600 \$728,000
				<b>TOTAL = \$813,200</b>

Note: Deck width is out to out

10% of deck area allowed for haunches and overhangs.

**QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC2**

<b>Unit Cost (\$/cu. yd.):</b>		
Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Deck	\$491.00	3.5%
Parapets	\$615.00	3.5%
Weighted Average =		\$590.00

Based on parapet and slab percentages of total concrete area

**Construction Complexity Factor**
**Percent of Superstructure** = 0% Due to Deck forming, Screed and Varying Girder Spaces

<b>Unit Cost (\$/sq. yd.):</b>	Length = 25 ft.	Width = 90 ft.	<b>Expansion Joints</b>	<b>Unit Costs (\$/Lin.Ft.):</b>	Cost Ratio	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
	Area = 250 sq. yd.							
<b>Reinforced Concrete Approach Slabs (T=15")</b>								
Approach Slabs	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Modular Expansion Joints (2001 Price)	1.00	\$863.00	3.5%	\$1,097.98

**Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel**
**Unit Cost (\$/lb.):**

Assume 285 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of deck concrete

Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Deck Reinforcing	\$0.77	3.5%

# SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS

S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R

## STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 2 - SUBSTRUCTURE

By: JRC  
Checked: MLS

Date: 3/17/2006  
Date: 3/28/2006

### SUBSTRUCTURE

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement No. Spans	Lengths	Framing Alternative	Proposed Stringer Section	Pier Concrete Cost	Pier Reinforcing Cost	Abutment Concrete Cost	Abutment Reinforcing Cost	Pile Foundation Cost	Additional Crane Cost	Subtotal Substructure Cost
2	3	80' - 100' - 80'	5 Prestressed I-Girders /per BRIDGE	Modified AASHTO Type 4 (60")	\$301,400	\$68,600	\$218,800	\$35,900	\$58,400	\$75,000	\$758,000

### COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS

#### Pier QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost: (HP-Pile)

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost
Cap	136	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$65,690
Stem	266	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$128,480
Footings	222	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$107,230
Total Cost	624				\$301,400

#### Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):

#### HP 12X53 Piles, Furnished & Driven

Number of Piles

Total Pile Length

68 SEE QUANTITY CALCULATIONS 1,734

#### Pier QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost: (Drilled Shaft)

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost
Cap	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0
Columns	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0
Footings	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0
Total Cost					\$0

#### Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):

#### Year 2004 Unit Cost

#### Annual Escalation

#### Year 2008

Furnished \$20.15 3.5% \$23.10

Driven \$9.24 3.5% \$10.60

Total \$33.70

#### Shaft Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):

#### 36" Drilled Shaft

Number of Shafts

Total Shaft Length

#### Abutment QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost:

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost
Abutment	352	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$170,000
Wingwalls	101	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$48,800

Alt. 1 0 SEE QUANTITY CALCULATIONS 0

#### Shaft Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):

#### Unit Cost

#### Escalation

#### 2007

\$300.00 4.5% \$358.00

#### Cost of Shafts: \$ -

#### Temporary Shoring and Support

#### Unit Costs (\$/sq. ft.):

Temp. Shoring Area (sq. ft.) Temp. Girder Support (lump sum)

Alt. 1 0 \$ -

#### Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel

##### Unit Cost (\$/lb.):

Assume 125 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of pier concrete.

Assume 90 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of abutment concrete.

Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Pier	\$0.77	3.5%
Abutment	\$0.77	3.5%

Note: MSE wingwall lengths are based on the difference between the maximum bridge length and the length of the alternative being considered.

#### MSE Abutment Unit Cost (\$/sq. ft.):

Total Area (sq. ft.) Year 2004 Unit Cost

Annual Escalation

Year 2008

Temporary Shoring Year 2004 Unit Cost Annual Escalation Year 2008

Cofferdam \$22.50 3.5% \$25.80

\$32.00 3.5% \$36.70

#### Additional Crane Cost

\$ 75,000



**SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS**
**S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R**
**STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - STEEL PLATE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 1A - SUPERSTRUCTURE**

 By: JRC  
 Checked: MLS

 Date: 3/19/2006  
 Date: 3/28/2006

**SUPERSTRUCTURE**

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement No. Spans	Total Span Length Lengths (ft.)	Deck Length (ft.)	Deck Volume (cu. yd.)	Deck Concrete Cost	Deck Reinforcing Cost	Approach Slab Cost	Framing Alternative	Proposed Stringer Section	Structural Steel Weight (Pounds)	Structural Steel Cost	Subtotal Superstructure Cost	
1A	3	80' - 100' - 80'	260	262	946	\$556,200	\$237,200	\$82,500	4 Steel Girders /per BRIDGE	50" Web Grade 50W	474,240	\$552,100	\$1,428,000

**COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS**
**Deck Cross-Sectional Area:**

Parapets:	No.	Individual Area (sq. ft.)		Parapet Total	Haunch & Overhang Area	Slab Area	Total Concrete Area (sq. ft.)
		Parapets	Parapets				
	1	4.26	4.26	4.26			
	1	4.26	4.26	4.26			

**Structural Steel**

<u>Unit Costs (\$/lb.):</u>	Cost Ratio	Year 2005	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Rolled Beams - Grade 50	n/a	\$0.95	3.5%	\$1.05
Level 4 Plate Girders - Grade 50W	n/a	\$1.05	3.5%	\$1.16
Level 5 Plate Girders - Grade 50W	n/a	\$1.20	3.5%	\$1.33

Straight Girders

Curved Girders

Note: Deck width is out to out.

10% of deck area allowed for haunches and overhangs.

**QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC2**

<u>Unit Cost (\$/cu. yd.):</u>	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Deck	\$491.00	3.5%	\$563.00
Parapets	\$615.00	3.5%	\$706.00
Weighted Average =			\$588.00

 Based on parapet and slab percentages  
of total concrete area

**Reinforced Concrete Approach Slabs (T=15")**

<u>Unit Cost (\$/sq. yd.):</u>	Length = 25 ft. Area = 250 sq. yd.	Width = 90 ft	
Approach Slabs	Year 2004 \$144.00	Annual Escalation 3.5%	Year 2008 \$165.00

**Expansion Joints**

<u>Unit Costs (\$/Lin.Ft.):</u>	Cost Ratio	Year 2003	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Strip Seal Expansion Joints	1.00	\$863.00	3.5%	\$1,097.98

2001 Price

**Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel**
Unit Cost (\$/lb.):

Assume 285 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of deck concrete

Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	
Deck Reinforcing	\$0.77	3.5%	\$0.88

## SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS

S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R

## STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - STEEL PLATE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 1A - SUBSTRUCTURE

By: JRC  
Checked: MLSDate: 6/25/2005  
Date: 7/1/2005**SUBSTRUCTURE**

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement No. Spans	Lengths	Framing Alternative	Proposed Stringer Section	Pier Concrete Cost	Pier Reinforcing Cost	Abutment Concrete Cost	Abutment Reinforcing Cost	Pile Foundation Cost	Subtotal Substructure Cost
1A	3	80' - 100' - 80'	4 Steel Girders /per BRIDGE	50" Web Grade 50W	\$298,500	\$68,000	\$218,800	\$35,900	\$58,400	\$680,000

**COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS****Pier QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost: (HP-Pile/Spread Footing)**

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost
Cap	122	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$58,930
Stem	274	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$132,340
Footings	222	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$107,230
Total Cost	618				\$298,500

**Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):****HP 12X53 Piles, Furnished & Driven**

	Alt 1	Number of Piles	Total Pile Length
	Alt. 1	68	SEE QUANTITY CALCULATIONS

	Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):	Year 2004 Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
	Furnished Driven Total	\$20.15 \$9.24	3.5% 3.5%	\$23.10 \$10.60 \$33.70

**Shaft Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):**

## 36" Drilled Shaft

	Number of Shafts	Total Shaft Length
	Alt. 1	0
		SEE QUANTITY CALCULATIONS

**Temporary Shoring and Support Unit Costs (\$/sq. ft.):**

## Temp. Girder Support (lump sum)

	Temp. Shoring Area (sq. ft.)	Temp. Girder Support (lump sum)
	Alt. 1	\$ -

**Temporary Shoring and Support Unit Costs (\$/sq. ft.):**

## Year 2004 Unit Cost

## Year 2008 Annual Escalation

## Cofferdam

## \$22.50 3.5% \$25.80

## Cofferdam

## \$32.00 3.5% \$36.70

**Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel****Unit Cost (\$/lb):**Assume 125 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of pier concrete.  
Assume 90 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of abutment concrete.

	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Pier	\$0.77	3.5%	\$0.88

**MSE Abutment Unit Cost (\$/sq. ft.):**

	Total Area (sq. ft.)	Year 2004 Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
	Alt. 1	\$64.00	3.5%	\$62.00

Note: MSE wingwall lengths are based on the difference between the maximum bridge length and the length of the alternative being considered.



**SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS**

S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R

**STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 2A - SUPERSTRUCTURE**

By: JRC  
Checked: MLS

Date: 3/19/2006  
Date: 3/28/2006

**SUPERSTRUCTURE**

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement No. Spans	Total Span Length (ft.)	Deck Length (ft.)	Deck Volume (cu. yd.)	Deck Concrete Cost	Deck Reinforcing Cost	Approach Slab Cost	Framing Alternative	Proposed Girder Section	Concrete Girder Cost	Subtotal Superstructure Cost	Construction Complexity Factor	Subtotal Superstructure Cost	
2A	3	80' - 100' - 80'	260.00	262.00	946	\$556,200	\$237,200	\$82,500	4 Prestressed I-Girders /per BRIDGE	Modified AASHTO Type 4 (66")	\$719,300	\$1,595,000	0%	\$1,595,000

**COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS**

**Deck Cross-Sectional Area:**

Parapets:	No.	Individual Area (sq. ft.)		Total Concrete Area (sq. ft.)	Haunch & Overhang Area (sq. ft.)	Slab Area (ft.)	Deck Parapet Area (sq. ft.)
		Parapets	Parapets				
	1	4.26	4.26				
	1	4.26	4.26				

Note: Deck width is out to out.  
10% of deck area allowed for haunches and overhangs.

**Prestressed Concrete Girders**

<u>Unit Costs:</u>	<u>Year 2004</u>	<u>Annual Escalation</u>	<u>Year 2008</u>	<u>No. Required</u>
<b>AASHTO Type IV Beams</b>				
Type 4 I-Beams	\$16,000	ea.	3.5%	\$18,360 ea. 0 \$0
Pier Diaphragms	\$1,800	ea.	3.5%	\$2,070 ea. 16 \$33,120
Abutment Diaphragms	\$1,200	ea.	3.5%	\$1,380 ea. 0 \$0
Intermediate Diaphragms	\$1,200	ea.	3.5%	\$1,380 ea. 30 \$41,400
Modified Type 4 I-Beams (66")	\$270	per ft.	3.5%	\$310 ea. 2080 \$644,800

**TOTAL = \$719,320**

**QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC2**

<u>Unit Cost (\$/cu. yd.):</u>	<u>Year 2004</u>	<u>Annual Escalation</u>	<u>Year 2008</u>
Deck	\$491.00	3.5%	\$563.00
Parapets	\$615.00	3.5%	\$706.00
Weighted Average =			\$588.00

Based on parapet and slab percentages of total concrete area

**Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel**

Unit Cost (\$/lb.):

Assume 285 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of deck concrete

<u>Year 2004</u>	<u>Annual Escalation</u>	<u>Year 2008</u>	
Deck Reinforcing	\$0.77	3.5%	\$0.88

**Construction Complexity Factor**

Percent of Superstructure = 0% Due to Deck forming, Scree and Varying Girder Spaces

**Reinforced Concrete Approach Slabs (T=15")**

<u>Unit Cost (\$/sq. yd.):</u>	<u>Length = 25 ft.</u>	<u>Width = 90 ft.</u>	<u>Area = 250 sq. yd.</u>	<u>Year 2004</u>	<u>Annual Escalation</u>	<u>Year 2008</u>
Approach Slabs	\$144.00	3.5%	\$165.00			

**Expansion Joints**

<u>Unit Costs (\$/Lin.Ft.):</u>	<u>Cost Ratio</u>	<u>Year 2004</u>	<u>Annual Escalation</u>	<u>Year 2008</u>
Modular Expansion Joints (2001 Price)	1.00	\$863.00	3.5%	\$1,097.98

**SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS**

S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R

**STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 2A - SUBSTRUCTURE**

By: JRC  
Checked: MLS

Date: 3/19/2006  
Date: 3/28/2006

**SUBSTRUCTURE**

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement No. Spans Lengths	Framing Alternative	Proposed Stringer Section	Pier Concrete Cost	Pier Reinforcing Cost	Abutment Concrete Cost	Abutment Reinforcing Cost	Pile Foundation Cost	Additional Crane Cost	Subtotal Substructure Cost
2A	3 80' - 100' - 80'	4 Prestressed I-Girders /per BRIDGE	Modified AASHTO Type 4 (66")	\$299,500	\$68,200	\$218,800	\$35,900	\$58,400	\$75,000	\$756,000

**COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS**

**Pier QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost: (HP-Pile)**

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost
Cap	136	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$65,690
Stem	262	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$126,550
Footings	222	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$107,230
Total Cost	620				\$299,500

**Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):**

HP 12X53 Piles, Furnished & Driven					
	Number of Piles		Total Pile Length		
	68	SEE QUANTITY CALCULATIONS	1,734		

**Pier QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost: (Drilled Shaft)**

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost
Cap	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0
Columns	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0
Footings	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0
Total Cost					\$0

**Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):**

36" Drilled Shaft					
	Year 2004 Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2008		
	\$20.15	3.5%	\$23.10		
	\$9.24	3.5%	\$10.60		
			\$33.70		

**Abutment QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost:**

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost
Abutment	352	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$170,000
Wingwalls	101	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$48,800

**Shaft Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):**

Temporary Shoring and Support					
	Unit Cost	Escalation	2007		
	\$300.00	4.5%	\$358.00		

**Cost of Shafts:**

Alt. 1	0	SEE QUANTITY CALCULATIONS	0

**Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel**

**Unit Cost (\$/lb):**

Assume 125 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of pier concrete.

Assume 90 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of abutment concrete.

Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Alt. 1	\$54.00	3.5%	\$62.00
Pier	\$0.77	3.5%	\$0.88			
Abutment	\$0.77	3.5%	\$0.88			

**Additional Crane Cost**

\$ 75,000

Note: MSE wingwall lengths are based on the difference between the maximum bridge length and the length of the alternative being considered.



**SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS**  
**S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R**

**STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - STEEL PLATE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 3 - SUPERSTRUCTURE**

By: JRC  
 Checked: MLS

Date: 3/21/2006  
 Date: 3/28/2006

**SUPERSTRUCTURE**

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement No. Spans	Total Span Length Lengths	Deck Length (ft.)	Deck Volume (cu. yd.)	Deck Concrete Cost	Deck Reinforcing Cost	Approach Slab Cost	Framing Alternative	Proposed Stringer Section	Structural Steel Weight (Pounds)	Structural Steel Cost	Subtotal Superstructure Cost	
3	1	105'	105	107	354	\$208,600	\$88,700	\$82,500	5 Steel Girders /per BRIDGE	46" Web Grade 50W	296,100	\$344,700	\$725,000

**COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS**

**Deck Cross-Sectional Area:**

Parapets:	No.	Individual Area (sq. ft.)		Parapet	Total Area (sq. ft.)
		Parapets	Parapets		
	1	4.26	4.26	4.26	
	1	4.26	4.26	4.26	
Slab:					
		T (ft.)	W (ft.)	Slab Area	Haunch & Overhang Area
	Left Bridge	0.73	45.00	32.8	3.3
	Right Bridge	0.73	45.00	32.8	3.3
					44.6
					44.6

Note: Deck width is out to out

10% of deck area allowed for haunches and overhangs.

**QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC2**

Unit Cost (\$/cu. yd.):		
Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Deck	\$491.00	3.5%
Parapets	\$615.00	3.5%
Weighted Average =		
Based on parapet and slab percentages of total concrete area		

**Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel**

**Unit Cost (\$/lb.):**  
 Assume 285 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of deck concrete

Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Deck Reinforcing	\$0.77	3.5%

**Structural Steel**

**Unit Costs (\$/lb.):**

	Cost Ratio	Year 2005	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Rolled Beams - Grade 50	n/a	\$0.95	3.5%	\$1.05
Level 4 Plate Girders - Grade 50W	n/a	\$1.05	3.5%	\$1.16
Level 5 Plate Girders - Grade 50W	n/a	\$1.20	3.5%	\$1.33

Straight Girders  
Curved Girders

**Reinforced Concrete Approach Slabs (T=15")**

**Unit Cost (\$/sq. yd.):**

Length = 25 ft.  
 Area = 250 sq. yd.

	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Approach Slabs	\$144.00	3.5%	\$165.00

**Expansion Joints**

**Unit Costs (\$/Lin.Ft.):**

	Cost Ratio	Year 2003	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Strip Seal Expansion Joints	1.00	\$863.00	3.5%	\$1,097.98

2001 Price

**SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS**
**S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R**
**STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - STEEL PLATE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 3 - SUBSTRUCTURE**

 By: JRC  
 Checked: MLS

 Date: 3/20/2006  
 Date: 3/28/2006

**SUBSTRUCTURE**

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement No. Spans	Span Lengths	Framing Alternative	Proposed Stringer Section	Pier Concrete Cost	Pier Reinforcing Cost	Abutment Concrete Cost	Abutment Reinforcing Cost	Pile Foundation Cost	MSE Wall Cost	Subtotal Substructure Cost
3	1	105'	5 Steel Girders /per BRIDGE	46" Web Grade 50W	\$0	\$0	\$170,000	\$27,900	\$58,400	\$828,784	\$1,085,000

**COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS**
**Pier QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost: (HP-Pile/Spread Footing)**

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost	Alt 1
Cap	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0	
Stem	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0	
Footings	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0	
Total Cost	0				\$0	

**Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):**
**HP 12X53 Piles, Furnished & Driven**

Number of Piles	Total Pile Length
Alt. 1 68	SEE QUANTITY CALCULATIONS 1.734

**Pier QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost: (Drilled Shaft)**

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost	Alt 1
Cap	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0	
Columns	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0	
Footings	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0	
Total Cost	0				\$0	

**Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):**
**HP 12X53 Piles, Furnished & Driven**

Year 2004 Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Furnished \$20.15	3.5%	\$23.10
Driven \$9.24	3.5%	\$10.60
Total \$33.70		

**Shaft Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):**
**36" Drilled Shaft**

Number of Shafts	Total Shaft Length
Alt. 1 0	SEE QUANTITY CALCULATIONS 0

**Abutment QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost:**

Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost	Alt 1
Abutment	352	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$170,000	
Wingwalls	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0	

**Shaft Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):**
**36" Drilled Shaft**

Unit Cost	Escalation	2007	Temporary Shoring and Support Unit Costs (\$/sq. ft.):	Temp. Shoring Area (sq. ft.)	Temp. Girder Support (lump sum)
\$300.00	4.5%	\$358.00	Alt. 1 0	0	\$ -

**Cost of Shafts:**
**Temporary Shoring and Support Unit Costs (\$/sq. ft.):**

Year 2004 Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
\$22.50	3.5%	\$25.80
\$32.00	3.5%	\$36.70

**Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel**
**Unit Cost (\$/lb.):**

 Assume 125 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of pier concrete.  
 Assume 90 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of abutment concrete.

Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Pier	\$0.77	3.5%
Abutment	\$0.77	3.5%

**MSE Abutment Unit Cost (\$/sq. ft.):**

Alternative No.	Total Area (sq. ft.)	2005 Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
3	14,960	\$50.00	3.5%	\$55.40

Note: MSE wingwall lengths are based on the difference between the maximum bridge length and the length of the alternative being considered.



**SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS**

S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R

**STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 4 - SUPERSTRUCTURE**

By: JRC  
Checked: MLS

Date: 3/21/2006  
Date: 3/28/2006

**SUPERSTRUCTURE**

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement No. Spans	Total Span Length (ft.)	Deck Length (ft.)	Deck Volume (cu. yd.)	Deck Concrete Cost	Deck Reinforcing Cost	Approach Slab Cost	Framing Alternative	Proposed Girder Section	Concrete Girder Cost	Subtotal Superstructure Cost	Construction Complexity Factor	Subtotal Superstructure Cost	
4	1	105'	105.00	107.00	354	\$208,600	\$88,700	\$82,500	5 Prestressed I-Girders /per BRIDGE	Modified AASHTO Type 4 (72")	\$378,400	\$758,000	0%	\$758,000

**COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS**

**Deck Cross-Sectional Area:**

Parapets:	No.	Individual Area (sq. ft.)		Total Concrete Area (sq. ft.)	Haunch & Overhang Area	Slab Area	T (ft.)	W (ft.)	Parapet Area (sq. ft.)
		Parapets	Parapets						
	1	4.26	4.26						
	1	4.26	4.26						

**Prestressed Concrete Girders**

<u>Unit Costs:</u>	<u>Year 2006</u>	<u>Annual Escalation</u>	<u>Year 2008</u>	<u>No. Required</u>	
<b>AASHTO Type IV Beams</b>					
Type 4 I-Beams	\$16,000	ea.	3.5%	\$17,740	ea.
Pier Diaphragms	\$1,800	ea.	3.5%	\$2,000	ea.
Abutment Diaphragms	\$1,200	ea.	3.5%	\$1,330	ea.
Intermediate Diaphragms	\$1,200	ea.	3.5%	\$1,330	ea.
Modified Type 4 I-Beams (72")	\$300	per ft.	3.5%	24	\$31,920
				1050	\$346,500
					TOTAL = \$378,420

Note: Deck width is out to out  
10% of deck area allowed for haunches and overhangs.

**QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC2**

<u>Unit Cost (\$/cu. yd.):</u>	<u>Year 2004</u>	<u>Annual Escalation</u>	<u>Year 2008</u>
Deck	\$491.00	3.5%	\$563.00
Parapets	\$615.00	3.5%	\$706.00
Weighted Average =			\$590.00

Based on parapet and slab percentages of total concrete area

**Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel**

**Unit Cost (\$/lb.):**

Assume 285 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of deck concrete

<u>Year 2004</u>	<u>Annual Escalation</u>	<u>Year 2008</u>	
Deck Reinforcing	\$0.77	3.5%	\$0.88

**Construction Complexity Factor**

**Percent of Superstructure** = 0% Due to Deck forming, Screed and Varying Girder Spaces

**Reinforced Concrete Approach Slabs (T=15")**

<u>Unit Cost (\$/sq. yd.):</u>	<u>Length = 25 ft.</u>	<u>Width = 90 ft</u>	<u>Area = 250 sq. yd.</u>	<u>Year 2004</u>	<u>Annual Escalation</u>	<u>Year 2008</u>
Approach Slabs				\$144.00	3.5%	\$165.00

**Expansion Joints**

<u>Unit Costs (\$/Lin.Ft.):</u>	<u>Cost Ratio</u>	<u>Year 2004</u>	<u>Annual Escalation</u>	<u>Year 2008</u>
Modular Expansion Joints (2001 Price)	1.00	\$863.00	3.5%	\$1,097.98

**SCI-823-0.00 - PORTSMOUTH BYPASS**  
**S.R. 823 over Blue Run L/R**

**STRUCTURE TYPE STUDY - PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDER ALTERNATIVE 4 - SUBSTRUCTURE**

By: JRC  
 Checked: MLS

Date: 3/21/2006  
 Date: 3/28/2006

**SUBSTRUCTURE**

Alternative No.	Span Arrangement No. Spans Lengths	Framing Alternative	Proposed Stringer Section	Pier Concrete Cost	Pier Reinforcing Cost	Abutment Concrete Cost	Abutment Reinforcing Cost	Pile Foundation Cost	MSE Wall Cost	Additional Crane Cost	Subtotal Substructure Cost
4	1 105'	5 Prestressed I-Girders /per BRIDGE	Modified AASHTO Type 4 (72")	\$0	\$0	\$170,000	\$27,900	\$58,400	\$828,784	\$75,000	\$1,160,000

**COST SUPPORT CALCULATIONS**

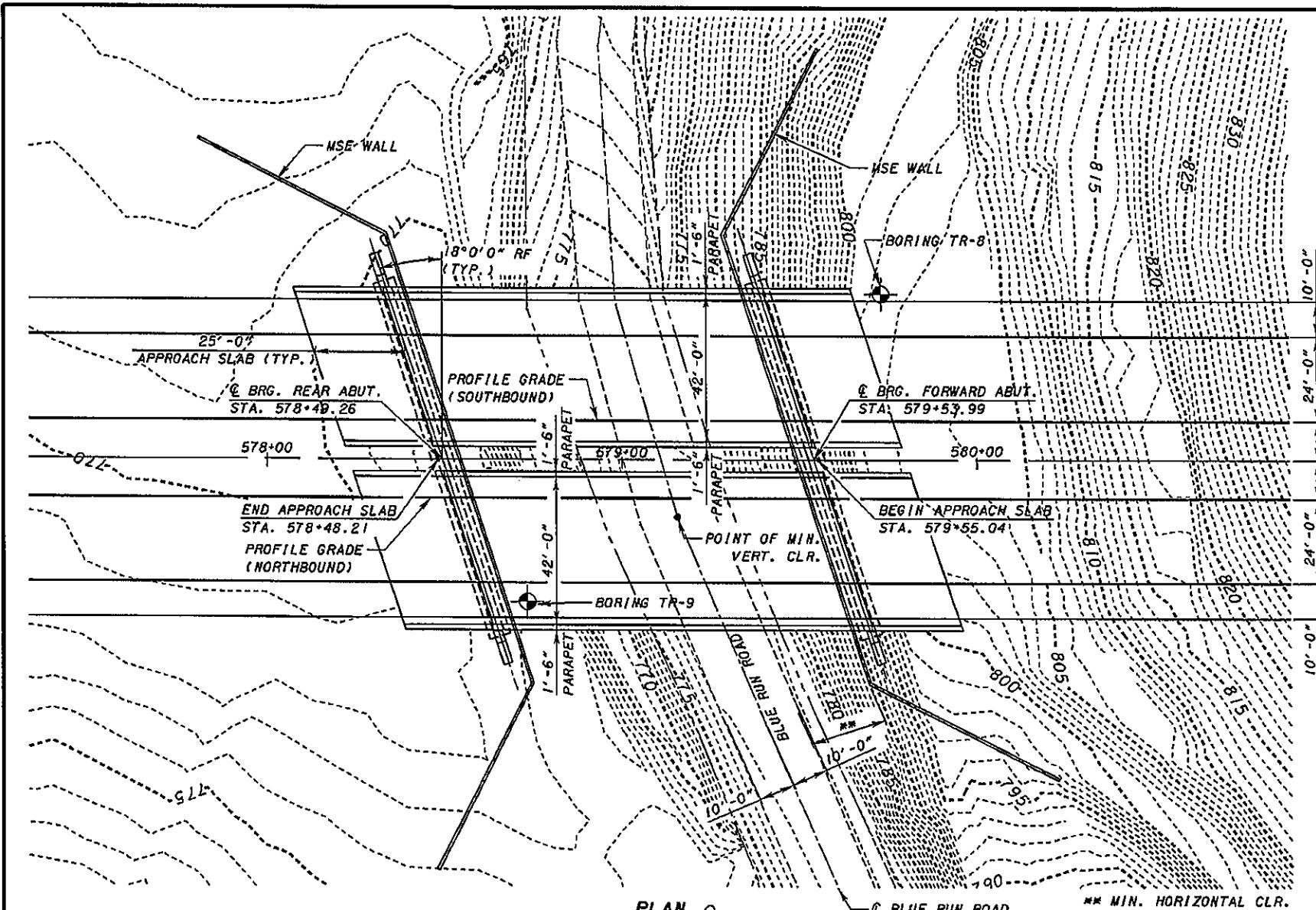
Pier QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost: (HP-Pile)						Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):				HP 12X53 Piles, Furnished & Driven			
Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost		Number of Piles			Total Pile Length			
Cap	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0								
Stem	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0								
Footings	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0								
Total Cost	0	\$421.00		\$483.00	\$0								
Pier QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost: (Drilled Shaft)						Pile Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):				HP 12X53 Piles, Furnished & Driven			
Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost		Furnished	Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2004	Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2008
Cap	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0								
Columns	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0								
Footings	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0								
Total Cost	0	\$421.00		\$483.00	\$0								
Abutment QC/QA Concrete, Class QSC1 Cost:						Alt. 1	0	SEE QUANTITY CALCULATIONS				0	
Component	Volume (cu. yd.)	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	Total Cost			Shaft Foundation Unit Cost (\$/ft.):	Unit Cost	Escalation	2007	Temporary Shoring and Support Unit Costs (\$/sq. ft.):	
Abutment	352	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$170,000							Temp. Shoring Area (sq. ft.)	Temp. Girder Support (lump sum)
Wingwalls	0	\$421.00	3.5%	\$483.00	\$0								
Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel						Cost of Shafts:	\$ -	Alt. 1	0	Year 2004 Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2008	
Unit Cost (\$/lb):													
Assume 125 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of pier concrete.													
Assume 90 lbs of reinforcing steel per cubic yard of abutment concrete.													
MSE Abutment Unit Cost (\$/sq. ft.):						Alternative No.	Total Area (sq. ft.)	Year 2005 Unit Cost	Annual Escalation	Year 2008			
Pier	Year 2004	Annual Escalation	Year 2008			4	14,960	\$50.00	3.5%	\$55.40			
Abutment	\$0.77	3.5%	\$0.88										
Note: MSE wingwall lengths are based on the difference between the maximum bridge length and the length of the alternative being considered.													
<b>Additional Crane Cost</b>													
\$ 75,000													





**APPENDIX B**  
**Preferred Alternative Site Plan and Details**





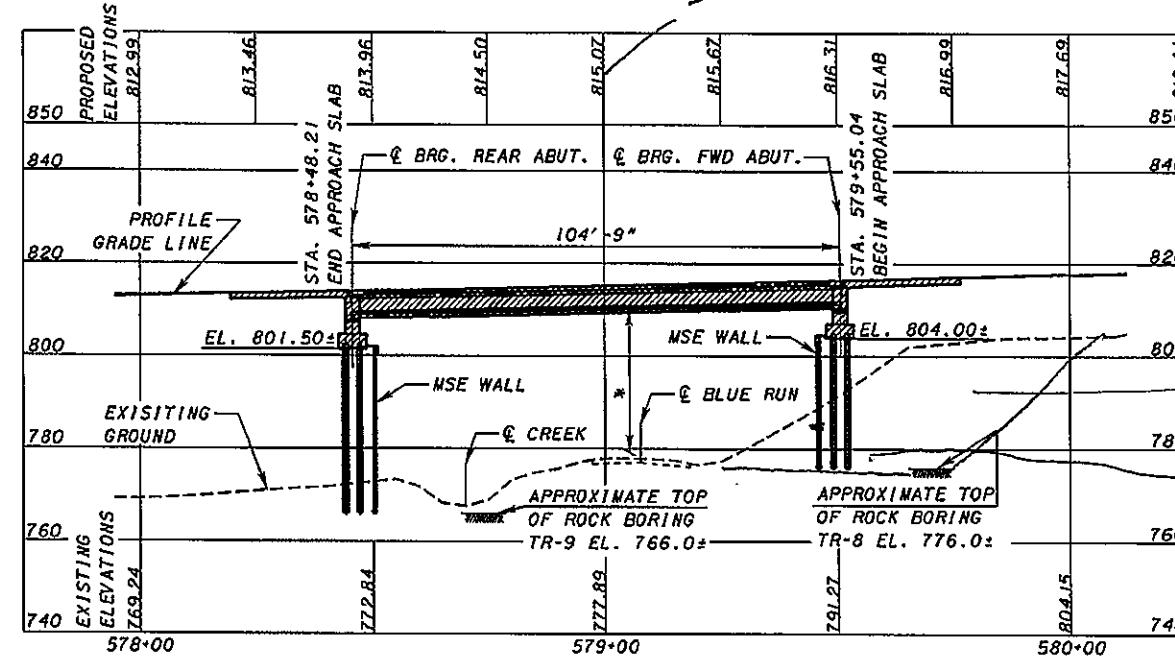
FIRST GUARDRAIL POST OFF BRIDGE LOCATIONS		
LOCATION	STATION	SIDE
REAR ABUT.	X	RT.
REAR ABUT.	X	LT.
FWD. ABUT.	X	RT.
FWD. ABUT.	X	LT.

BORING LOCATIONS		
BORING No.	STATION	OFFSET
B-X	XX+XX.XX	XX.XX' LT.

BENCHMARK 1	BENCHMARK 2
(TO BE PROVIDED LATER)	(TO BE PROVIDED LATER)

TRAFFIC DATA
(SR 823)
CURRENT YEAR ADT (20XX) - 19,800
CURRENT YEAR ADTT (20XX) - 2,722
DESIGN YEAR ADT (20XX) - 26,000
DESIGN YEAR ADTT (20XX) - 3,640

PROPOSED STRUCTURE
TYPE: SINGLE SPAN 72" MODIFIED AASHTO TYPE 4 PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-BEAMS WITH COMPOSITE REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK ON SEMI-INTEGRAL ABUTMENTS AND T-TYPE PIERS.
SPAN: 104'-9" c/c BEARINGS
ROADWAY: 2 - 42'-0" TOE TO TOE OF PARAPETS
LOADING: HS-25 (CASE 1) AND ALTERNATE MILITARY <i>not with</i> LOADING: FWS - 60 PSF
SKEW: 18°00'00"
CROWN: 0.016 FT/FT
ALIGNMENT: TANGENT
WEARING SURFACE: 1" MONOLITHIC SURFACE
APPROACH SLABS: AS-1-81 (25'-0" LONG)
LATITUDE:
LONGITUDE:



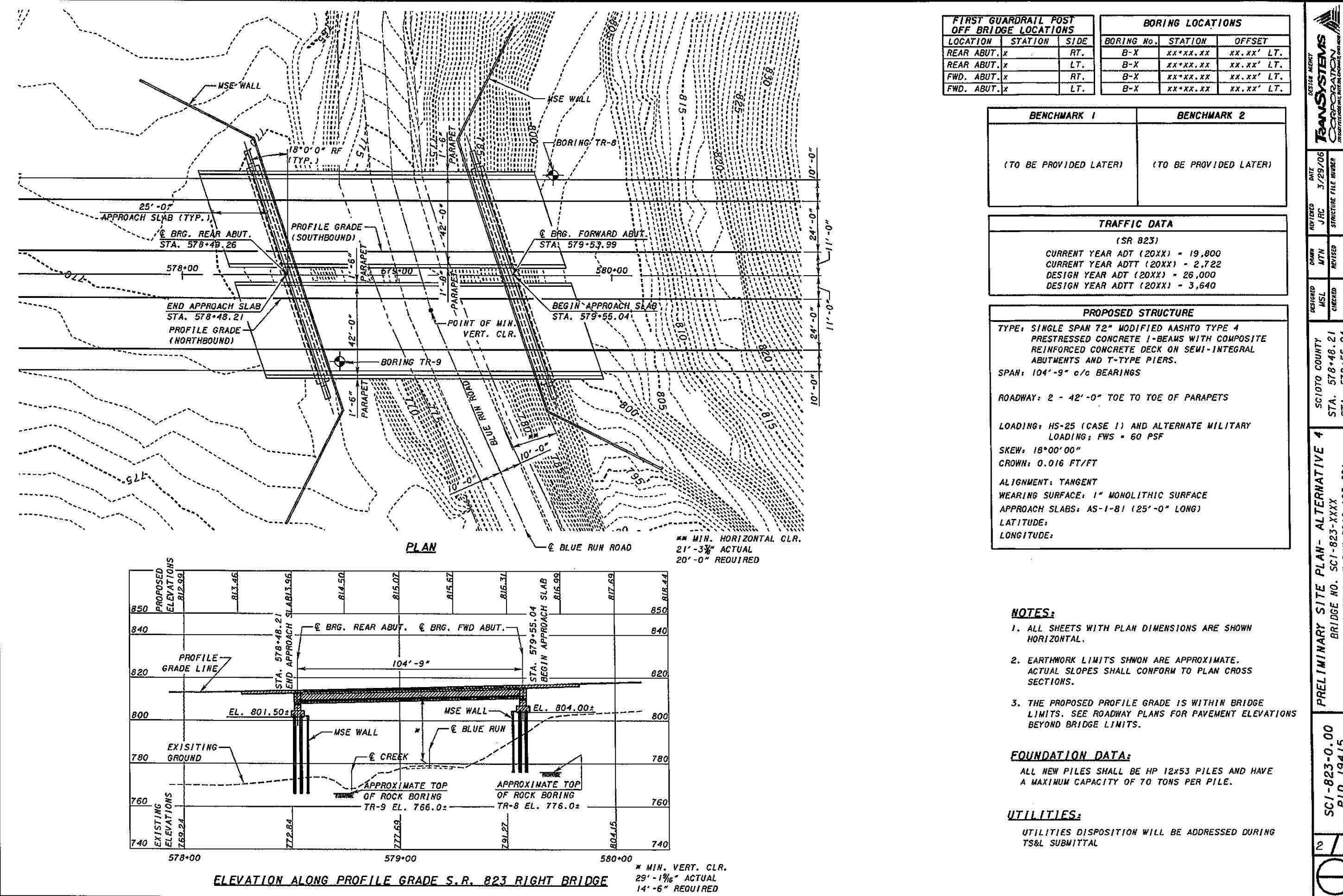
ELEVATION ALONG PROFILE GRADE S.R. 823 LEFT BRIDGE

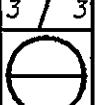
- sight distance* (Pg 2)  
25'0" OK  
28' to do tie back  
W = S the  
excavate  
*taken in to account for UTILITIES:*  
cost
- NOTES:**
1. ALL SHEETS WITH PLAN DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN HORIZONTAL.
  2. EARTHWORK LIMITS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE. ACTUAL SLOPES SHALL CONFORM TO PLAN CROSS SECTIONS.
  3. THE PROPOSED PROFILE GRADE IS WITHIN BRIDGE LIMITS. SEE ROADWAY PLANS FOR PAVEMENT ELEVATIONS BEYOND BRIDGE LIMITS.

**FOUNDATION DATA:**

ALL NEW PILES SHALL BE HP 12x53 PILES AND HAVE A MAXIMUM CAPACITY OF 70 TONS PER PILE.

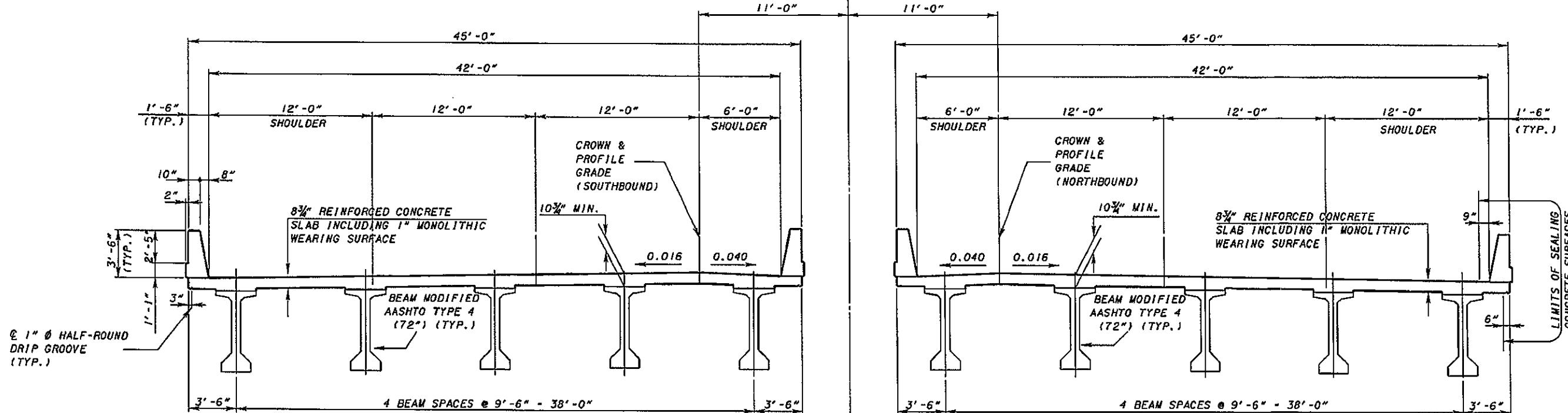
*Utilities disposition will be addressed during TS&L submittal*



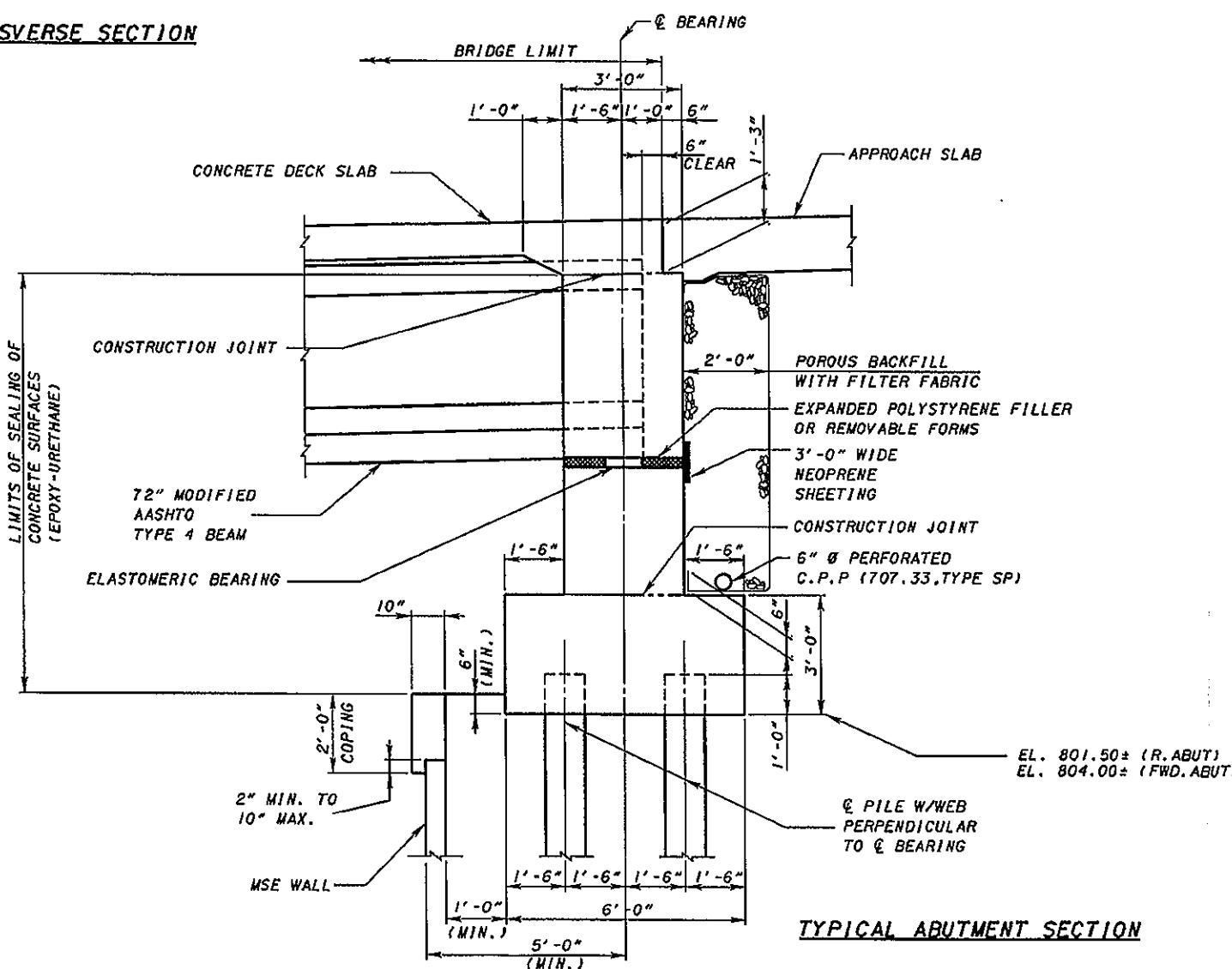


LIMITS OF SEALING CONCRETE SURFACES (EPOXY-URETHANE) (TYP.)

E SURVEY AND CONSTRUCTION  
S.R. 823



PROPOSED TRANSVERSE SECTION

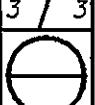


TYPICAL ABUTMENT SECTION

SUPERSTRUCTURE DEPTH	
ITEM	72" MODIFIED AASHTO TYPE 4 BEAM
SLAB (INCLUDING WEARING SURFACE)	8 3/4"
HAUNCH (BOTTOM OF SLAB TO TOP OF FLANGE)	2"
GIRDER DEPTH	72"
TOP OF WEARING SURFACE TO BOTTOM OF GIRDER FLANGE (INCH)	82.75"
TOP OF WEARING SURFACE TO BOTTOM OF GIRDER FLANGE (FEET)	6.896'

LIMITS OF SEALING CONCRETE SURFACES (EPOXY-URETHANE) (TYP.)

BRIDGE NO. SCI-823-XXXX  
S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RIVER ROAD (CR-29)



**APPENDIX C**  
**Vertical Clearance Calculations**





Made By MSL Date 03/28/06 Job No. P403030064  
 Checked By \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

### VERTICAL CLEARANCE CALCULATIONS

Job Name SCI-823-0.00 Structure \_\_\_\_\_  
 Description S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN ROAD PID # 19415

**Alternative 1 - 5-41" web continuous plate girders Gr. 50W, 3 span**

**Point Location: A**

#### Adjustment for Cross Slope

<u>Comment</u>	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Offset</u>

Profile grade line to critical pt.: -0.016 x 5.426 = -0.086816 (5.426 = 16.426 -11 ;16.426 is distance from CL Survey SR 823 to critical pt.)  
 Total Adjustment = -0.09

#### Superstructure Depth

<u>Comment</u>	<u>Depth (in)</u>	<u>Depth (ft)</u>
Deck Thickness:	8.75	0.73
Haunch:	2	0.17
Girder or Beam Depth:	<u>43</u>	<u>3.58</u>
	53.75	4.48
Total Superstructure Depth (ft) =		<u>4.48</u>

#### Vertical Clearance at Critical Point

Station @ Critical Point =	<u>579+15.77</u>
Offset Location @ Critical Point =	<u>16.426' Right</u>
Profile Grade Elevation at Critical Point =	<u>815.44</u>
Adjustment for Cross Slopes to Beam CL =	<u>-0.09</u>
Top of Deck Elevation @ Critical Point =	<u>815.35</u>
 Total Superstructure Depth =	<u>-4.48</u>
Bottom of Beam Elevation @ Critical Point =	<u>810.87</u>
 Approximate Top of Existing Ground @ Critical Point =	<u>779.33</u>
Actual Vertical Clearance =	<u>31.55</u>
Preferred Vertical Clearance =	<u>15.0</u>
Required Vertical Clearance =	<u>14.5</u>



Made By MSL Date 03/28/06 Job No. P403030064  
 Checked By \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

### VERTICAL CLEARANCE CALCULATIONS

Job Name SCI-823-0.00 Structure \_\_\_\_\_  
 Description S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN ROAD PID # 19415

Alternative 1A - 4-50" web continuous plate girders Gr. 50W, 3 span Point Location: A

#### Adjustment for Cross Slope

<u>Comment</u>	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Offset</u>

Profile grade line to critical pt.: -0.016 x 5.426 -0.086816 (5.426 = 16.426 -11 ;16.426 is distance from CL Survey SR 823 to critical pt.)  
 Total Adjustment = -0.09

#### Superstructure Depth

<u>Comment</u>	<u>Depth (in)</u>	<u>Depth (ft)</u>
Deck Thickness:	9.75	0.81
Haunch:	2	0.17
Girder or Beam Depth:	<u>52.625</u>	<u>4.39</u>
	64.375	5.37
Total Superstructure Depth (ft) =		<u>5.37</u>

#### Vertical Clearance at Critical Point

Station @ Critical Point	=	<u>579+15.77</u>
Offset Location @ Critical Point	=	<u>16.426' Right</u>
Profile Grade Elevation at Critical Point	=	<u>815.44</u>
Adjustment for Cross Slopes to Beam CL	=	<u>-0.09</u>
Top of Deck Elevation @ Critical Point	=	<u>815.35</u>
Total Superstructure Depth	=	<u>-5.37</u>
Bottom of Beam Elevation @ Critical Point	=	<u>809.98</u>
Approximate Top of Existing Ground @ Critical Point	=	<u>779.33</u>
Actual Vertical Clearance	=	<u>30.66</u>
Preferred Vertical Clearance	=	<u>15.0</u>
Required Vertical Clearance	=	<u>14.5</u>



Made By MSL Date 03/28/06 Job No. P403030064  
 Checked By \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

### VERTICAL CLEARANCE CALCULATIONS

Job Name SCI-823-0.00 Structure \_\_\_\_\_  
 Description S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN ROAD PID # 19415

Alternative 2 - 5-60" Modified AASHTO Type 4, 3 Span

Point Location: A

#### Adjustment for Cross Slope

<u>Comment</u>	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Offset</u>

Profile grade line to critical pt.: -0.016 x 5.426 = -0.086816 (5.426 = 16.426 -11 ;16.426 is distance from CL Survey SR 823 to critical pt.)  
 Total Adjustment = -0.09

#### Superstructure Depth

<u>Comment</u>	<u>Depth (in)</u>	<u>Depth (ft)</u>
Deck Thickness:	8.75	0.73
Haunch:	2	0.17
Girder or Beam Depth:	<u>60</u>	<u>5</u>
	70.75	5.9
Total Superstructure Depth (ft) =		<u>5.90</u>

#### Vertical Clearance at Critical Point

Station @ Critical Point = 579+15.77  
 Offset Location @ Critical Point = 16.426' Right  
 Profile Grade Elevation at Critical Point = 815.44  
 Adjustment for Cross Slopes to Beam CL = -0.09  
 Top of Deck Elevation @ Critical Point = 815.35

Total Superstructure Depth = -5.90  
 Bottom of Beam Elevation @ Critical Point = 809.45

Approximate Top of Existing Ground @ Critical Point = 779.33  
 Actual Vertical Clearance = 30.13  
 Preferred Vertical Clearance = 15.0  
 Required Vertical Clearance = 14.5



Made By MSL Date 03/28/06 Job No. P403030064  
 Checked By \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

### VERTICAL CLEARANCE CALCULATIONS

Job Name SCI-823-0.00 Structure \_\_\_\_\_  
 Description S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN ROAD PID # 19415

Alternative 2A - 4-66" Modified AASHTO Type 4, 3 Span

Point Location: A

#### Adjustment for Cross Slope

Comment	Grade	Offset
[Redacted]		

Profile grade line to critical pt.: -0.016 x 5.426 = -0.086816 (5.426 = 16.426 -11 ;16.426 is distance from CL Survey SR 823 to critical pt.)  
 Total Adjustment = -0.09

#### Superstructure Depth

Comment	Depth (in)	Depth (ft)
Deck Thickness:	<u>9.75</u>	<u>0.81</u>
Haunch:	<u>2</u>	<u>0.17</u>
Girder or Beam Depth:	<u>66</u>	<u>5.5</u>
	<u>77.75</u>	<u>6.48</u>
Total Superstructure Depth (ft) =	<u>6.48</u>	

#### Vertical Clearance at Critical Point

Station @ Critical Point = 579+15.77

Offset Location @ Critical Point = 16.426' Right

Profile Grade Elevation at Critical Point = 815.44

Adjustment for Cross Slopes to Beam CL = -0.09

Top of Deck Elevation @ Critical Point = 815.35

Total Superstructure Depth = -6.48

Bottom of Beam Elevation @ Critical Point = 808.87

Approximate Top of Existing Ground @ Critical Point = 779.33

Actual Vertical Clearance = 29.55

Preferred Vertical Clearance = 15.0

Required Vertical Clearance = 14.5



Made By MSL Date 03/28/06 Job No. P403030064  
 Checked By \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

### VERTICAL CLEARANCE CALCULATIONS

Job Name SCI-823-0.00 Structure \_\_\_\_\_  
 Description S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN ROAD PID # 19415

**Alternative 3 - 5-46" web continuous plate girders Gr. 50W, 1 Span**

**Point Location: A**

#### Adjustment for Cross Slope:

Comment	Grade	Offset

Profile grade line to critical pt.: -0.016 x 5.426 = -0.086816 (5.426 = 16.426 -11 ;16.426 is distance from CL Survey SR 823 to critical pt.)  
 Total Adjustment = -0.09

#### Superstructure Depth

Comment	Depth (in)	Depth (ft)
Deck Thickness:	<u>8.75</u>	<u>0.73</u>
Haunch:	<u>2</u>	<u>0.17</u>
Girder or Beam Depth:	<u>49</u>	<u>4.08</u>
	<u>59.75</u>	<u>4.98</u>
Total Superstructure Depth (ft) =	<u>4.98</u>	

#### Vertical Clearance at Critical Point

Station @ Critical Point = 579+15.77

Offset Location @ Critical Point = 16.426' Right

Profile Grade Elevation at Critical Point = 815.44

Adjustment for Cross Slopes to Beam CL = -0.09

Top of Deck Elevation @ Critical Point = 815.35

Total Superstructure Depth = -4.98

Bottom of Beam Elevation @ Critical Point = 810.37

Approximate Top of Existing Ground @ Critical Point = 779.33

Actual Vertical Clearance = 31.05

Preferred Vertical Clearance = 15.0

Required Vertical Clearance = 14.5



Made By MSL Date 03/28/06 Job No. P403030064  
 Checked By \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

### VERTICAL CLEARANCE CALCULATIONS

Job Name SCI-823-0.00 Structure \_\_\_\_\_  
 Description S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN ROAD PID # 19415

Alternative 4 - 5-72" Modified AASHTO Type 4, 1 Span

Point Location: A

#### Adjustment for Cross Slope

<u>Comment</u>	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Offset</u>

Profile grade line to critical pt.: -0.016 x 5.426 = -0.086816 (5.426 = 16.426 -11 ;16.426 is distance from CL Survey SR 823 to critical pt.)  
 Total Adjustment = -0.09

#### Superstructure Depth

<u>Comment</u>	<u>Depth (in)</u>	<u>Depth (ft)</u>
Deck Thickness:	8.75	0.73
Haunch:	2	0.17
Girder or Beam Depth:	<u>72</u>	<u>6</u>
	82.75	6.9
Total Superstructure Depth (ft) =	<u>6.90</u>	

#### Vertical Clearance at Critical Point

Station @ Critical Point = 579+15.77

Offset Location @ Critical Point = 16.426' Right

Profile Grade Elevation at Critical Point = 815.44

Adjustment for Cross Slopes to Beam CL = -0.09

Top of Deck Elevation @ Critical Point = 815.35

Total Superstructure Depth = -6.90

Bottom of Beam Elevation @ Critical Point = 808.45

Approximate Top of Existing Ground @ Critical Point = 779.33

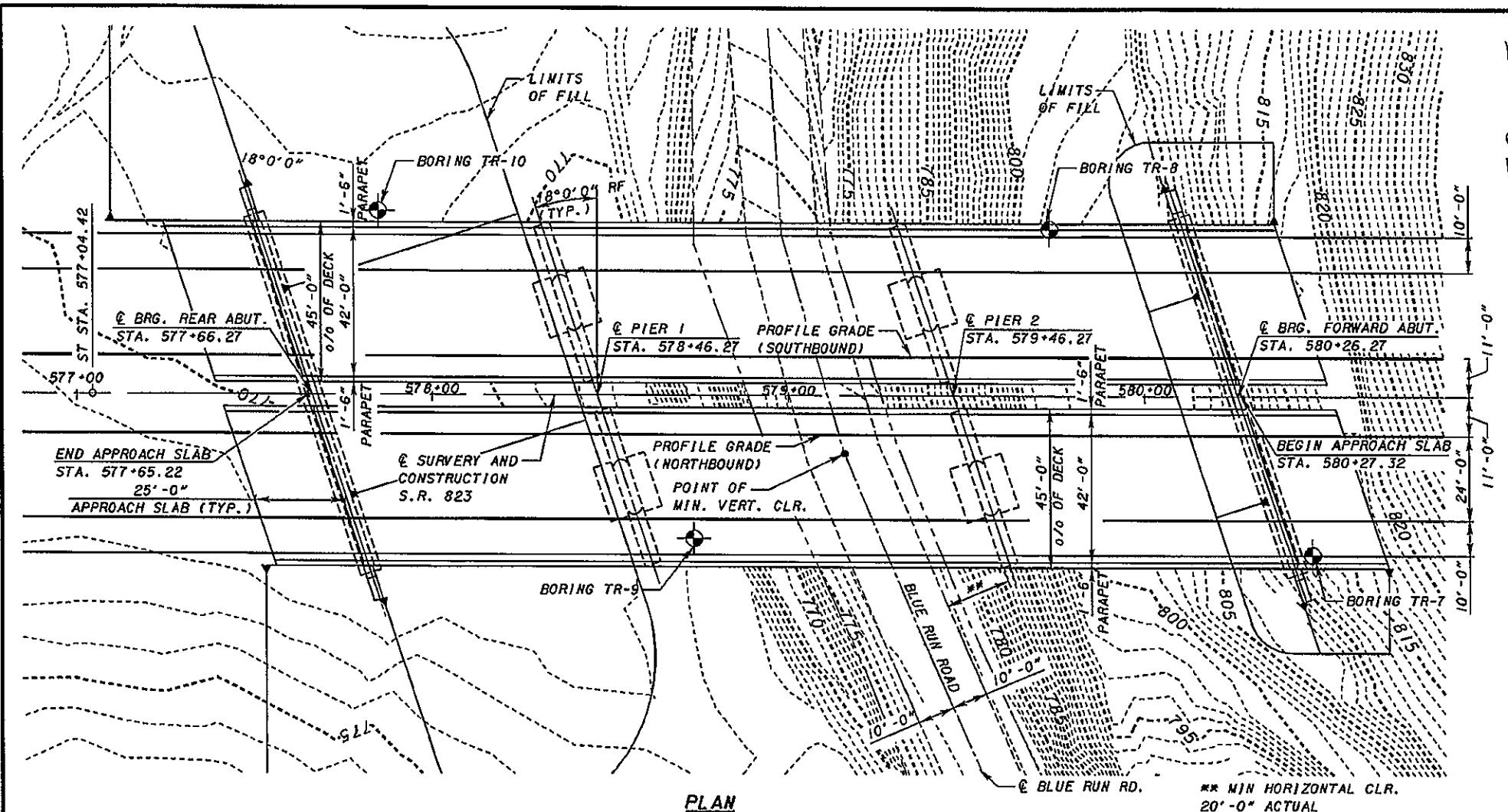
Actual Vertical Clearance = 29.13

Preferred Vertical Clearance = 15.0

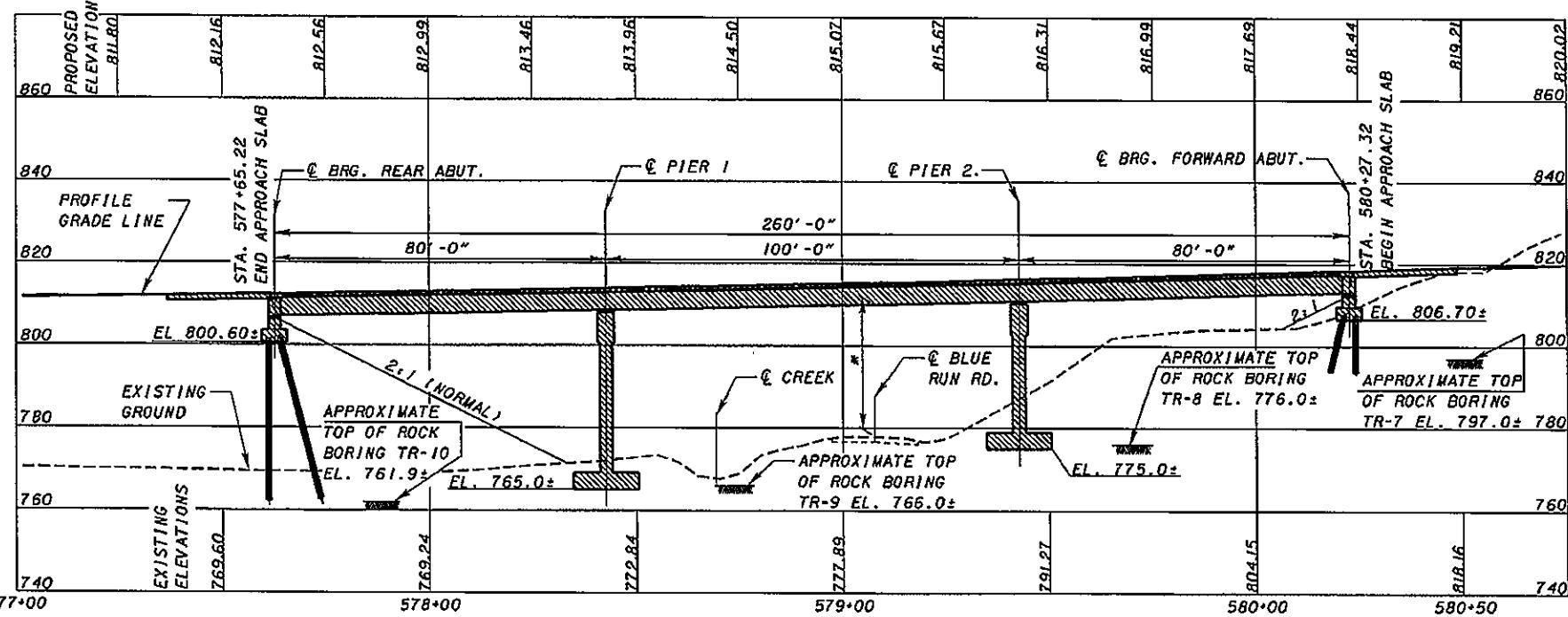
Required Vertical Clearance = 14.5

**APPENDIX D**  
**Preliminary Structure Site Plan**





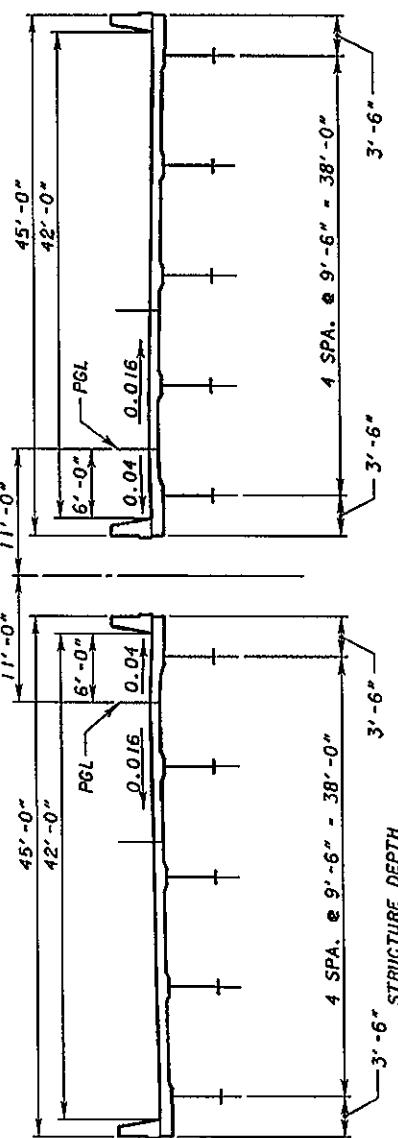
PLAN



ELEVATION ALONG PROFILE GRADE S.R. 823 LEFT BRIDGE

\* MIN. VERT. CLR.  
31' - 6 1/2" ACTUAL  
14' - 6" REQUIRED

SUPERSTRUCTURE DATA



© SURVEY & CONSTRUCTION S.R. 823

SCI-823-0.00 PRELIMINARY SITE PLAN - ALTERNATIVE I  
PID 19415 BRIDGE NO. SCI-823-XXX  
S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN ROAD (CR-29)

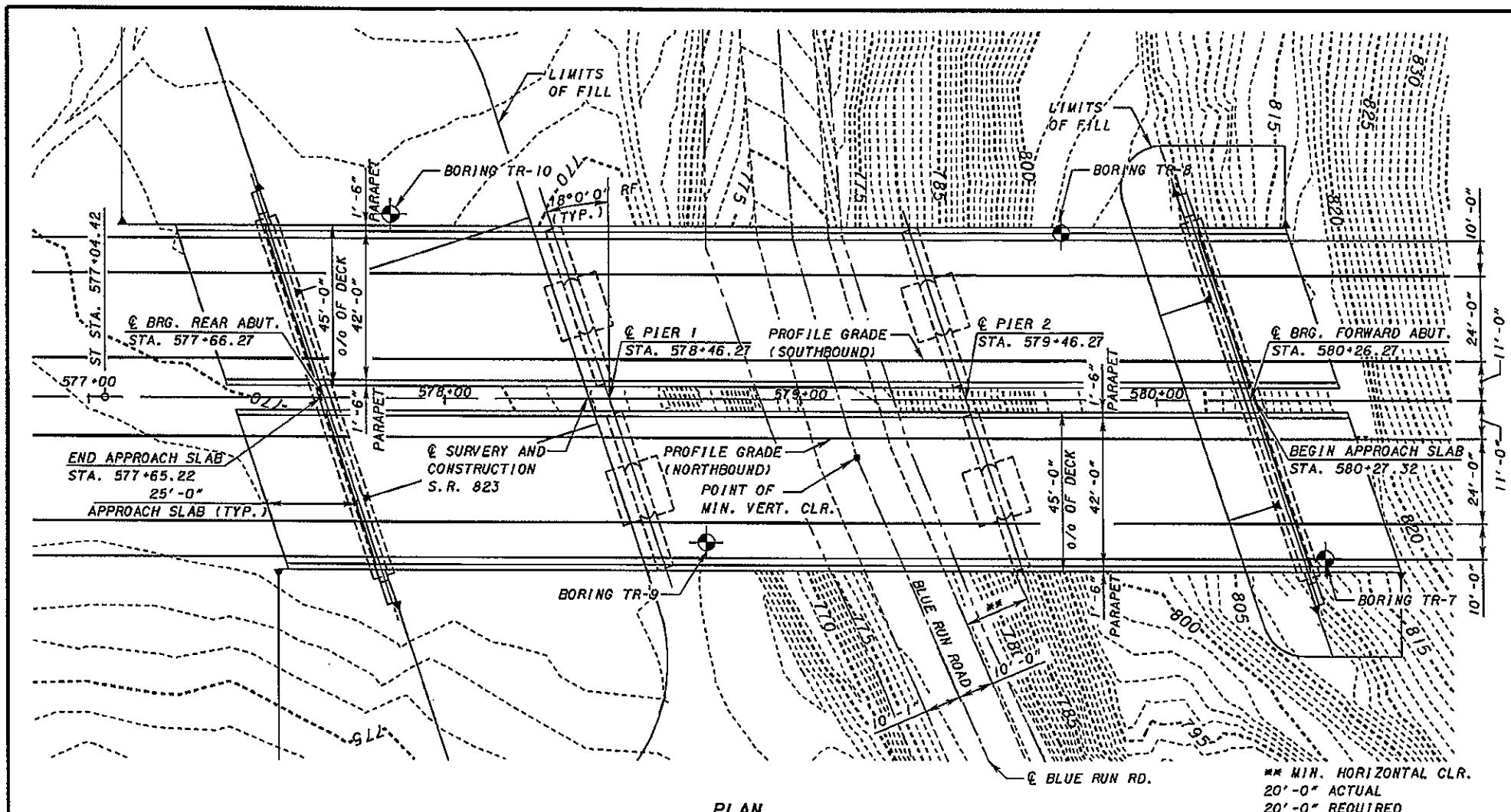
DESIGN AGENCY  
TRANSYS SYSTEMS INCORPORATED  
200 EAST 4TH STREET, SUITE 1000, MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55404

DATE 3/29/06  
DRAWN BY MTN REVISED BY JRC STRUCTURE FILE NUMBER STA. 577+65.22 STA. 580+27.32

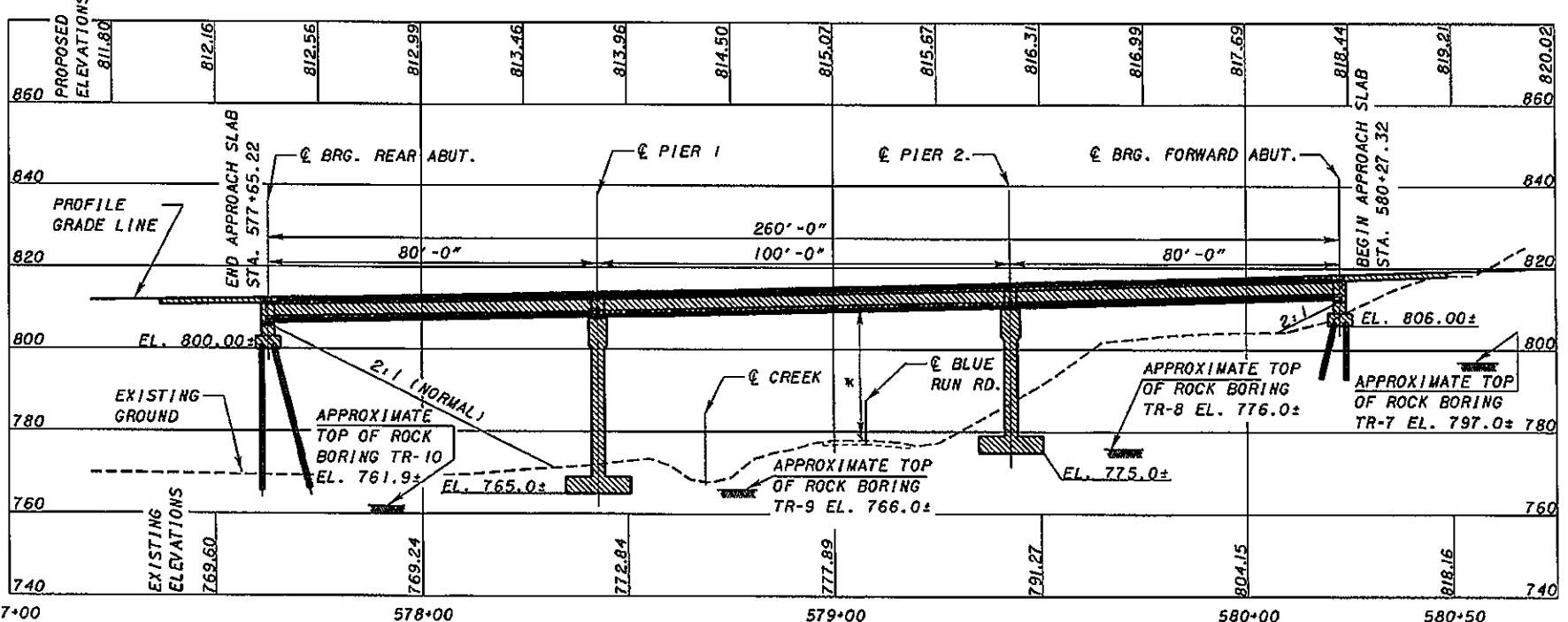
PROPOSED STRUCTURE

TYPE: 3-SPAN CONTINUOUS STEEL PLATE GIRDERS AT 09'-0"  
GRADE 50W WITH COMPOSITE REINFORCED  
CONCRETE DECK ON SEMI-INTEGRAL ABUTMENTS  
AND T-TYPE PIERS.  
SPANS: 80'-0", 100'-0", 80'-0" o/c BEARINGS  
ROADWAY: 2 - 42'-0" TOE TO TOE OF PARAPETS  
LOADING: HS-25 (CASE I) AND ALTERNATE MILITARY  
LOADING: FWS = 60 PSF  
SKEW: 18°00'00"  
CROWN: 0.16 FT/FT  
ALIGNMENT: TANGENT  
WEARING SURFACE: 1" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE  
APPROACH SLABS: AS-1-81 (25'-0" LONG)  
LATITUDE:  
LONGITUDE:



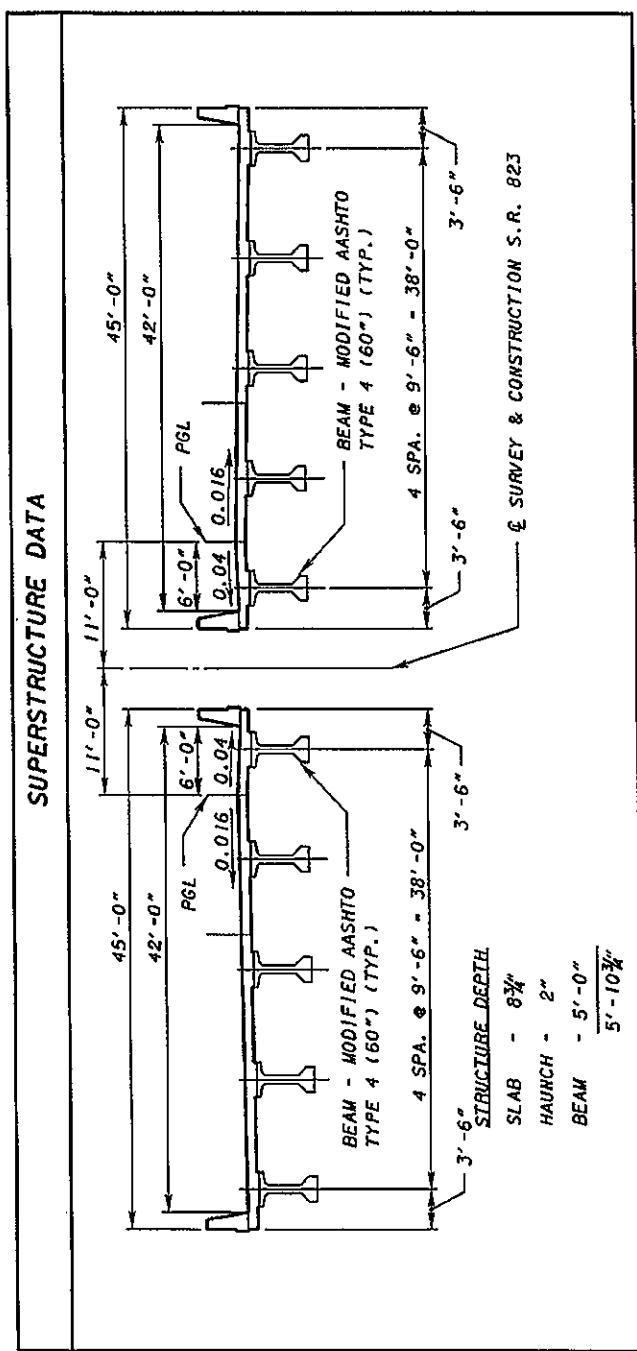


PLAN



ELEVATION ALONG PROFILE GRADE S.R. 823 LEFT BRIDGE

\* MIN. VERT. CLR.  
30' - 1 1/2" ACTUAL  
14' - 6" REQUIRED



© SURVEY & CONSTRUCTION S.R. 823

PRELIMINARY SITE PLAN - ALTERNATIVE 2		SCI/010 COUNTY	STATION	DESIGNED	DRAWN	REVIEWED	DATE
		STA. 577+65.22	STA. 580+27.32	HS/L	MTN	JRC	3/29/06
				CHECKED	REVISED	STRUCTURE FILE NUMBER	
1	SCI-823-0.00 PID 19415						

BRIDGE NO. SCI-823-XXX  
S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN ROAD (CR-29)

**PROPOSED STRUCTURE**

TYPE: 3-SPAN 60" MODIFIED AASHTO TYPE 4 PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-BEAMS WITH COMPOSITE REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK ON SEMI-INTEGRAL ABUTMENTS AND T-TYPE PIERS.

SPANS: 80'-0", 100'-0", 80'-0" c/c BEARINGS  
ROADWAY: 2 - 42'-0" TOE TO TOE OF PARAPETS

LOADING: HS-25 (CASE II) AND ALTERNATE MILITARY  
LOADING: FWS = 60 PSF

SKEW: 18°0'0"

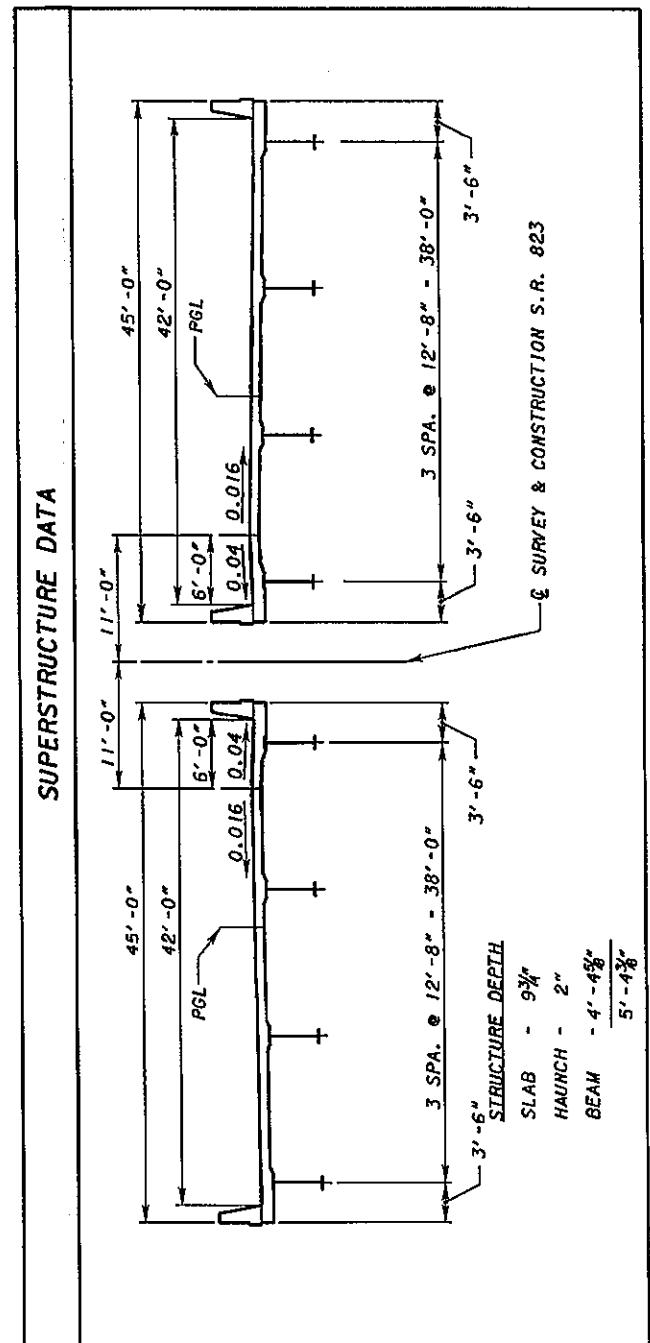
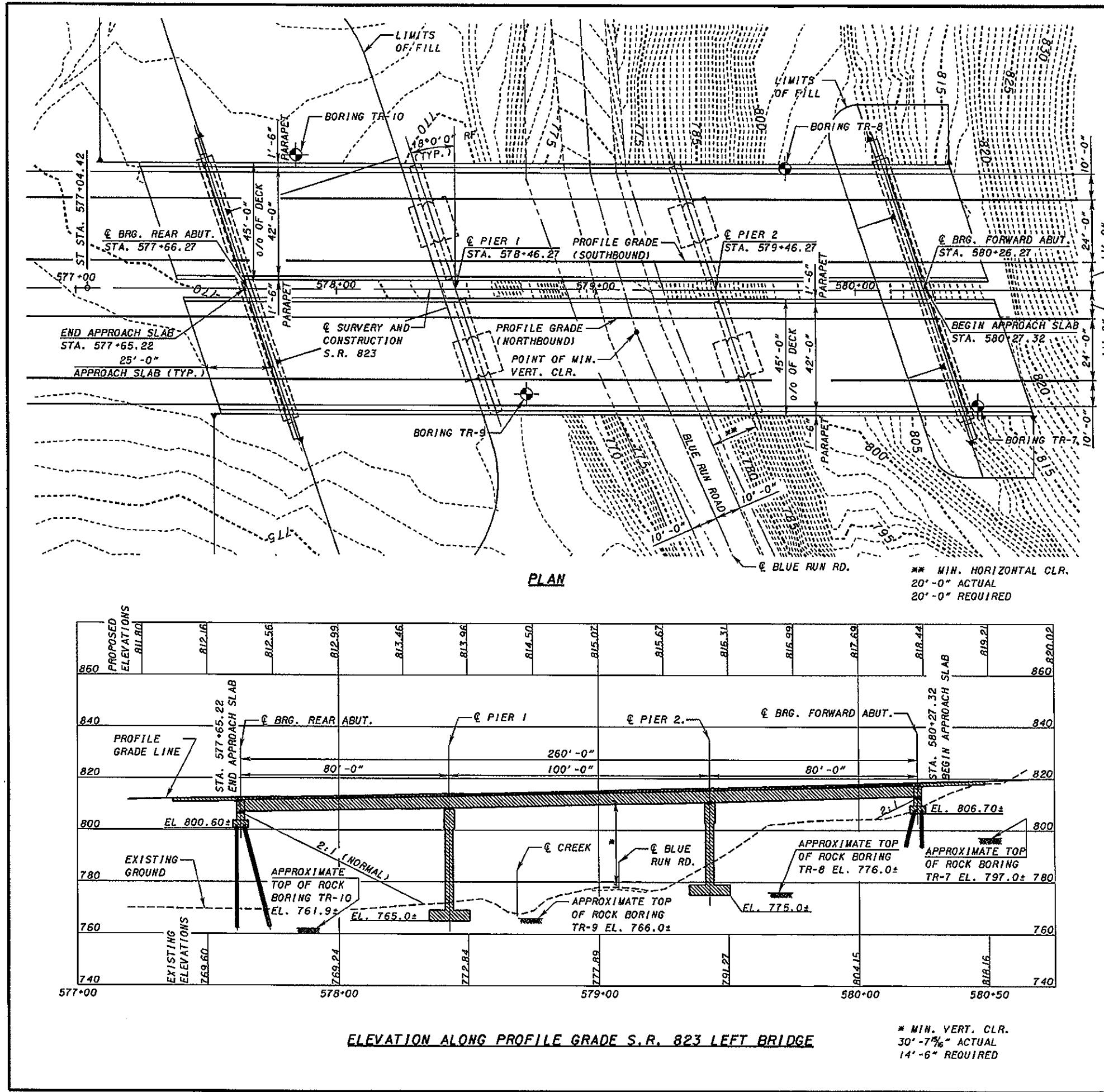
CROWN: 0.16 FT/FT

ALIGNMENT: TANGENT

WEARING SURFACE: 1" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE

APPROACH SLABS: AS-I-81 (25'-0" LONG)

LATITUDE:  
LONGITUDE:



### PROPOSED STRUCTURE

TYPE: 3- SPAN CONTINUOUS STEEL PLATE GIRDERS  
A709 GRADE 50W WITH COMPOSITE REINFORCED  
CONCRETE DECK ON SEMI-INTEGRAL ABUTMENTS  
AND T-TYPE PIERS

SPANS: 80'-0", 100'-0", 80'-0" c/c BEARINGS

ROADWAY: 2 - 42'-0" TOE TO TOE OF PARAPETS

LOADING: HS-25 (CASE I) AND ALTERNATE MILITARY  
LOADING; FWS - 60 PSF

SKEW: 18°00'00"

CROWN: 0.16 FT/FT

ALIGNMENT: TANGENT

WEARING SURFACE: 1" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE

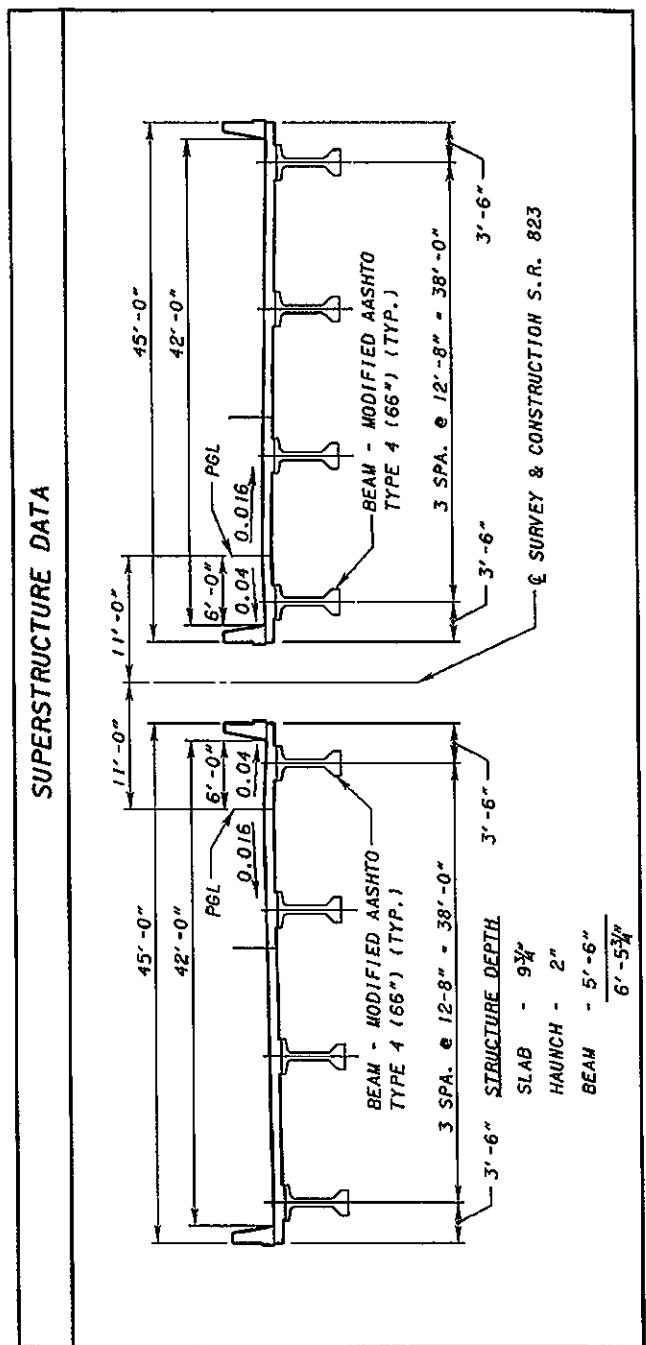
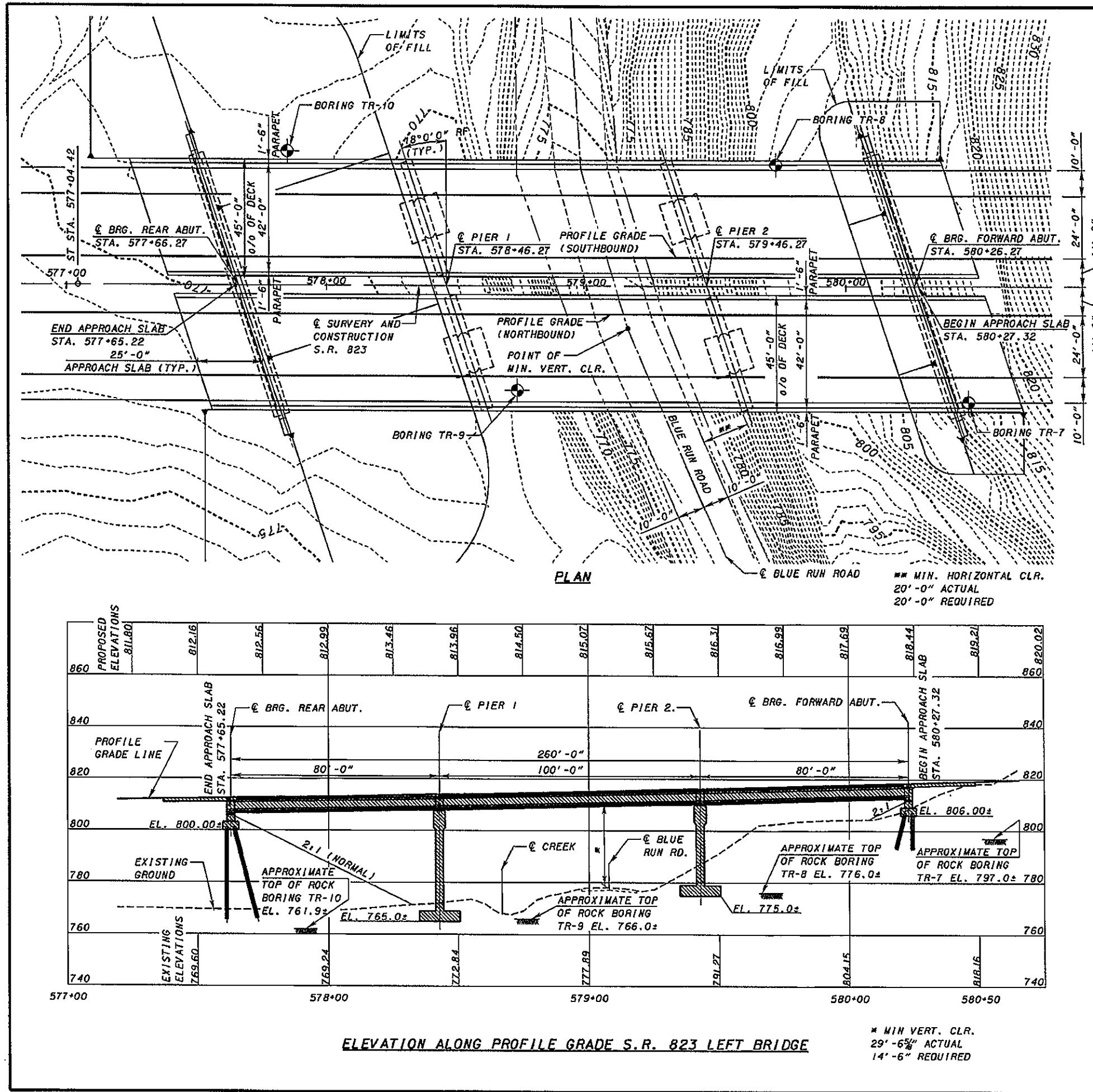
APPROACH SLABS: AS-1-81 (25'-0" LONG)

LATITUDE:  
LONGITUDE:

DESIGN AGENT  
**TRANS SYSTEMS**  
CORPORATION  
INTEGRATIVE PROJECTS INCORPORATED

STRUCTURE FILE NUMBER	STRUCTURE FILE NUMBER	REVIEWED	REVISED	DATE
MSLD	MTN	JRC	MTN	3/29/06
SCI-823-0.00	PID 194/5	SCOTT COUNTY STA. 577+65.22	MTN	3/29/06
		STA. 580+27.32		

BRIDGE NO. SCI-823-XXX  
S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN ROAD (CR-29)



### PROPOSED STRUCTURE

**TYPE:** 3-SPAN 66" MODIFIED AASHTO TYPE 4 PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-BEAMS WITH COMPOSITE REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK ON SEMI-INTEGRAL ABUTMENTS AND T-TYPE PIERS.

**SPANS:** 80'-0", 100'-0", 80'-0" c/c BEARINGS

**ROADWAY:** 2 - 42'-0" TOE TO TOE OF PARAPETS

**LOADING:** HS-25 (CASE 1) AND ALTERNATE MILITARY LOADING; FWS - 60 PSF

**SKEW:** 18°00'00"

**CROWN:** 0.16 FT/FT

**ALIGNMENT:** TANGENT

**WEARING SURFACE:** 1" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE

**APPROACH SLABS:** AS-1-81 (25'-0" LONG)

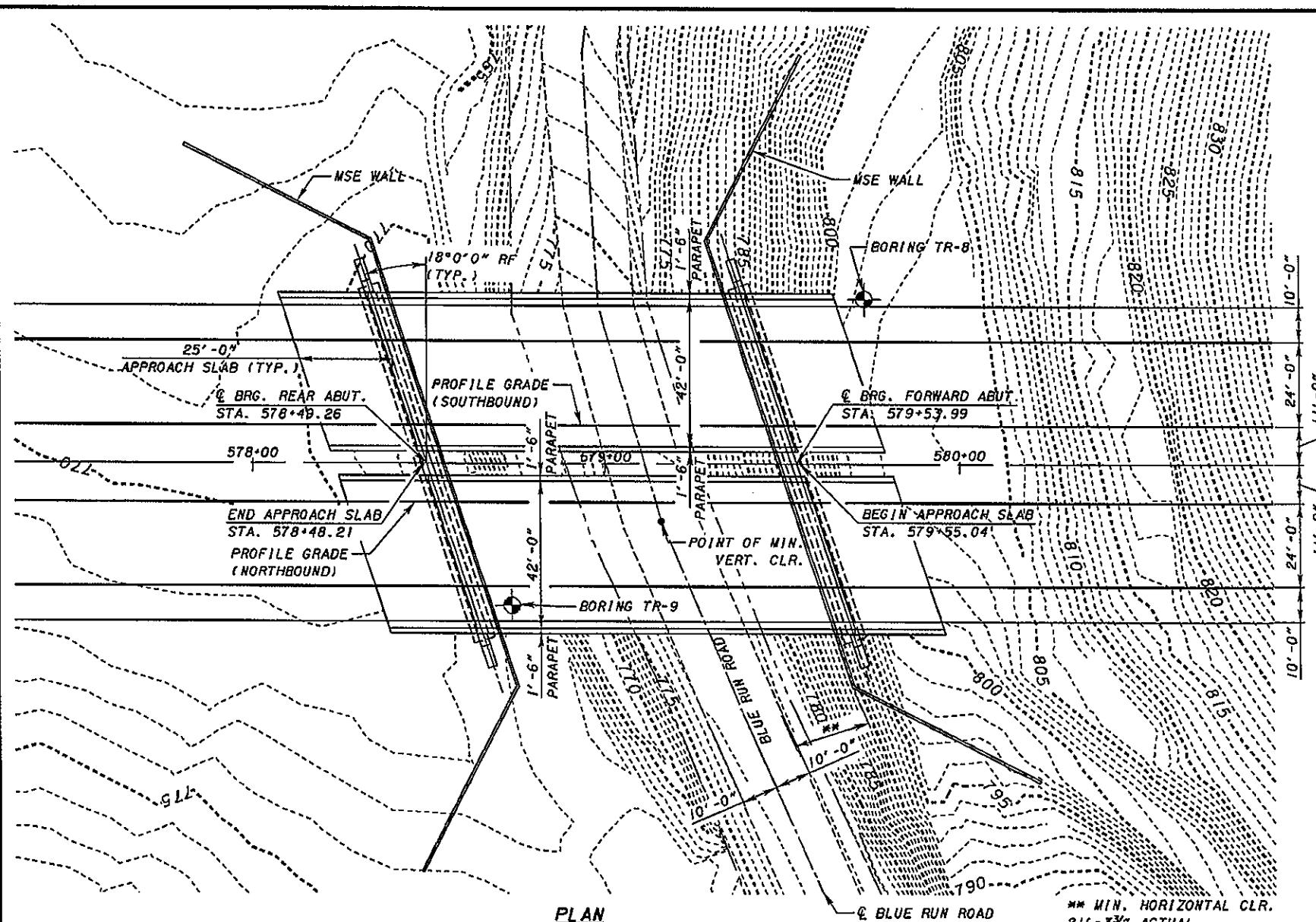
**LATITUDE:**

**LONGITUDE:**

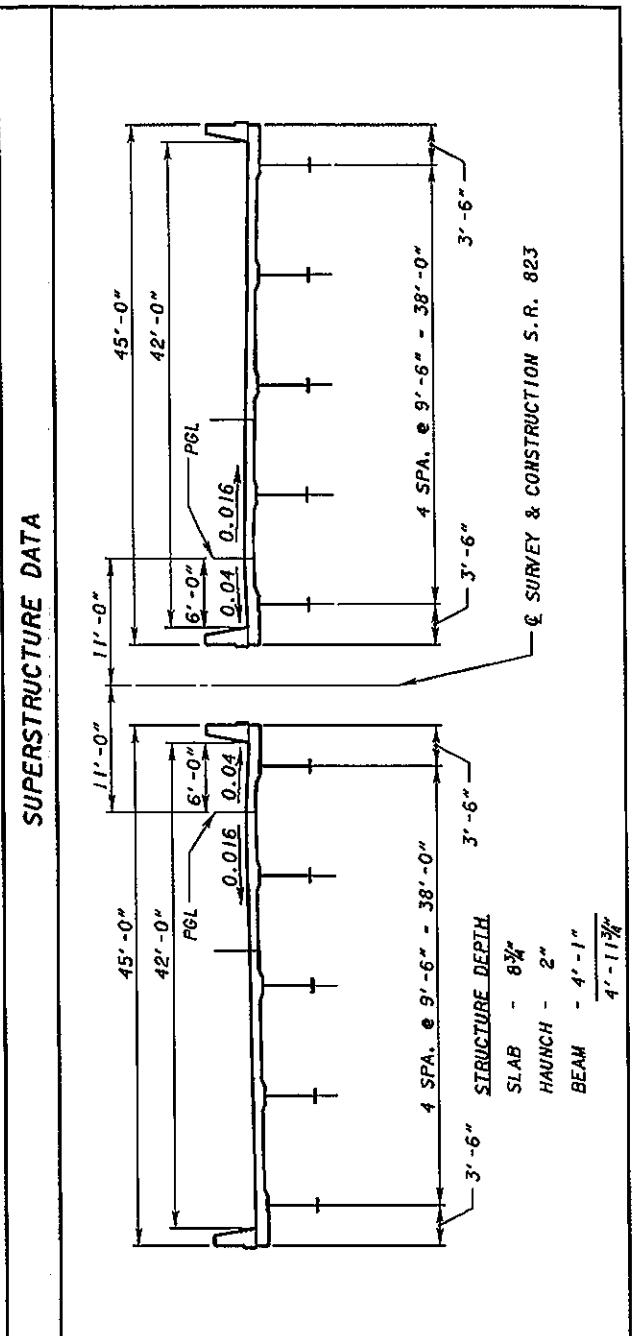
**DESIGN AGENT**  
**TRANS SYSTEMS CORPORATION**  
PROJECT NUMBER: S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN ROAD (CR-29)

**PRELIMINARY SITE PLAN - ALTERNATIVE 2A**

STRUCTURE FILE NUMBER	STRUCTURE FILE NUMBER	REVIEWED DATE	REVISED DATE	DRAWN DATE	CREATED DATE
SCI-823-0-00	SCI-823-XXXX	3/29/06	JRC	3/29/06	MSL
PID 19415	S.R. 823 OVER BLUE RUN ROAD (CR-29)				MTN
					REVISER
					REVIEWED



ELEVATION ALONG PROFILE GRADE S.R. 823 LEFT BRIDGE



**PROPOSED STRUCTURE**

**TYPE:** SINGLE-SPAN CONTINUOUS STEEL PLATE GIRDER  
AT 09 GRADE SOW WITH COMPOSITE REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK ON SEMI-INTEGRAL ABUTMENTS AND T-TYPE PIERS

**SPAN:** 104'-9" c/c BEARINGS

**ROADWAY:** 2 - 42'-0" TOE TO TOE OF PARAPETS

**LOADING:** HS-25 (CASE I) AND ALTERNATE MILITARY LOADING; FWS = 60 PSF

**SKew:** 18°00'00"

**CROWN:** 0.16 FT/FT

**ALIGNMENT:** TANGENT

**WEARING SURFACE:** 1" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE

**APPROACH SLABS:** AS-1-B1 (25'-0" LONG)

**LATITUDE:**  
**LONGITUDE:**

SC 1-823-0-00 PJD 19415	PRELIMINARY SITE PLAN - ALTERNATIVE 3	SCIOTO COUNTY STA. 578+48.21 STA. 579+55.04	REMOVED DRAWN MSL CHECKED ADVISED	REVISED DRAWN MSL JRC	DATE 3/29/06	SECTION INDEX
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**APPENDIX E**  
**Preliminary Geotechnical Report**  
**& Preliminary MSE Wall Evaluation**





April 1, 2005

Mr. Greg Parsons, P.E.  
Project Manager  
TransSystems Corporation  
5747 Perimeter Dr., Suite 240  
Dublin, OH 43017

Re: SCI-823-0.00 over Blue Run Road (C.R. 29)  
Preliminary Structural Foundation Recommendations  
Project SCI-823-0.00  
DLZ Job No.: 0121-3070.03

Dear Mr. Parsons:

This letter reports the findings of the subsurface exploration and preliminary foundation recommendations for the proposed structure SCI-823-0.00 over Blue Run Road (C.R. 29). It is anticipated that the proposed structure will be a three-span, elevated bridge. The existing grade at the proposed new bridge location ranges between elevations 769 and 775 in the plain east of C.R. 29 and extends as high as elevation 818 on the hill west of C.R. 29. It is anticipated that the SCI-823-0.00 mainline will be located in fill sections on either side of the proposed bridge. Approximately 50 feet of new fill is anticipated at the rear (east) abutment. There will likely be a sidehill fill at the forward (west) abutment, with the fill ranging in thickness from 0 to 15 feet. It is anticipated that the piers will be approximately 35 to 45 feet in height.

The findings and recommendations presented in this report should be considered preliminary. It is understood that the final number and locations of substructure units have not been determined yet. After the substructure unit locations have been established, the results of the borings should be reviewed to determine if additional exploration is needed to finalize the foundation recommendations for the new structure.

#### Field Exploration

A total of four borings, TR-7, TR-8, TR-9, and TR-10, were drilled at the proposed structure between March 11 and 15, 2005. The borings were drilled to depths ranging from 17.0 to 34.5 feet. The borings were extended into bedrock, which was verified by rock coring. Boring logs and information concerning the drilling procedures are attached.

The boring locations were selected by TransSystems Corporation. Borings TR-7, TR-8, TR-9, and TR-10 are located approximately at Stations 586+00, 585+00, 584+30, and 583+20,



Mr. Greg Parsons, P.E.

April 1, 2005

Page 2

respectively. The boring locations and the ground surface elevations at the boring locations were estimated from the established topographic mapping for the project and are presented on the attached Boring Logs.

### **Findings**

The following text presents generalized subsurface conditions encountered by the borings. For more detailed information, please refer to the attached Boring Logs.

At the ground surface, the borings encountered one to three inches of topsoil. Beneath the topsoil, all of the borings encountered silt and clay (A-6a) and silty clay (A-6b) to depths ranging from 5.0 to 13.5 feet. Beneath the A-6 soils, a hard clay (A-7-6) layer was encountered in Borings TR-7, TR-8, and TR-9 at depths of 8.5 to 10.0 feet, 13.5 to 16.0 feet, and 6.0 to 7.0 feet, respectively.

---

Bedrock was encountered in the borings at depths between 5.0 and 16.0 feet and consisted primarily of a moderately to highly weathered soft to medium hard siltstone. Below a depth of 7.1 feet in Boring TR-10, the siltstone was less weathered and medium hard to hard. Recovery of the core samples ranged from 94 to 100 %, and the RQD values ranged from 17 to 87%, with an average RQD of 58%.

Water seepage was detected in Borings TR-9 and TR-10 at a depth of 1.0 feet prior to coring operations. Seepage was not detected in Borings TR-7 and TR-8. At the completion of drilling, water levels ranged from 1.3 to 17.4 feet. The final water levels include drilling water and may not be representative of actual groundwater conditions particularly in Borings TR-7 and TR-8. Groundwater levels may vary seasonably.

### **Conclusions and Recommendations**

Based on the subsurface materials encountered in the borings, spread footing foundations appear to be best suited for support of the proposed structure. Competent bedrock was encountered between depths of 5.0 and 16.0 feet in the borings. At the forward (west) abutment, the amount of fill is expected to vary between zero and 15 feet, due to the sidehill fill. However, approximately 50 feet of additional fill is anticipated at the rear (east) abutment location. Consequently, it is anticipated that spread footings will be founded in fill at the rear (east) abutment. Spread footings will likely be founded in bedrock at Pier 1, in either bedrock or natural soil at Pier 2, and in either fill or bedrock at the forward (west) abutment.



Mr. Greg Parsons, P.E.  
April 1, 2005  
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Spread footings bearing in embankment fill or natural soil may be designed for an allowable bearing capacity of 3000 psf. If spread footings are bearing on bedrock, the footings should be embedded into the bedrock. Recommendations for spread footings on rock are presented in the table below.

Additionally, drilled shafts to rock or pre-bored H-piles into bedrock can also be used to support the structure. If high lateral or uplift loads are anticipated, drilled shafts or H-piles socketed into bedrock may be needed. The actual rock socket lengths will need to be designed based upon actual loading conditions.

The following table summarizes the site conditions and bearing capacity recommendations for foundations on rock.

Boring Number	Structural Element	Existing Ground Surface Elevation* (Feet)	Top-of-Rock Elevation* (Feet)	Allowable Bearing Capacity
TR-7	Forward (West) Abutment	810.0	797.0	10 TSF
TR-8	Pier 2	792.0	776.0	10 TSF
TR-9	Pier 1	773.0	766.0	10 TSF
TR-10	Rear (East) Abutment	769.0	761.9	10 TSF

\*Existing ground surface elevation was estimated from the established topographic mapping.



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PLANNERS • SURVEYORS

Mr. Greg Parsons, P.E.

April 1, 2005

Page 4

**Closing**

If you have any questions, please contact our office for clarification.

Sincerely,

**DLZ OHIO, INC.**

*Edward R Hood*

Edward R. Hood, P.E.

Geotechnical Engineer

*Dorothy A. Adams*

Dorothy A. Adams, P.E.

Senior Geotechnical Engineer

Attachments: General Information – Drilling Procedures and Logs of Borings

Legend – Boring Log Terminology

Site Plan

Boring Logs TR-7, TR-8, TR-9, and TR-10

cc: File

M:\proj\0121\3070.03\Structures\Blue Run CR 29\CR 29 1104-01-05.doc

## GENERAL INFORMATION DRILLING PROCEDURES AND LOGS OF BORINGS

Drilling and sampling were conducted in accordance with procedures generally recognized and accepted as standardized methods of investigation of subsurface conditions concerning geotechnical engineering considerations. Borings were drilled with either a truck-mounted or ATV-mounted drill rig.

Drive split-barrel sampling was performed in 1.5 foot increments at intervals not exceeding 5 feet. In the event the sampler encountered resistance to penetration of 6 inches or less after 50 blows of the drop hammer, the sampling increment was discontinued. Standard penetration data were recorded and one or more representative samples were preserved from each sampling increment.

In borings where rock was cored, NXM or NQ size diamond coring tools were used.

In the laboratory all samples were visually classified by a geotechnical engineer. Moisture contents of representative fine-grained soil samples were determined. A limited number of samples, considered representative of foundation materials present, were selected for performance of grain-size analyses and plasticity characteristics tests. The results of these tests are shown on the boring logs.

The boring logs included in the Appendix have been prepared on the basis of the field record of drilling and sampling, and the results of the laboratory examination and testing of samples. Stratification lines on the boring logs indicating changes in soil stratigraphy represent depths of changes approximated by the driller, by sampling effort and recovery, and by laboratory test results. Actual depths to changes may differ somewhat from the estimated depths, or transitions may occur gradually and not be sharply defined. The boring logs presented in this report therefore contain both factual and interpretative information and are not an exact copy of the field log.

Although it is considered that the borings have disclosed information generally representative of site conditions, it should be expected that between borings conditions may occur which are not precisely represented by any one of the borings. Soil deposition processes and natural geologic forces are such that soil and rock types and conditions may change in short vertical intervals and horizontal distances.

Soil/rock samples will be stored at our laboratory for a period of six months. After this period of time, they will be discarded, unless notified to the contrary by the client.

## LEGEND – BORING LOG TERMINOLOGY

Explanation of each column, progressing from left to right

1. Depth (in feet) – refers to distance below the ground surface.
  2. Elevation (in feet) – is referenced to mean sea level, unless otherwise noted.
  3. Standard Penetration (N) – the number of blows required to drive a 2-inch O.D., 1-3/8 inch I.D., split-barrel sampler, using a 140-pound hammer with a 30-inch free fall. The blows are recorded in 6-inch drive increments. Standard penetration resistance is determined from the total number of blows required for one foot of penetration by summing the second and third 6-inch increments of an 18-inch drive.
- 50/n – indicates number of blows (50) to drive a split-barrel sampler a certain number of inches (n) other than the normal 6-inch increment.
4. The length of the sampler drive is indicated graphically by horizontal lines across the "Standard Penetration" and "Recovery" columns.
  5. Sample recovery from each drive is indicated numerically in the column headed "Recovery".
  6. The drive sample location is designated by the heavy vertical bar in the "Sample No., Drive" column.
  7. The length of hydraulically pressed "Undisturbed" samples is indicated graphically by horizontal lines across the "Press" column.
  8. Sample numbers are designated consecutively, increasing in depth.
  9. Soil Description

- a. The following terms are used to describe the relative compactness and consistency of soils:

### Granular Soils – Compactness

<u>Term</u>	<u>Blows/Foot</u>
<u>Standard Penetration</u>	
Very Loose	0 – 4
Loose	4 – 10
Medium Dense	10 – 30
Dense	30 – 50
Very Dense	over 50

### Cohesive Soils – Consistency

<u>Term</u>	<u>Unconfined Compression tons/sq.ft</u>	<u>Blows/Foot</u>	<u>Hand Manipulation</u>
		<u>Standard Penetration</u>	
Very Soft		less than 0.25	below 2
Soft		0.25 – 0.50	2 – 4
Medium Stiff		0.50 – 1.0	4 – 8
Stiff		1.0 – 2.0	8 – 15
Very Stiff		2.0 – 4.0	15 – 30
Hard		over 4.0	over 30

- b. Color – If a soil is a uniform color throughout, the term is single, modified by such adjective as light and dark. If the predominant color is shaded by a secondary color, the secondary color precedes the primary color. If two major and distinct colors are swirled throughout the soil, the colors are modified by the term "mottled".
- c. Texture is based on the Ohio Department of Transportation Classification System. Soil particle size definitions are as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Size</u>
Boulders	Larger than 8"	Sand – Coarse	2.0 mm to 0.42 mm
Cobbles	8" to 3"	– Fine	0.42 mm to 0.074 mm
Gravel – Coarse	3" to ¾"	Silt	0.074 mm to 0.005 mm
– Fine	¾" to 2.0 mm	Clay	smaller than 0.005 mm

d. The main soil component is listed first. The minor components are listed in order of decreasing percentage of particle size.

e. Modifiers to main soil descriptions are indicated as a percentage by weight of particle sizes.

trace	0 to 10%
little	10 to 20%
some	20 to 35%
"and"	35 to 50%

f. Moisture content of cohesionless soils (sands and gravels) is described as follows:

<u>Term</u>	<u>Relative Moisture or Appearance</u>
Dry	No moisture present
Damp	Internal moisture, but none to little surface moisture
Moist	Free water on surface
Wet	Voids filled with free water

g. The moisture content of cohesive soils (silts and clays) is expressed relative to plastic properties.

<u>Term</u>	<u>Relative Moisture or Appearance</u>
Dry	Powdery
Damp	Moisture content slightly below plastic limit
Moist	Moisture content above plastic limit but below liquid limit
Wet	Moisture content above liquid limit

#### 10. Rock Hardness and Rock Quality Designation

a. The following terms are used to describe the relative hardness of the bedrock.

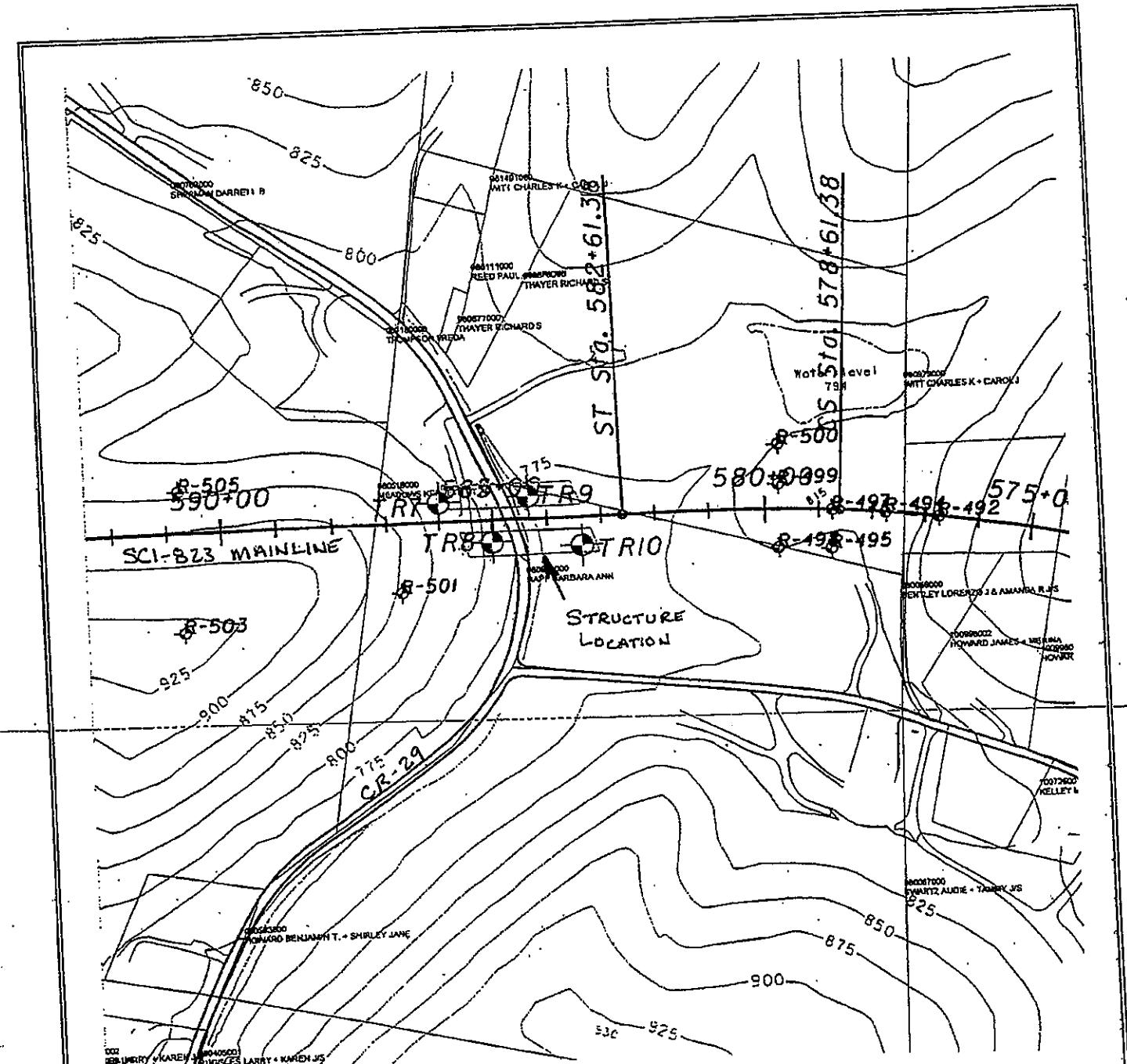
<u>Term</u>	<u>Description</u>
Very Soft	Permits denting by moderate pressure of the fingers. Resembles hard soil but has rock structure. (Crushes under pressure of fingers and/or thumb)
Soft	Resists denting by fingers, but can be abraded and pierced to shallow depth by a pencil point. (Crushes under pressure of pressed hammer)
Medium-Hard	Resists pencil point, but can be scratched with a knife blade. (Breaks easily under single hammer blow; but with crumbly edges.)
Hard	Can be deformed or broken by light to moderate hammer blows. (Breaks under one or two strong hammer blow, but with resistant sharp edges.)
Very Hard	Can be broken only by heavy and in some rocks repeated hammer blows.

b. Rock Quality Designation, RQD – This value is expressed in percent and is an indirect measure of rock soundness. It is obtained by summing the total length of all core pieces which are at least four inches long, and then dividing this sum by the total length of the core run.

11. Gradation – when tests are performed, the percentage of each particle size is listed in the appropriate column (defined in Item 9c).

12. When a test is performed to determine the natural moisture content, liquid limit moisture content, or plastic limit moisture content, the moisture content is indicated graphically.

13. The standard penetration (N) value in blows per foot is indicated graphically.



Source: Topographic Mapping provided by TranSystems Corporation, Dated 2004.



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SITE PLAN  
Blue Run Road  
SCI-823 over CR 29  
SCI-823-0.00

FIGURE 1.

DLZ OHIO INC. \* 6121 HUNTER ROAD, COLUMBUS, OHIO 43229 \* (614)888-0040

Job No. 0121-3070.03

Client: TranSystems, Inc.

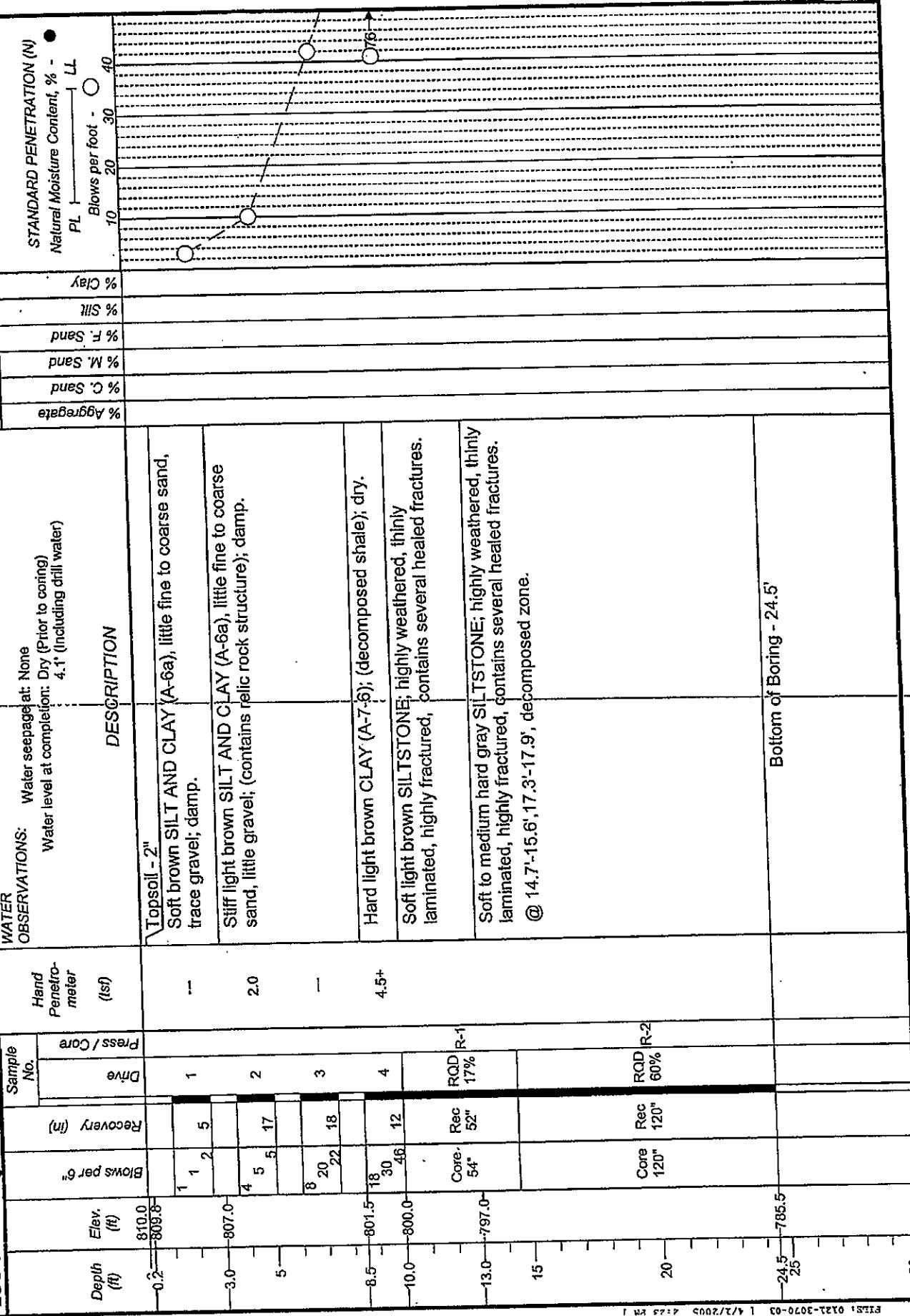
Project: SCI-823/0.00

Job No. 0121-3070.03

LOG OF: Boring TR-7

Location: SCI-823-0.00 over CR 29 (Forward Abutment)

Date Drilled: 03/15/05



DIZ OHIO INC. • 6121 HUNTERLY ROAD, COLUMBUS, OHIO 43229 • (614)888-0040

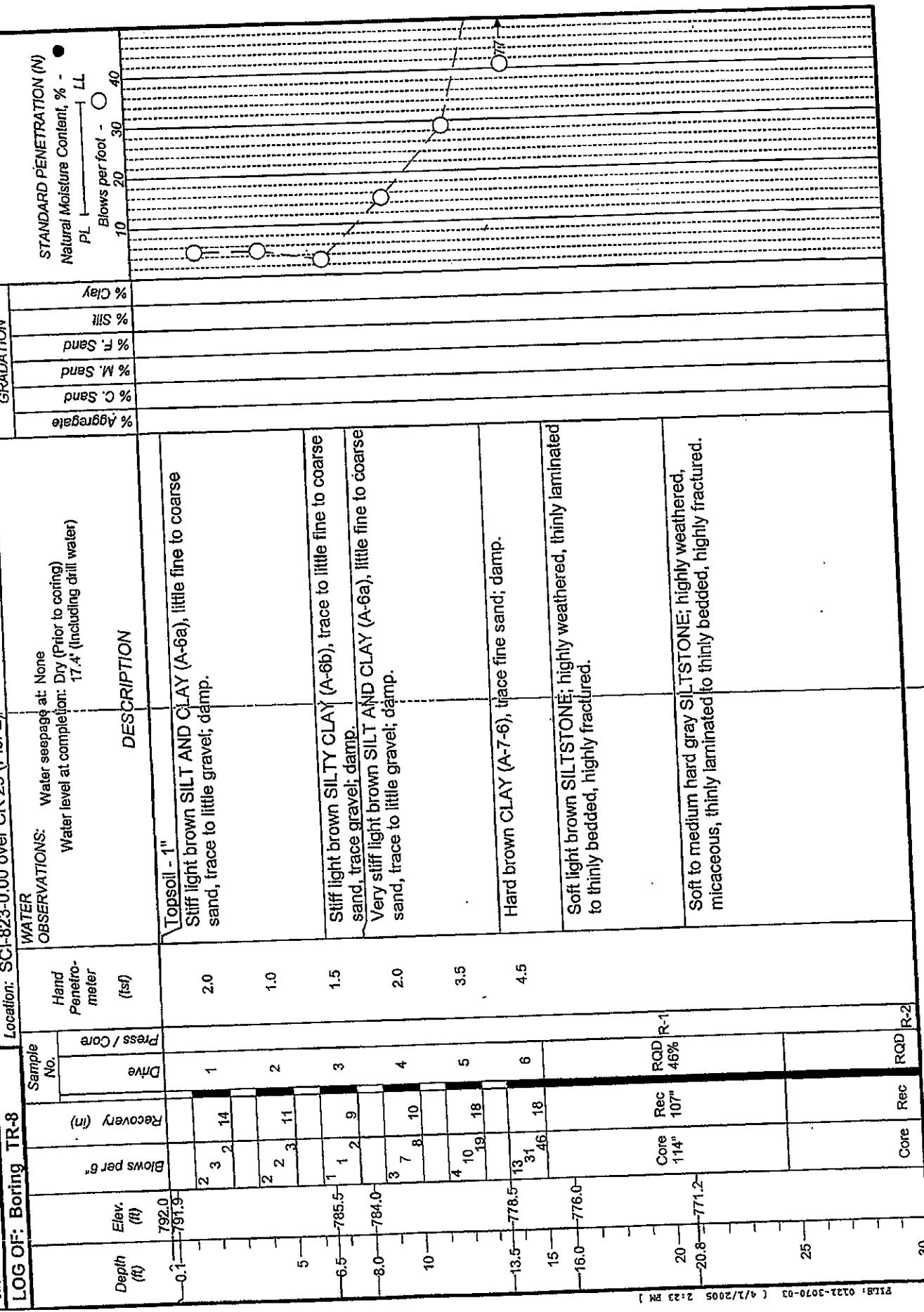
Job No. 0121-3070.03

Client: TransSystems, Inc.

Project: SCI-823-0.00

Location: SCI-823-0.00 over CR 29 (Pier 2)

Date Drilled: 03/11/05 to 03/14/05



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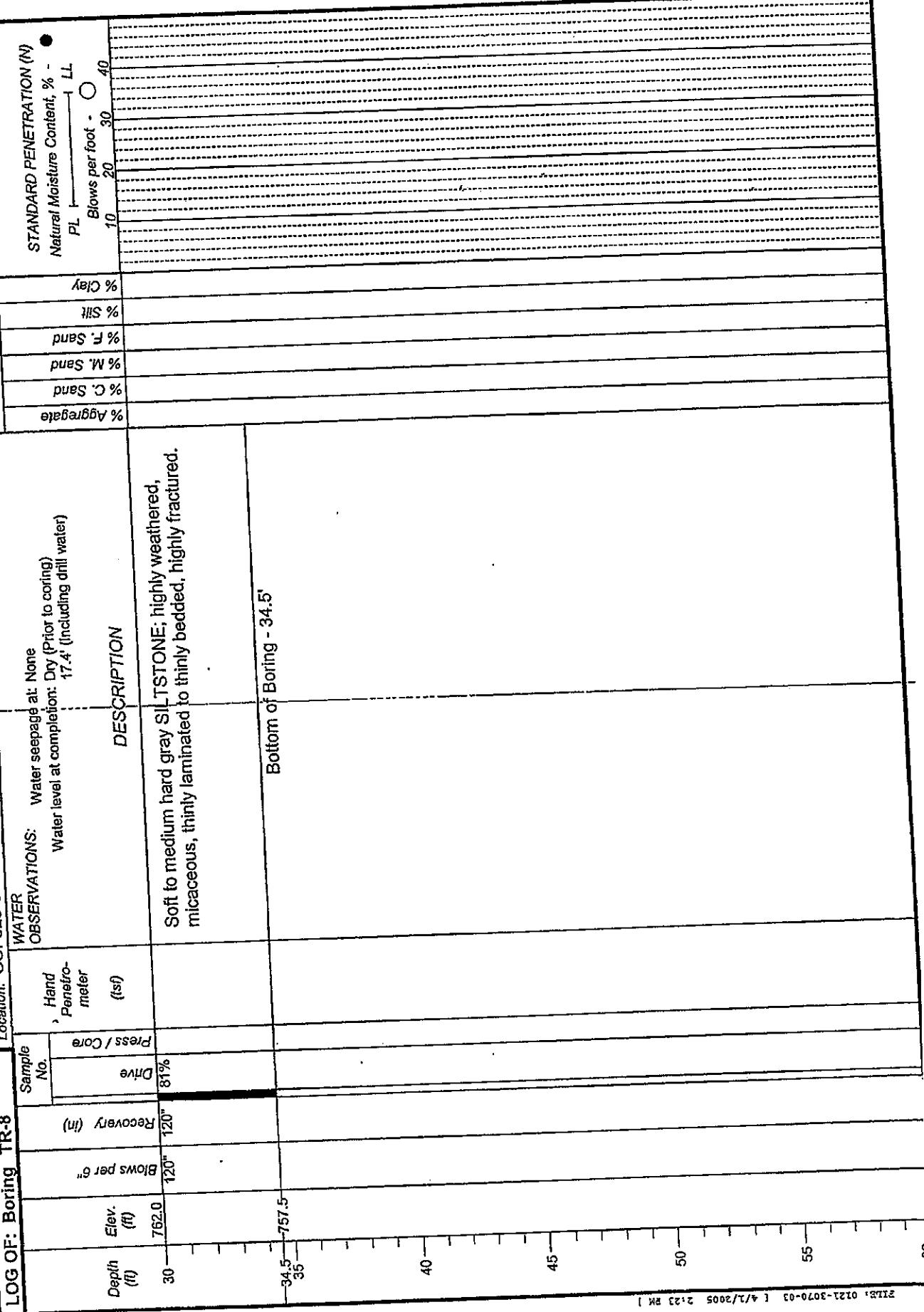
Project: SCI-823-0.00 Job No. 0121-3070.03

Client: TranSystems, Inc.

Boring TR-8

Location: SCI-823-0.00 over CR 29 (Pier 2)

Date Drilled: 03/11/05 to 03/14/05



DLZ OHIO INC. \* 6121 HUNTERLY ROAD, COLUMBUS, OHIO 43229 \* (614)888-0040

Project: SCI-823-0.00

Job No. 0121-3070.03

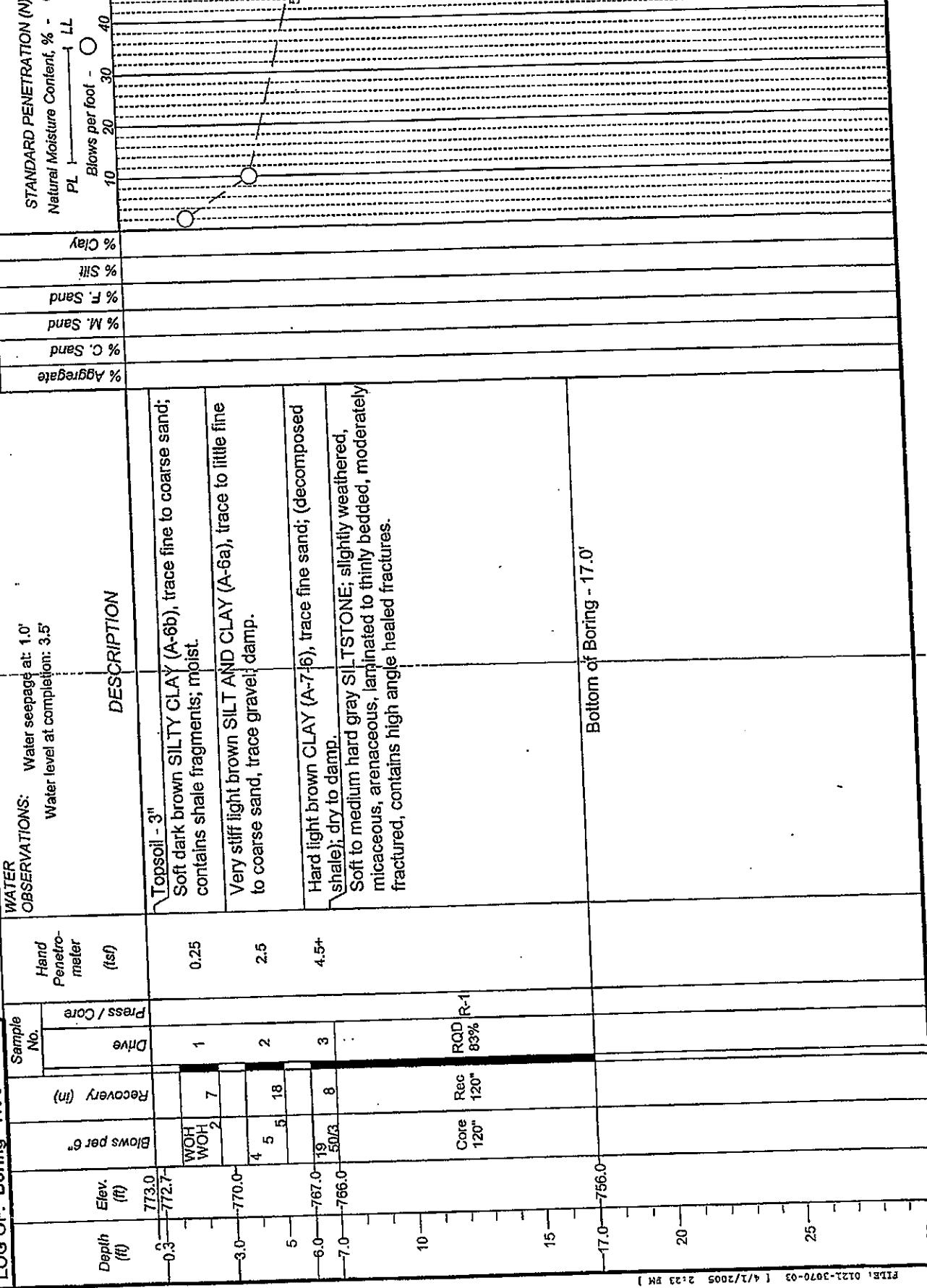
Client: TransSystems, Inc.

LOG ON: Boring TR-9

Date Drilled: 03/15/05

Location: SCI-823-0.00 over CR 29 (Pier 1)

Date Drilled: 03/15/05







March 17, 2006

Michael D. Weeks, P.E., P.S.  
TranSystems Corporation  
5747 Perimeter Drive, Suite 240  
Dublin, OH 43017

Re: **Preliminary MSE Wall Evaluations**  
**Blue Run Road**  
SCI-823-0.00 Portsmouth Bypass  
DLZ Job No.: 0121-3070.03  
Document # 0005

Dear Mr. Weeks:

This letter includes the findings of preliminary evaluations of mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) retaining walls on the above-referenced project. The findings included in this letter pertain to the MSE walls at the intersection of proposed 823 and Blue Run Road. The findings of other preliminary MSE wall evaluations will be submitted in separate documents at a later date.

It should be noted that the results of these evaluations are based upon the findings of four preliminary structural borings drilled for the structures. Boring logs for borings TR-7, TR-8, TR-9, and TR-10 are attached. After the bridge design is finalized, it will be necessary to drill additional borings in the area of the proposed MSE walls in accordance with ODOT's specifications for subsurface investigations in order to finalize the MSE wall evaluations.

An MSE retaining wall essentially consists of good quality backfill material with layers of metal or plastic reinforcing that are attached to concrete facing panels. The MSE wall and associated backfill should be constructed in accordance with the specifications of the manufacturer of the MSE wall.

At the time this letter was prepared, it was understood that the plan location of the bridge structure for proposed 823 over Blue Run Road is similar to the location shown on the plan and profile drawings dated 07/09/05. See attached plan and profile drawing. It is understood that the planned structure is being modified as follows: placing MSE walls at approximately stations 578+45 and 579+55 to contain the abutments and hold back the roadway embankment, thus shortening the bridge structure. Furthermore, it is understood that the height of the MSE wall at station 578+45 (Rear Abutment) will be approximately 42 feet high, while the MSE wall at station 579+55 (Forward Abutment) will be approximately 26 feet high.

Michael D. Weeks, P.E., P.S.  
March 17, 2006  
Page 2

A preliminary global stability analysis and preliminary bearing capacity analysis were performed for the MSE walls at this bridge location in accordance with ODOT and AASHTO guidelines. The MSE walls were also analyzed for sliding and overturning. At the time this letter was prepared, it was not known what foundation type was to be used at this site to support the bridge abutments. However, the use of MSE walls at this site does not preclude the use of most common foundation types. Once a foundation type has been selected, DLZ should be informed so that the analyses may be revised as necessary.

Preliminary calculations for bearing capacity, sliding and overturning as well as the results of the global stability analyses are attached. Other external and internal stability analyses are required for the design of an MSE wall, but are considered outside the scope of this report. The parameters required to perform the stability analyses are presented below.

In accordance with ODOT guidelines, a unit weight of 120pcf and a friction angle of 34 degrees were selected for the backfill material in the reinforced zone. Similarly, the fill material used to construct the roadway embankments is assumed to have a unit weight of 120pcf and a friction angle of 30 degrees. If the embankment fill material or backfill material for the reinforcing zone has properties significantly different from these values, DLZ should be informed so that the analyses may be revised as necessary.

The analyses for the MSE walls at station 578+45 (Rear Abutment) and station 579+55 (Forward Abutment) are presented separately in this letter.

#### **MSE Wall Evaluation at Station 578+45 (Rear Abutment), Boring TR-9**

In the area of this proposed MSE wall, boring TR-9 encountered three inches of topsoil at the surface. Below the topsoil layer, soft silty clay (A-6b) was encountered to a depth of 3.0 feet below ground surface. Below 3.0 feet, soil consisting primarily of very stiff sandy silt (A-4a) was encountered to a depth of approximately 7.0 feet below ground surface. Underlying the soil, this boring encountered medium hard, slightly weathered sandstone to the bottom of the boring, at 17.0 feet.

The MSE wall at this location is understood to be approximately 42 feet high. The minimum required embedment depth for this wall is  $H/10$  or 4.2 feet. Preliminary bearing capacity calculations yielded inadequate factors of safety for the wall bearing on the natural soils. Therefore, an undercut of soils to bedrock, backfilled with compacted, granular material was also analyzed. Under this configuration, preliminary calculations for stability and bearing capacity yielded acceptable results. Therefore, it is recommended that the leveling pad be extended into bedrock or the naturally occurring soils be excavated to bedrock and replaced with compacted granular fill to the leveling pad elevation. For stability, preliminary calculations indicate that a minimum reinforcement length of 37 feet is required for the proposed MSE wall at this location.

Michael D. Weeks, P.E., P.S.

March 17, 2006

Page 3

It should be noted that variations in the topography may be encountered within the proposed footprint of the proposed MSE wall, potentially causing the bedrock elevation to vary significantly. For stability, in areas where compacted granular fill is to be placed on bedrock, benches should be cut into the rock. This will reduce the possibility of sliding at the interface of the compacted granular fill and the bedrock.

It should be noted that the leveling pad for the MSE wall is close to a creek that runs essentially parallel to Blue Run Road. The approximate bedrock elevation under the MSE wall is 767 feet, near the creek bottom. If scour and erosion near the toe of the MSE wall are a concern, then slope protection should be provided.

#### **MSE Wall Evaluation at Station 579+55 (Forward Abutment), Boring TR-8**

In the area of this proposed MSE wall, boring TR-8 encountered approximately 1 inch of topsoil. Underlying the topsoil layer, this boring encountered soil consisting primarily of stiff sandy silt (A-4a) to a depth of 6.5 feet below the ground surface. Below 6.5 feet, a stiff to very stiff silt (A-4b) was encountered to a depth of 13.5 feet below the ground surface. Beneath the soil layers, soft decomposed sandstone was encountered to a depth of 16.0 feet below the ground surface. Below 16.0 feet, soft to medium hard, highly weathered sandstone was encountered to the bottom of the boring at 34.5 feet.

The MSE wall at this location is understood to be approximately 26 feet high. The minimum embedment depth for this wall is  $H/5$  or 5.2 feet. Preliminary stability and bearing capacity calculations resulted in inadequate factors of safety for the wall bearing on the natural soils. Therefore, a five-foot deep undercut, backfilled with compacted, granular soil, was then analyzed. However, the drained global stability analysis still resulted in a safety factor below the required minimum. Consequently, analyses were performed assuming overexcavation to the top of bedrock and backfilled with compacted, granular fill. These analyses indicated adequate safety factors for both the undrained and the drained conditions. As a result, it is recommended that the soils beneath the proposed MSE wall be overexcavated to top of rock and replaced with compacted, granular fill. For stability, preliminary calculations indicate that a minimum reinforcement length of 22 feet is required for the proposed MSE wall at this location.

An alternate preliminary design may also be considered for the MSE wall at the forward abutment. Lowering the base of the MSE wall so that it is founded directly on bedrock, or if necessary, on a very thin leveling pad reduces the amount of fill material required to form the leveling pad and the slope in front of the wall. Using this design, the height of the MSE wall will be 30 feet, and the minimum embedment is  $H/7$  or 4.5 feet using a 2:1 slope in front of the wall. The required length of reinforcement will then be 24 feet. In addition, because the wall will be founded on bedrock, stability should be adequate. A drawing illustrating this alternate preliminary design is attached.

Michael D. Weeks, P.E., P.S.  
March 17, 2006  
Page 4

It should be anticipated that variations in the topography may be encountered within the footprint of the proposed MSE wall, potentially causing the bedrock elevations to vary significantly. For stability, in areas where compacted granular fill is to be placed on bedrock, benches should be cut into the rock to reduce the possibility of sliding at the interface of the compacted granular fill and the bedrock.

Settlement calculations were not performed for the MSE walls at this site. The MSE walls will bear on compacted granular fill or bedrock resulting in negligible settlement.

Calculations for bearing capacity, overturning and sliding are attached for both the native soil and compacted granular fill foundations. A drawing showing the results of the global stability analyses is also attached. In addition, drawings illustrating the areas of overexcavation and replacement of compacted granular fill for the recommended and alternate preliminary designs are attached.

A summary of soil properties, summary of the results of calculations, and results of global stability analyses are attached.

We appreciate having the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. Please do not hesitate to call if you have any questions concerning our preliminary findings.

Respectfully submitted,  
DLZ OHIO, INC.

Steven J. Riedy  
Geotechnical Engineer

Arthur (Pete) Nix, P.E.  
Geotechnical Division Manager

Encl: As noted

cc: file

sjr

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Client: TransSystems, Inc.

Project: SCI-823-0.00

Job No. 0121-3070.03

LOG OF: Boring TR-7

Location: SCI-823-0.00 over CR 29 (Forward Abutment)

Date Drilled: 03/15/05

Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6'	Recovery (in)	Press / Core Drive	Hand Penetrometer (lbf)	Water Observations:	GRADATION			Silt	Sand	M. Sand	C. Sand	Aggregate	Clay	% Silt	% Sand	% F. Sand	% M. Sand	% C. Sand	Natural Moisture Content, % - PL	Standard Penetration (N) - LL	Blows per foot - 6'							
							Sample No.	Core Recovery (%)	Penetrometer (lbf)																					
-0.2	814.3	-	-	-	-	Topsoil - 2"	1	1	5	1	Soft dark gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), little fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; organic, damp.	3	14	-	7	48	28	3	14	-	7	48	28	3	14	-	7	48	28	
-3.0	811.3	-	-	-	-	Stiff light brown SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), trace to little fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; (contains relic rock structure); damp.	4	5	5	17	2	2.0	4	5	5	17	2	2.0	4	5	5	17	2	2.0	4	5	5	17	2	2.0
-5	-	-	-	-	-	Soft light brown SANDSTONE; very fine grained; decomposed.	8	20	22	18	3	-	18	30	46	12	4	4.5+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-6.5	807.8	-	-	-	-	Soft light brown SANDSTONE; highly weathered to decomposed, very fine grained, thinly laminated to thinly bedded, highly fractured, contains several healed fractures.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-10.0	804.3	-	-	-	-	Soft to medium hard gray SANDSTONE; highly weathered, very fine to fine grained, thinly laminated, argillaceous, highly fractured.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-13.0	801.3	-	-	-	-	Medium hard gray SANDSTONE; highly to moderately weathered, argillaceous, micaceous, thinly laminated to medium bedded, slightly fractured.	54"	Rec 52"	RQD 17%	R-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-15	-	-	-	-	-	@ 21.0' to 21.2', Decomposed.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-18.0	796.3	-	-	-	-	Bottom of Boring - 24.5'	Core 120"	Rec 120"	RQD 60%	R-2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-24.5	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-25	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Client: TransSystems, Inc.		Project: SCI-823-0.00		Date Drilled: 03/11/05	to	Job No. 0121-3070.03
LOG OF: Boring TR-8		Location: SCI-823-0.00 over CR 29 (Pier 2)		GRADATION		03/14/05
Depth (ft)	Sample No.	Hand Penetrometer (lsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS:	STANDARD PENETRATION (N)		
			Water seepage at: None Water level at completion: None (prior to coring) 17.4' (includes drilling water)	PL	Natural Moisture Content, % -	
				10	10	
			DESCRIPTION	Blows per foot -	LL	
0.1			Topsoil - 1"	10	30	
802.1	2 3 2 14	1 2.0	Stiff dark gray SANDY SILT (A-4a), little fine to coarse sand, little to some gravel, contains organic material; damp.	10	30	
832.0	2 2 3 11	2 1.0		10	30	
5				10	30	
6.5	1 1 2 9	3 1.5	Stiff to very stiff brown SILT (A-4b), some clay, trace to little fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; moist. @ 8.0', Very stiff, light brown, little fine sand, little coarse sand; damp.	10	30	
795.6	3 7 8 10	4 2.0		10	30	
10	4 10 19 18	5 3.5		10	30	
13.5	13 31 46	6 4.5	Soft light brown SANDSTONE; very fine grained, argillaceous, decomposed.	10	30	
788.6			Soft light brown SANDSTONE; highly weathered to decomposed, highly fractured.	10	30	
15				10	30	
16.0	-786.1-			10	30	
19.3	Core 114"	Rec 107"	RQD 46%	10	30	
20			RQD R-1	10	30	
25				10	30	
30	Core Rec	Rec RQD R-2		10	30	

@ 27.7' to 27.9', Decomposed Zone.

DILZ OHIO INC. • 6121 HUNTERLEY ROAD, COLUMBUS, OHIO 43229 • (614)888-0040

Client: TransSystems, Inc.		Project: SCI-823-0.00		Date Drilled: 03/11/05		to		03/14/05		Job No. 0121-3070.03	
LOG OF:	Boring TR-8	Location:	SCI-823-0.00 over CR 29 (Pier 2)								
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Sample No.	Hand Penetro- meter (ls)	Water Observations:	Water seepage at: None Water level at completion: None (prior to coring) 17.4' (includes drilling water)	GRADATION		STANDARD PENETRATION (N)		Natural Moisture Content, % -	
30.5	772.1	771.6	120°	Press / Core Drive	Blows per 6"	31%	81%	PL	LL	10	40
34.5	767.6			Recovery (in)				% Clay	% Silt	20	30
35								% F. Sand	% M. Sand		
								% C. Sand	% Agggregate		
DESCRIPTION											
Soft to medium hard gray SANDSTONE; very fine grained, highly weathered, micaceous, argillaceous, thinly laminated to thinly bedded, highly fractured, contains ferric bands.											
Bottom of Boring - 34.5'											
40											
45											
50											
55											
60											

Client: TransSystems, Inc.		Project: SCI-823-0.00		Job No. 0121-3070.03	
LOG OF: Boring TR-9		Location: SCI-823-0.00 over CR 29 (Pier 1)		Date Drilled: 03/15/05	
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	WATER OBSERVATIONS:		GRADATION	
		Hand Penetrometer (lsf)	Press / Core Drive	% Clay	% Silt
0.3	772.9				
0.3	772.6				
3.0	769.9	WOH WOH <sub>2</sub>	1	0.25	
5		4 5 18	2	2.5	
6.0	766.9	19	3	4.5+	
7.0	765.9	50/3			
10					
15					
17.0	755.9	Core 120°	Rec RQD 83%	R-1	
					Bottom of Boring - 17.0'
					20
					25
					30

Client: TransSystems, Inc.

Project: SCI-823-0.00

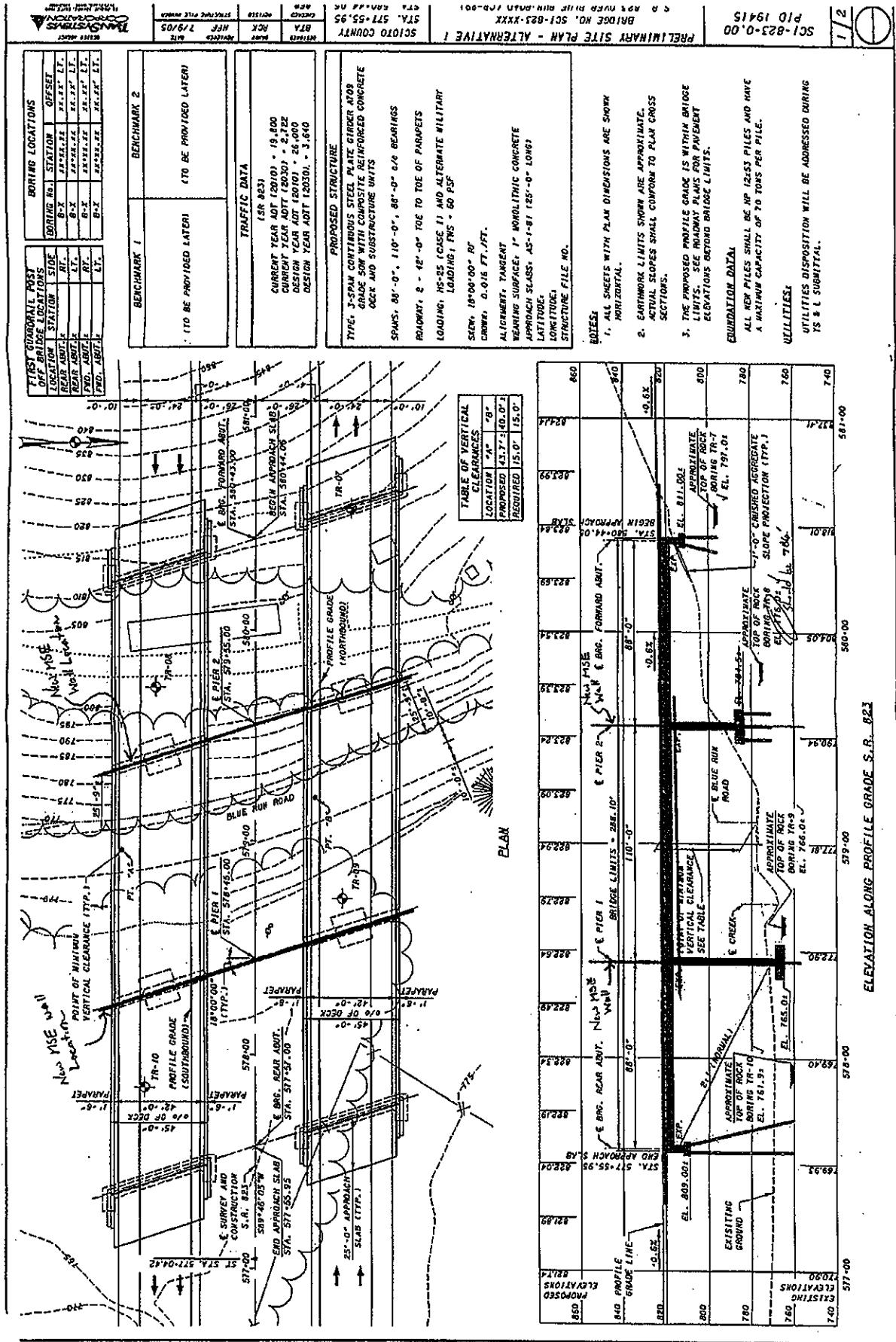
Job No. 0121-3070.03

LOG OF: Boring TR-10

Location: SCI-823-0.00 over CR 29 (Rear Abutment)

Date Drilled: 03/15/05

Depth (ft)	Sample No.	Hand Penetrometer (lbf)	Press / Core Drive	Recovery (in)	Blows per 6"	Water Observations:	Description	GRADATION			STANDARD PENETRATION (N)								
								% Aggregate	% C. Sand	% M. Sand	% F. Sand	% Silt	% Clay	Natural Moisture Content, %	P <sub>L</sub>	L <sub>L</sub>	Blows per foot		
0.3	767.8					Water seepage at: 1.0' Water level at completion: None (prior to coring) 1.3' (includes drilling water)	Topsoil - 3"												
3.0	765.1	1	2	8	1		Medium stiff dark brown SANDY SILT (A-4a), some gravel, little clay; damp to moist.												
5.0	763.1	12	11	41	18		Soft grayish brown SANDSTONE; very fine grained, decomposed.												
7.1	761.0	Core	Rec	ROD	54"	RQD 33%	Medium hard light brown SANDSTONE; highly weathered, thickly bedded, broken, contains high angle healed fractures.												
10							Medium hard to hard gray SANDSTONE; slightly to moderately weathered, micaceous, argillaceous, massive, moderately to slightly fractured.												
15																			
19.5	748.6																		
20																			



**Soil Parameters Used in MSE Wall Stability Analyses**  
**Blue Run Road**

Zone	Soil Type	Unit Weight (pcf)	Strength Parameters			
			Undrained		Drained	
			c	$\phi$	$c'$	$\phi'$
Reinforced Fill	Compacted Granular Fill	120	0	34	0	34
Retained Soil	Compacted Embankment Fill	120	0	30	0	30
Foundation Soil (Rear Abutment) (Boring TR-9)	Stiff to very stiff Sandy Silt	125	2000	0	0	29
Foundation Soil (Rear Abutment)	Compacted Granular Fill	125	0	36	0	36
Foundation Soil (Forward Abutment) (Boring TR-8)	Stiff Sandy Silt / Silt	125	1000	0	0	28
Foundation Soil (Forward Abutment)	Compacted Granular Fill	125	0	36	0	36

**MSE Retaining Wall Parameters and Analyses Results**  
**Blue Run Road (Rear Abutment) *Granular Fill Foundation***

**Retained Soil (New Embankment)**

Unit Weight = 120 pcf

Coefficient of Active Earth Pressure ( $K_a$ ) = 0.33

(Based on  $\Phi = 30^\circ$ )

Sliding along base of MSE wall

Sliding Coefficient ( $\mu$ )(0.67) =  $\tan 36^\circ(0.67) = 0.49$  Use ( $\mu$ )(0.67)

Use ( $\mu$ )(0.67) = 0.55 as a maximum value as per AASHTO, BDM,303.4.1.1

**Allowable Bearing Capacity – Undrained Condition**

$q_{all} = 23,036 \text{ psf}$

For MSE wall with minimum 37-foot long reinforcing

**Allowable Bearing Capacity – Drained Condition**

$q_{all} = 23,036 \text{ psf}$

For MSE wall with minimum 37-foot long reinforcing

**Global Stability**

Factor of Safety – Undrained Condition = 2.0

Factor of Safety – Drained Condition = 2.1

Factor of Safety – Seismic Condition = 2.0

For MSE wall with 37-foot long reinforcing

**Estimated Settlement of MSE volume**

Total settlement = 0 inches

Differential settlement < 1/100

Minimum Length of Reinforcement for External Stability = 37 feet

**MSE Retaining Wall Parameters and Analyses Results**  
**Blue Run Road (Forward Abutment) *Granular Fill-foundation***

<u>Retained Soil (New Embankment)</u> Unit Weight = 120 pcf Coefficient of Active Earth Pressure ( $K_a$ ) = 0.33 (Based on $\Phi = 30^\circ$ )
<u>Sliding along base of MSE wall</u> Sliding Coefficient ( $\mu$ )(0.67) = $\tan 36^\circ(0.67) = 0.49$ Use ( $\mu$ )(0.67) Use ( $\mu$ )(0.67) = 0.55 as a maximum value as per AASHTO, BDM,303.4.1.1
<u>Allowable Bearing Capacity – Undrained Condition</u> $q_{all} = 15,058 \text{ psf}$ For MSE wall with minimum 22-foot long reinforcing
<u>Allowable Bearing Capacity – Drained Condition</u> $q_{all} = 15,058 \text{ psf}$ For MSE wall with minimum 22-foot long reinforcing
<u>Global Stability</u> Factor of Safety – Undrained Condition = 1.7 Factor of Safety – Drained Condition = 1.6 Factor of Safety – Seismic Condition = 1.5 For MSE wall with 22-foot long reinforcing
<u>Estimated Settlement of MSE volume</u> Total settlement = 0 inches Differential settlement < 1/100
Minimum Length of Reinforcement for External Stability = 22 feet

**EDLZ**

SUBJECT

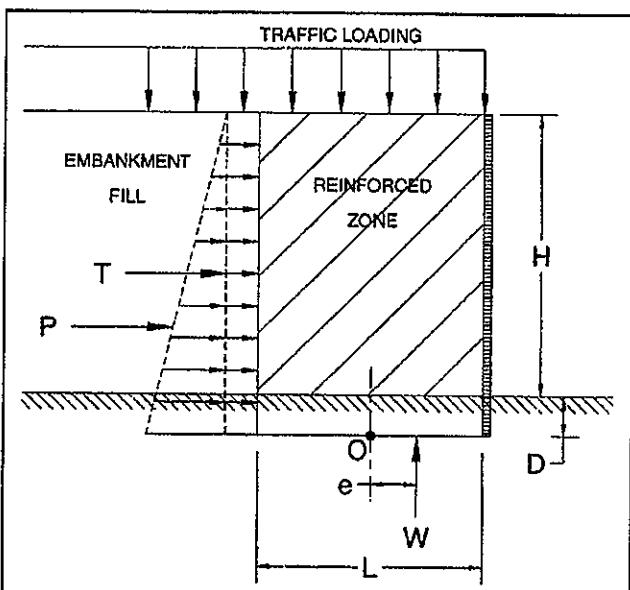
Client TranSystems / ODOT D-9  
 Project SCI 823-0.00 Portsmouth Bypass  
 Item Bearing Capacity MSE Wall (Rear Abutment)  
 02 - 823 over Blue Run Road (Boring TR-09)

JOB NUMBER 0121-3070.03  
 SHEET NO. OF  
 COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/16/06  
 CHECKED BY DATE

Natural Soil Foundation

## BEARING CAPACITY OF A MSE WALL

Ref: {AASHTO; STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAY BRIDGES, 17th Edition, 2002}



### Soil Properties

$\gamma_{EMB}$	=	120	pcf	Unit weight	Embankment fill
$\phi'_{EMB}$	=	30	deg.	Friction ang.	Embankment fill
$\gamma_{FDN}$	=	125	pcf	Unit weight	Foundation soil
$c$	=	2000	psf	Cohesion	Foundation soil
$\phi$	=	0	deg.	Friction ang.	Foundation soil
$c'$	=	0	psf	Cohesion	Foundation soil
$\phi'$	=	29	deg.	Friction ang.	Foundation soil

### Loads and Parameters

$w_t$	=	240	psf	Traffic loading
$L=B$	=	36.72	ft	Length of MSE reinforcement
L factor	=	0.8		Length factor-range (0.7 - 1.0)
D	=	4.2	ft	Embedment depth
$D_w$	=	0	ft	Groundwater depth
$H+D$	=	45.9	ft	
H	=	41.7	ft	Height of wall
$K_a$	=	0.33		
$\Gamma_{Pa}$	=	15.3	ft	Moment arm
$\Gamma_{Wt}$	=	22.95	ft	Moment arm
$B'$	=	29.88	ft	
$\gamma'$	=	57.6	pcf	
$W_t$	=	8,813	lb/ft of wall	Weight from traffic
$W_{mse}$	=	202,254	lb/ft of wall	Weight from MSE wall

### Effective Bearing Pressure

$$\sigma_v = \frac{W_t + W_{mse}}{L - 2e} \quad \underline{\underline{\sigma_v = 7,064 \text{ psf}}}$$

### Ultimate undrained bearing capacity, $q_{ult}$

$$q_{ult} = c N_c + \sigma'_d N_q + \frac{1}{2} \gamma' B N_f \quad \underline{\underline{q_{ult} = 10,522 \text{ psf}}}$$

$$q_{all} = \frac{q_{ult}}{FS} \quad \underline{\underline{q_{all} = 4,209 \text{ psf}}}$$

Factor of Safety = 1.49      **No Good**

### Ultimate drained bearing capacity, $q_{ult}$

$$q_{ult} = c' N_c + \sigma'_d N_q + \frac{1}{2} \gamma' B N_f \quad \underline{\underline{q_{ult} = 20,620 \text{ psf}}}$$

$$q_{all} = \frac{q_{ult}}{FS} \quad \underline{\underline{q_{all} = 8,248 \text{ psf}}}$$

Factor of Safety = 2.92      **OK**

### Bearing Capacity Factors for Equations

Undrained		Drained	
$N_c$	5.14	$N_c$	27.86
$N_q$	1.00	$N_q$	16.44
$N_f$	0.00	$N_f$	19.34

### Eccentricity of Resultant Force      Kern

$$e = 3.42 \text{ ft} \quad e < L/6 = 6.12 \text{ ft}$$



SUBJECT

Client TransSystems ODOT D-9  
 Project SCI 823-0.00 Portsmouth Bypass  
 Item MSE Wall Stability (Rear Abutment)  
 02 - 823 over Blue Run Road (Boring TR-09)

JOB NUMBER 0121-3070.03  
 SHEET NO. OF  
 COMP. BY SJR DATE 03/16/06  
 CHECKED BY DATE

Natural Soil Foundation

## STABILITY OF MSE WALL

## Assumptions:

- 1 Estimated height of embankment; H=30'
- 2 It is assumed that the bridge is supported on piles
- 3 Ground water; Dw=0.0'
- 4 Traffic loading is neglected in resisting forces
- 5

Wall Properties
H+D = 45.9 feet
$\gamma_{mse}$ = 120 pcf
L = 36.72 feet
L factor = 0.80
$\phi$ = 30 deg

Foundational Soil Properties
c = 2000 psf Cohesion
$\phi'$ = 29 deg Friction angle
$\omega_T$ = 240 psf Traffic loading
Length factor-range (0.7 - 1.0)
Friction Angle of Embankment Fill

## RESISTANCE AGAINST SLIDING ALONG BASE

Thrust:  $P_a = K_a \left[ \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 + \omega_T H \right]$

where;  $K_a = \tan^2(45 - \frac{\phi}{2})$        $K_a = 0.33$

$P_a = 45,350 \text{ lbs per foot of wall}$

Resistance:  $P_r = W(0.67)(\mu)$       (Drained)

where;  $\mu = \tan(\phi)$        $0.67\mu = 0.37$

$0.67\mu \text{ Max.} = 0.35$  (AASHTO, Bridge Design Manual, 303.4.1.1)

$P_r = 70,789 \text{ lbs per foot of wall}$

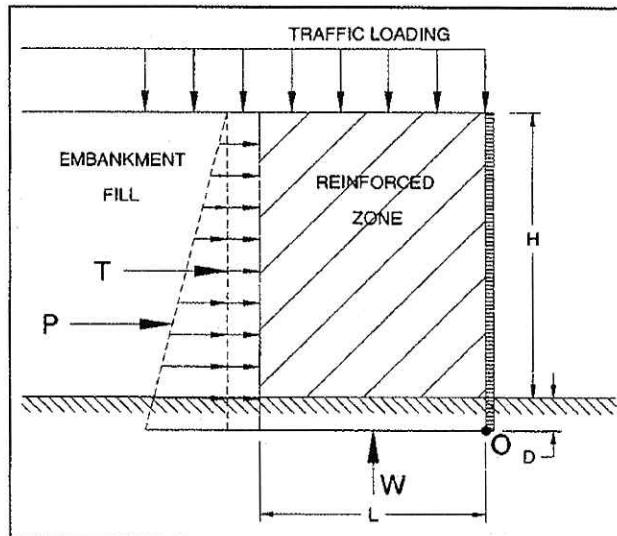
## USE THIS VALUE

$P_r = L(c)$       (Undrained)

$P_r = 73,440 \text{ lbs per foot of wall}$

## Use Drained Value

$FS = \frac{P_r}{P_a}$	Calculated	Required	Resistance Against Sliding is <input type="checkbox"/>
	$FS = 1.56$	$FS = 1.50$	<b>OK</b>



## RESISTANCE AGAINST OVERTURNING

\* Summation of Moments about point "O" (base of wall).

\* Traffic loading is neglected in resisting forces

$\Sigma M_{resisting} = 3,713,379 \text{ lb-ft}$

$$\Sigma M_{resisting} = \gamma H L \left( \frac{L}{2} \right)$$

$\Sigma M_{overturning} = 721,667 \text{ lb-ft}$

$$\Sigma M_{overturning} = K_a \left[ \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 \left( \frac{H}{3} \right) + \omega_T H \left( \frac{H}{2} \right) \right]$$

$FS = \frac{\Sigma M_{resisting}}{\Sigma M_{overturning}}$	Calculated	Required	Resistance Against Overturning is <input type="checkbox"/>
	$FS = 5.15$	$FS = 2.00$	<b>OK</b>



SUBJECT

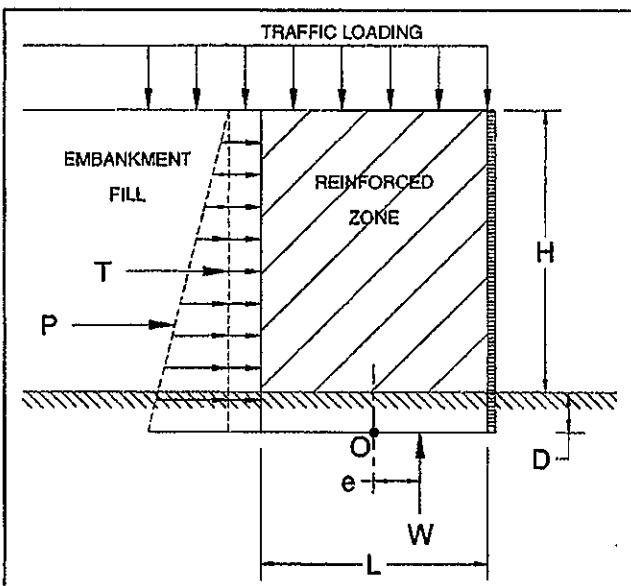
Client TranSystems / ODOT D-9  
 Project SCI 823-0.00 Portsmouth Bypass  
 Item Bearing Capacity MSE Wall (Rear Abutment)  
 02 - 823 over Blue Run Road (Boring TR-09)

JOB NUMBER 0121-3070.03  
 SHEET NO. OF  
 COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/16/06  
 CHECKED BY DATE

Compacted Granular Fill Foundation

## BEARING CAPACITY OF A MSE WALL

Ref: {AASHTO; STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAY BRIDGES, 17th Edition, 2002}

Soil Properties

$\gamma_{EMB}$	=	120	pcf	Unit weight	Embankment fill
$\phi'_{EMB}$	=	30	deg.	Friction ang.	Embankment fill
$\gamma_{FDN}$	=	125	pcf	Unit weight	Foundation soil
$c$	=	0	psf	Cohesion	Foundation soil
$\phi$	=	36	deg.	Friction ang.	Foundation soil
$c'$	=	0	psf	Cohesion	Foundation soil
$\phi'$	=	36	deg.	Friction ang.	Foundation soil

Loads and Parameters

$\gamma_t$	=	240	psf	Traffic loading
$L=B$	=	36.72	ft	Length of MSE reinforcement
L factor	=	0.8		Length factor-range (0.7 - 1.0)
D	=	4.2	ft	Embedment depth
$D_w$	=	0	ft	Groundwater depth
$H+D$	=	45.9	ft	
H	=	41.7	ft	Height of wall
$K_a$	=	0.33		
$\Gamma_{Pa}$	=	15.3	ft	Moment arm
$\Gamma_{Wt}$	=	22.95	ft	Moment arm
$B'$	=	29.88	ft	
$\gamma'$	=	57.6	pcf	
$W_t$	=	8,813	lb/ft of wall	Weight from traffic
$W_{mse}$	=	202,254	lb/ft of wall	Weight from MSE wall

Effective Bearing Pressure

$$\sigma_v = \frac{W_t + W_{mse}}{L - 2e} \quad \underline{\sigma_v = 7,064 \text{ psf}}$$

Ultimate undrained bearing capacity,  $q_{ult}$ 

$$q_{ULT} = c' N_c + \sigma'_D N_q + \frac{1}{2} \gamma' B N_f \quad \underline{q_{ULT} = 57,590 \text{ psf}}$$

$$q_{ALL} = \frac{q_{ULT}}{FS} \quad \underline{q_{ALL} = 23,036 \text{ psf}}$$

Factor of Safety = 8.15      OKUltimate drained bearing capacity,  $q_{udc}$ 

$$q_{UDC} = c' N_c + \sigma'_D N_q + \frac{1}{2} \gamma' B N_f \quad \underline{q_{UDC} = 57,590 \text{ psf}}$$

$$q_{ALL} = \frac{q_{UDC}}{FS} \quad \underline{q_{ALL} = 23,036 \text{ psf}}$$

Factor of Safety = 8.15      OKBearing Capacity Factors for Equations

Undrained		Drained	
$N_c$	50.59	$N_c$	50.59
$N_q$	37.75	$N_q$	37.75
$N_f$	56.31	$N_f$	56.31

Eccentricity of Resultant Force      Kern $e = 3.42 \text{ ft}$        $e < L/6 = 6.12 \text{ ft}$



SUBJECT

Client TranSystems ODOT D-9  
 Project SCI 823-0.00 Portsmouth Bypass  
 Item MSE Wall Stability (Rear Abutment)  
 02 - 823 over Blue Run Road (Boring TR-09)

JOB NUMBER 0121-3070.03  
 SHEET NO. OF \_\_\_\_\_  
 COMP. BY SJR DATE 03/16/06  
 CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

Compacted Granular Fill Foundation

### STABILITY OF MSE WALL

#### Assumptions:

- 1 Estimated height of embankment; H=30'
- 2 It is assumed that the bridge is supported on piles
- 3 Ground water; Dw=0.0'
- 4 Traffic loading is neglected in resisting forces
- 5

#### Wall Properties

H+D = 45.9 feet  
 $\gamma_{mse}$  = 120 pcf  
 L = 36.72 feet  
 L factor = 0.80  
 $\phi$  = 30 deg

c = 0 psf Cohesion  
 $\phi'$  = 36 deg Friction angle  
 $\omega_T$  = 240 psf Traffic loading  
 Length factor-range (0.7 - 1.0)  
 Friction Angle of Embankment Fill

### RESISTANCE AGAINST SLIDING ALONG BASE

Thrust:  $P_a = K_a \left[ \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 + \omega_T H \right]$

where;  $K_a = \tan^2(45 - \frac{\phi}{2})$   $K_a = 0.33$

$P_a = 45,350 \text{ lbs per foot of wall}$

Resistance:  $P_r = W(0.67)(\mu)$  (Drained)

where;  $\mu = \tan(\phi)$   $0.67\mu = 0.49$   
 $0.67\mu \text{ Max.} = 0.55$  (AASHTO, Bridge Design Manual, 303.4.1.1)

$P_r = 99,104 \text{ lbs per foot of wall}$

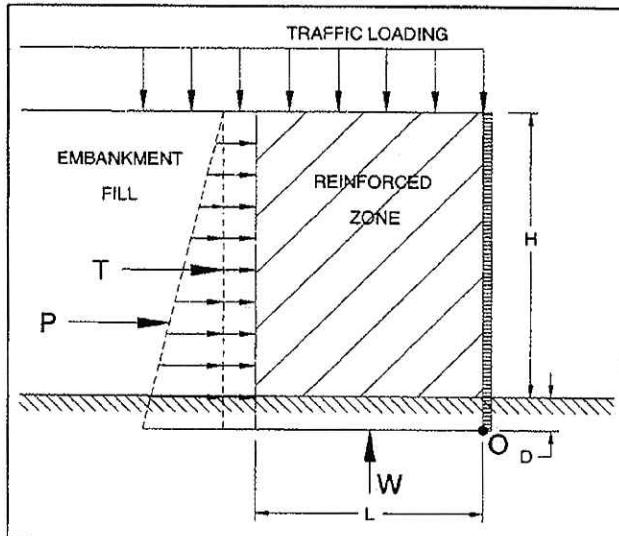
USE THIS VALUE

$P_r = L(c)$  (Undrained)

$P_r = 0 \text{ lbs per foot of wall}$

Use Drained Value

$FS = \frac{P_r}{P_a}$	Calculated FS = 2.19	Required FS = 1.50	Resistance Against Sliding is <input type="checkbox"/> OK
------------------------	-------------------------	-----------------------	---



### RESISTANCE AGAINST OVERTURNING

\* Summation of Moments about point "O" (base of wall).

\* Traffic loading is neglected in resisting forces

$\Sigma M_{resisting} = 3,713,379 \text{ lb-ft}$

$$\Sigma M_{resisting} = \gamma H L \left( \frac{L}{2} \right)$$

$\Sigma M_{overturning} = 721,667 \text{ lb-ft}$

$$\Sigma M_{overturning} = K_a \left[ \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 \left( \frac{H}{3} \right) + \omega_T H \left( \frac{H}{2} \right) \right]$$

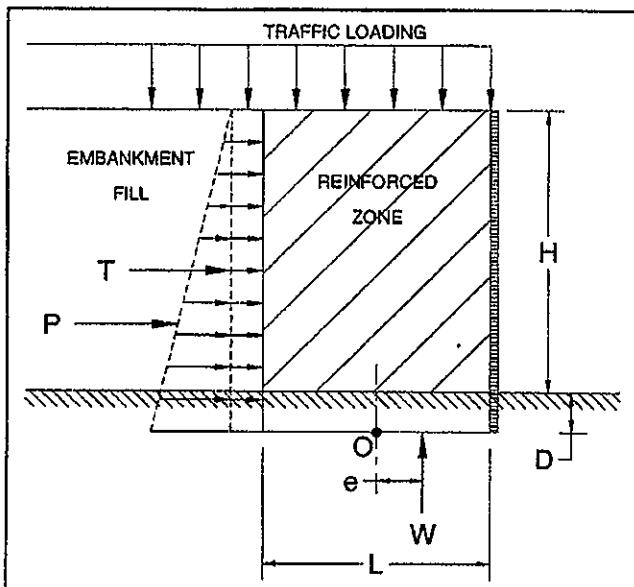
$FS = \frac{\Sigma M_{resisting}}{\Sigma M_{overturning}}$	Calculated FS = 5.15	Required FS = 2.00	Resistance Against Overturning is <input type="checkbox"/> OK
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Client TranSystems / ODOT D-9  
 Project SCI 823-0.00 Portsmouth Bypass  
 Item Bearing Capacity MSE Wall (Forward Abutment)  
 02 - 823 over Blue Run Road (Boring TR-08)

Natural Soil Foundation

**BEARING CAPACITY OF A MSE WALL**

Ref: {AASHTO; STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAY BRIDGES, 17th Edition, 2002}

Soil Properties

$\gamma_{emb}$	=	120	pcf	Unit weight	Embankment fill
$\phi'_{emb}$	=	30	deg.	Friction ang.	Embankment fill
$\gamma_{fdn}$	=	125	pcf	Unit weight	Foundation soil
$c$	=	1000	psf	Cohesion	Foundation soil
$\phi$	=	0	deg.	Friction ang.	Foundation soil
$c'$	=	0	psf	Cohesion	Foundation soil
$\phi'$	=	28	deg.	Friction ang.	Foundation soil

Loads and Parameters

$\sigma_t$	=	240	psf	Traffic loading
$L=B$	=	21.7	ft	Length of MSE reinforcement
L factor	=	0.7		Length factor-range (0.7 - 1.0)
D	=	5.2	ft	Embedment depth
$D_w$	=	0	ft	Groundwater depth
$H+D$	=	31	ft	
H	=	25.8	ft	Height of wall
$K_a$	=	0.33		
$\Gamma_{Pa}$	=	10.333	ft	Moment arm
$\Gamma_{Wt}$	=	15.5	ft	Moment arm
B'	=	16.24	ft	
$\gamma'$	=	57.6	pcf	
$W_t$	=	5,208	lb/ft of wall	Weight from traffic
$W_{mse}$	=	80,724	lb/ft of wall	Weight from MSE wall

Effective Bearing Pressure

$$\sigma_v = \frac{W_t + W_{mse}}{L - 2e} \quad \underline{\sigma_v = 5,291 \text{ psf}}$$

Ultimate undrained bearing capacity,  $q_{ult}$ 

$$q_{ULT} = c N_c + \sigma'_b N_q + \frac{1}{2} \gamma' B N_f \quad \underline{q_{ULT} = 5,440 \text{ psf}}$$

$$q_{ALL} = \frac{q_{ULT}}{FS} \quad \underline{q_{ALL} = 2,176 \text{ psf}}$$

Factor of Safety = 1.03      **No Good**Ultimate drained bearing capacity,  $q_{ud}$ 

$$q_{ULT} = c' N_c + \sigma'_b N_q + \frac{1}{2} \gamma' B N_f \quad \underline{q_{ULT} = 12,229 \text{ psf}}$$

$$q_{ALL} = \frac{q_{ULT}}{FS} \quad \underline{q_{ALL} = 4,892 \text{ psf}}$$

Factor of Safety = 2.31      **No Good**Bearing Capacity Factors for Equations

Undrained		Drained	
$N_c$	5.14	$N_c$	25.80
$N_q$	1.00	$N_q$	14.72
$N_f$	0.00	$N_f$	16.72

Eccentricity of Resultant Force      Kern

$$e = 2.73 \text{ ft} \quad e < L/6 = 3.62 \text{ ft}$$



SUBJECT

Client TranSystems ODOT D-9  
 Project SCI 823-0.00 Portsmouth Bypass  
 Item MSE Wall Stability (Forward Abutment)  
 02 - 823 over Blue Run Road (Boring TR-08)

JOB NUMBER 0121-3070.03

SHEET NO. OF

COMP. BY SJR DATE 03/16/06

CHECKED BY DATE

Natural Soil Foundation

### STABILITY OF MSE WALL

#### Assumptions:

- 1 Estimated height of embankment; H=30'
- 2 It is assumed that the bridge is supported on piles
- 3 Ground water; Dw=0.0'
- 4 Traffic loading is neglected in resisting forces
- 5

#### Wall Properties

H+D = 31 feet  
 $\gamma_{mse}$  = 120 pcf  
 L = 21.7 feet  
 L factor = 0.70  
 $\phi$  = 30 deg

#### Foundational Soil Properties

c = 1000 psf Cohesion  
 $\phi'$  = 28 deg Friction angle  
 $\omega_r$  = 240 psf Traffic loading  
 Length factor-range (0.7 - 1.0)  
 Friction Angle of Embankment Fill

### RESISTANCE AGAINST SLIDING ALONG BASE

$$\text{Thrust: } P_a = K_a \left[ \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 + \omega_r H \right]$$

$$\text{where: } K_a = \tan^2(45 - \frac{\phi}{2}) \quad K_a = 0.33$$

$$P_a = 21,483 \text{ lbs per foot of wall}$$

$$\text{Resistance: } P_r = W(0.67)(\mu) \quad (\text{Drained})$$

$$\text{where: } \mu = \tan(\phi) \quad 0.67\mu = 0.36$$

0.67 $\mu$  Max. = 0.35 (AASHTO, Bridge Design Manual, 303.4.1.1)

$$P_r = 28,253 \text{ lbs per foot of wall}$$

Use Undrained Value

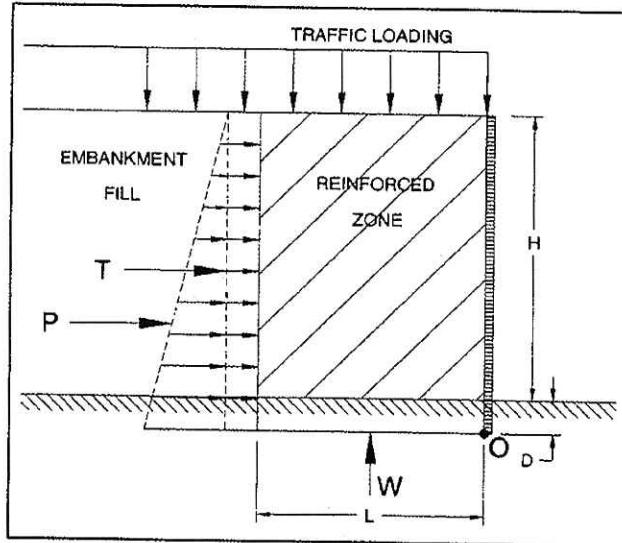
$$P_r = L(c) \quad (\text{Undrained})$$

$$P_r = 21,700 \text{ lbs per foot of wall}$$

USE THIS VALUE

$$FS = \frac{P_r}{P_a} \quad FS = 1.01 \quad FS = 1.50$$

Required Resistance Against Sliding is **No Good**



### RESISTANCE AGAINST OVERTURNING

\* Summation of Moments about point "O" (base of wall).

\* Traffic loading is neglected in resisting forces

$$\sum M_{resisting} = 875,855 \text{ lb-ft}$$

$$\sum M_{resisting} = \gamma H L \left( \frac{L}{2} \right)$$

$$\sum M_{overturning} = 234,676 \text{ lb-ft}$$

$$\sum M_{overturning} = K_a \left[ \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 \left( \frac{H}{3} \right) + \omega_r H \left( \frac{H}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$FS = \frac{\sum M_{resisting}}{\sum M_{overturning}} \quad \text{Calculated FS} = 3.73 \quad \text{Required FS} = 2.00$$

Resistance Against Overturning is **OK**



SUBJECT

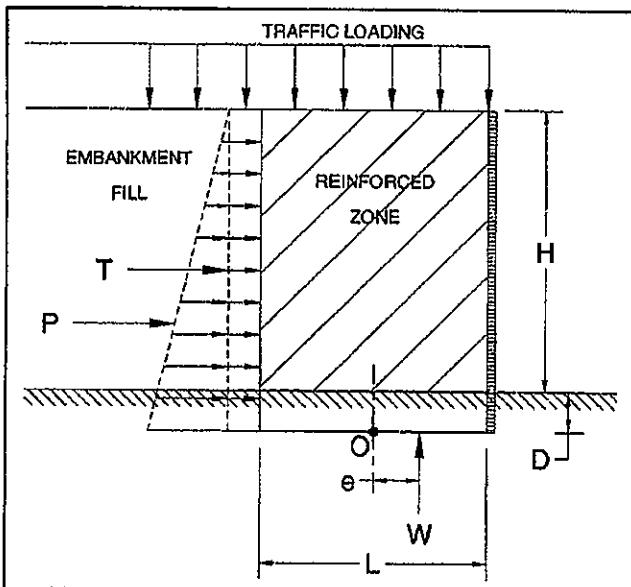
Client TranSystems / ODOT D-9  
 Project SCI 823-0.00 Portsmouth Bypass  
 Item Bearing Capacity MSE Wall (Forward Abutment)  
 02 - 823 over Blue Run Road (Boring TR-08)

JOB NUMBER 0121-3070.03  
 SHEET NO. OF  
 COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/16/06  
 CHECKED BY DATE

Compacted Granular Fill Foundation

### BEARING CAPACITY OF A MSE WALL

Ref: {AASHTO; STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAY BRIDGES, 17th Edition, 2002}



#### Soil Properties

$\gamma_{EMB}$	=	120	pcf	Unit weight	Embankment fill
$\phi'_{EMB}$	=	30	deg.	Friction ang.	Embankment fill
$\gamma_{FDN}$	=	125	pcf	Unit weight	Foundation soil
$c$	=	0	psf	Cohesion	Foundation soil
$\phi$	=	36	deg.	Friction ang.	Foundation soil
$c'$	=	0	psf	Cohesion	Foundation soil
$\phi'$	=	36	deg.	Friction ang.	Foundation soil

#### Loads and Parameters

$w_t$	=	240	psf	Traffic loading
$L=B$	=	21.7	ft	Length of MSE reinforcement
L factor	=	0.7		Length factor-range (0.7 - 1.0)
D	=	5.2	ft	Embedment depth
$D_w$	=	0	ft	Groundwater depth
$H+D$	=	31	ft	
H	=	25.8	ft	Height of wall
$K_a$	=	0.33		
$\Gamma_{Pa}$	=	10.333	ft	Moment arm
$\Gamma_{Wt}$	=	15.5	ft	Moment arm
$B'$	=	16.24	ft	
$\gamma'$	=	57.6	pcf	
$W_t$	=	5,208	lb/ft of wall	Weight from traffic
$W_{mse}$	=	80,724	lb/ft of wall	Weight from MSE wall

#### Effective Bearing Pressure

$$\sigma_v = \frac{W_t + W_{mse}}{L - 2e} \quad \underline{\underline{\sigma_v = 5,291 \text{ psf}}}$$

#### Ultimate undrained bearing capacity, $q_{ult}$

$$q_{ULT} = c N_c + \sigma'_D N_q + \frac{1}{2} \gamma' B N_r \quad \underline{\underline{q_{ULT} = 37,644 \text{ psf}}}$$

$$q_{ALL} = \frac{q_{ULT}}{FS} \quad \underline{\underline{q_{ALL} = 15,058 \text{ psf}}}$$

Factor of Safety = 7.11 OK

#### Ultimate drained bearing capacity, $q_{ud}$

$$q_{UDT} = c N_c + \sigma'_D N_q + \frac{1}{2} \gamma' B N_r \quad \underline{\underline{q_{UDT} = 37,644 \text{ psf}}}$$

$$q_{ALL} = \frac{q_{UDT}}{FS} \quad \underline{\underline{q_{ALL} = 15,058 \text{ psf}}}$$

Factor of Safety = 7.11 OK

#### Bearing Capacity Factors for Equations

Undrained		Drained	
$N_c$	50.59	$N_c$	50.59
$N_q$	37.75	$N_q$	37.75
$N_r$	56.31	$N_r$	56.31

#### Eccentricity of Resultant Force Kern

$$e = 2.73 \text{ ft} \quad e < L/6 = 3.62 \text{ ft}$$



SUBJECT Client TranSystems ODOT D-9  
 Project SCI 823-0.00 Portsmouth Bypass  
 Item MSE Wall Stability (Forward Abutment)  
 02 - 823 over Blue Run Road (Boring TR-08)

JOB NUMBER 0121-3070.03  
 SHEET NO. OF  
 COMP. BY SJR DATE 03/16/06  
 CHECKED BY DATE

Compacted Granular Fill Foundation

### STABILITY OF MSE WALL

#### Assumptions:

- 1 Estimated height of embankment; H=30'
- 2 It is assumed that the bridge is supported on piles
- 3 Ground water; Dw=0.0'
- 4 Traffic loading is neglected in resisting forces
- 5

Wall Properties
H+D = 31 feet
$\gamma_{mse}$ = 120 pcf
L = 21.7 feet
L factor = 0.70
$\phi$ = 30 deg

Foundational Soil Properties
c = 0 psf Cohesion
$\phi'$ = 36 deg Friction angle
$\omega_r$ = 240 psf Traffic loading
Length factor-range (0.7 - 1.0)
Friction Angle of Embankment Fill

### RESISTANCE AGAINST SLIDING ALONG BASE

Thrust:  $P_a = K_a \left[ \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 + \omega_r H \right]$

where;  $K_a = \tan^2(45 - \frac{\phi}{2})$        $K_a = 0.33$

$P_a = 21,483$  lbs per foot of wall

Resistance:  $P_r = W(0.67)(\mu)$       (Drained)

where;  $\mu = \tan(\phi)$        $0.67\mu = 0.49$

$0.67\mu$  Max. = 0.55 [AASHTO, Bridge Design Manual, 303.4.1.1]

$P_r = 39,555$  lbs per foot of wall

USE THIS VALUE

$P_r = L(c)$       (Undrained)

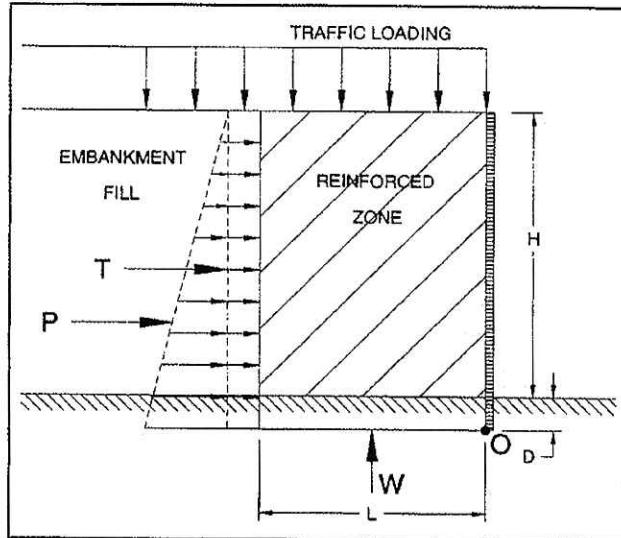
$P_r = 0$  lbs per foot of wall

Use Drained Value

$$FS = \frac{P_r}{P_a}$$

Calculated	Required
FS = 1.84	FS = 1.50

Resistance Against Sliding is



### RESISTANCE AGAINST OVERTURNING

\* Summation of Moments about point "O" (base of wall).

\* Traffic loading is neglected in resisting forces

$\Sigma M_{resisting} = 875,855$  lb-ft

$$\Sigma M_{resisting} = \gamma H L \left( \frac{L}{2} \right)$$

$\Sigma M_{overturning} = 234,676$  lb-ft

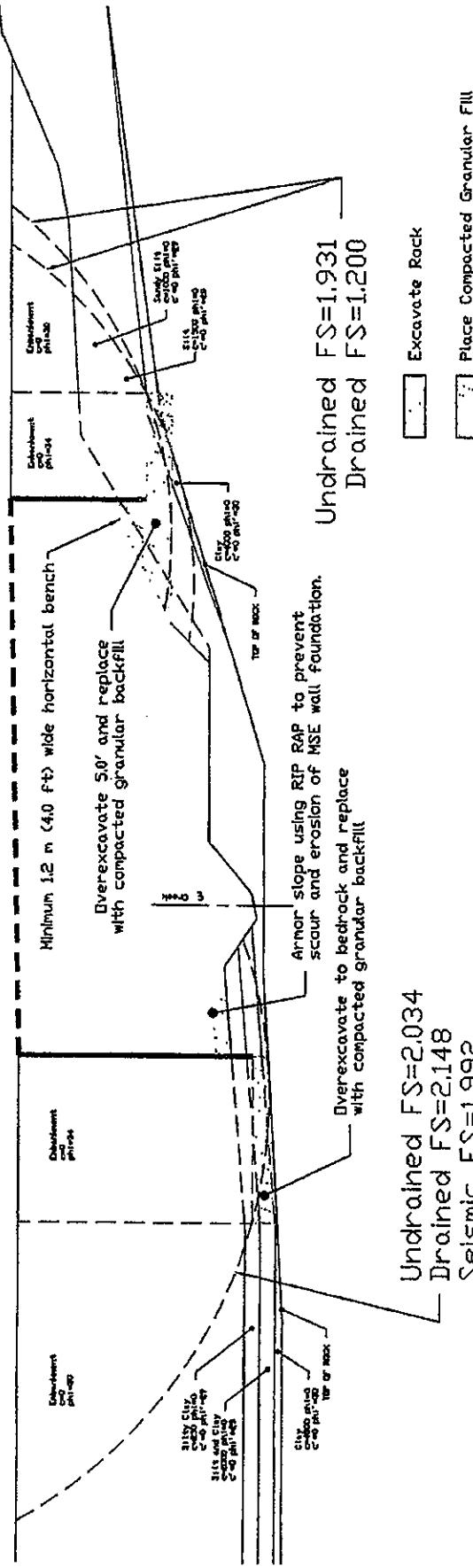
$$\Sigma M_{overturning} = K_a \left[ \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 \left( \frac{H}{3} \right) + \omega_r H \left( \frac{H}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$FS = \frac{\Sigma M_{resisting}}{\Sigma M_{overturning}}$$

Calculated	Required	Resistance Against Overturning is <input type="button" value="OK"/>
FS = 3.73	FS = 2.00	

MSE Wall Stability  
 Blue Run Road  
 Rear Abutment Sta. 578+45  
 Based on TR-09  
 $H=41.7'$  (full height)  
 Embedment=4.2'  
 Length=0.8H=37'

MSE Wall Stability  
 Blue Run Road  
 Forward Abutment Sta. 579+55  
 Based on TR-08  
 $H=25.8'$  (full height)  
 Embedment=5.2'  
 Length=0.7H=22'



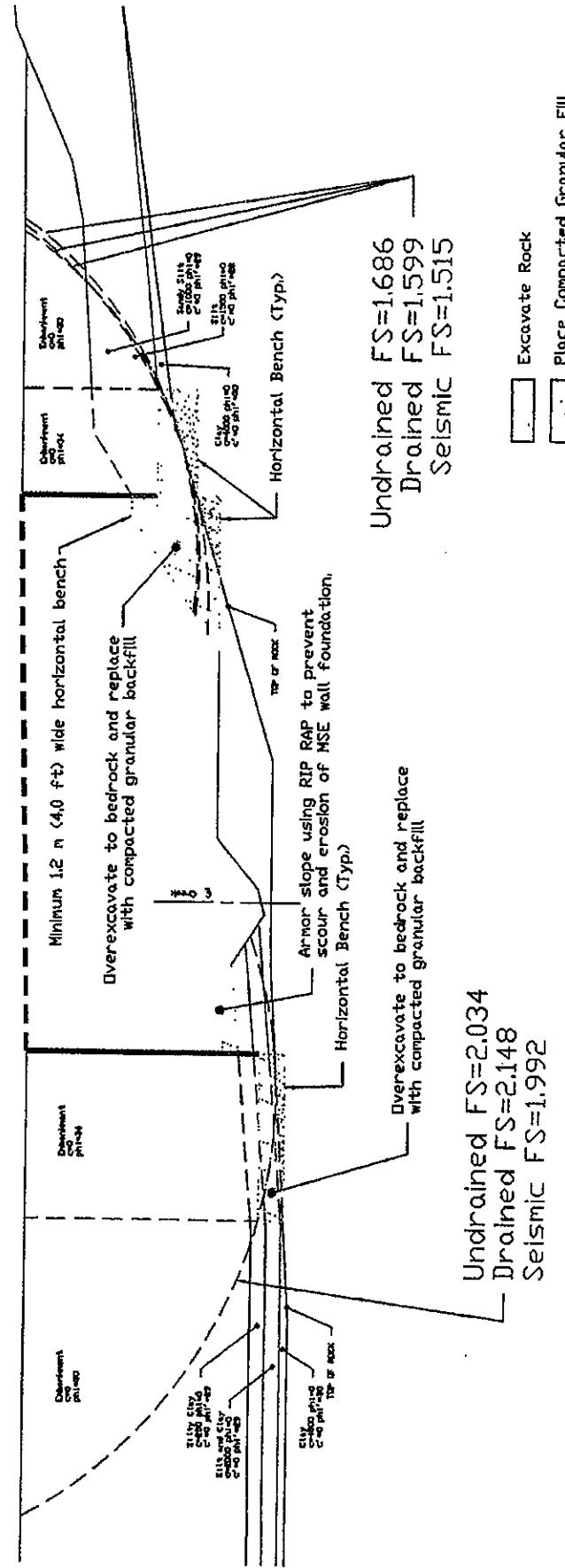
**BLUE RUN ROAD**  
**EXCAVATE AND REPLACE WITH GRANULAR FILL**

MSE WALL STABILITY ANALYSIS  
 UNDERCUT TRIAL  
 SCI-823-0.00

PROJECT NO. 0121-2070.03 | CALC. SJR | DATE 03-14-06

MSE Wall Stability  
Blue Run Road  
Rear Abutment Sta. 578+45  
Based on TR-09  
 $H=41.7'$  (full height)  
Embedment=4.2'  
Length=0.8(H+D)=37'

MSE Wall Stability  
Blue Run Road  
Forward Abutment Sta. 579+55  
Based on TR-08  
 $H=25.8'$  (full height)  
Embedment=5.2'  
Length=0.7(H+D)=22'



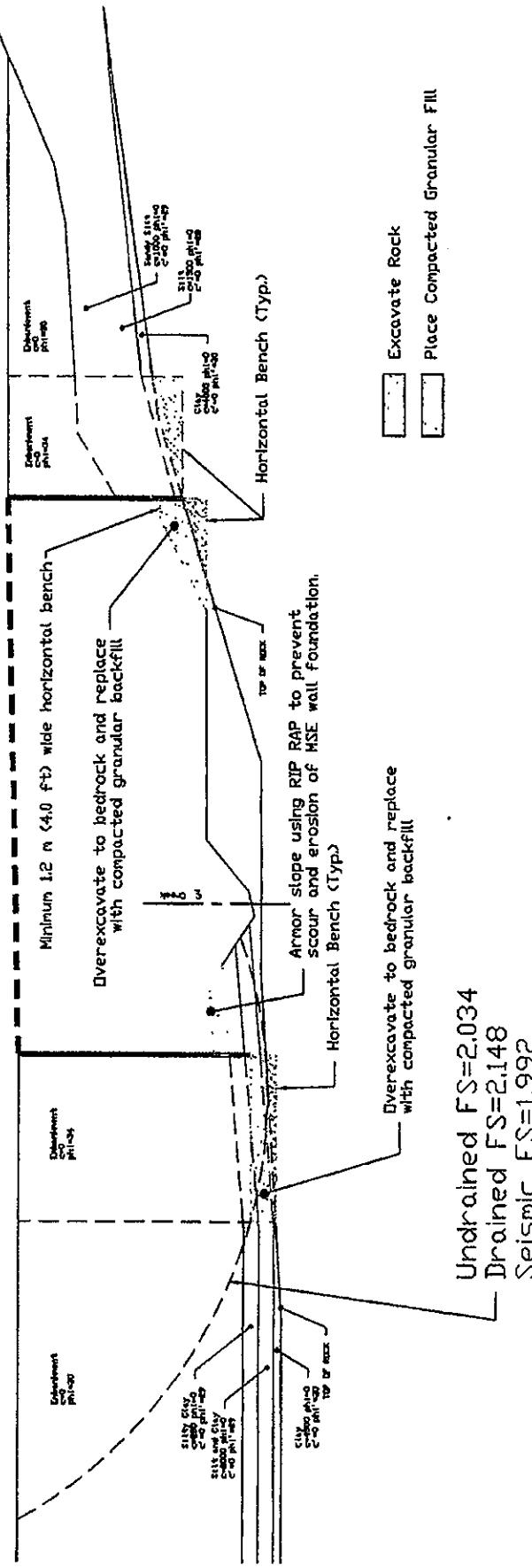
### BLUE RUN ROAD

### EXCAVATE AND REPLACE WITH GRANULAR FILL

MSE WALL STABILITY ANALYSIS  
RECOMMENDED PRELIMINARY DESIGN  
SCI-823-0, 00

PROJECT NO.	0121-3070.03	CALC. S.R.	DATE
		03-14-06	

**MSE Wall Stability**  
 Blue Run Road  
 Rear Abutment Sta. 578+45  
 Based on TR-09  
 $H=41.7'$  (full height)  
 Embedment=4.2'  
 $Length=0.8H=37'$



BLUE RUN ROAD			
EXCAVATE AND REPLACE WITH GRANULAR FILL			
<b>MSE WALL STABILITY ANALYSIS</b> <b>ALTERNATE PRELIMINARY DESIGN</b> <b>SCI-823-0, 00</b>			
PROJECT NO. 0121-3070.03	CALE	SAR	DATE 03-14-06



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